

FIG. 1

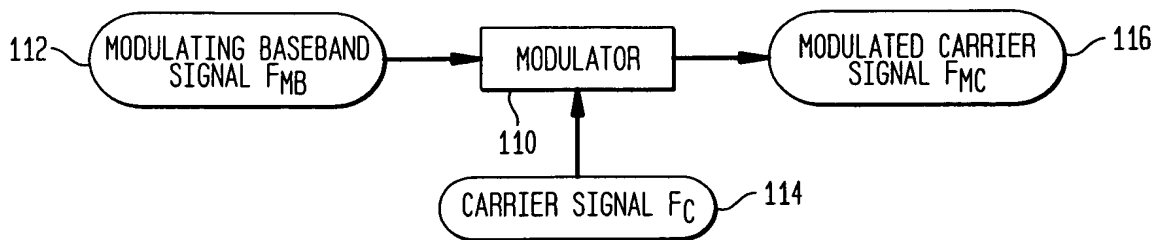


FIG. 2

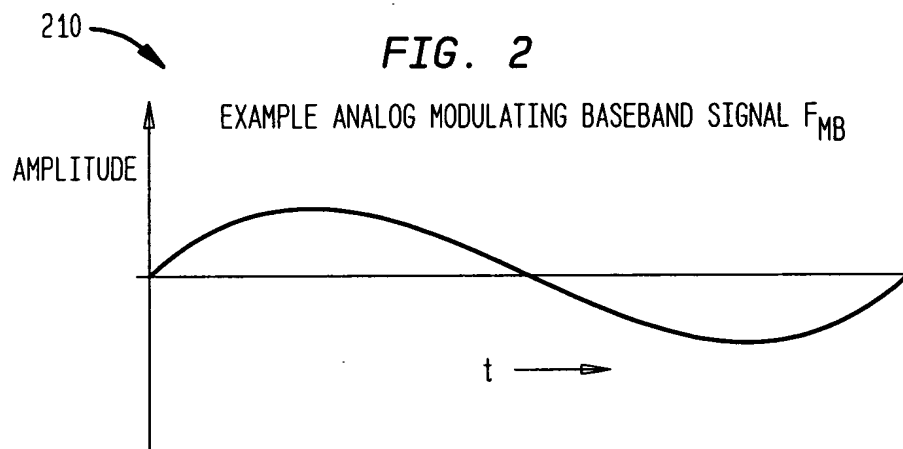


FIG. 3

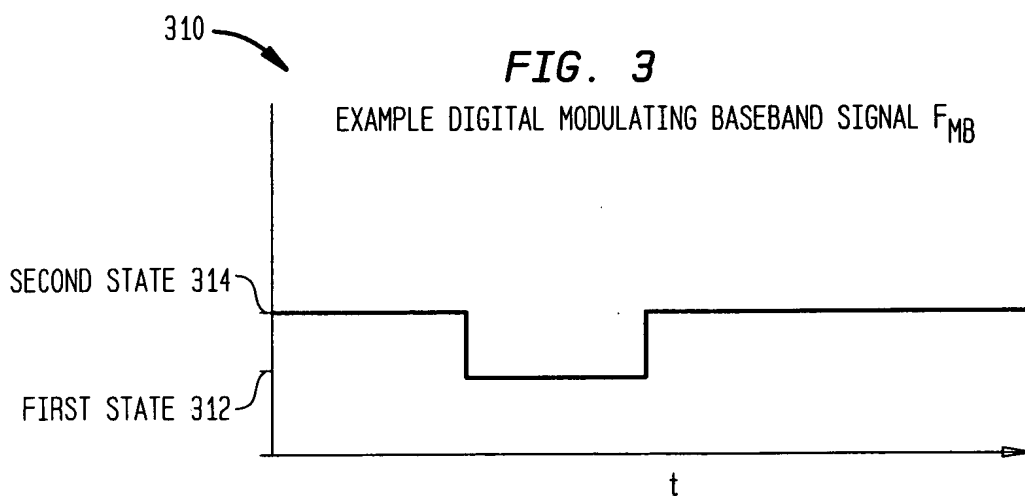
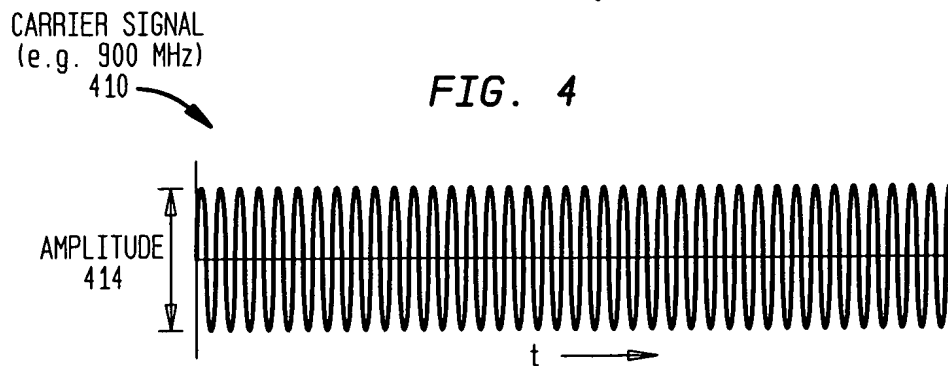
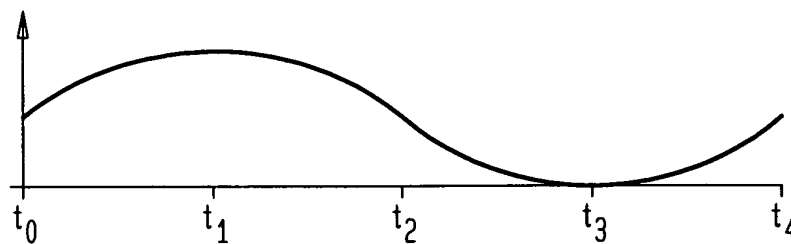


FIG. 4



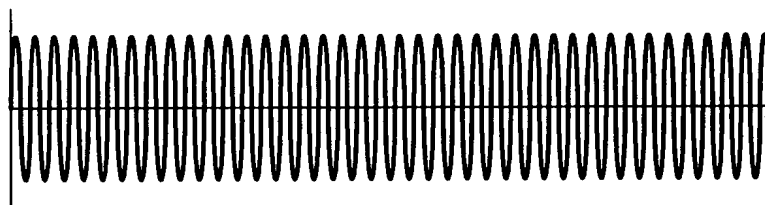
ANALOG  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
210

FIG. 5A



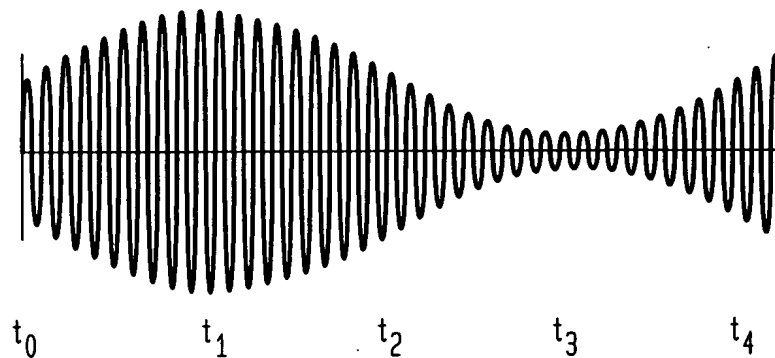
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 5B



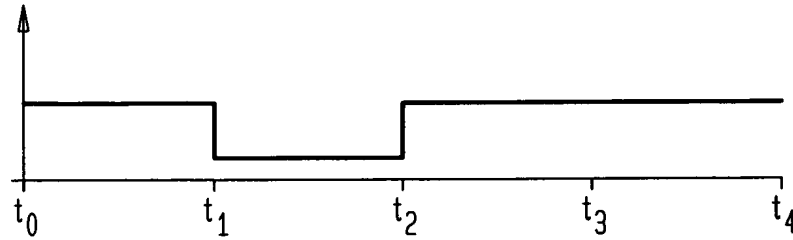
AM CARRIER  
SIGNAL  
516

FIG. 5C



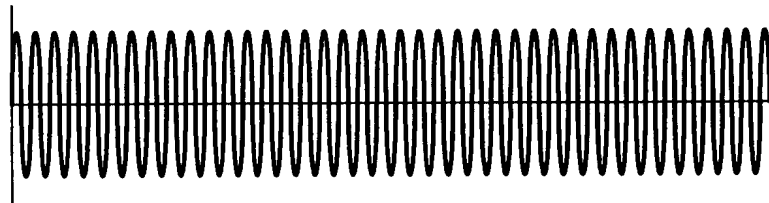
DIGITAL  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
310

FIG. 6A



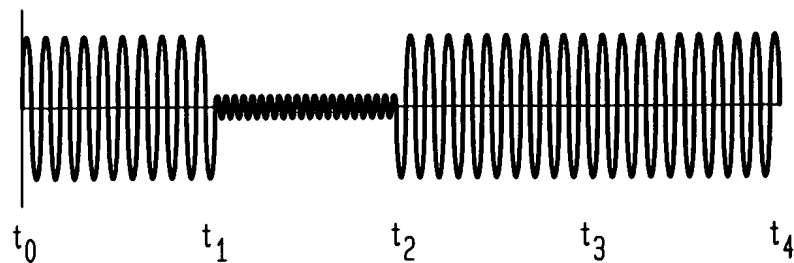
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 6B



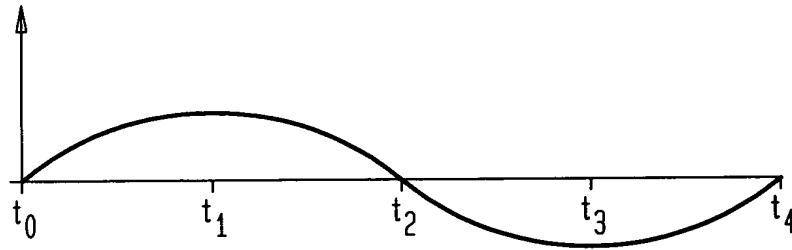
AM CARRIER SIGNAL  
616

FIG. 6C



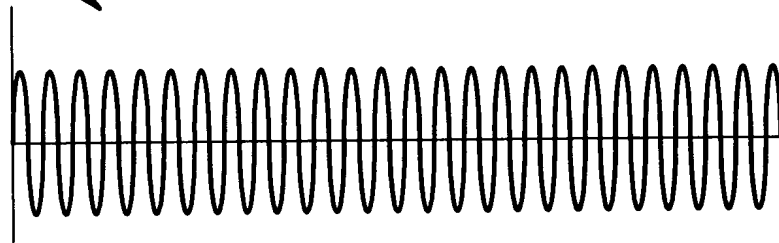
ANALOG  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
210

FIG. 7A



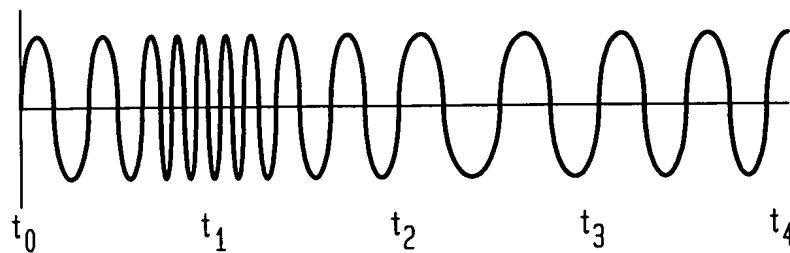
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 7B



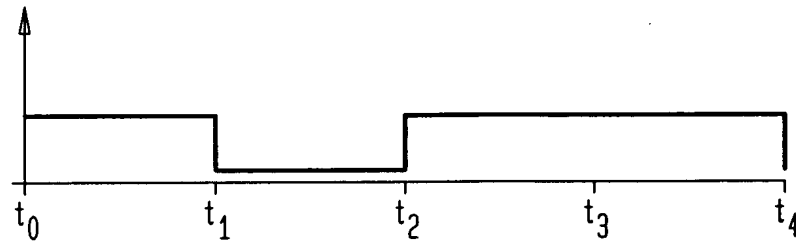
FM CARRIER SIGNAL  
716

FIG. 7C



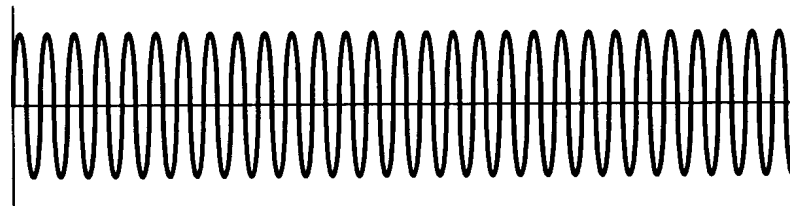
DIGITAL  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
310

*FIG. 8A*



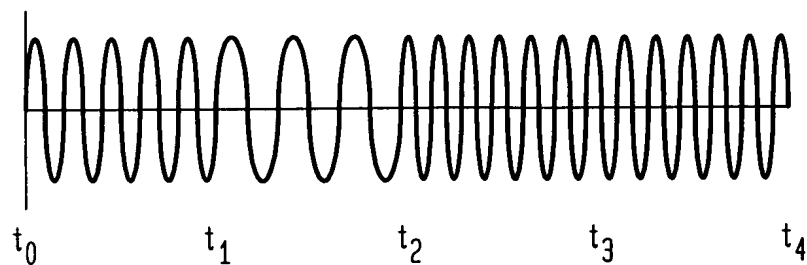
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

*FIG. 8B*



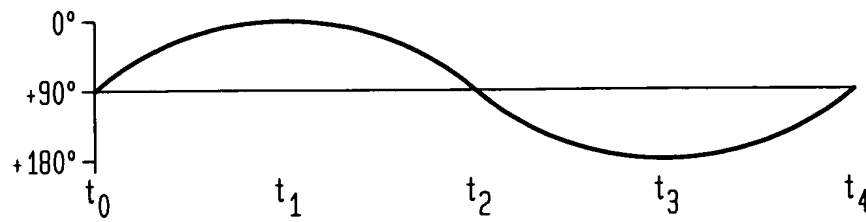
FM CARRIER SIGNAL  
816

*FIG. 8C*



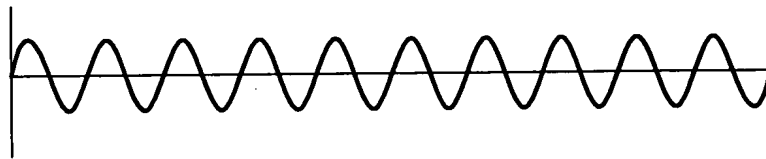
ANALOG  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
210

**FIG. 9A**



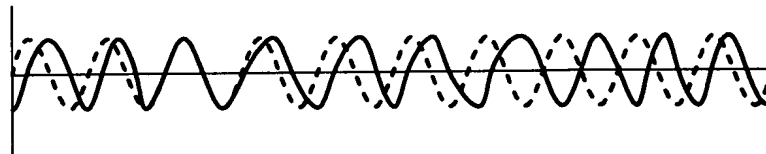
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

**FIG. 9B**



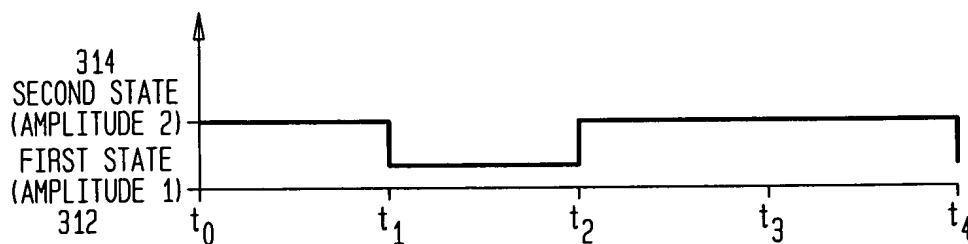
PHASE MODULATED  
CARRIER SIGNAL  
916

**FIG. 9C**



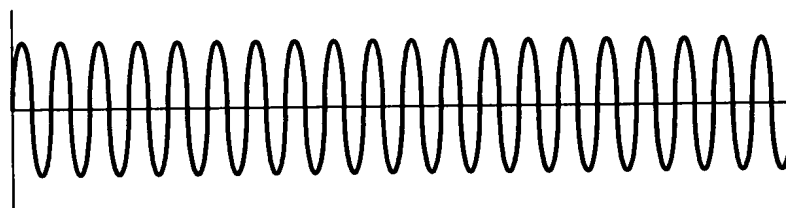
DIGITAL  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
310

FIG. 10A



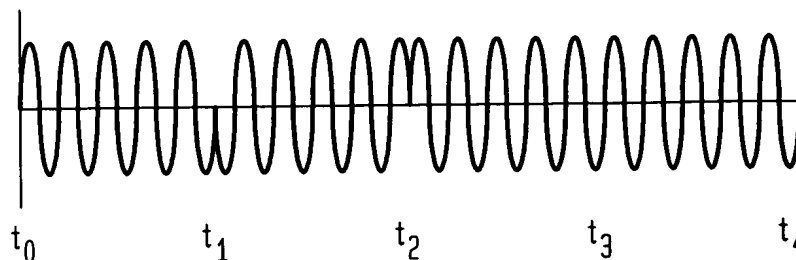
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

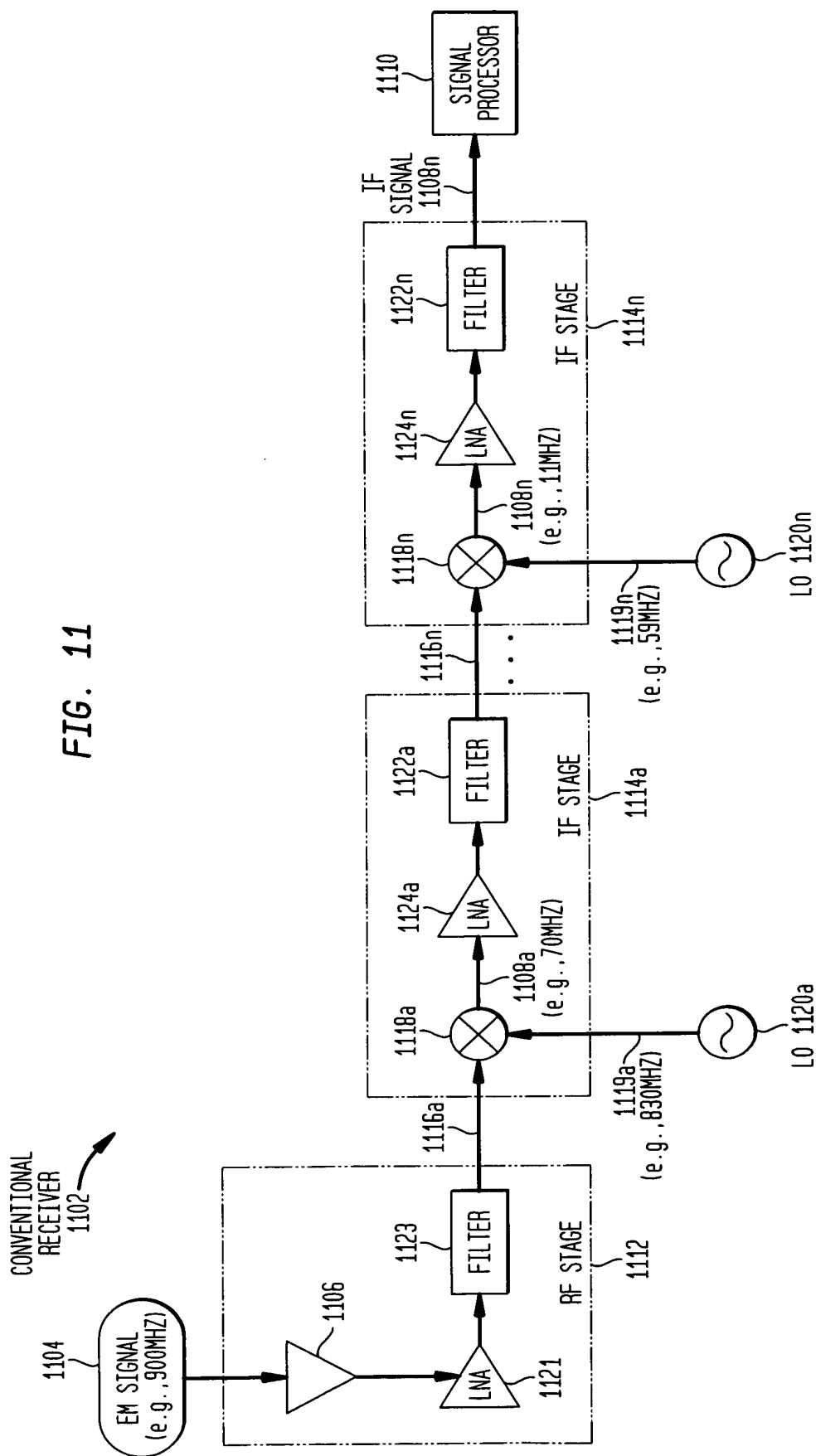
FIG. 10B



PHASE MODULATED  
CARRIER SIGNAL  
1016

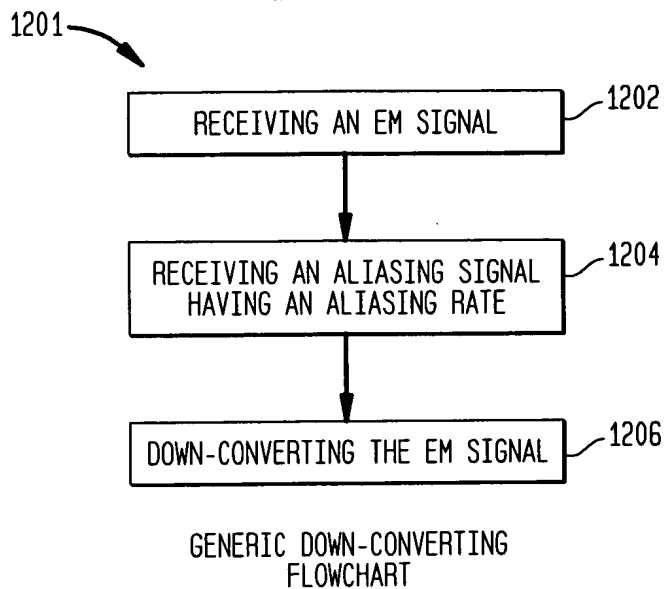
FIG. 10C



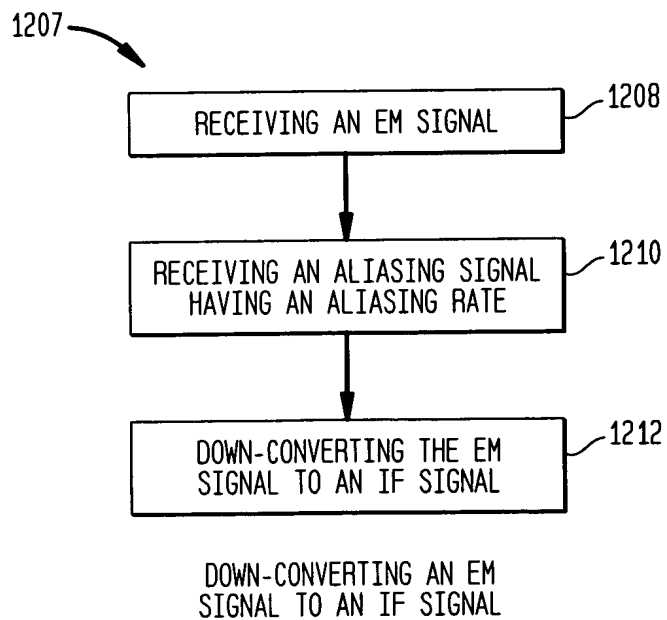




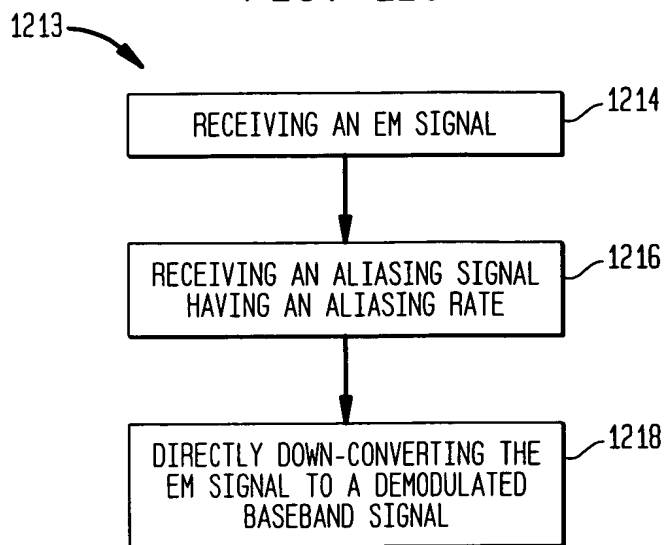
**FIG. 12A**



**FIG. 12B**

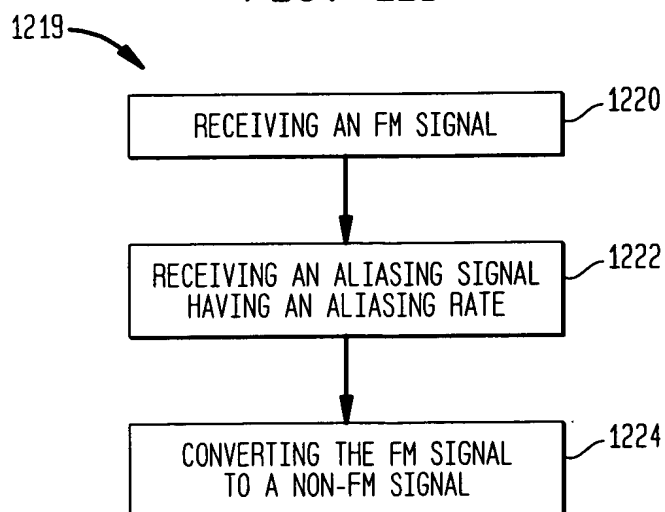


**FIG. 12C**

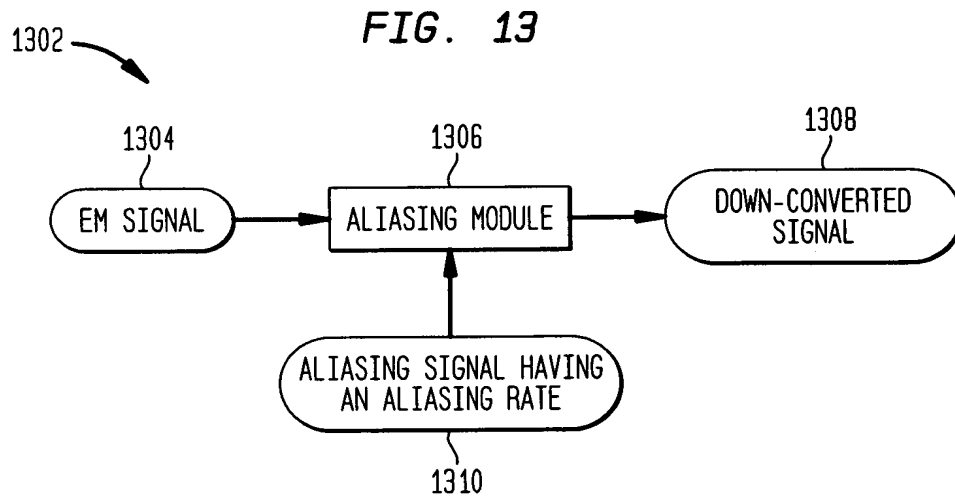


DIRECTLY DOWN-CONVERTING AN EM  
SIGNAL TO A DEMODULATED BASEBAND SIGNAL

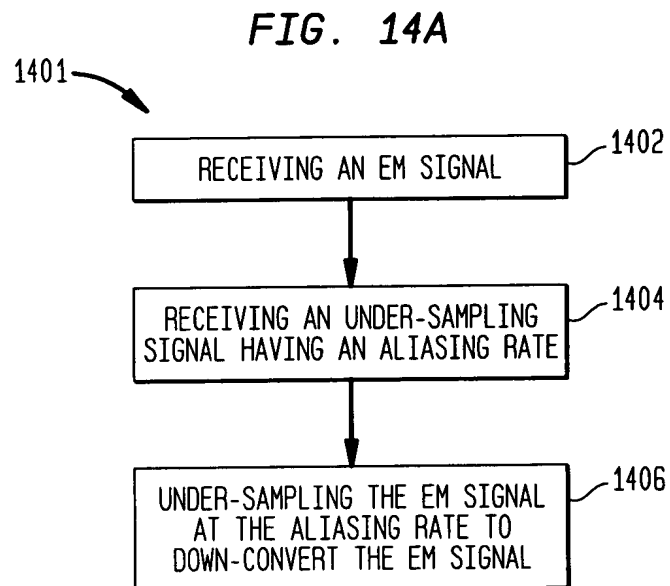
**FIG. 12D**



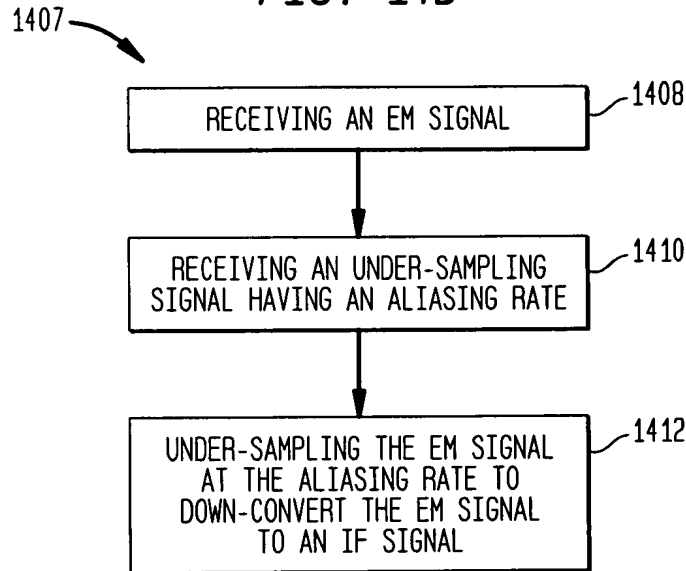
MODULATION CONVERSION



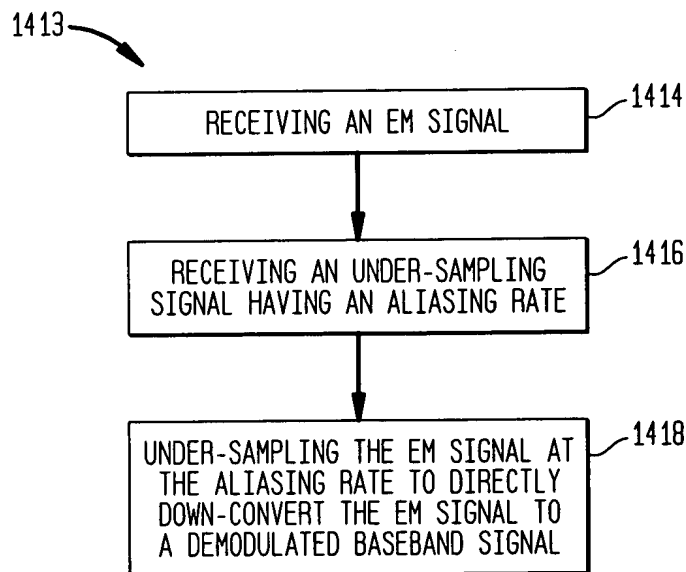
GENERIC DOWN-CONVERTING SYSTEM



**FIG. 14B**



**FIG. 14C**



**FIG. 14D**

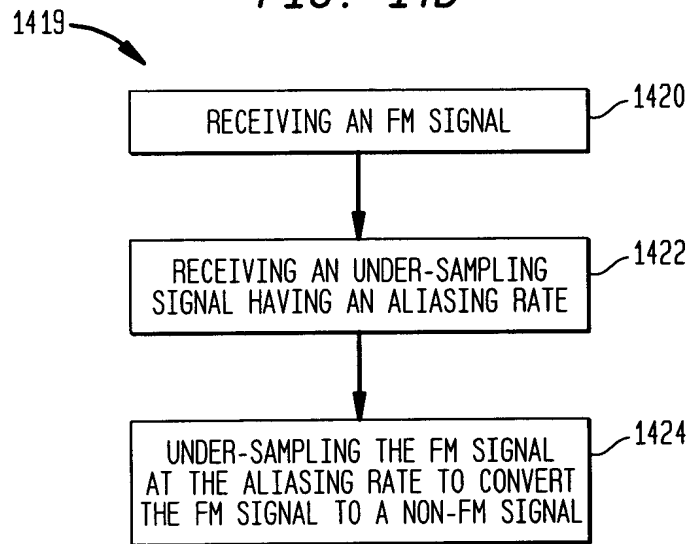


FIG. 15E

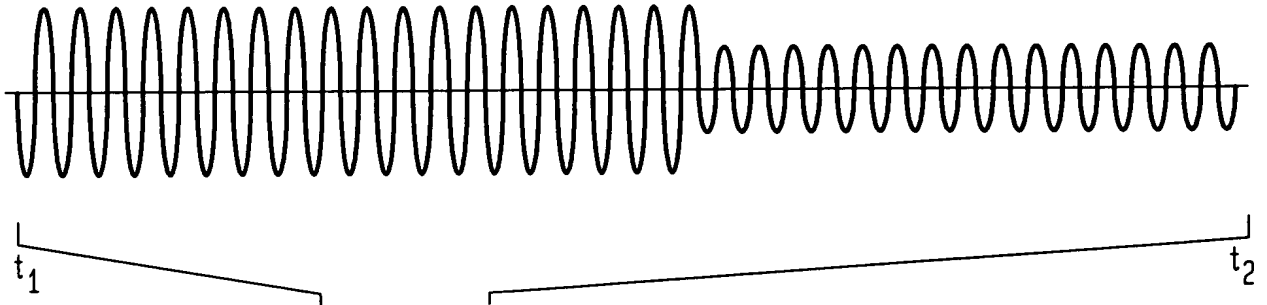


FIG. 15A

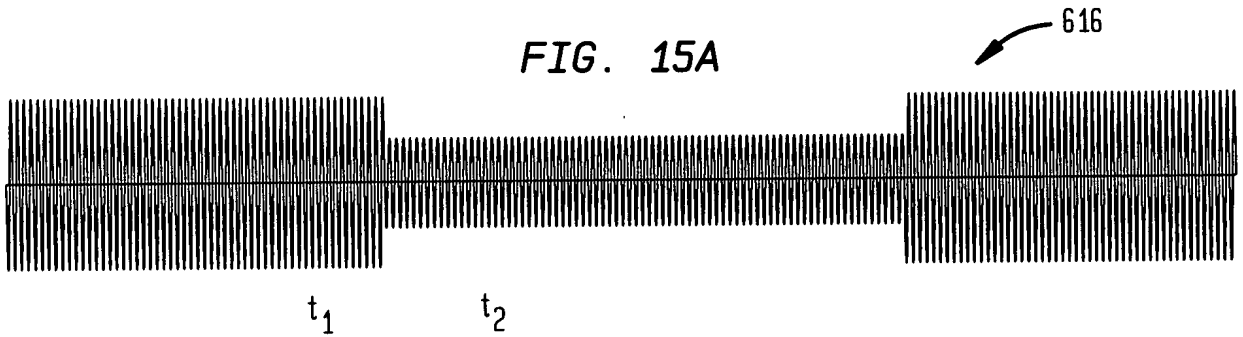


FIG. 15B

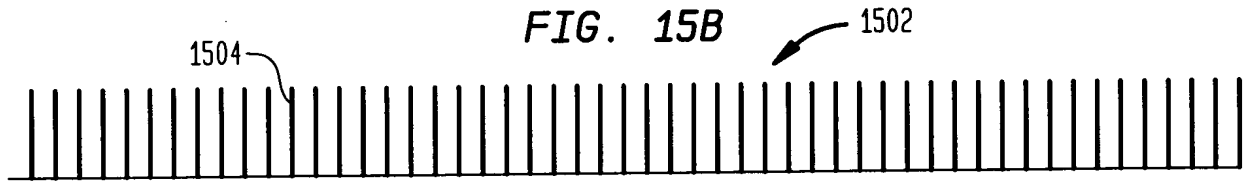


FIG. 15C

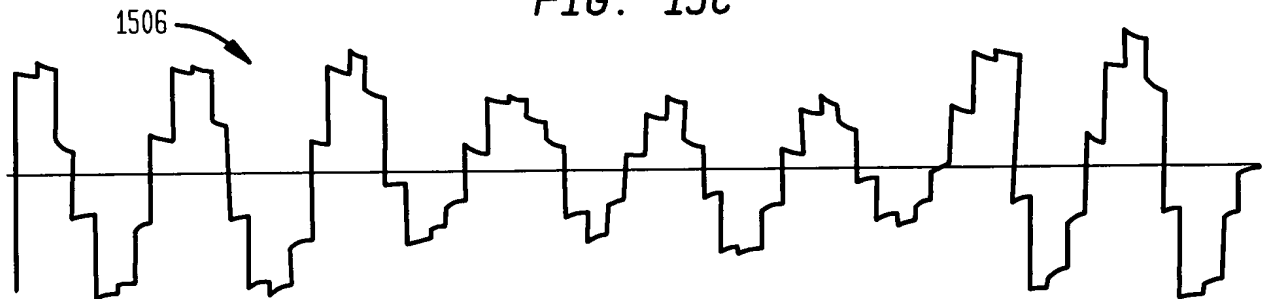
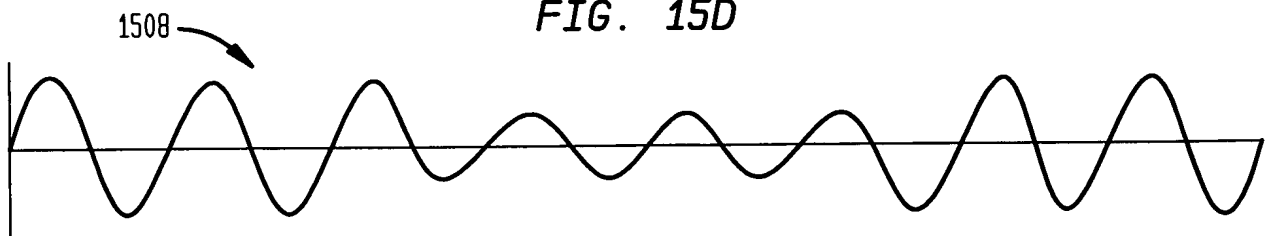
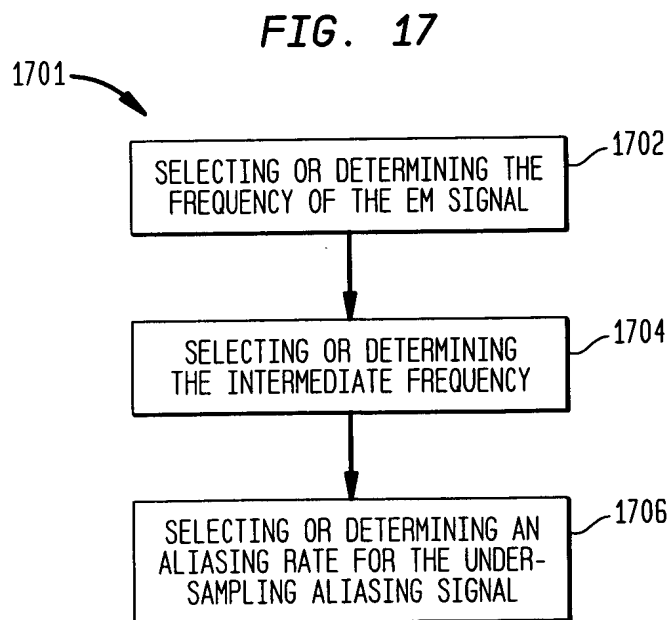
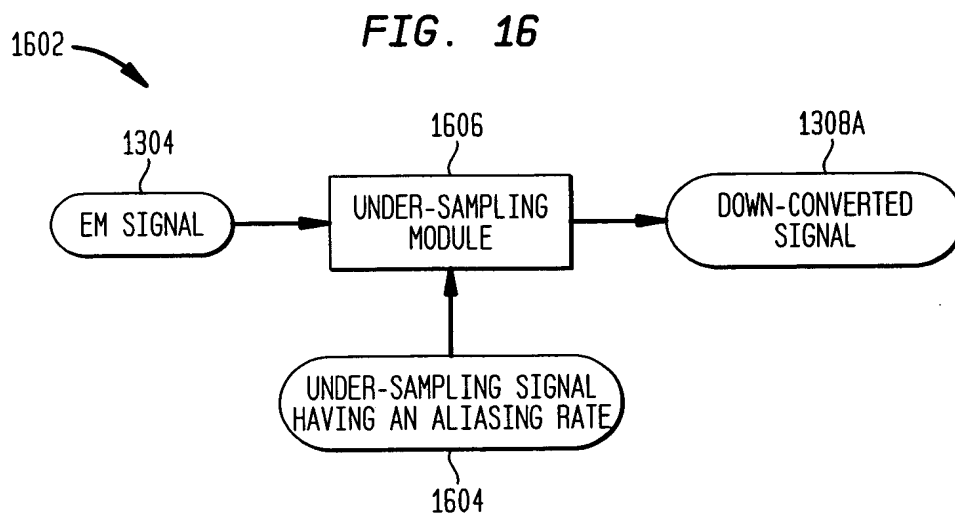


FIG. 15D





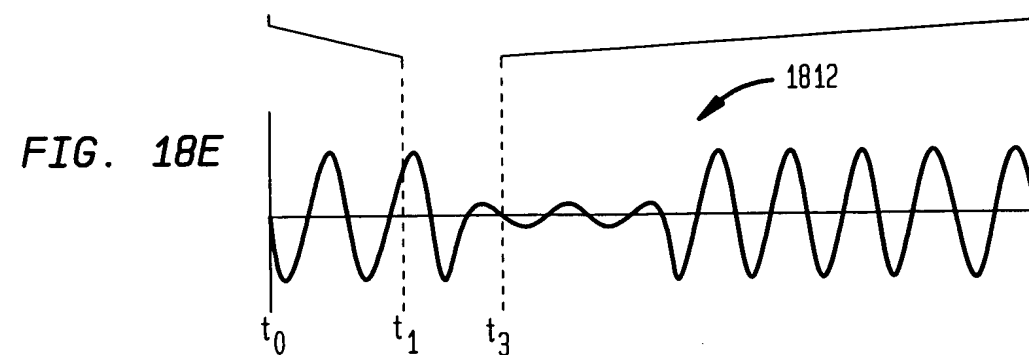
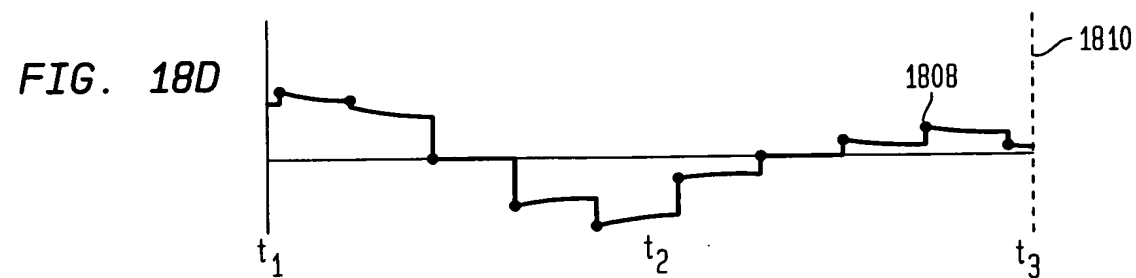
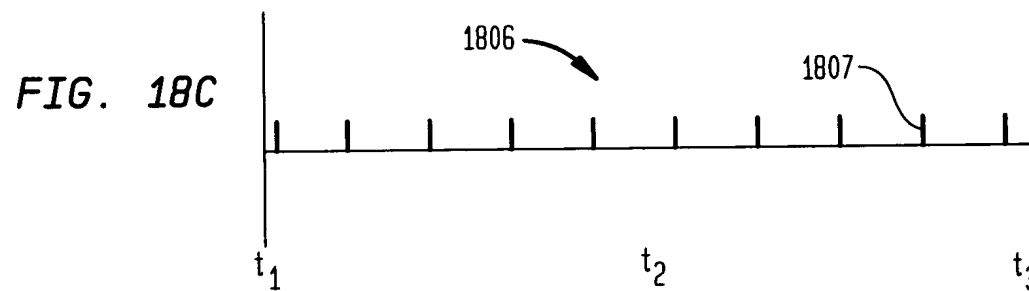
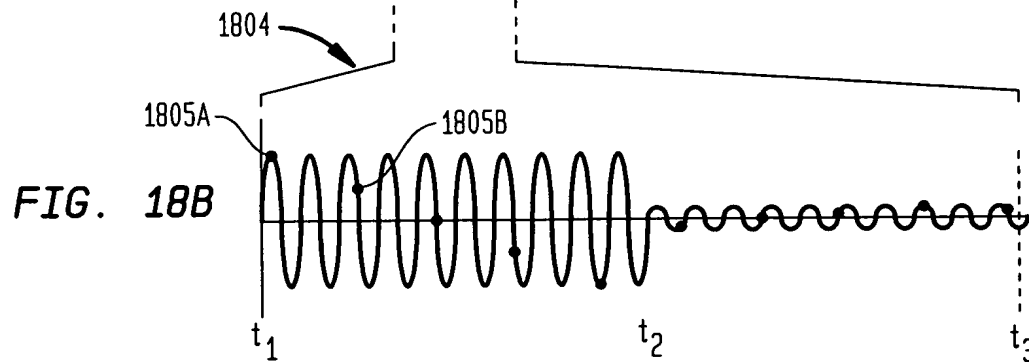
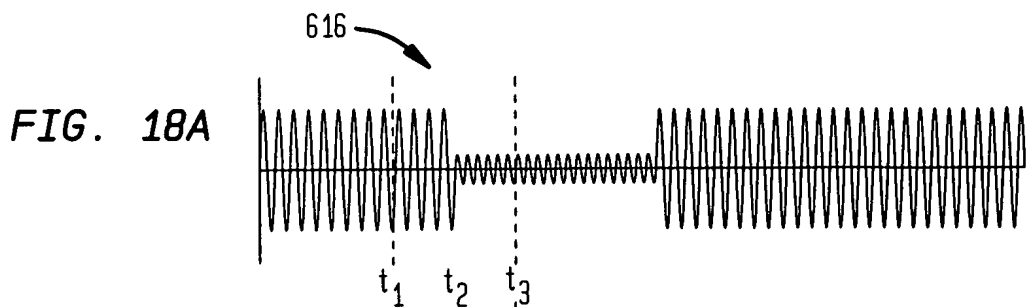




FIG. 19A

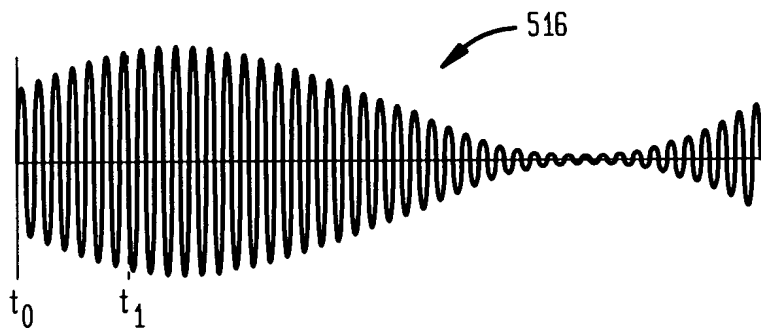


FIG. 19B

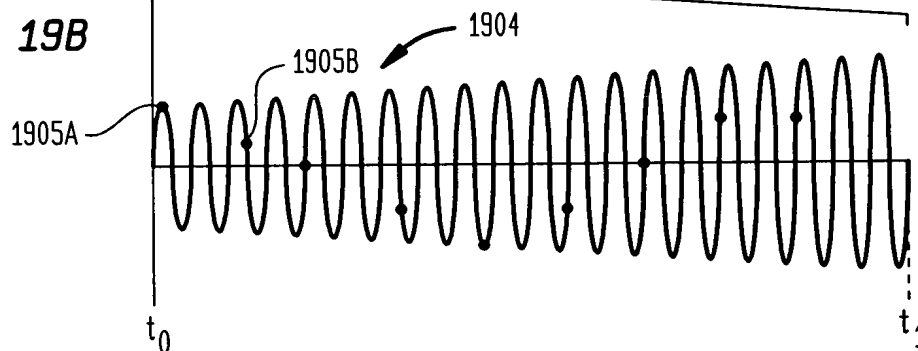


FIG. 19C

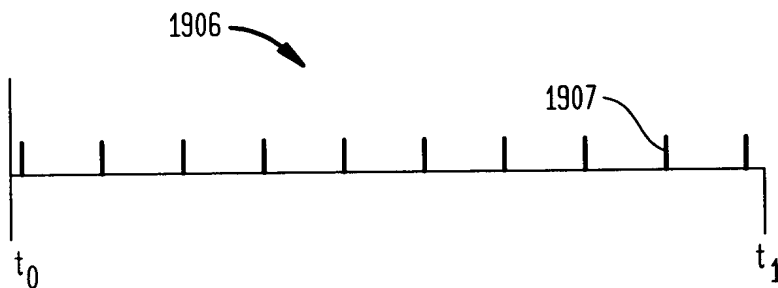


FIG. 19D

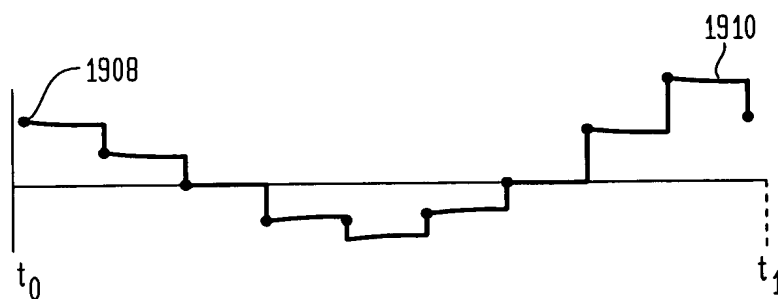
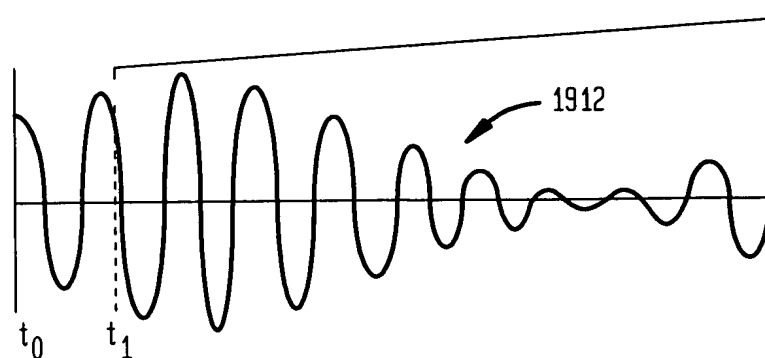


FIG. 19E



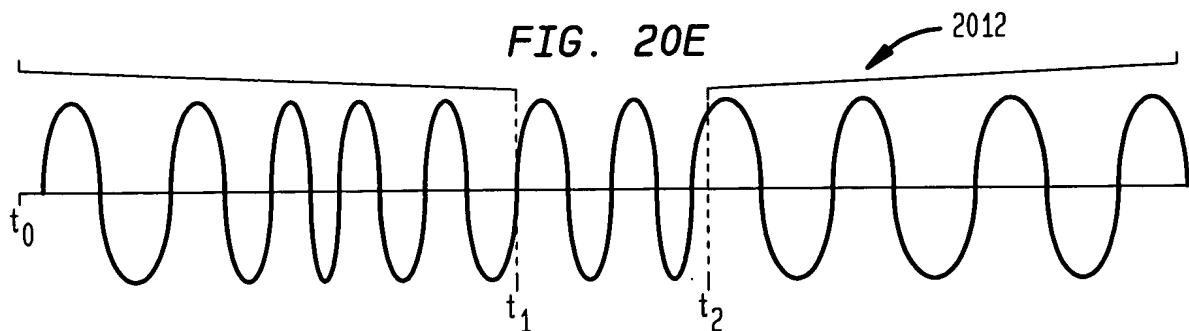
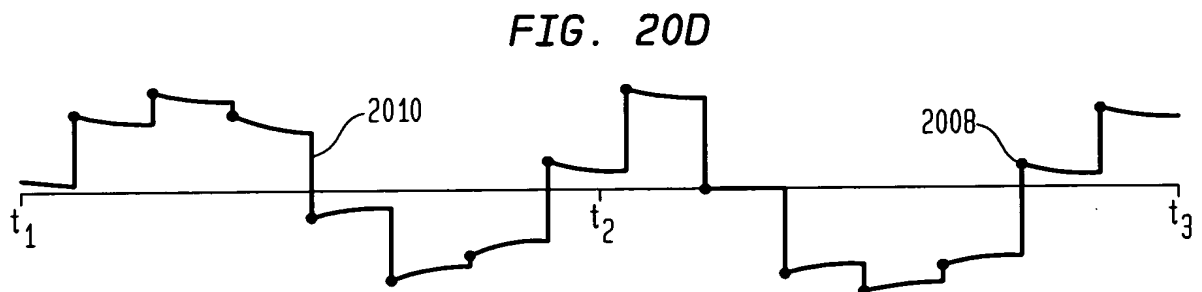
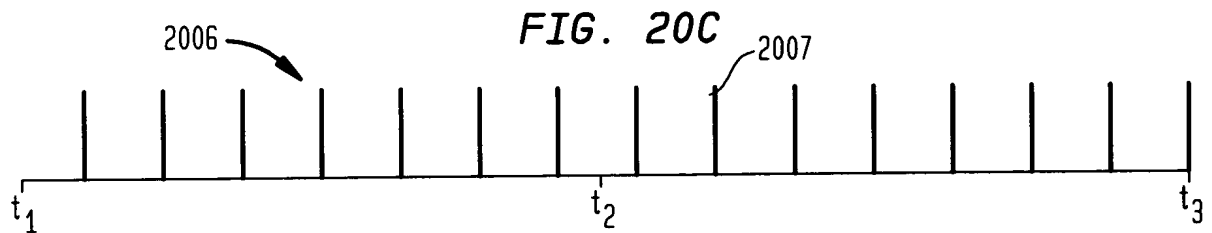
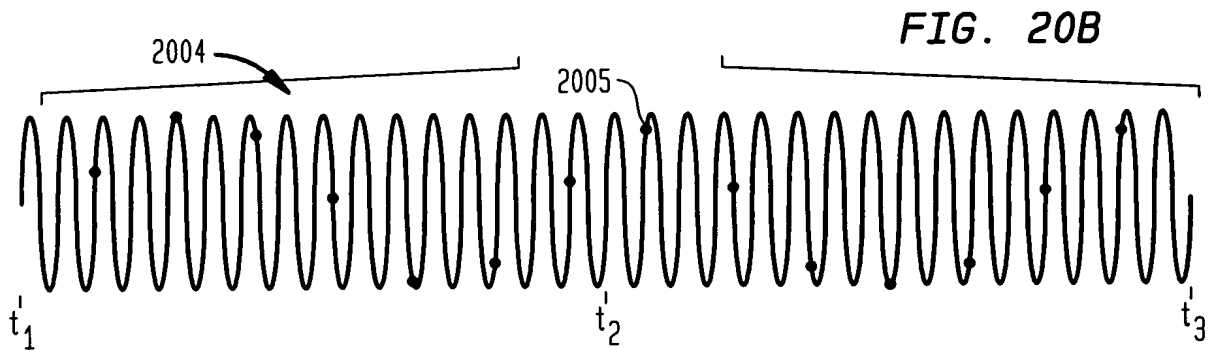
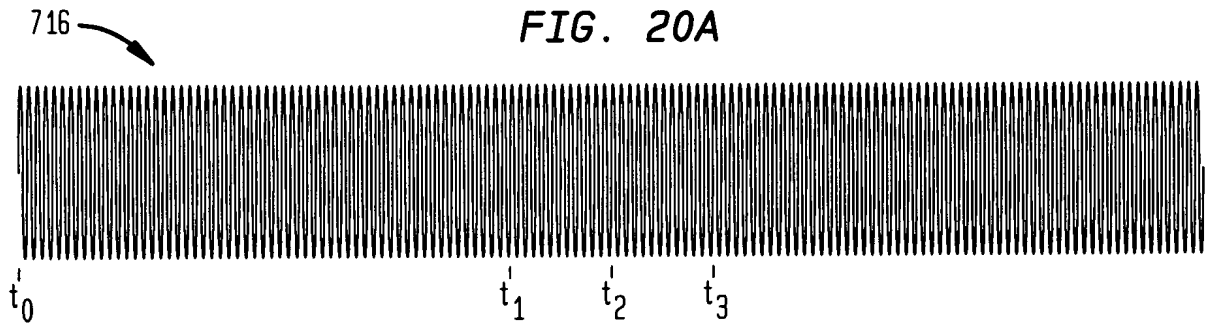


FIG. 21A

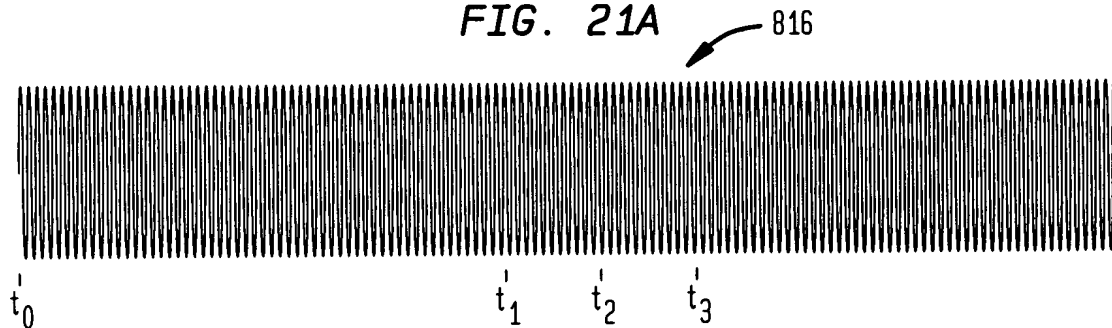


FIG. 21B

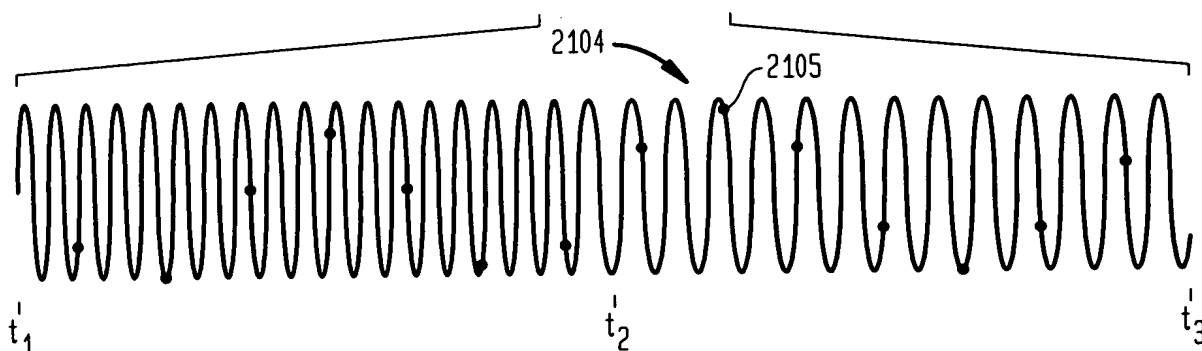


FIG. 21C

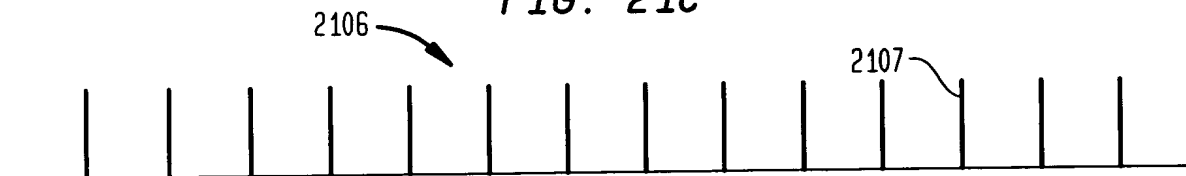


FIG. 21D

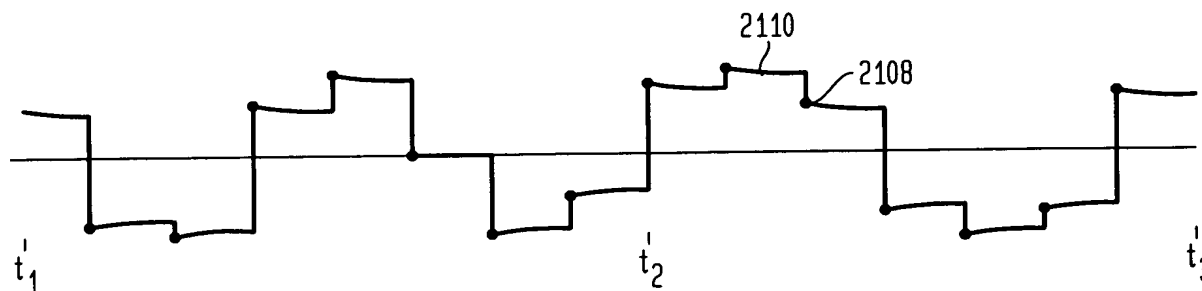


FIG. 21E

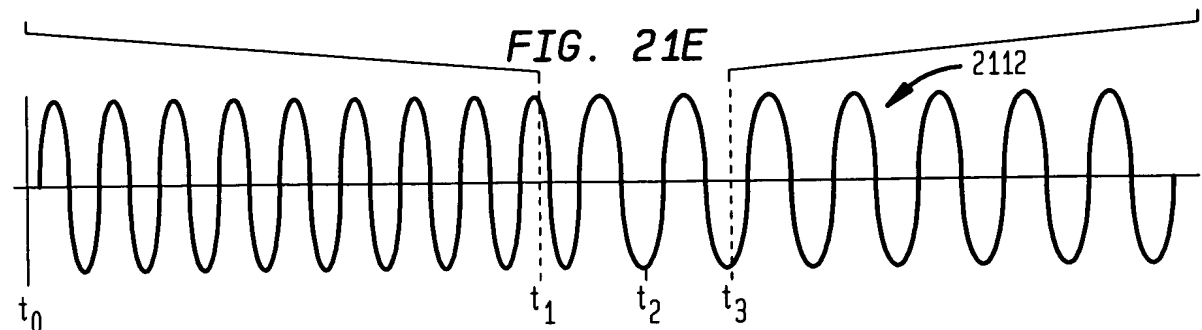


FIG. 22A 1016

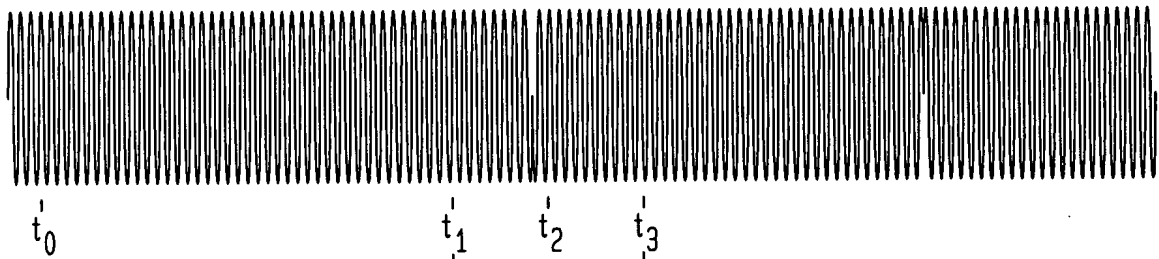


FIG. 22B

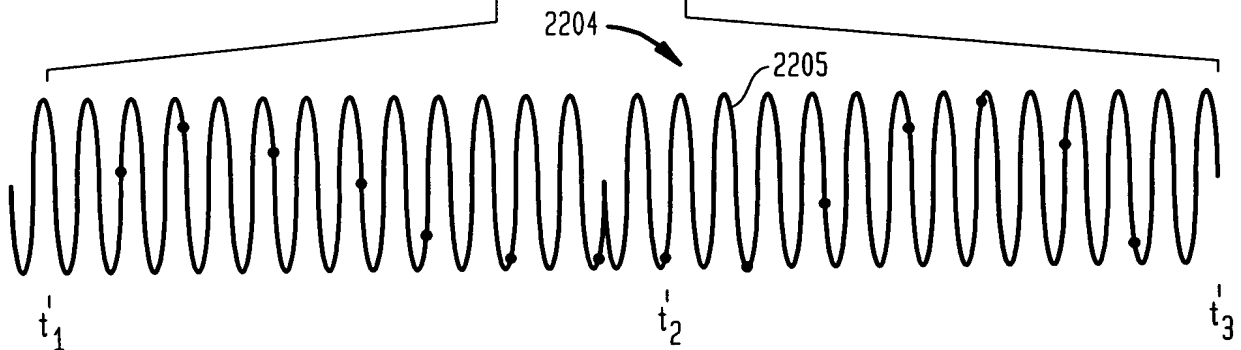


FIG. 22C

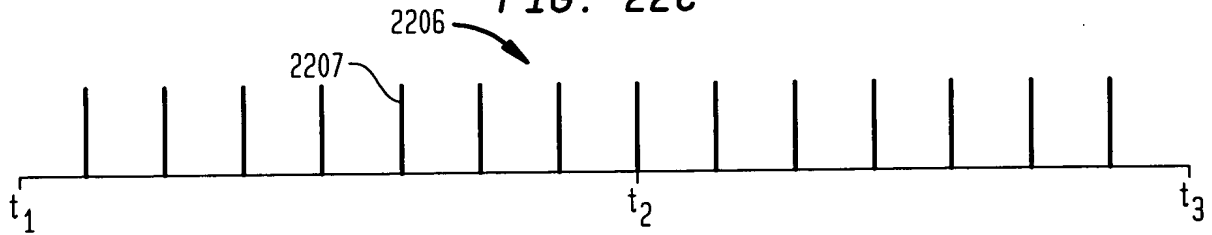


FIG. 22D

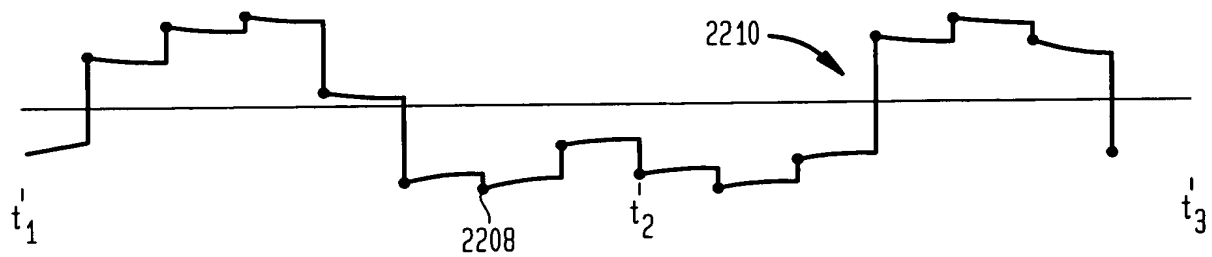


FIG. 22E

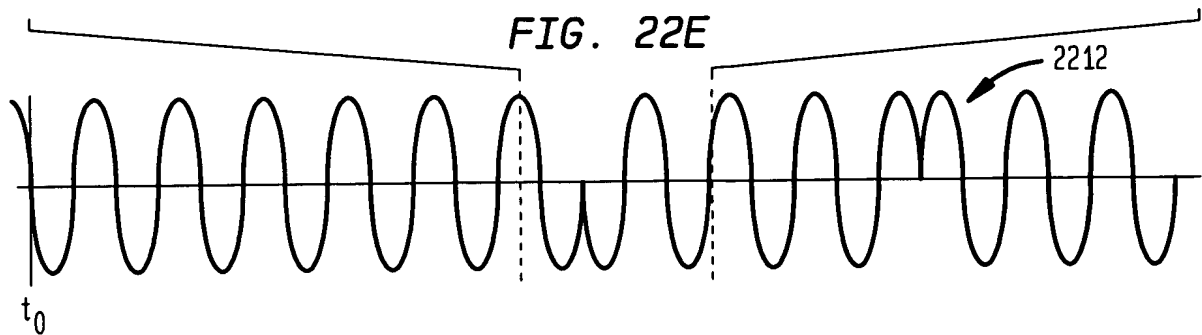


FIG. 23A

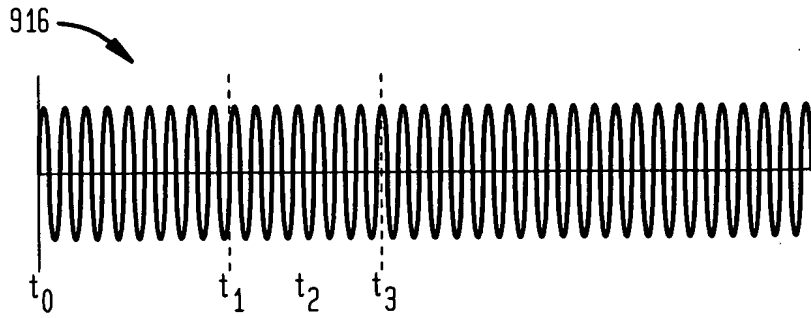


FIG. 23B

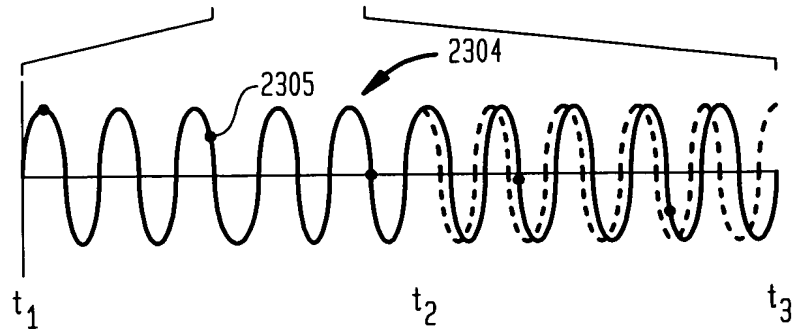


FIG. 23C

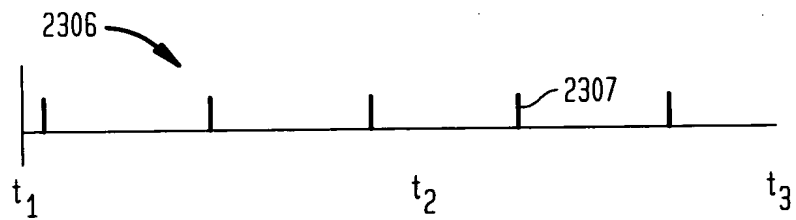


FIG. 23D

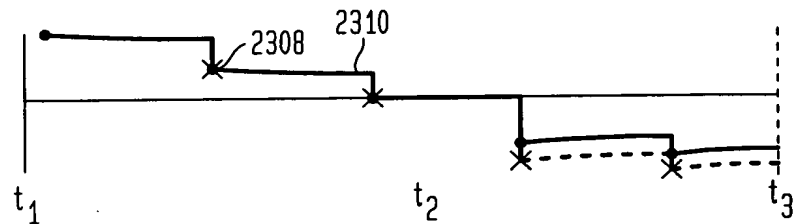


FIG. 23E

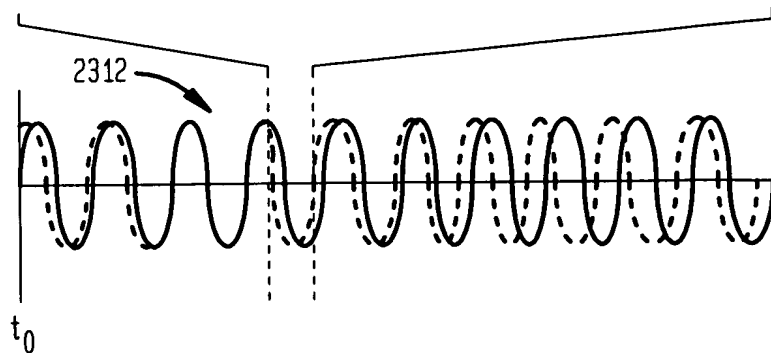


FIG. 24A

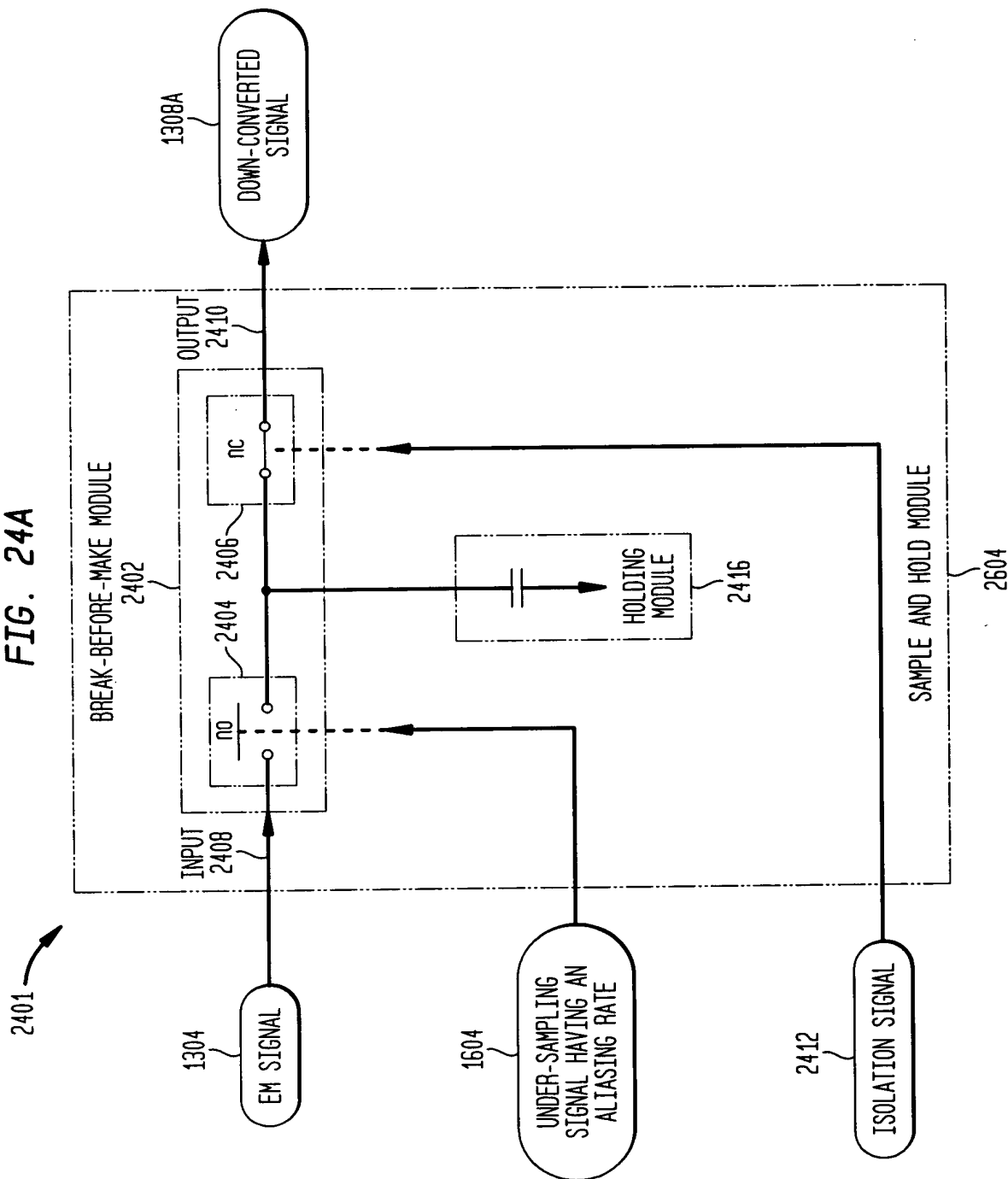


FIG. 24B

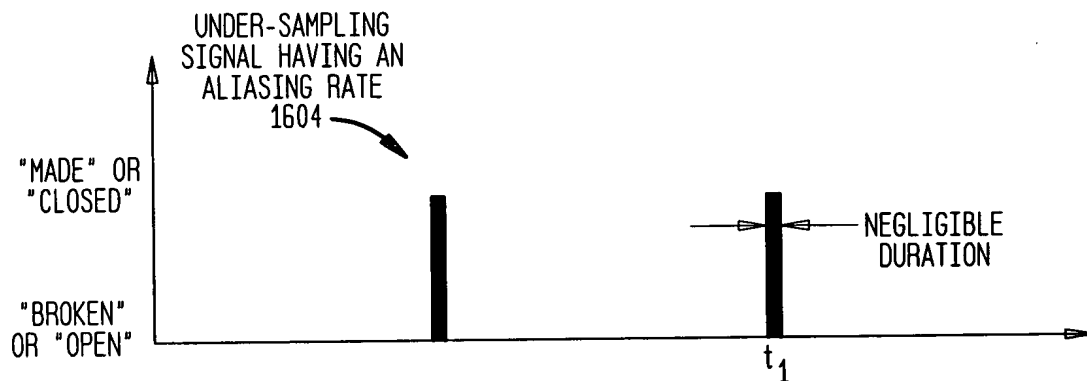
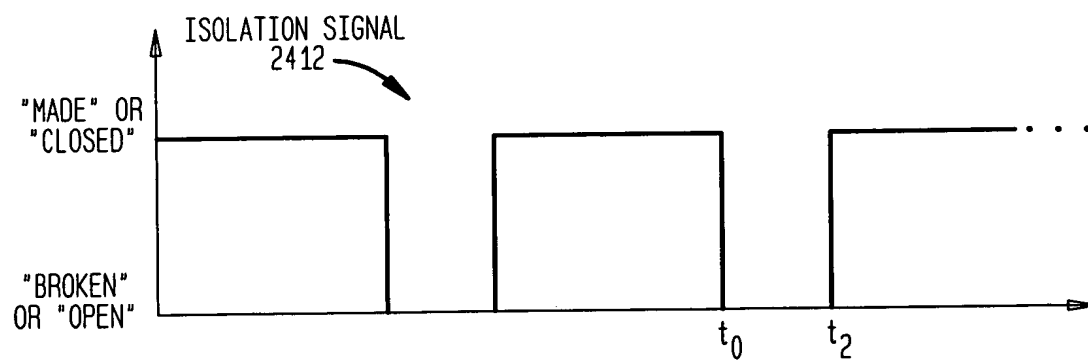
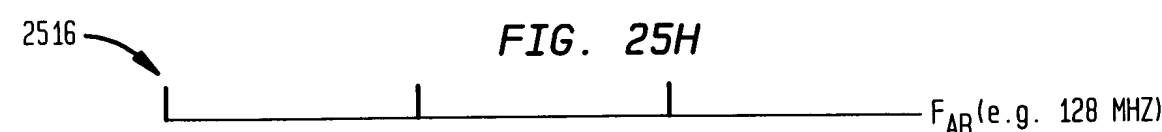
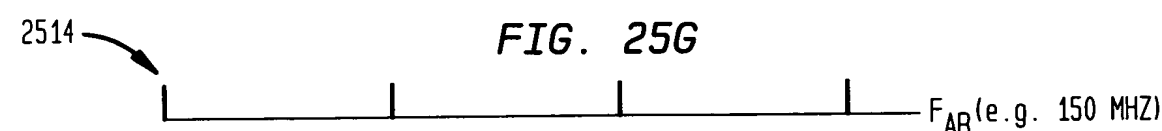
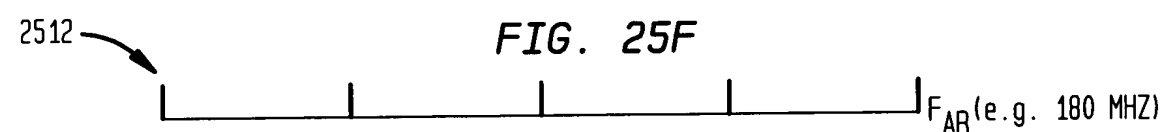
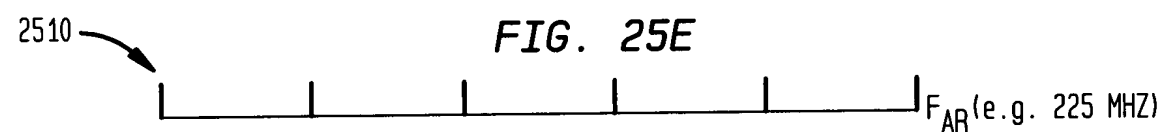
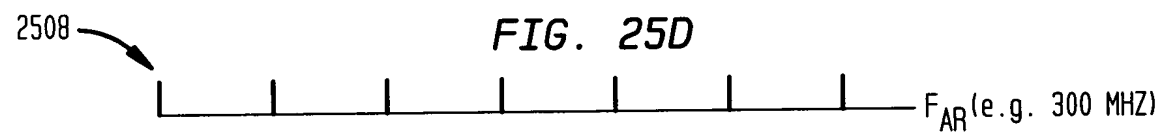
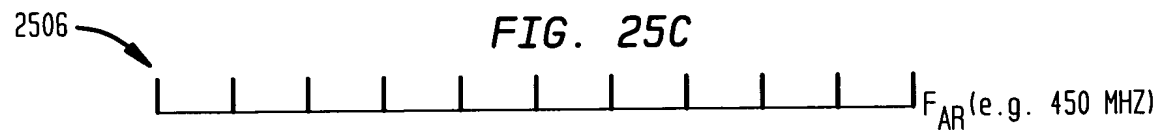
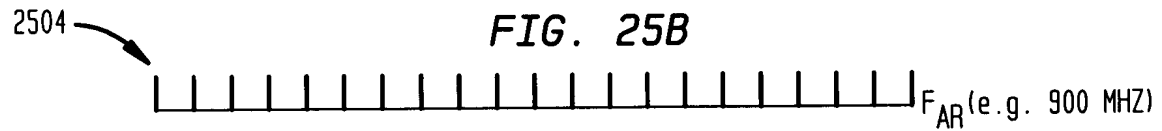
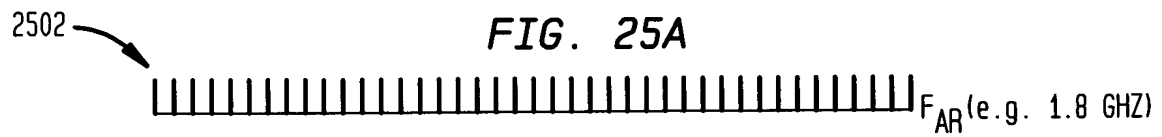


FIG. 24C







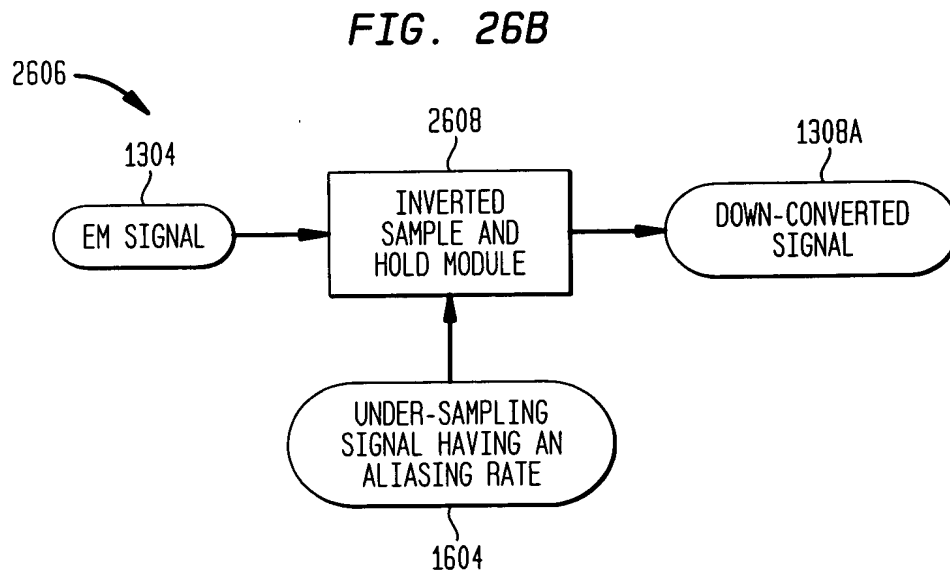
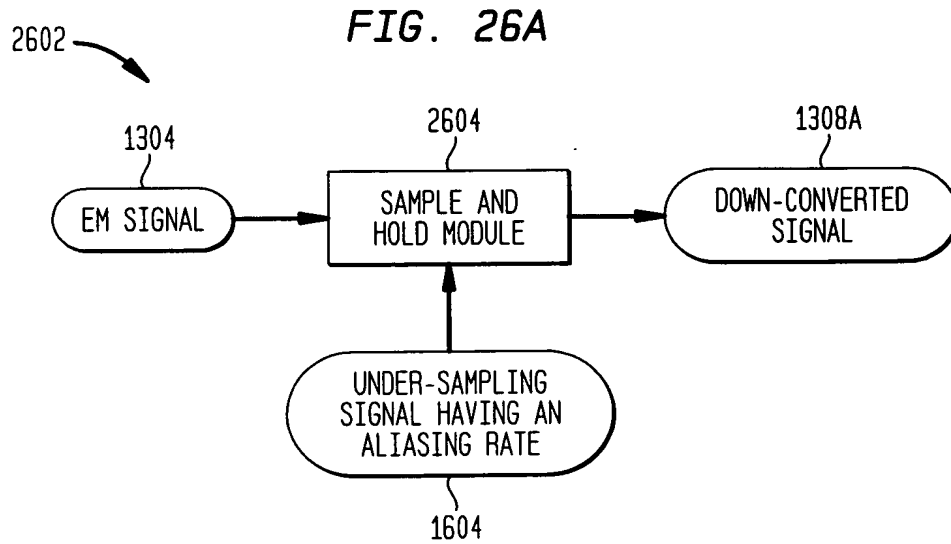
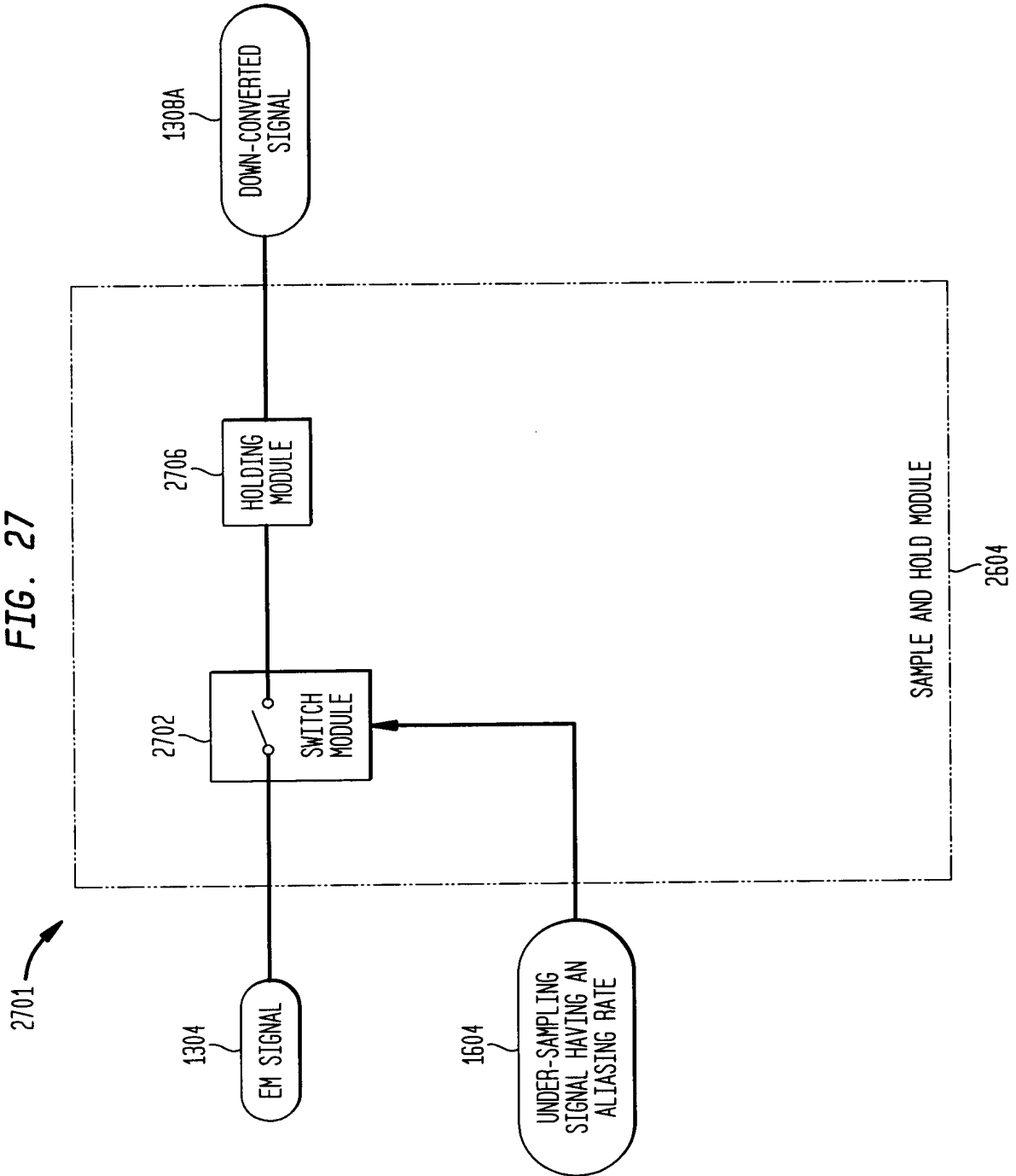
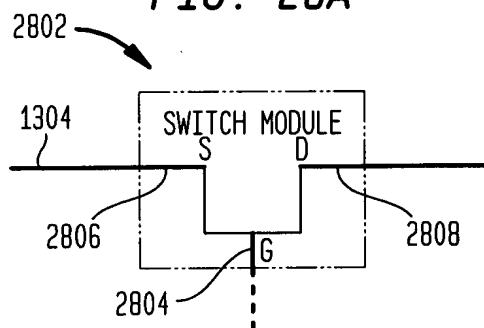


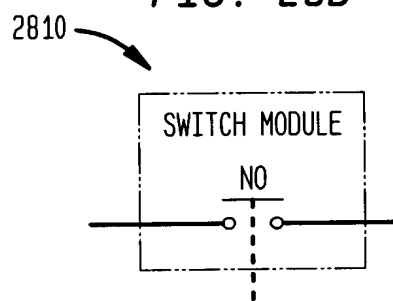
FIG. 27



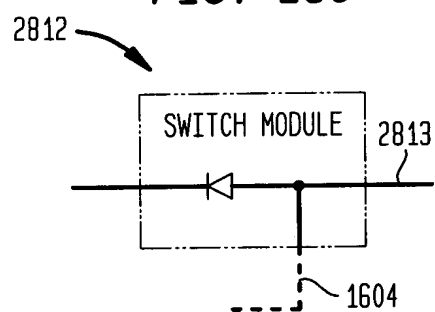
**FIG. 28A**



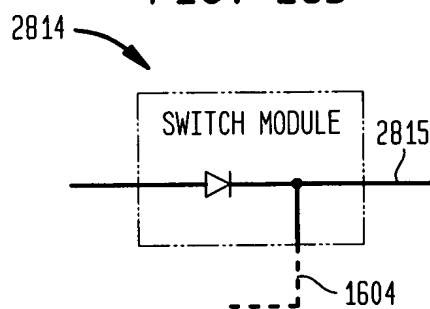
**FIG. 28B**



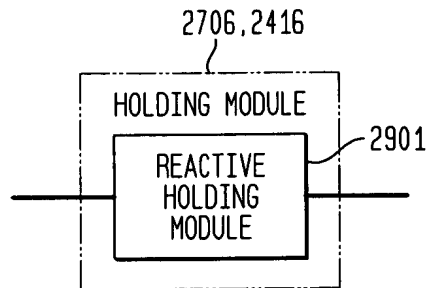
**FIG. 28C**



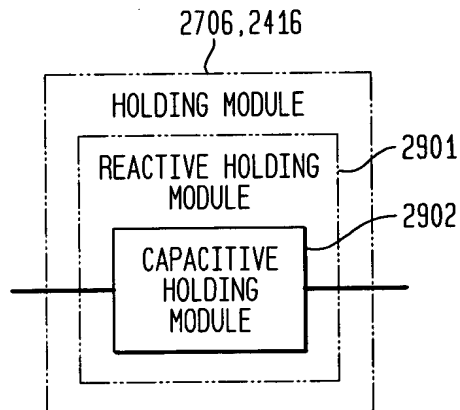
**FIG. 28D**



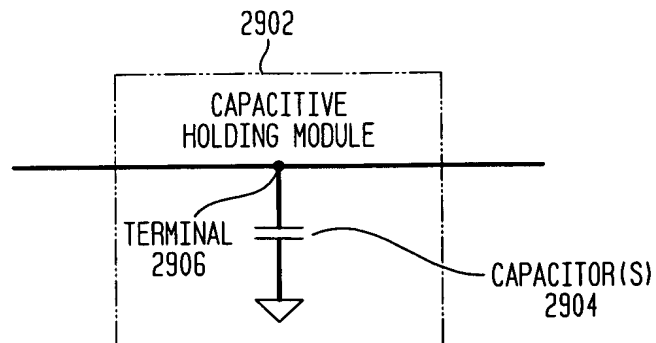
**FIG. 29A**



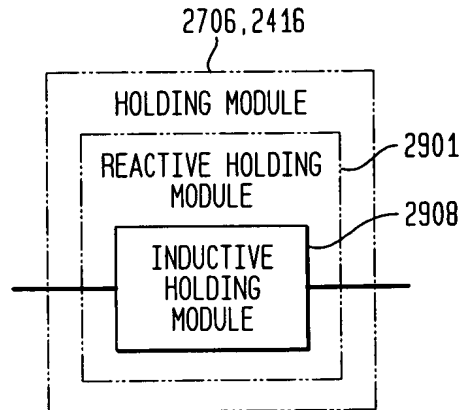
**FIG. 29B**



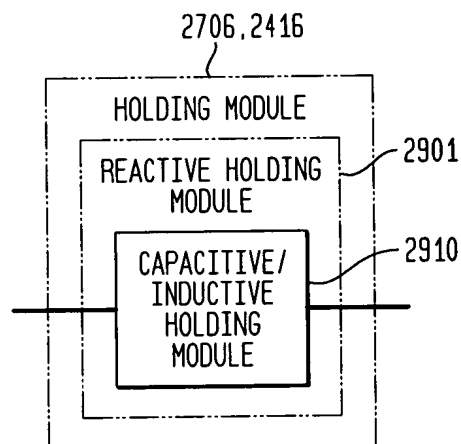
**FIG. 29C**



**FIG. 29D**



**FIG. 29E**



**FIG. 29F**

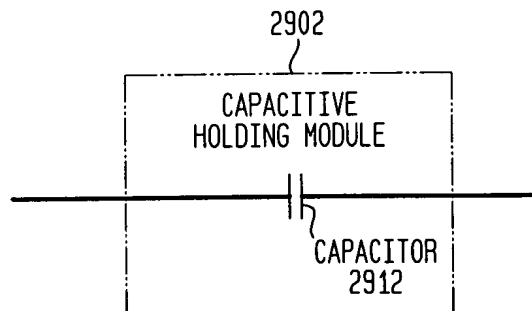
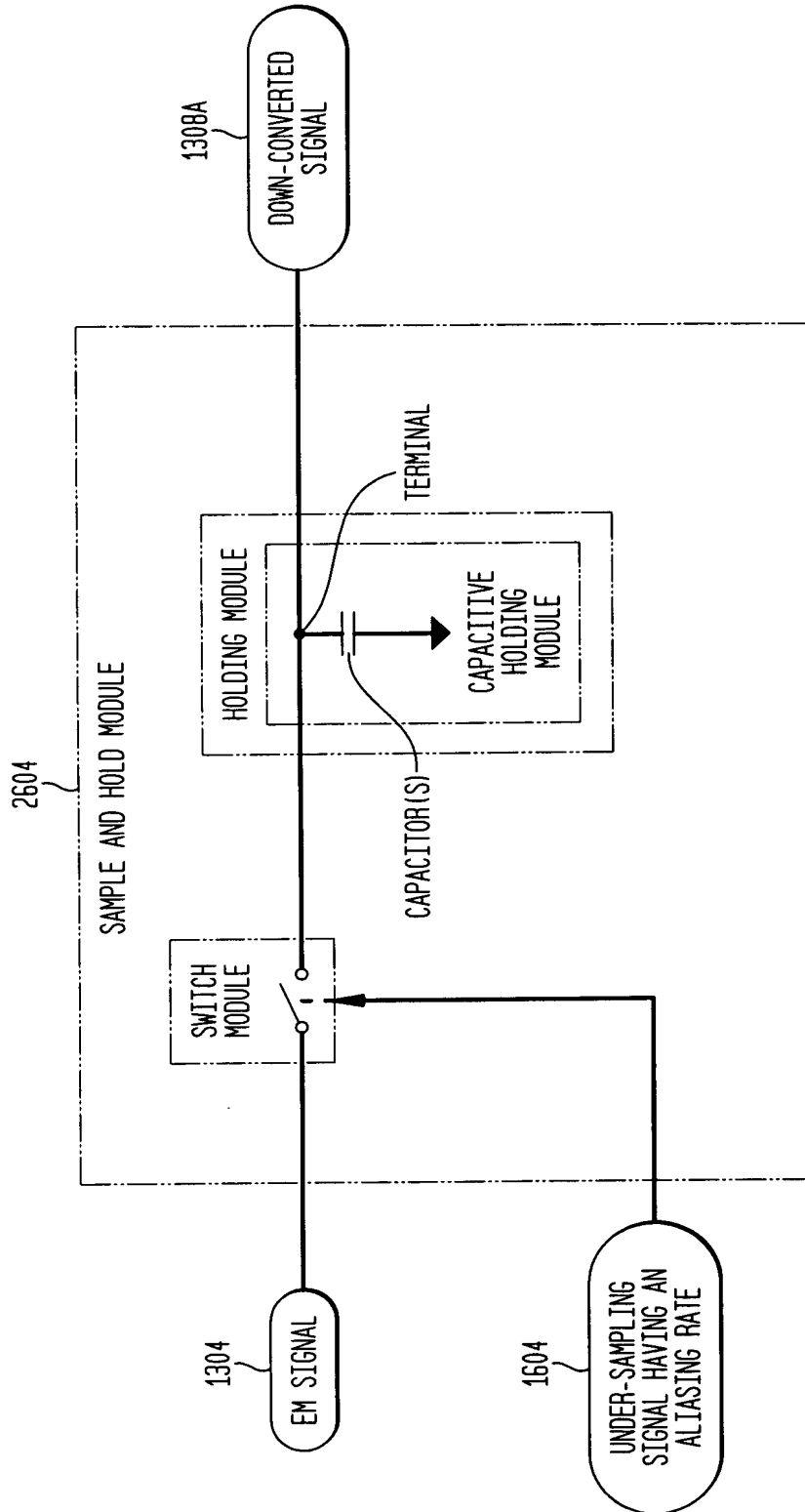
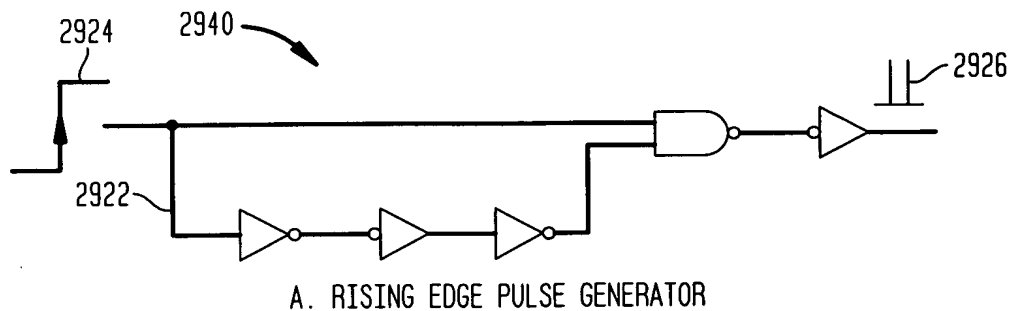


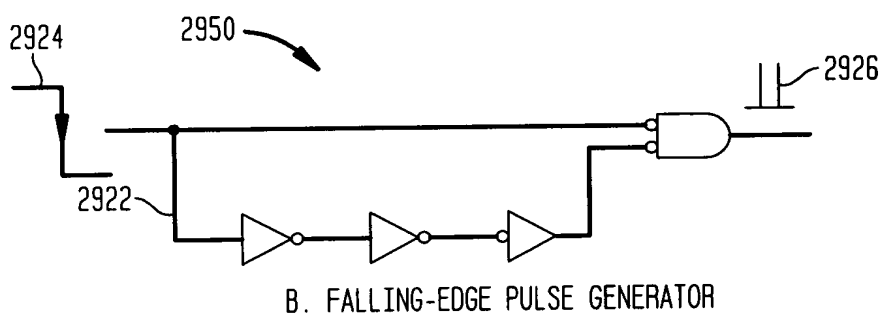
FIG. 29G



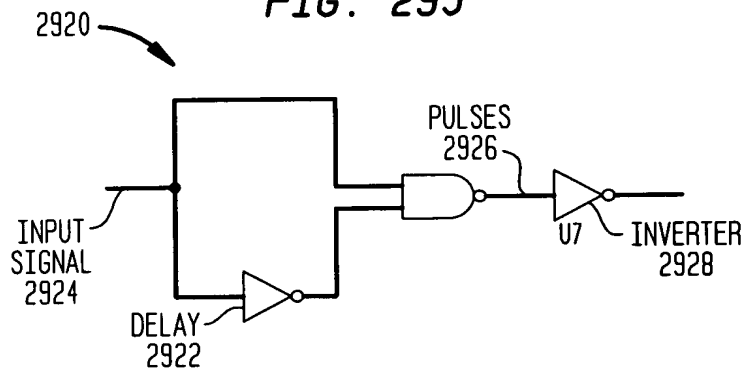
**FIG. 29H**



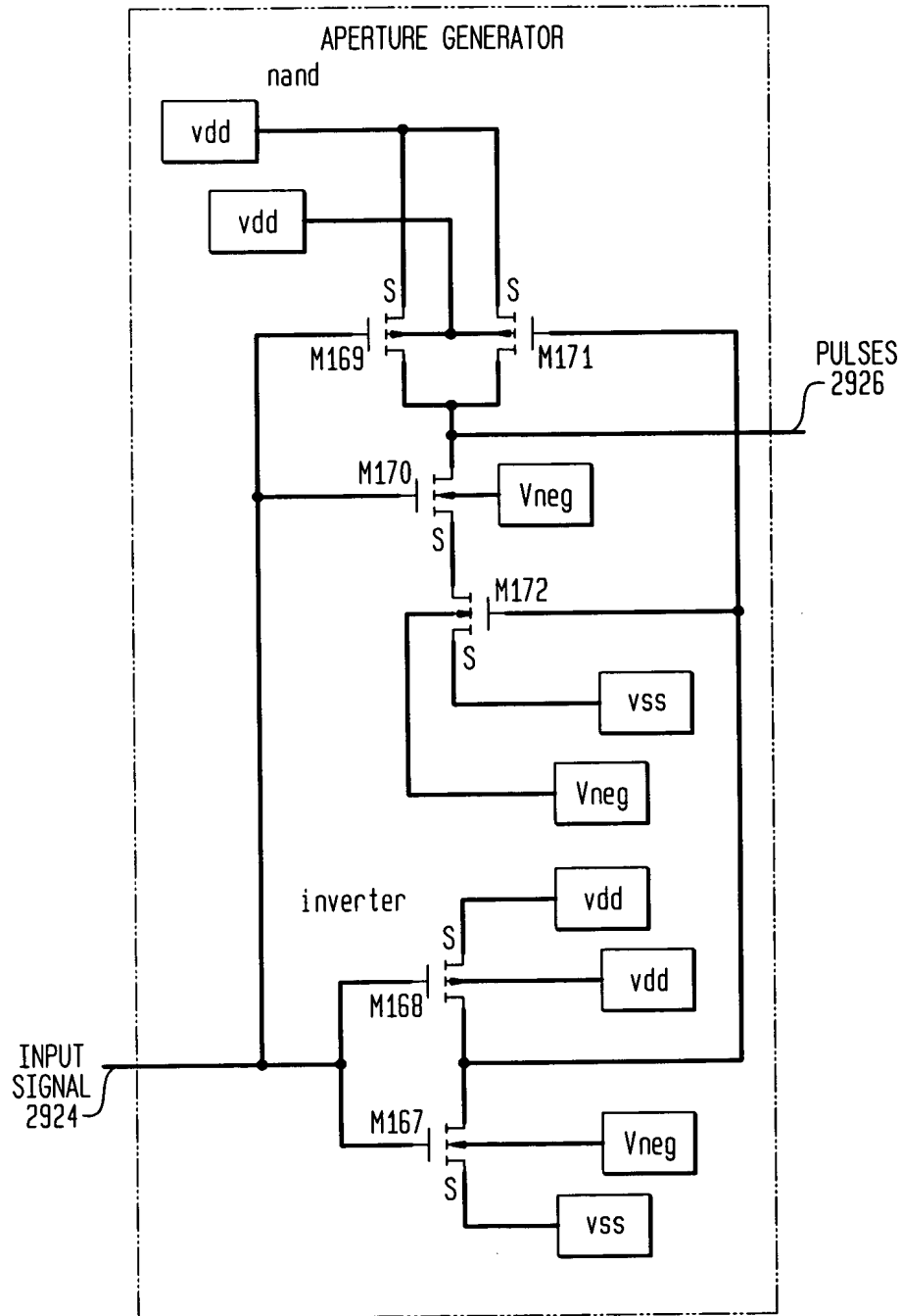
**FIG. 29I**



**FIG. 29J**



**FIG. 29K**



**FIG. 29L**

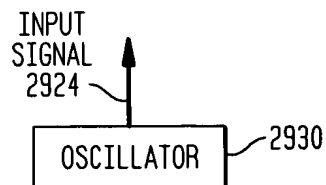
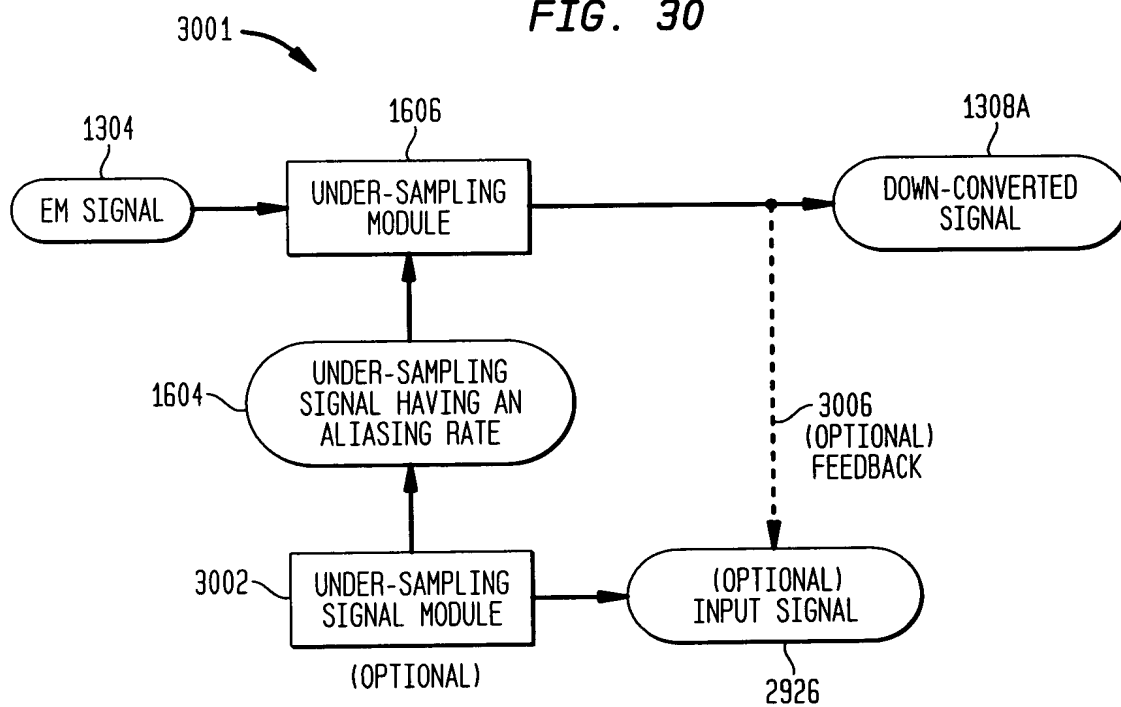




FIG. 30



**FIG. 31A**

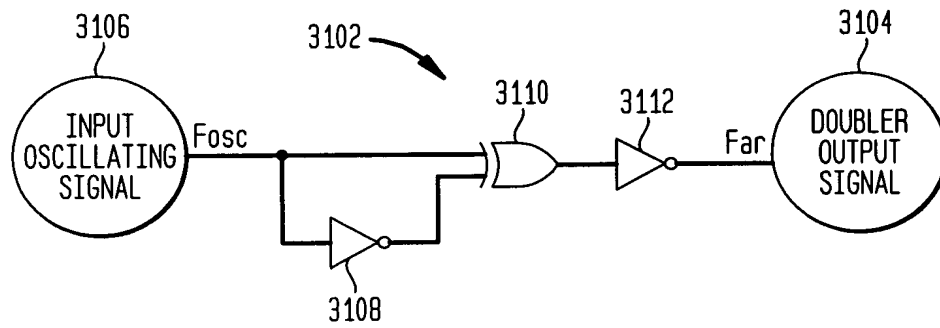


FIG. 31B

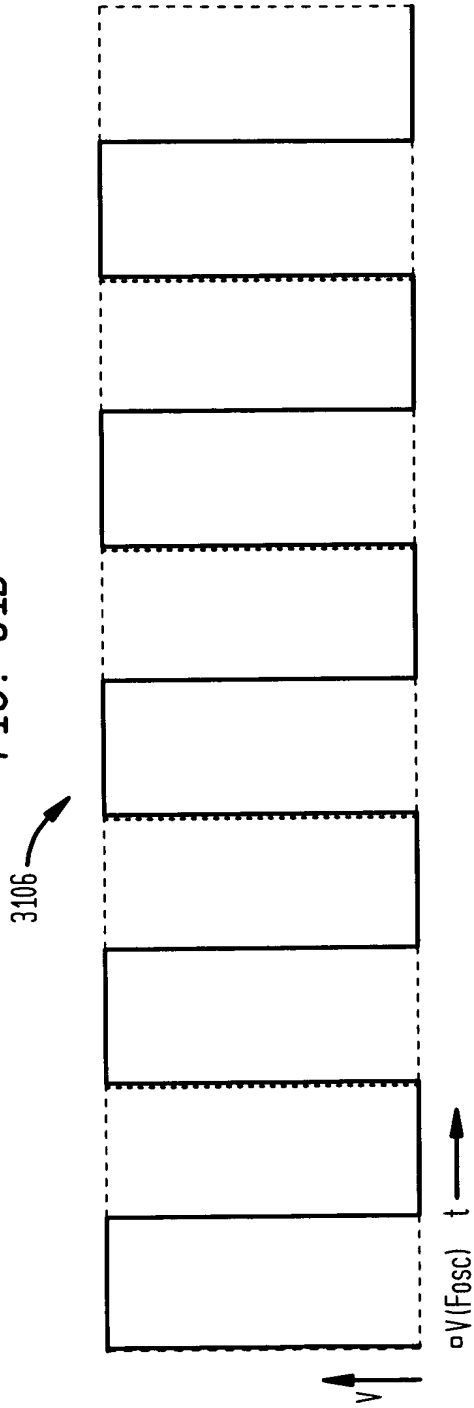


FIG. 31C

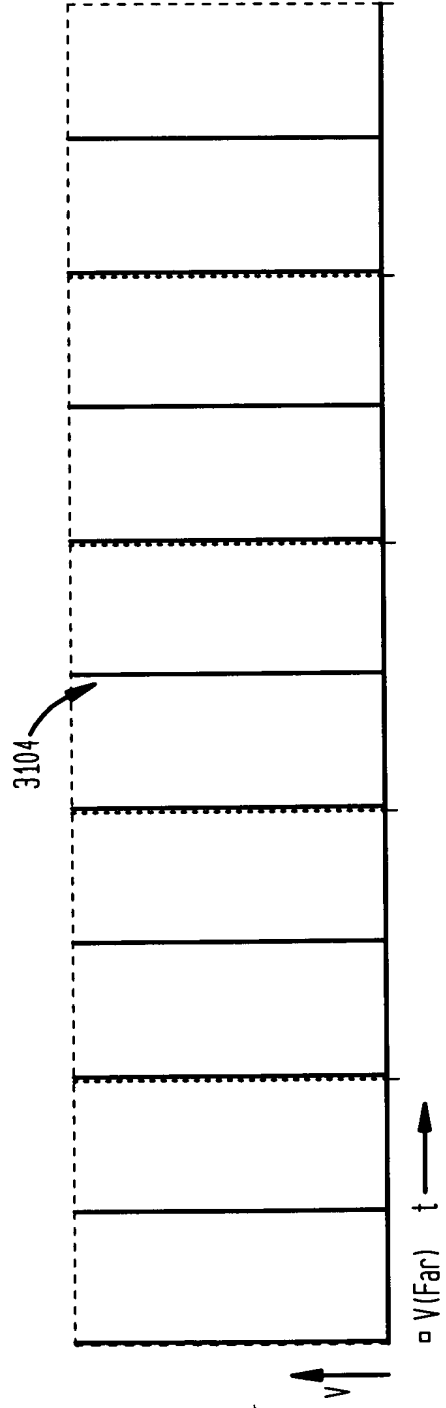
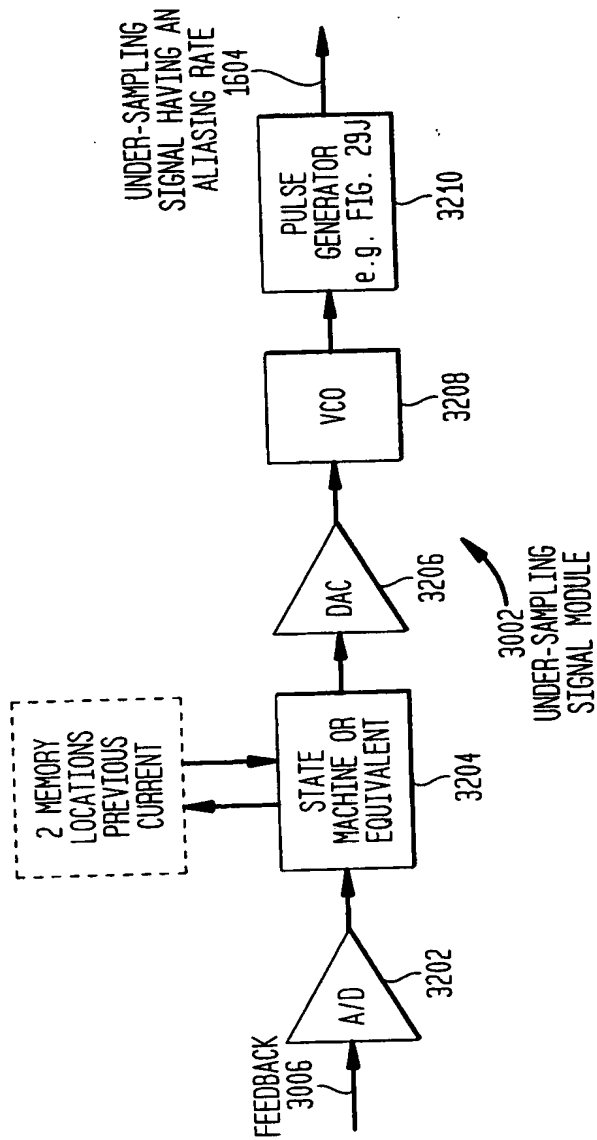
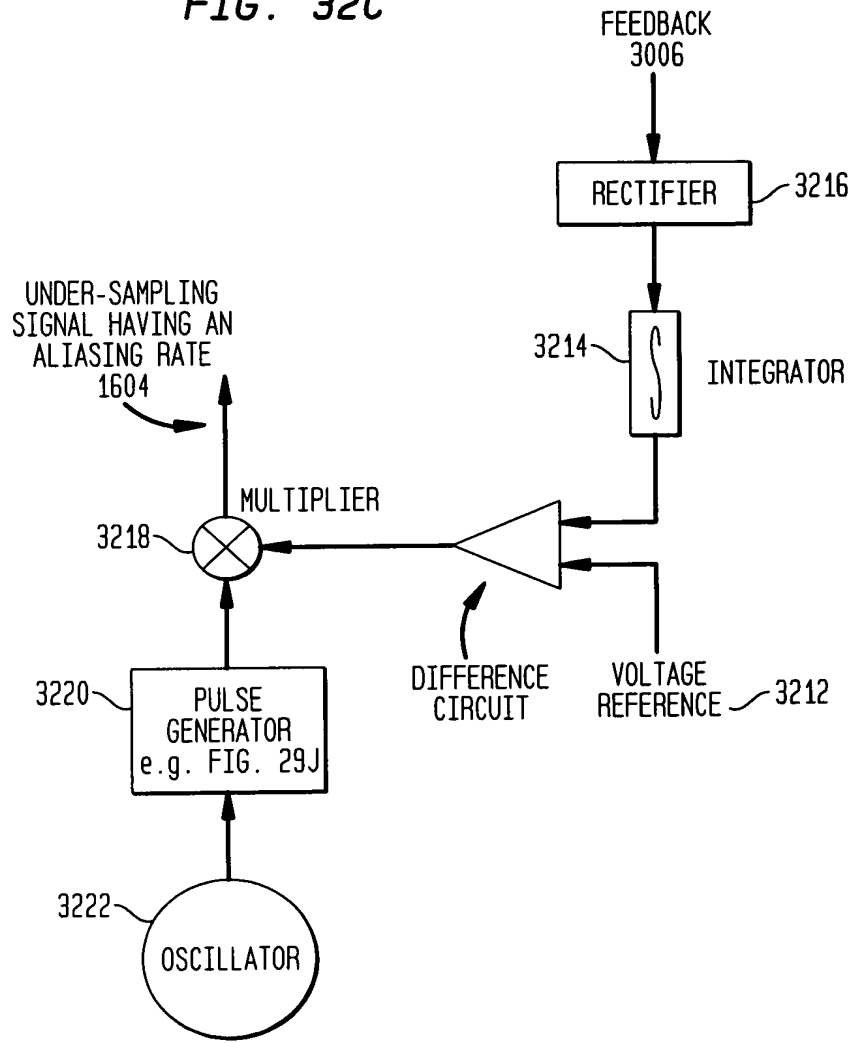


FIG. 32A



**FIG. 32B**

**FIG. 32C**



ENERGY TRANSFER SIGNAL MODULE 3002

FIG. 33A

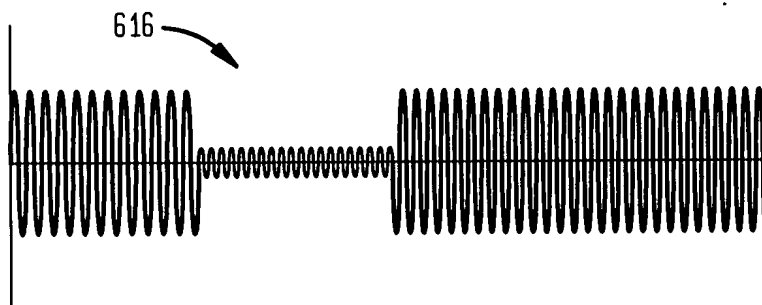


FIG. 33B

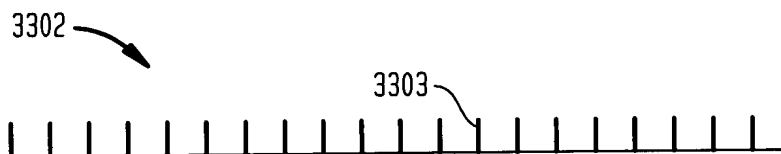


FIG. 33C

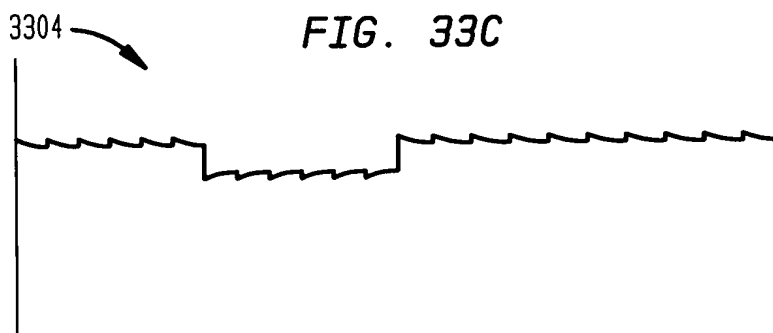


FIG. 33D

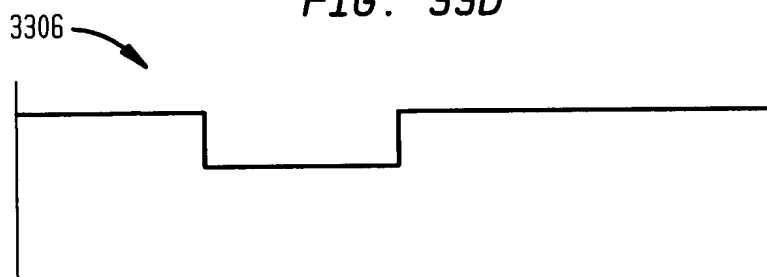


FIG. 34A

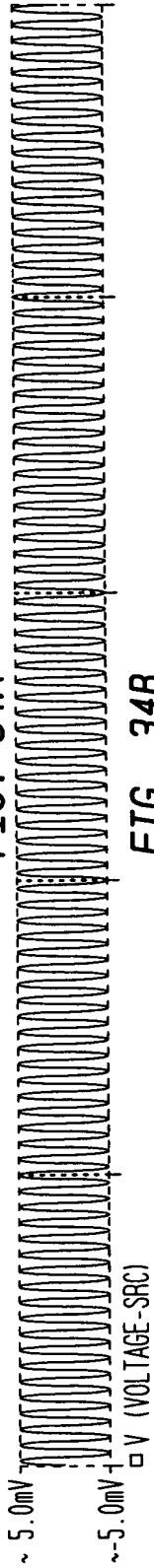


FIG. 34B

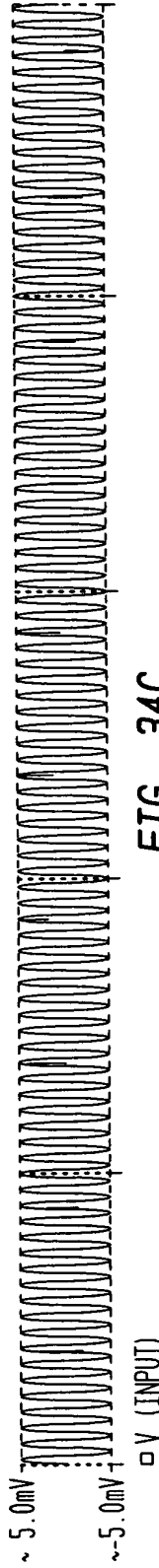


FIG. 34C

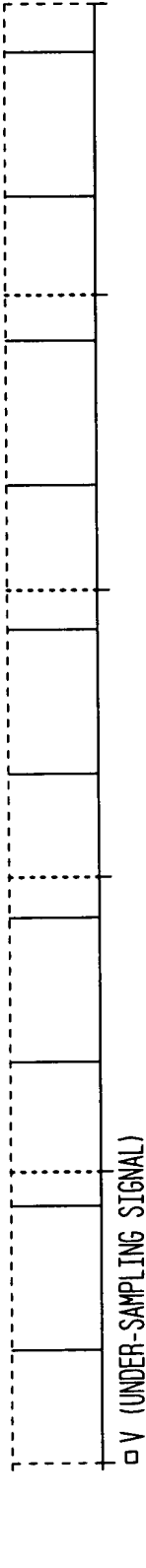


FIG. 34D

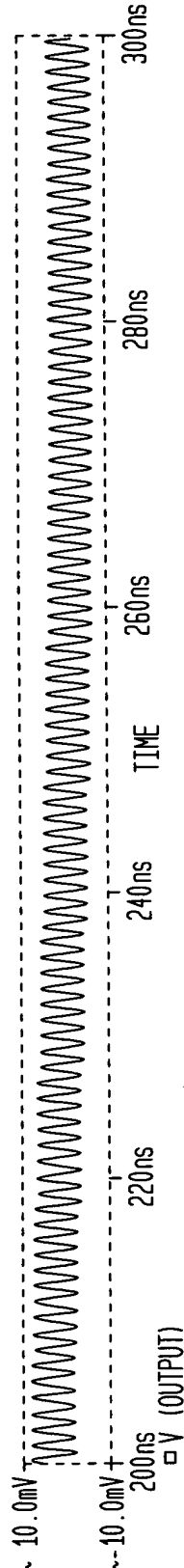


FIG. 34E

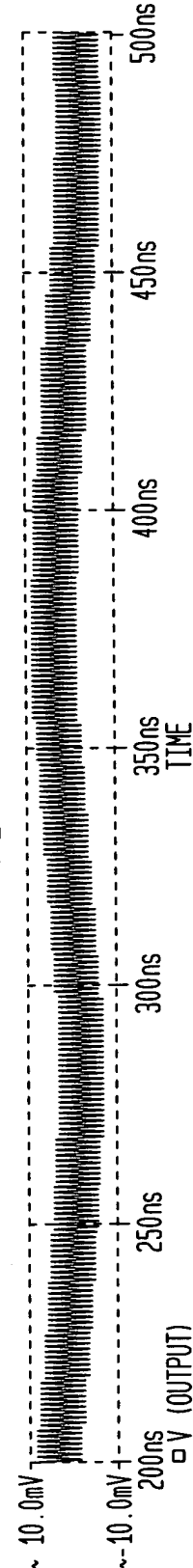


FIG. 34F

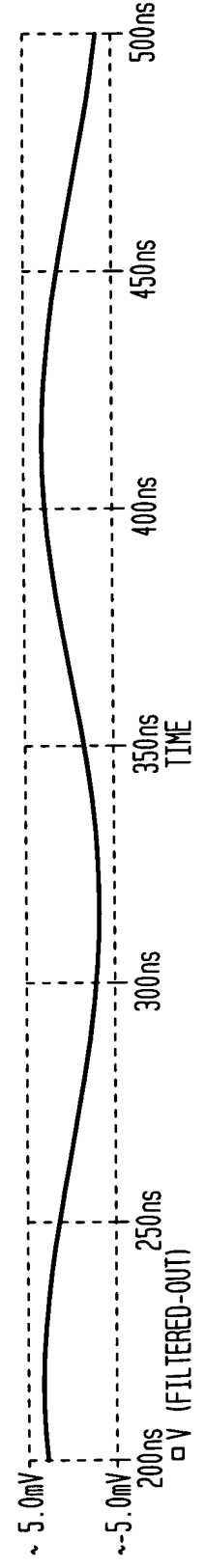




FIG. 35A

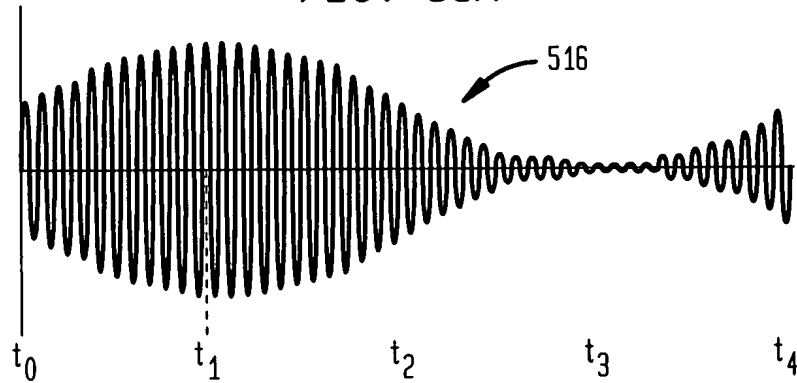


FIG. 35B

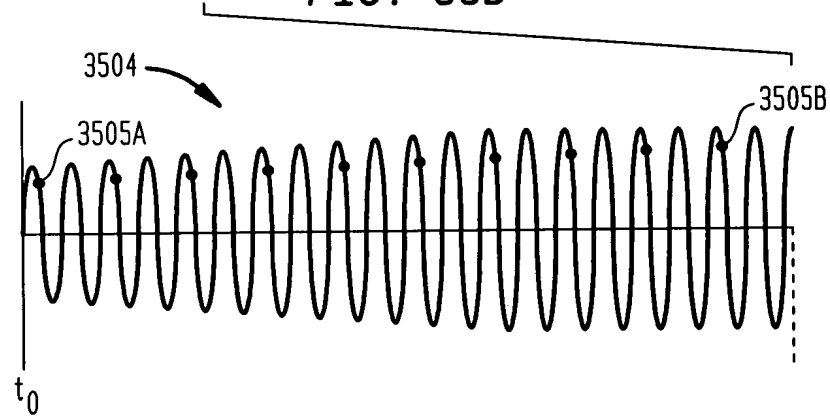


FIG. 35C

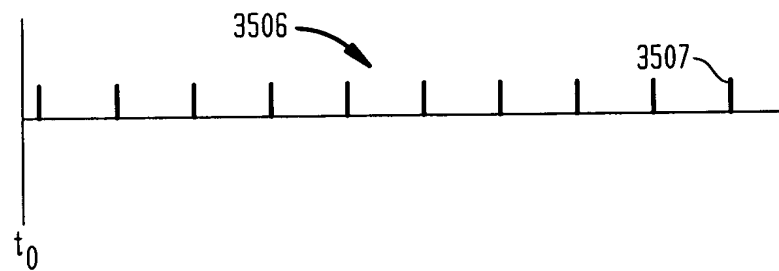


FIG. 35D

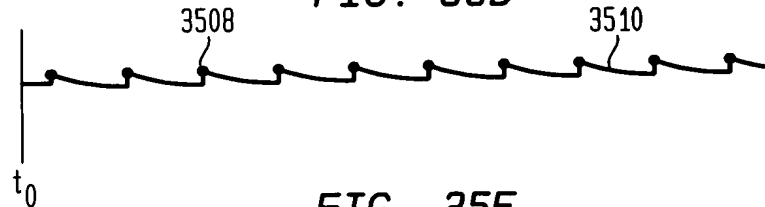


FIG. 35E

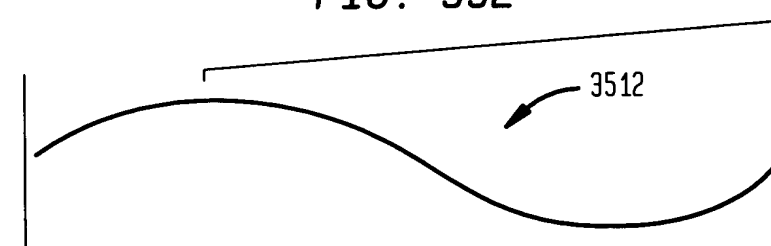


FIG. 36A

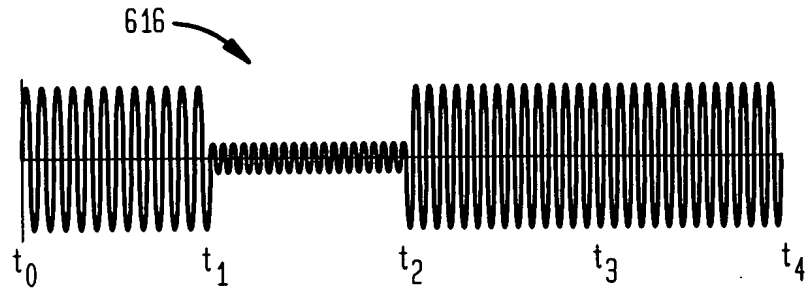


FIG. 36B

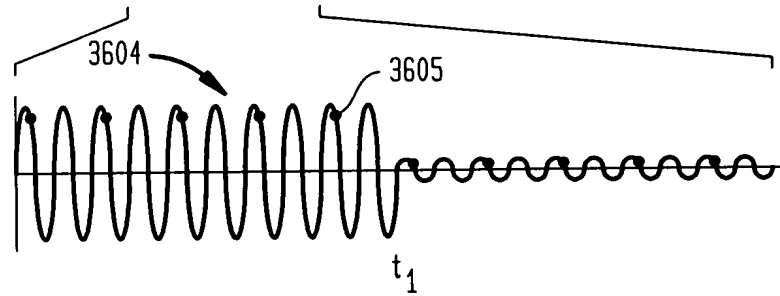


FIG. 36C



FIG. 36D

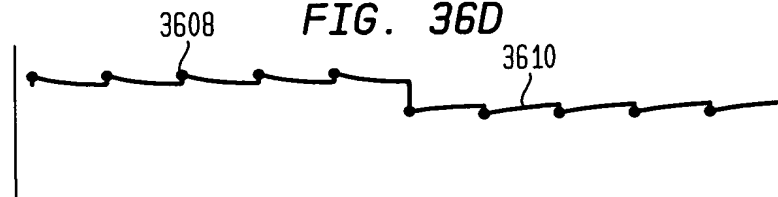


FIG. 36E

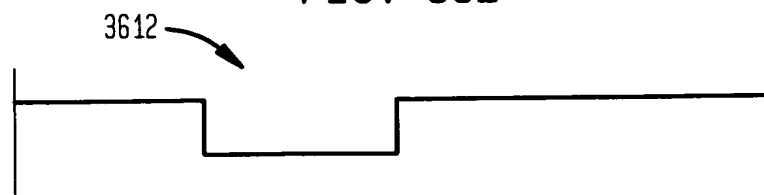


FIG. 37A

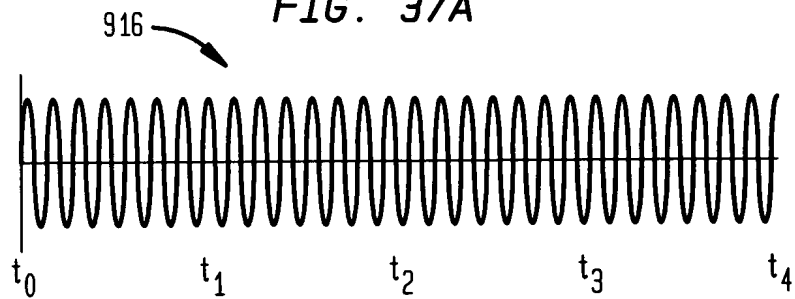


FIG. 37B

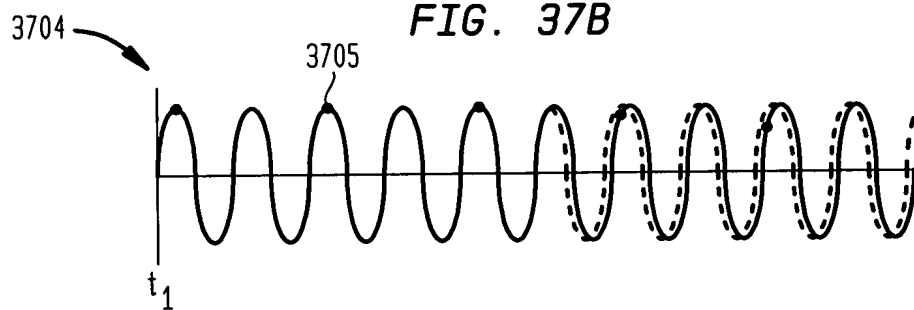


FIG. 37C

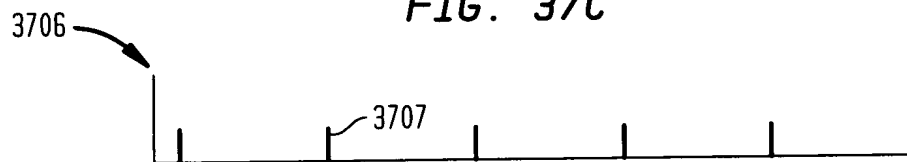


FIG. 37D

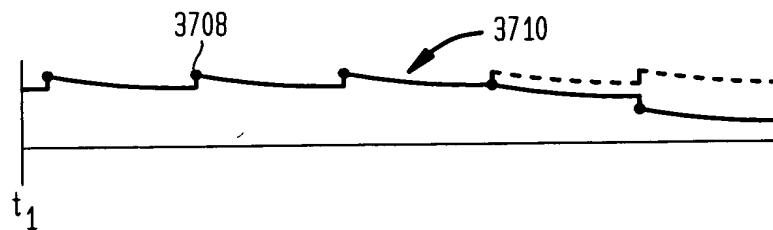
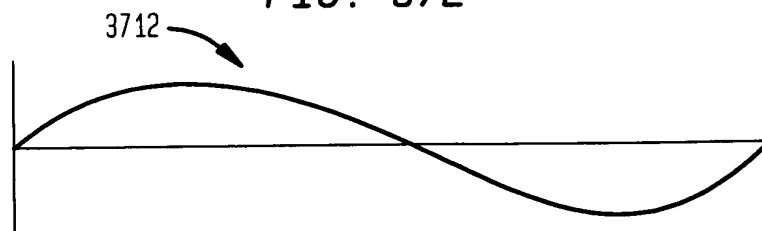
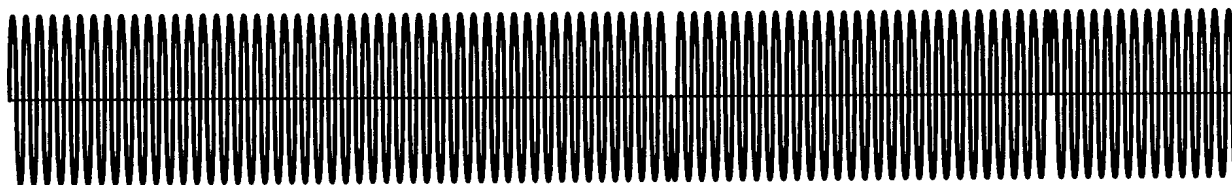


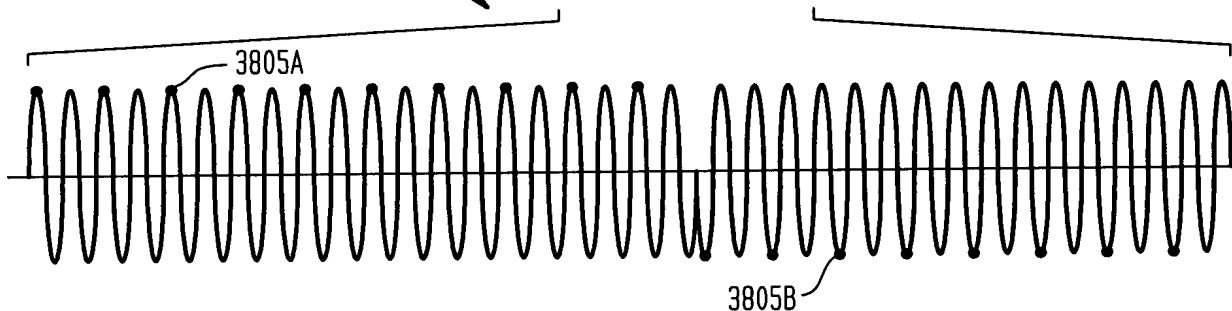
FIG. 37E



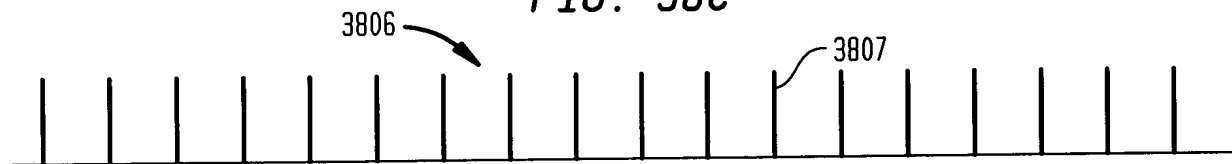
1016 **FIG. 38A**



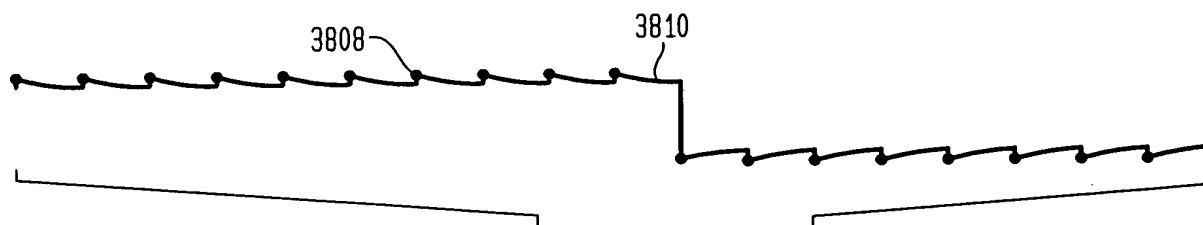
3804 **FIG. 38B**



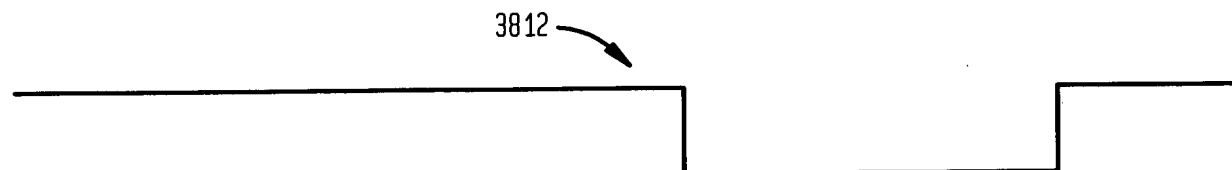
**FIG. 38C**

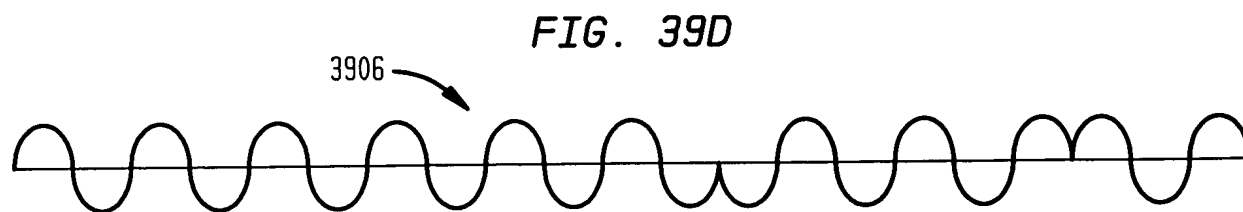
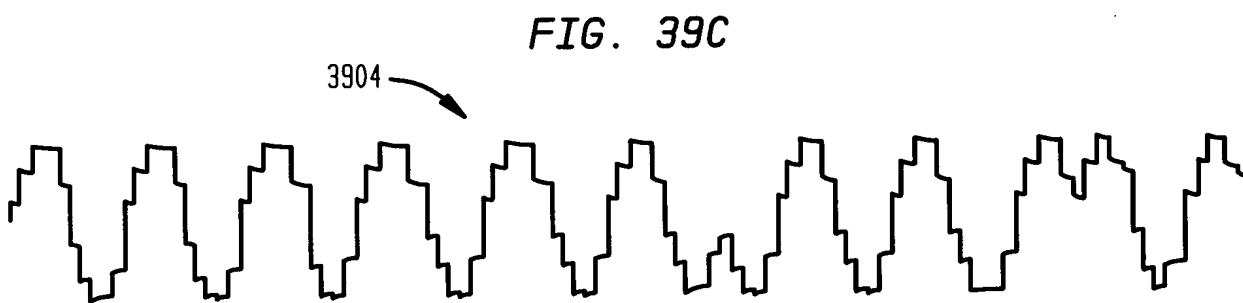
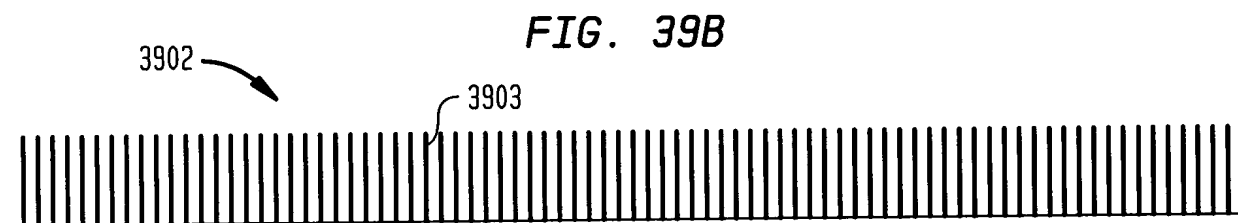
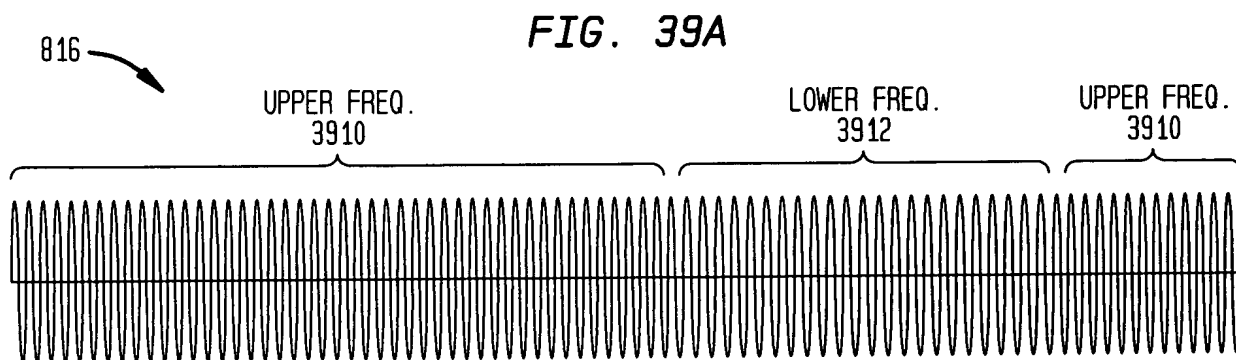


**FIG. 38D**

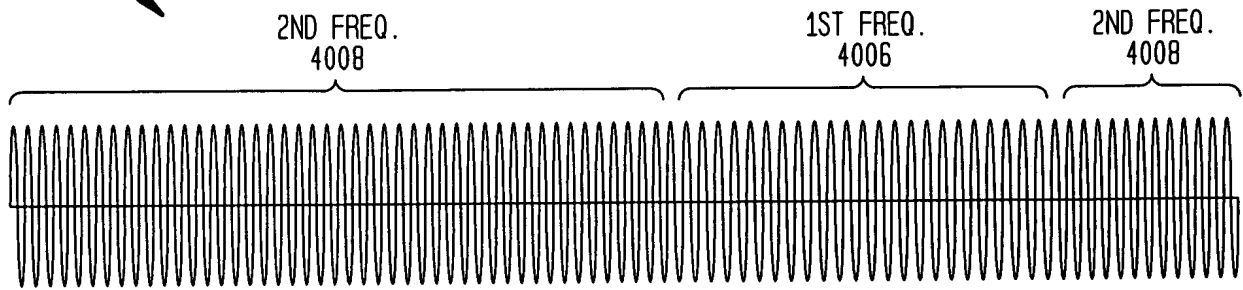


**FIG. 38E**

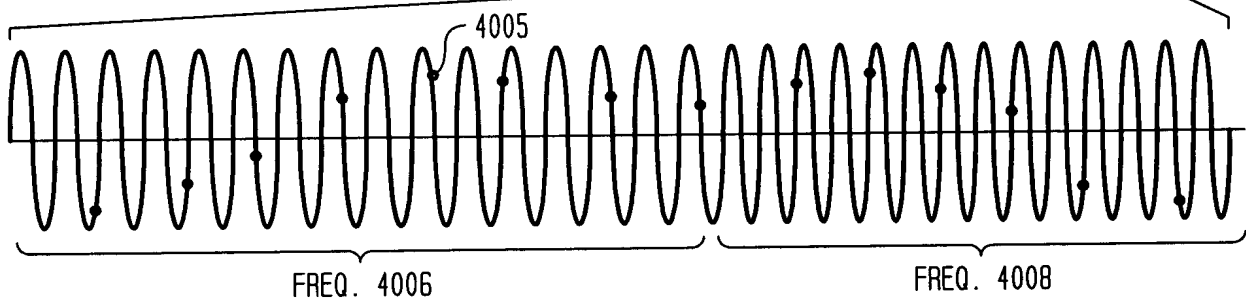




816 **FIG. 40A**



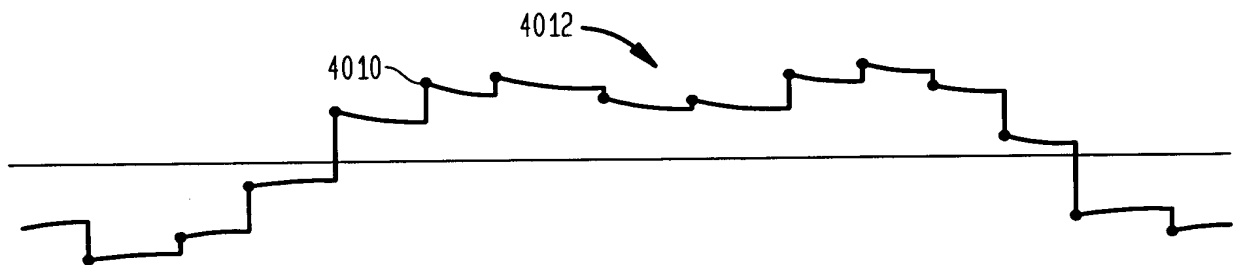
4004 **FIG. 40B**



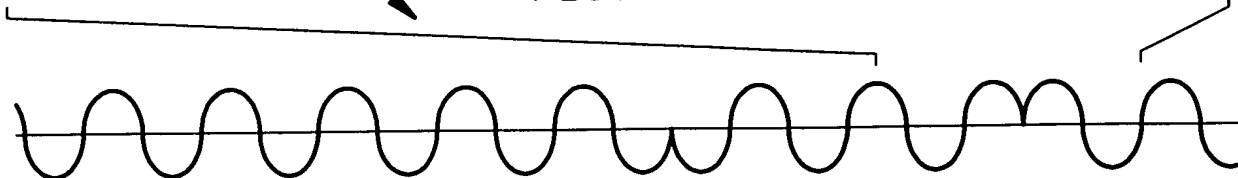
4007 **FIG. 40C**



**FIG. 40D**



4014 **FIG. 40E**



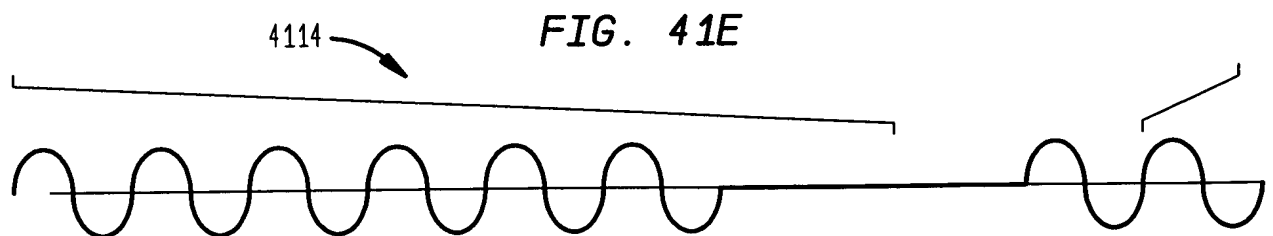
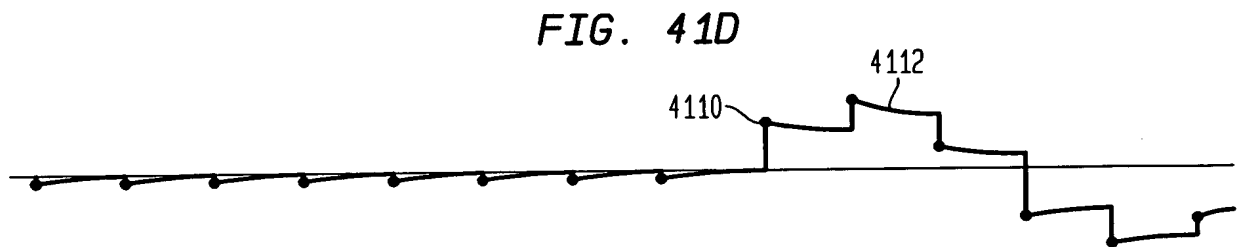
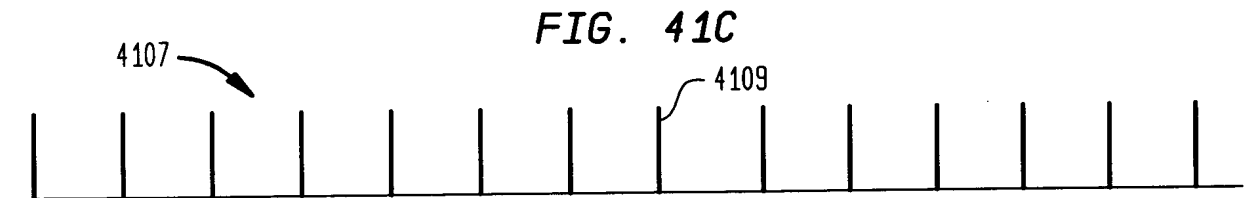
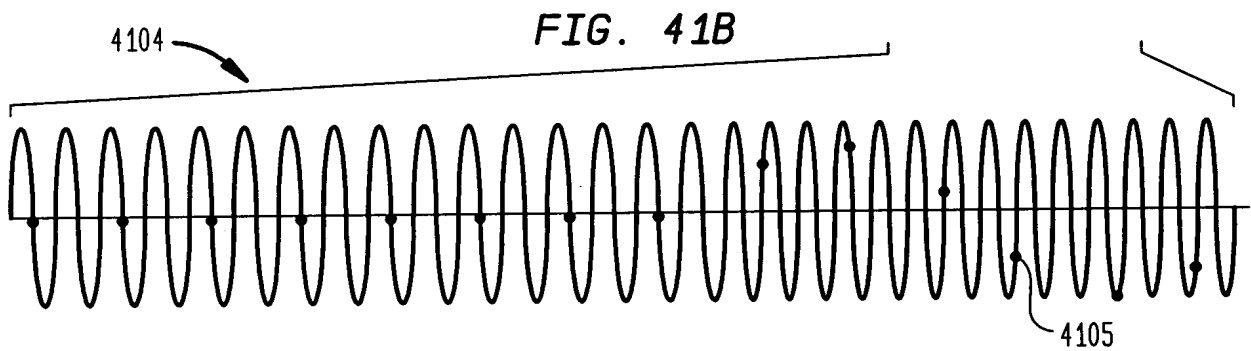
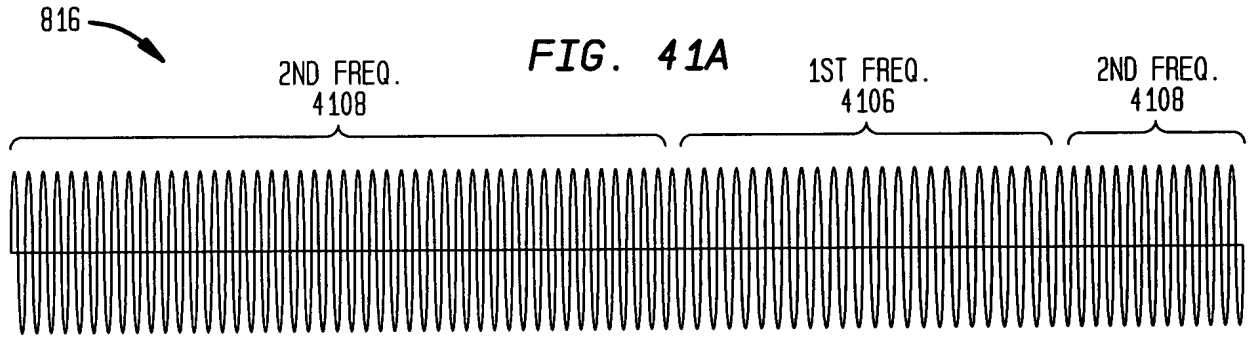
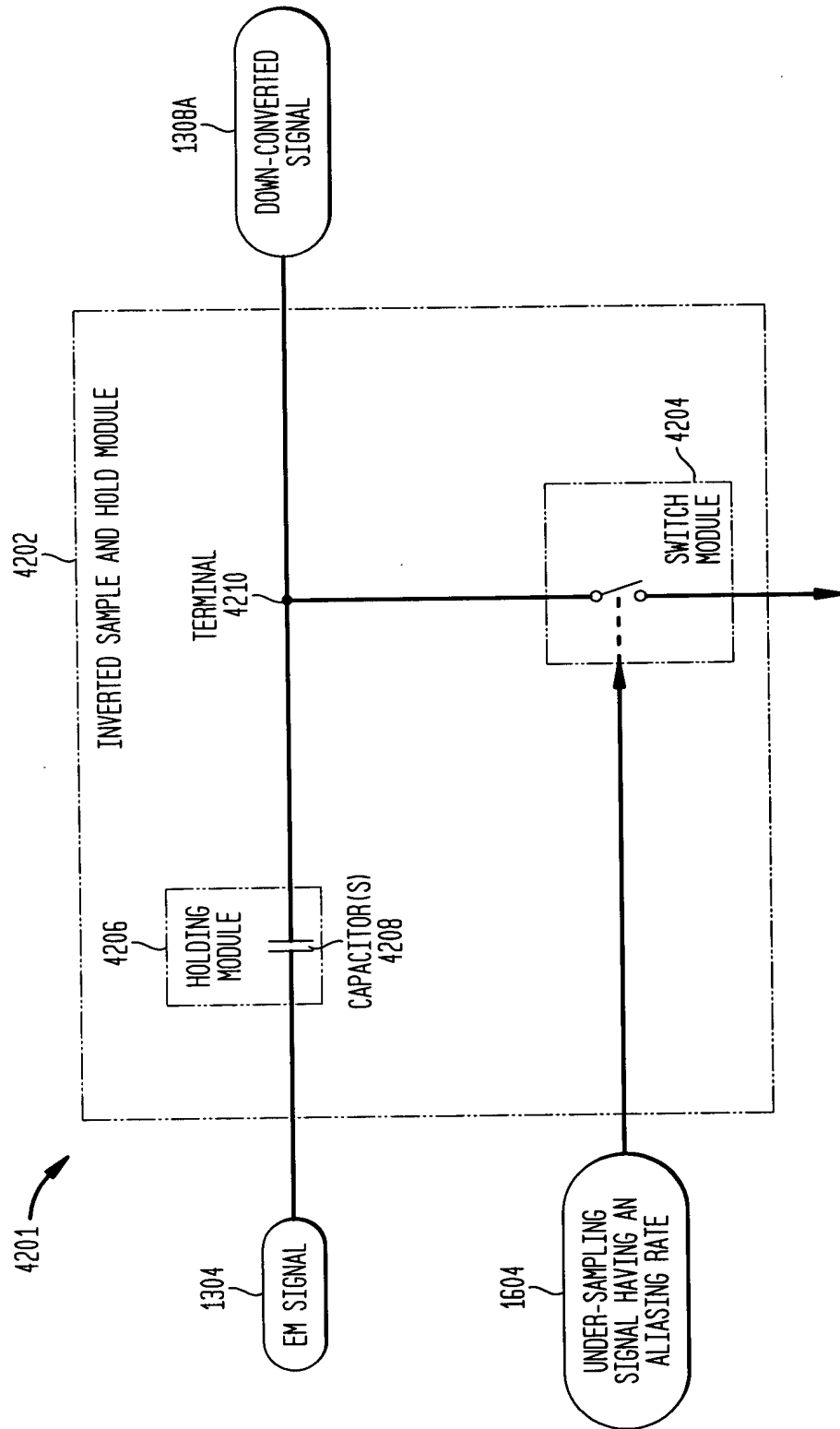


FIG. 42

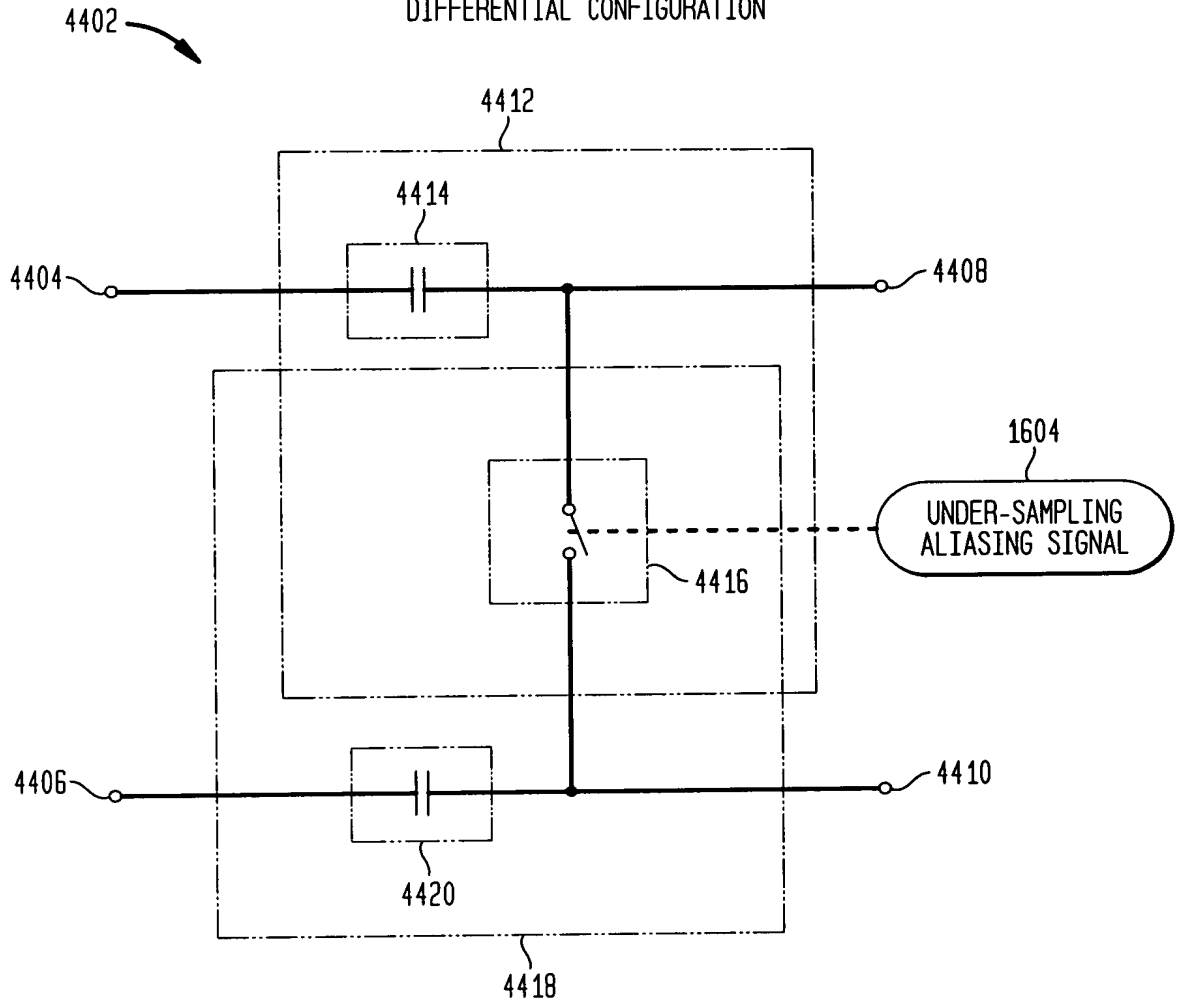




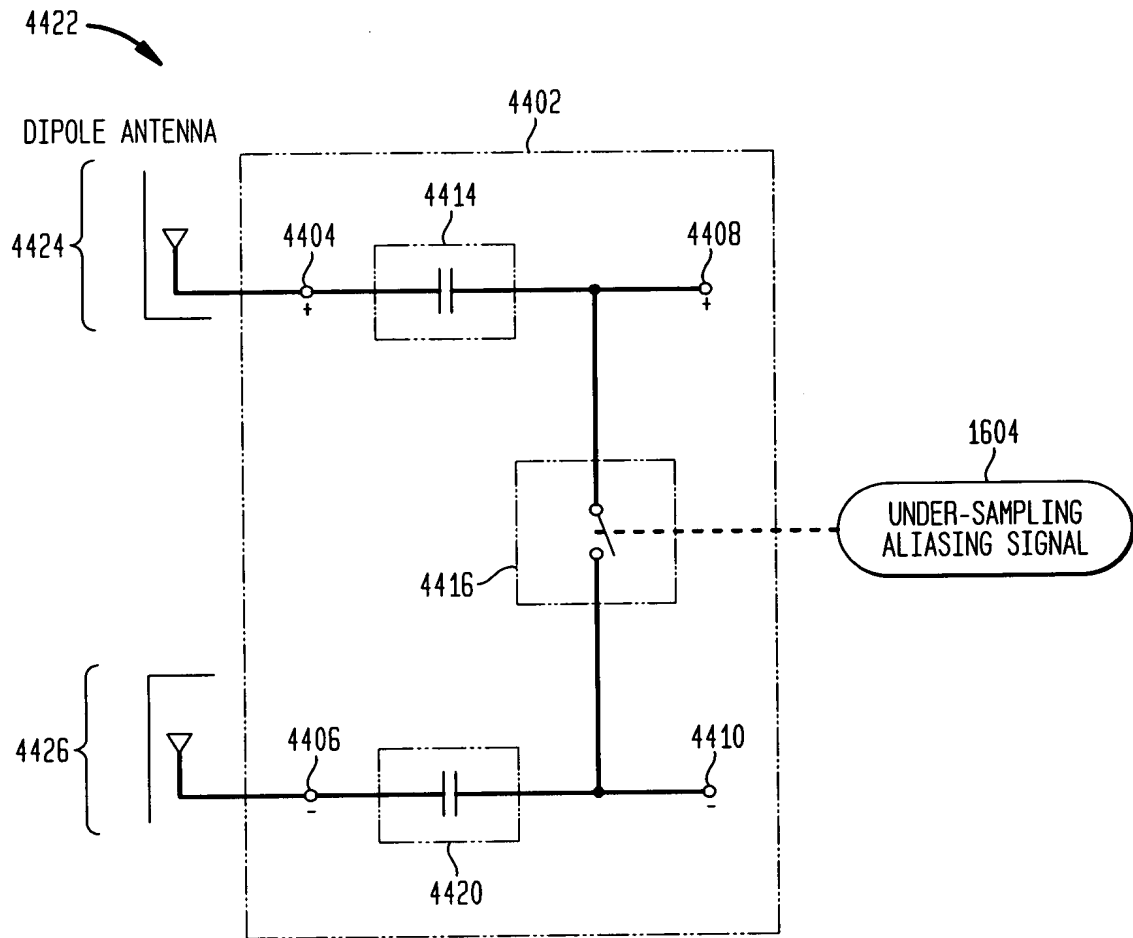
**FIG. 43**

$$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right) \cdot \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right)$$

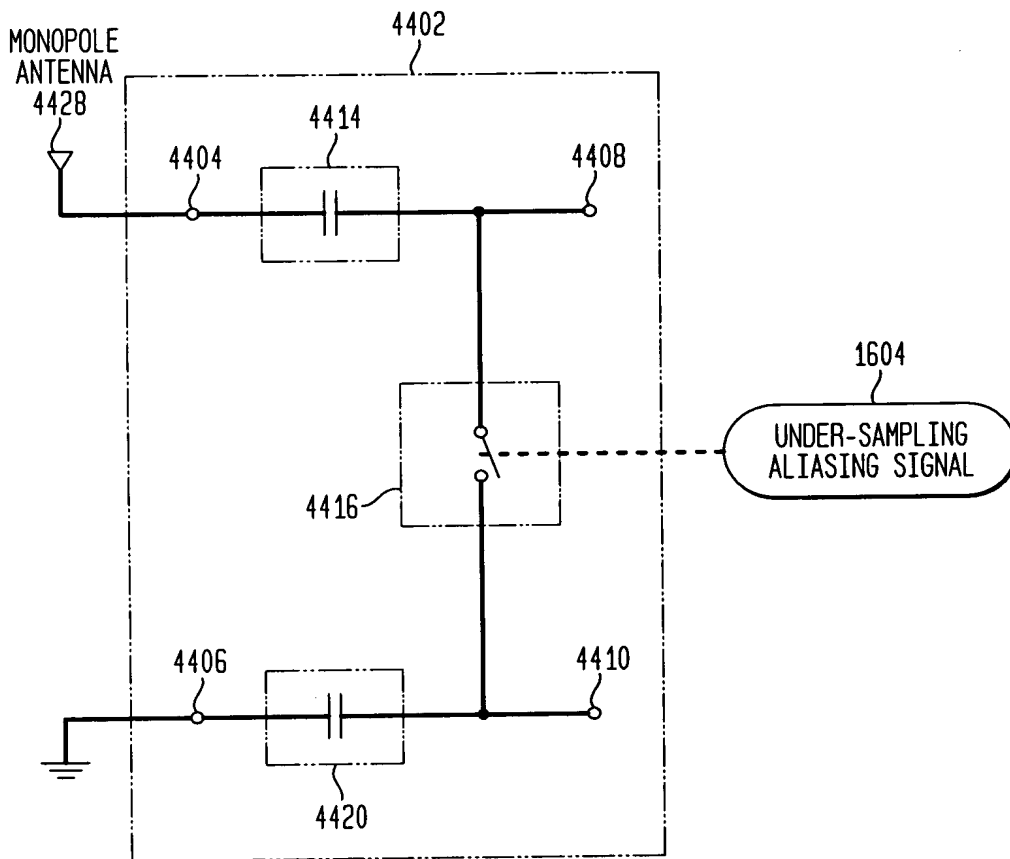
**FIG. 44A**  
 DIFFERENTIAL CONFIGURATION



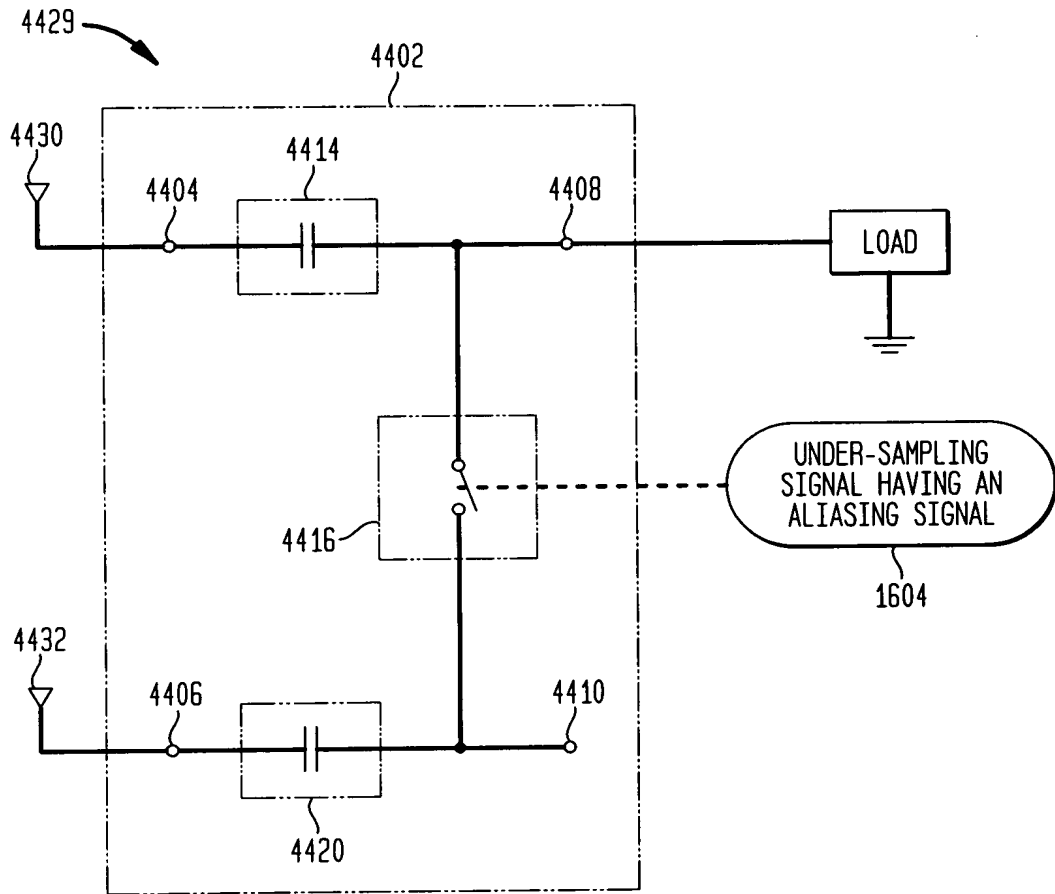
**FIG. 44B**  
 DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT



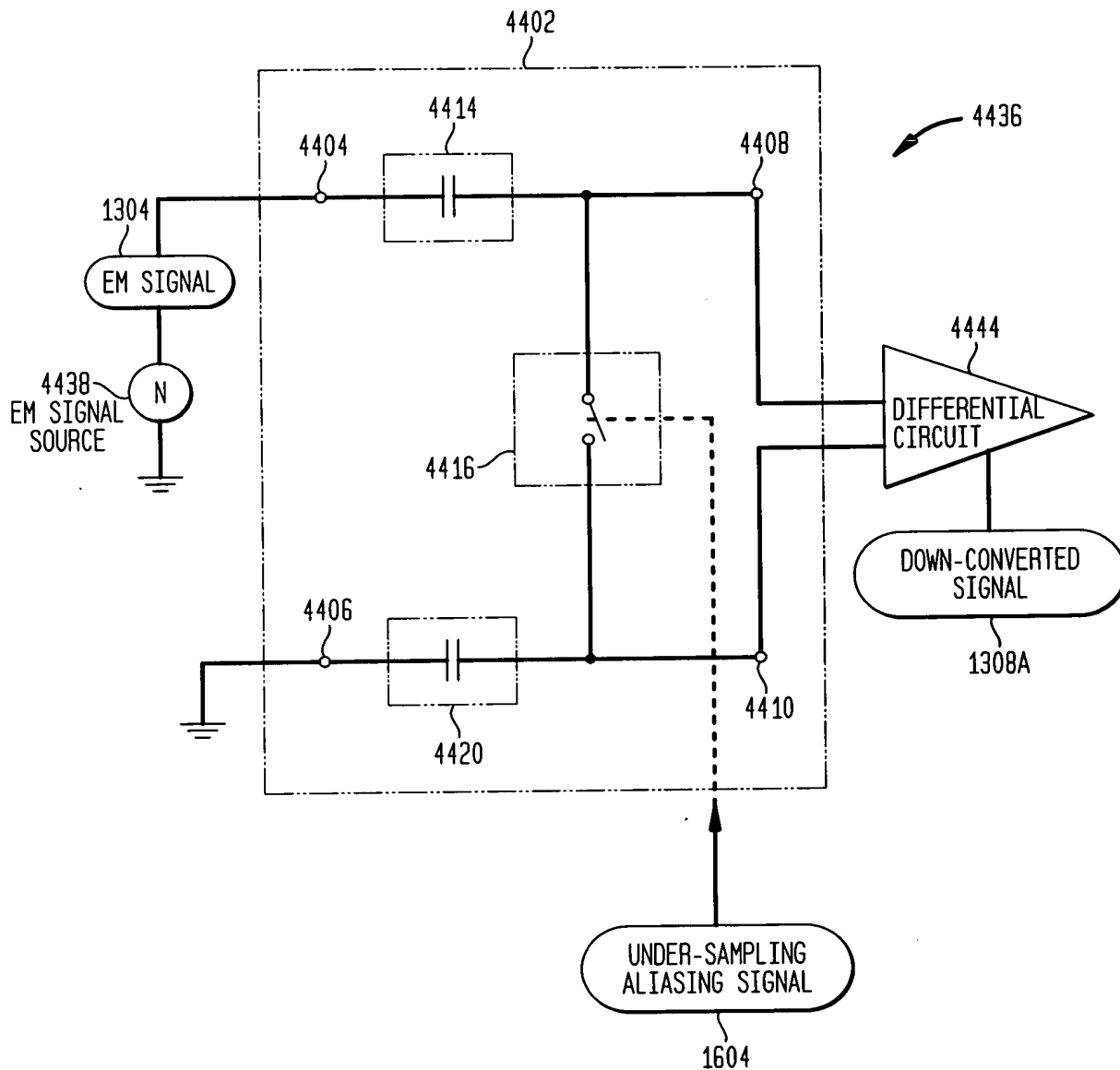
**FIG. 44C**  
 SINGLE INPUT TO DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT



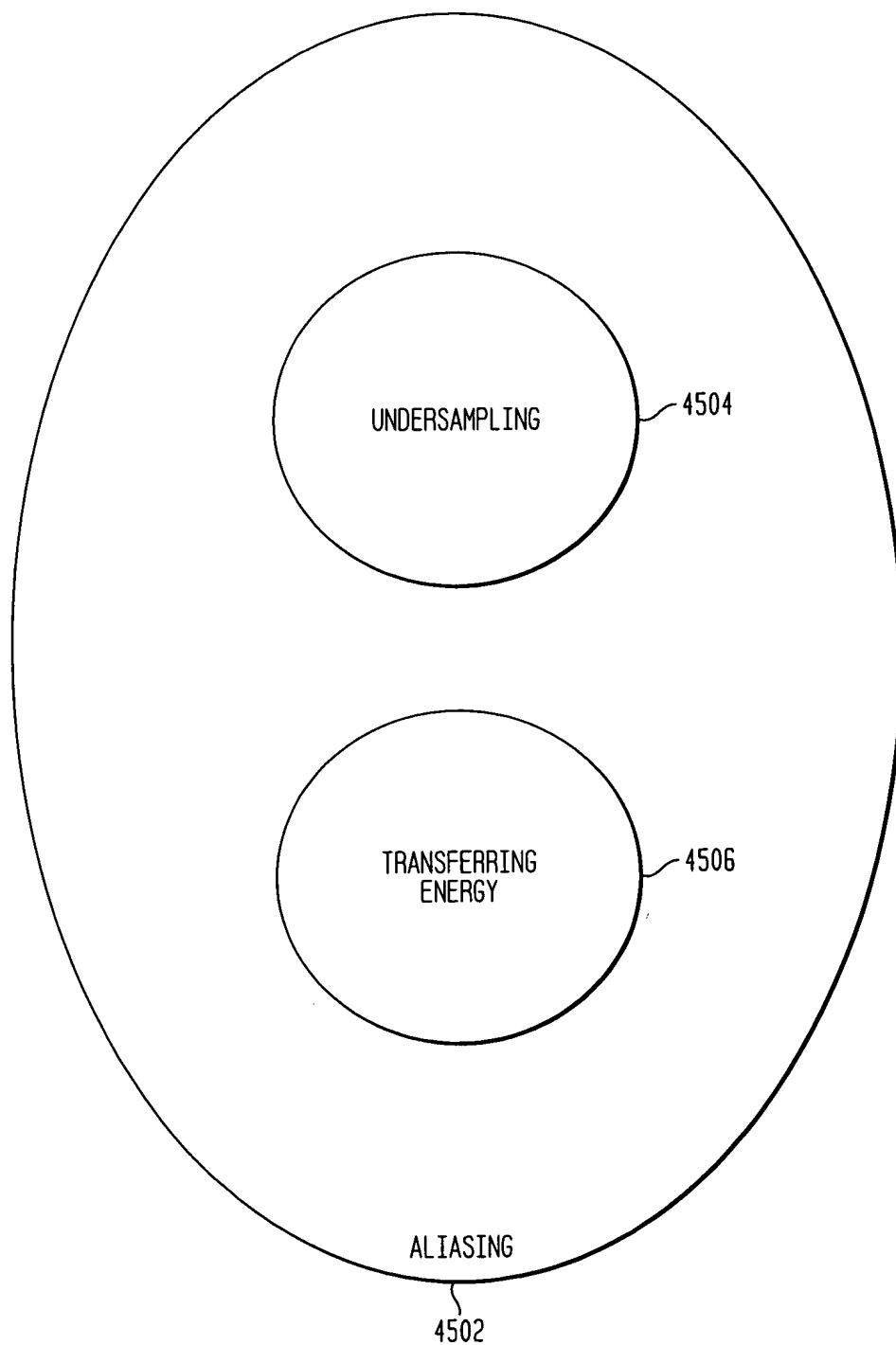
**FIG. 44D**  
 DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO SINGLE OUTPUT



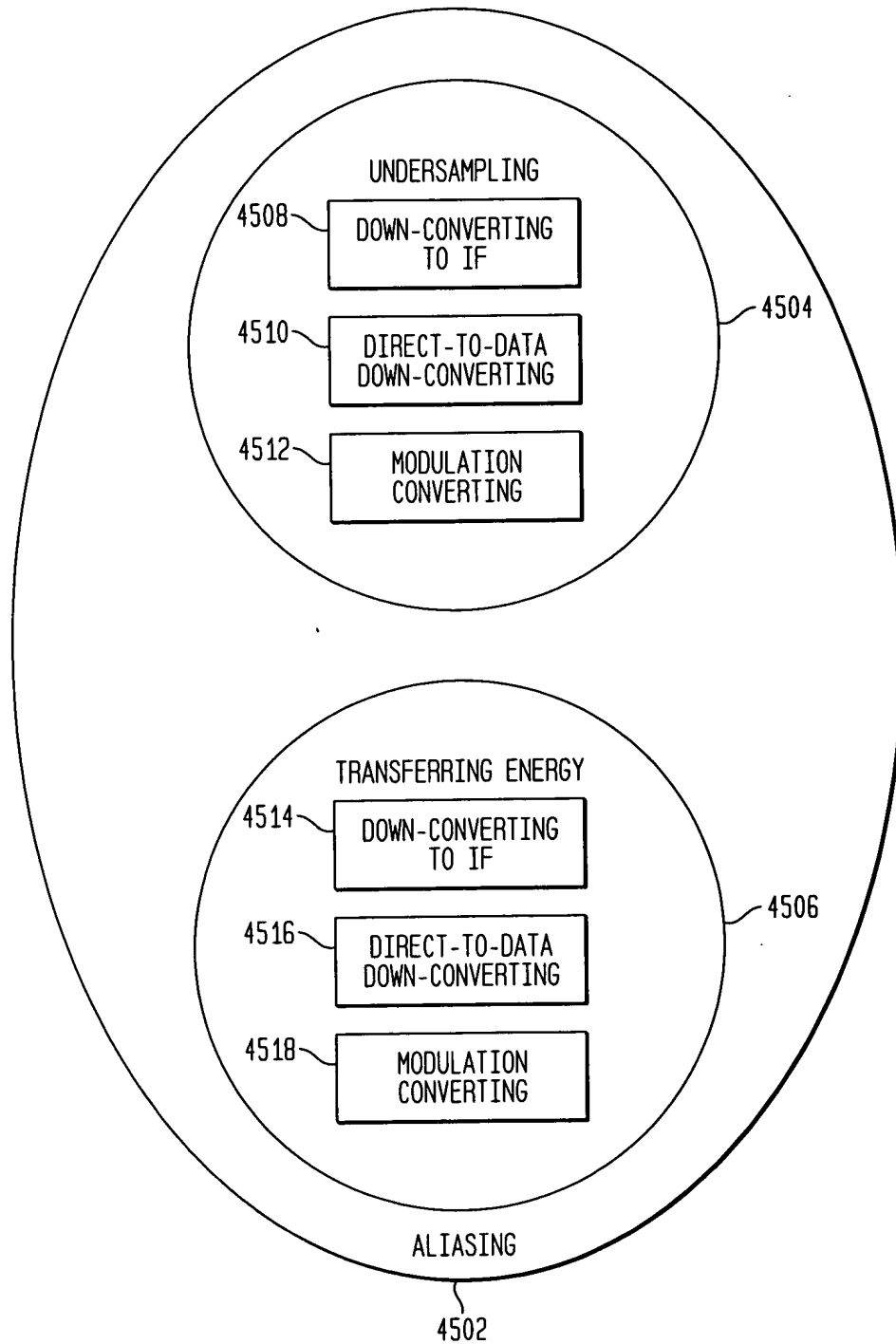
**FIG. 44E**  
 EXAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT CIRCUITRY



**FIG. 45A**

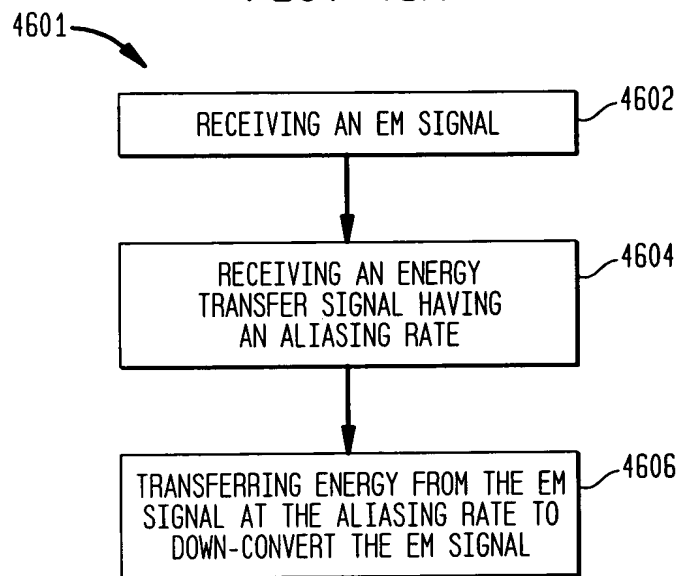


**FIG. 45B**

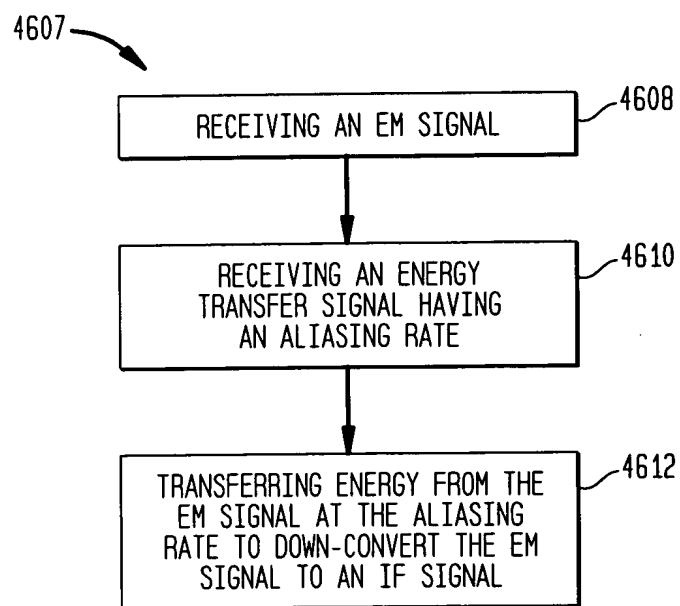




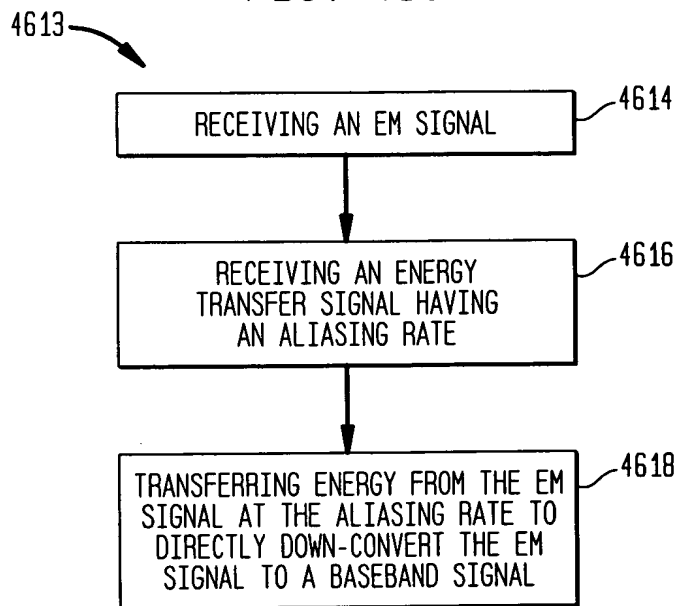
**FIG. 46A**



**FIG. 46B**



**FIG. 46C**



**FIG. 46D**

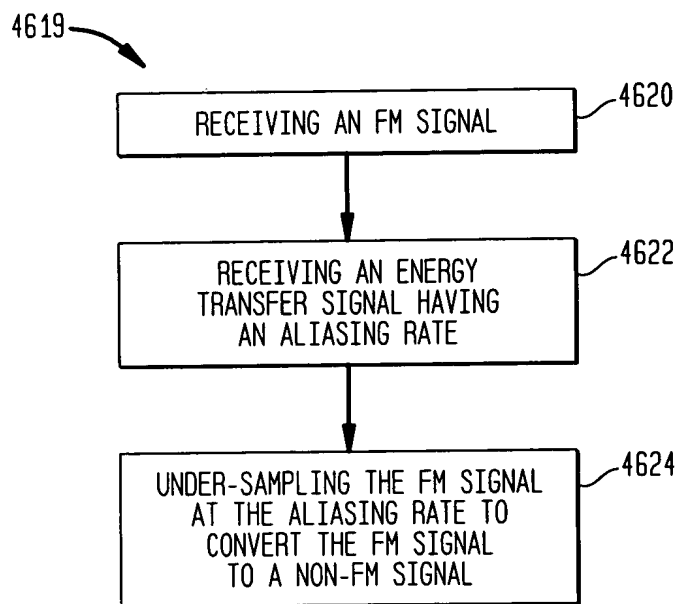


FIG. 47E

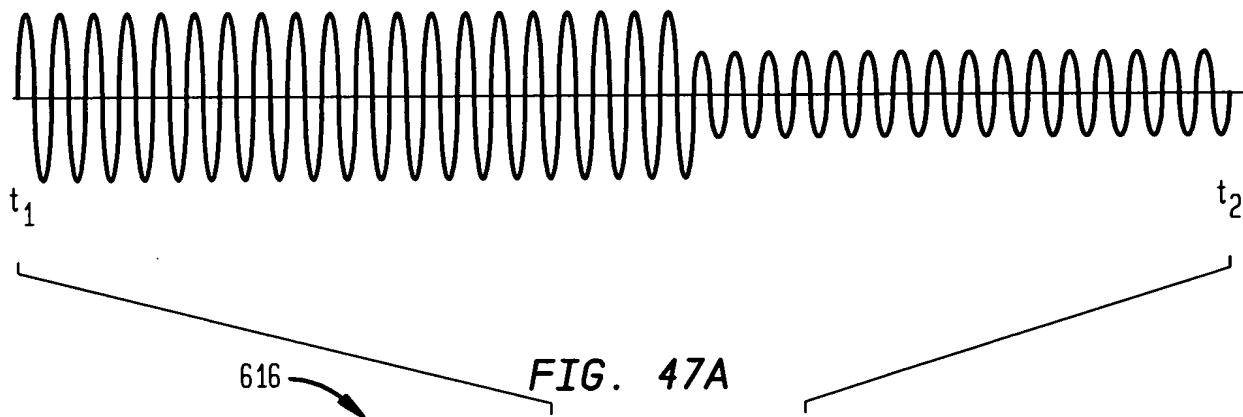


FIG. 47A

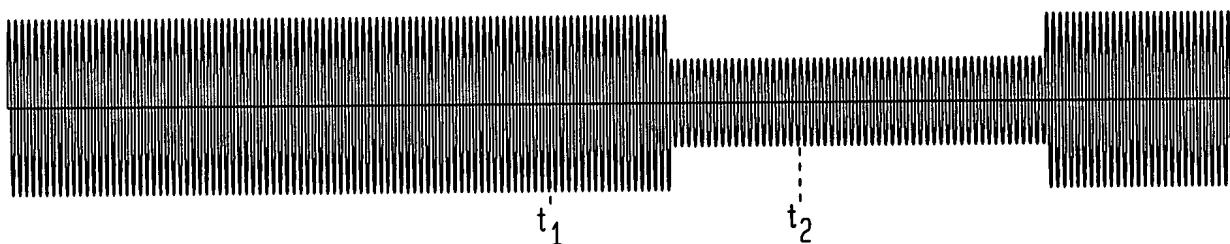


FIG. 47B

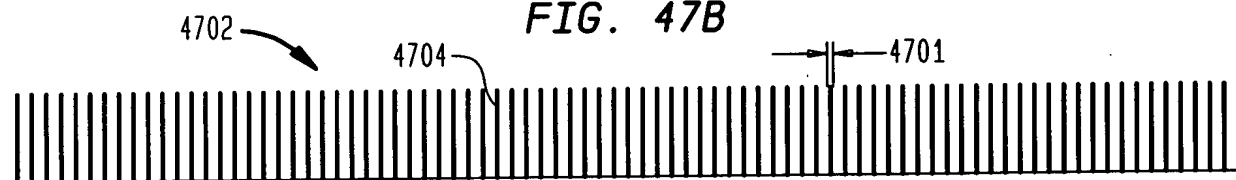


FIG. 47C

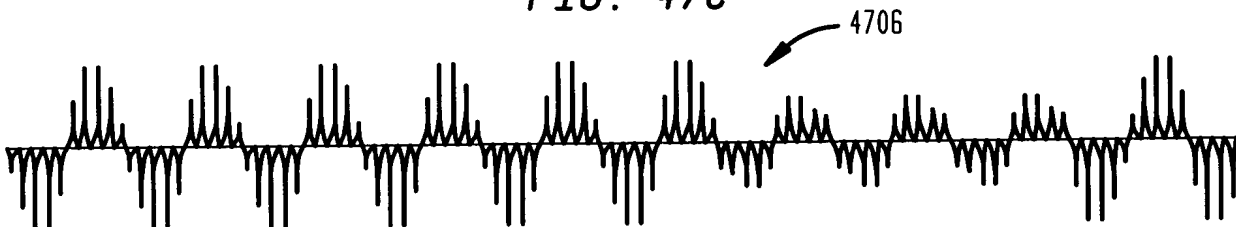
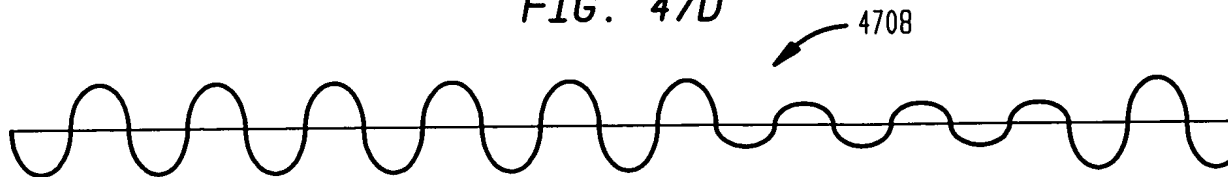
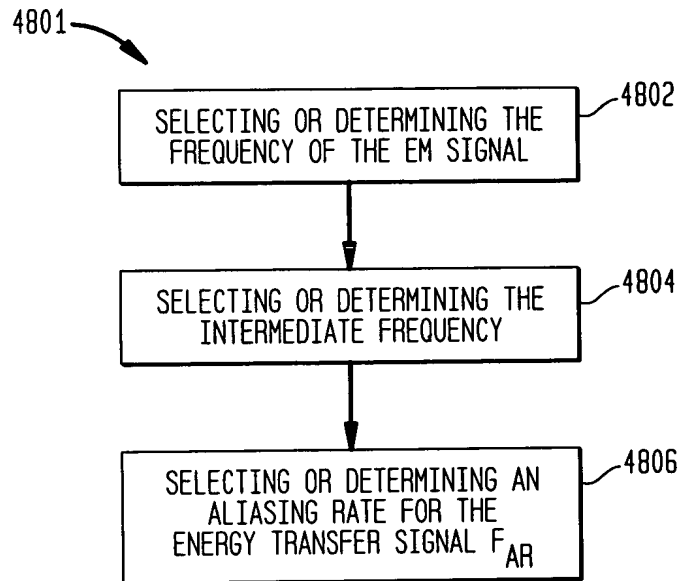
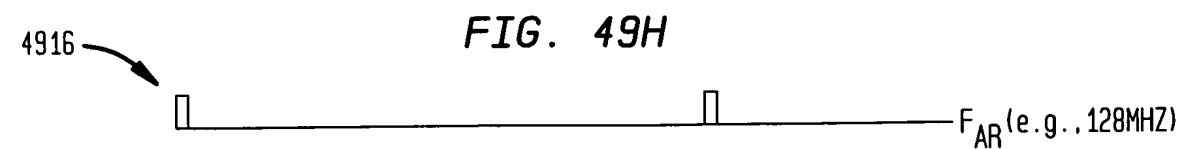
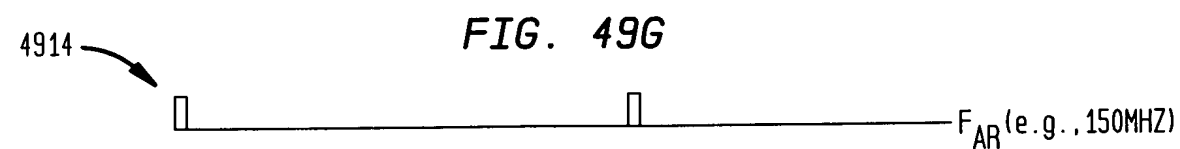
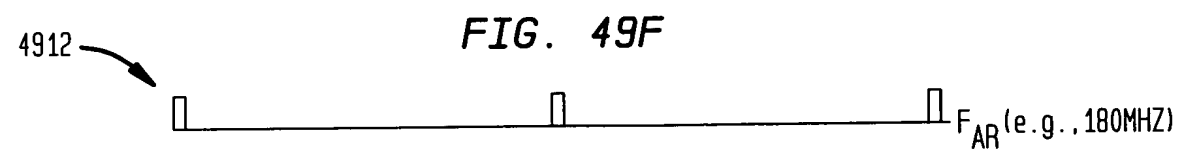
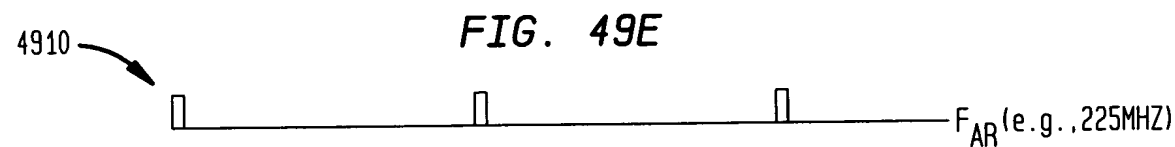
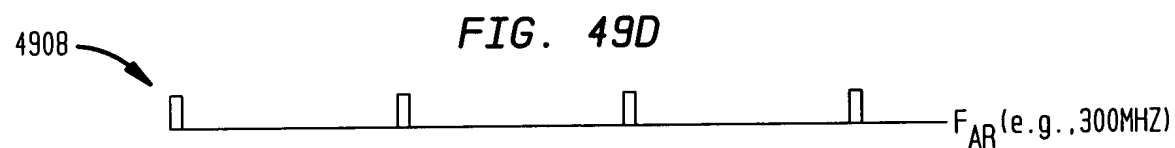
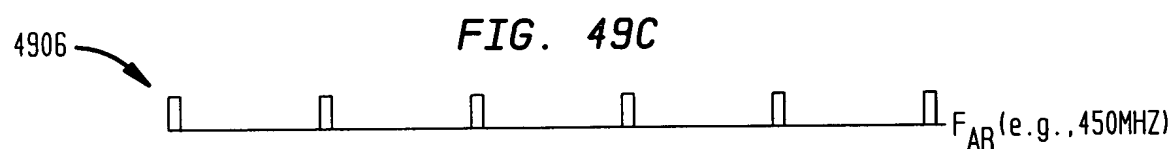
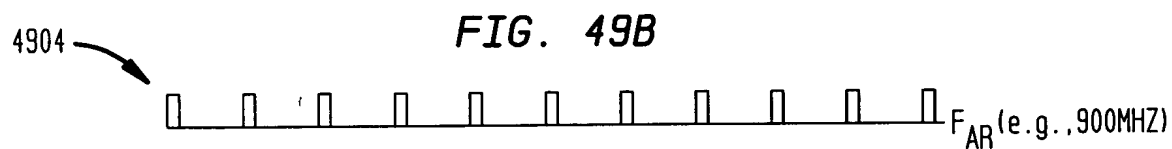


FIG. 47D



**FIG. 48**





516  
 (e.g., 901MHZ)

FIG. 50A

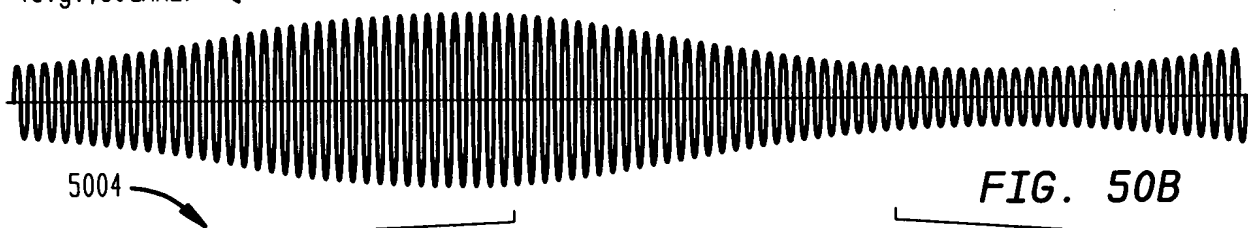
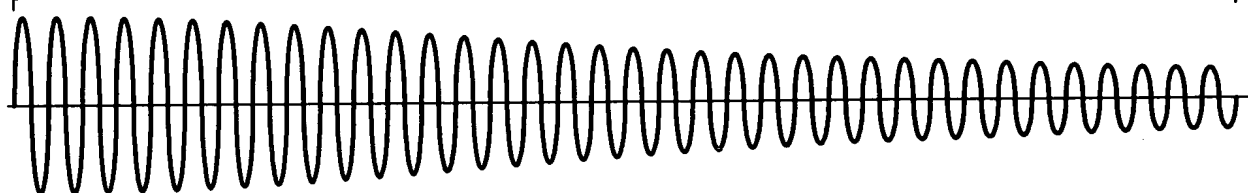


FIG. 50B



5008

FIG. 50D

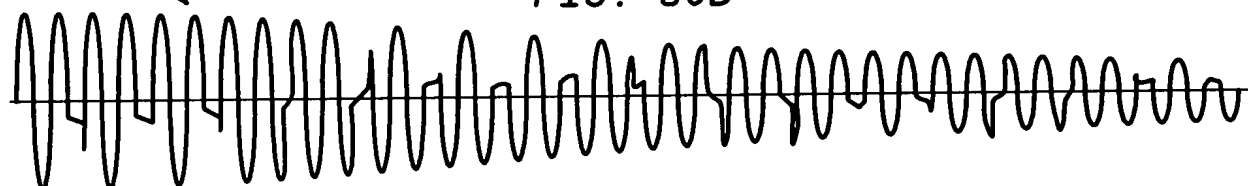


FIG. 50C

ENERGY  
 TRANSFER SIGNAL  
 5006

ENERGY TRANSFER PULSES  
 5007

APERTURES  
 5009

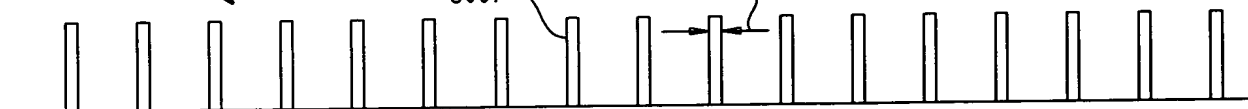
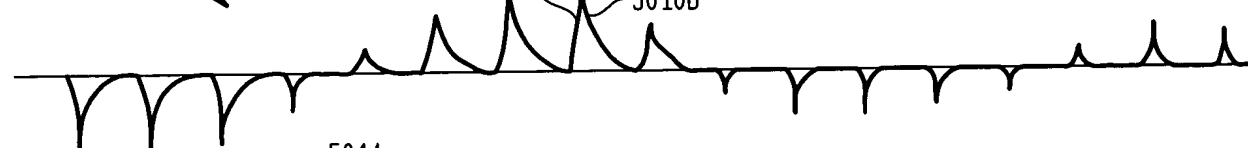


FIG. 50E

5012

5010A

5010B



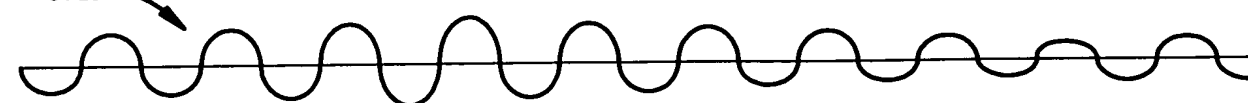
5014

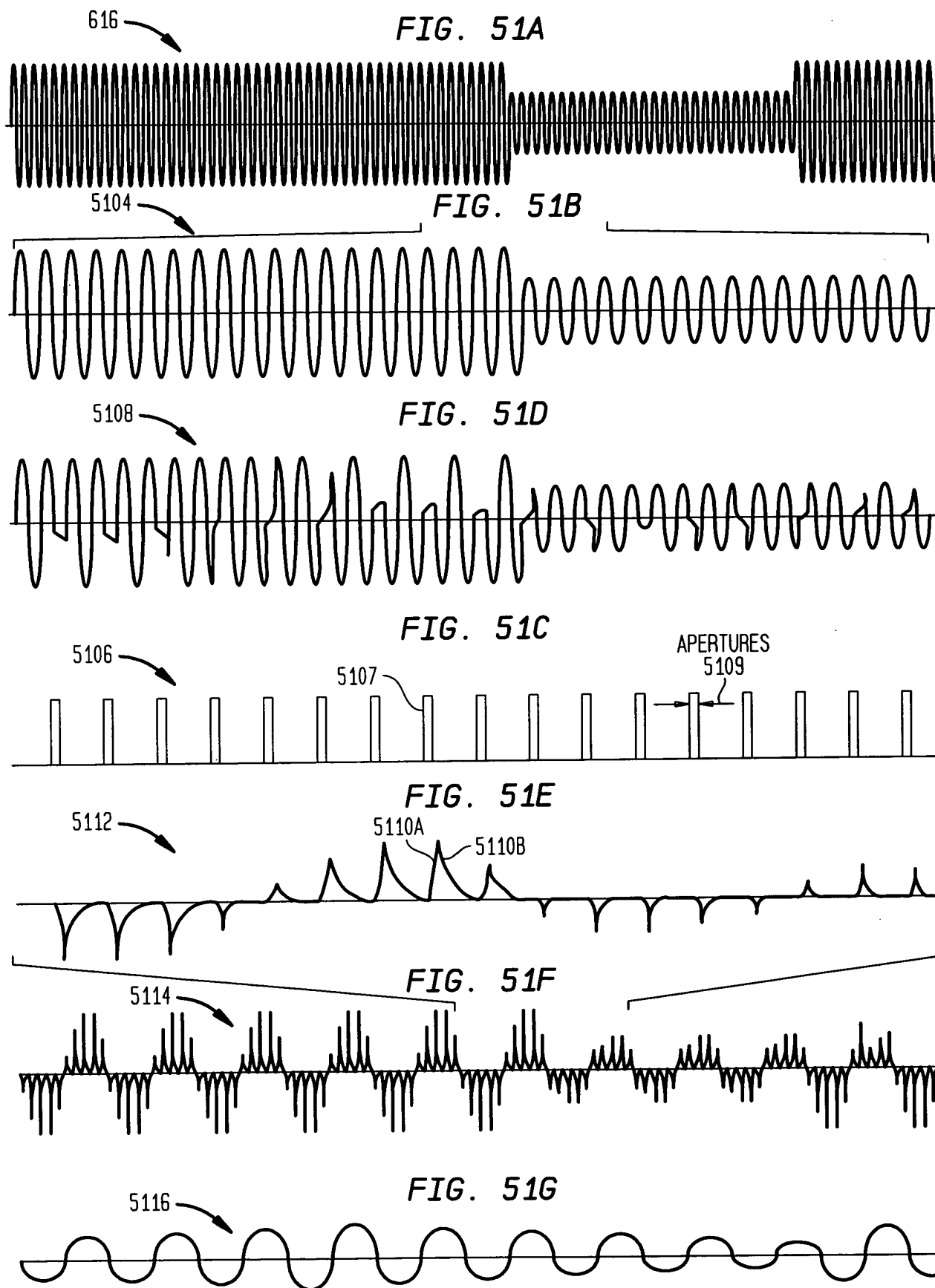
FIG. 50F

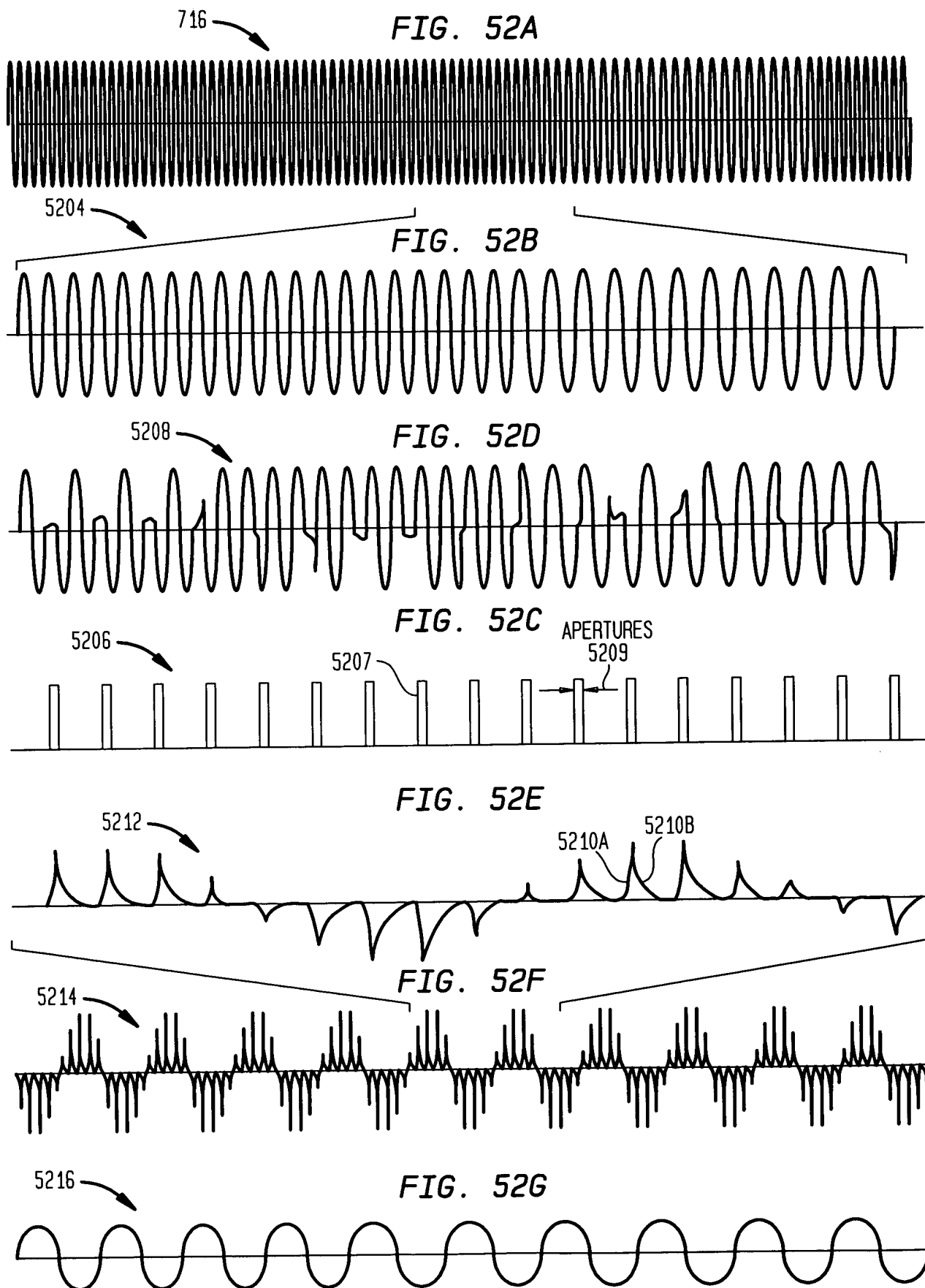


FIG. 50G

5016



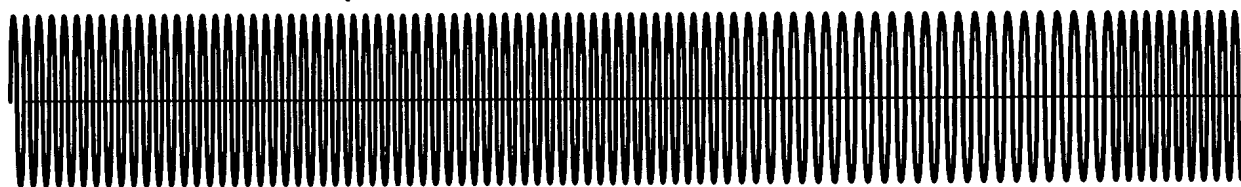






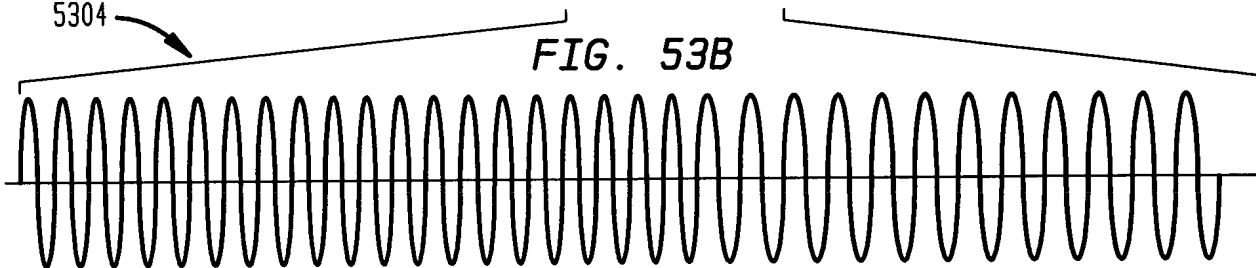
816

**FIG. 53A**



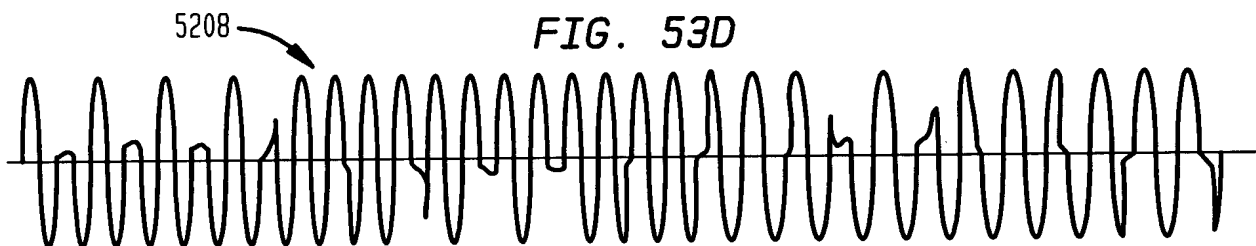
5304

**FIG. 53B**



5208

**FIG. 53D**

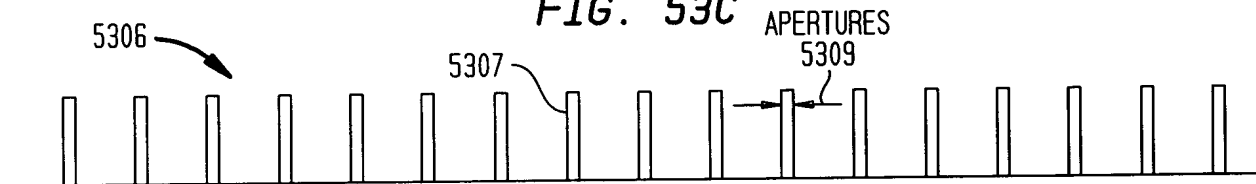


**FIG. 53C**

5306

5307

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5309

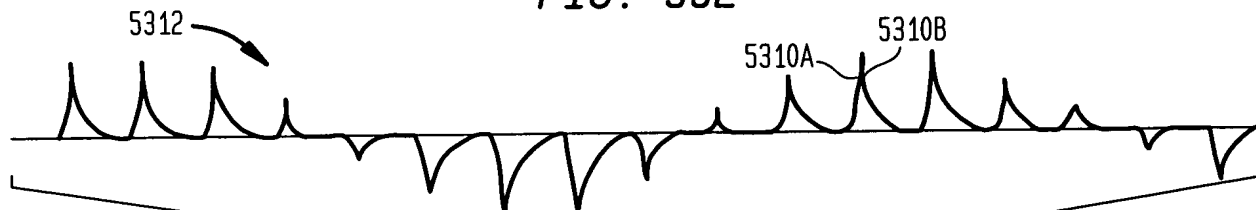


**FIG. 53E**

5312

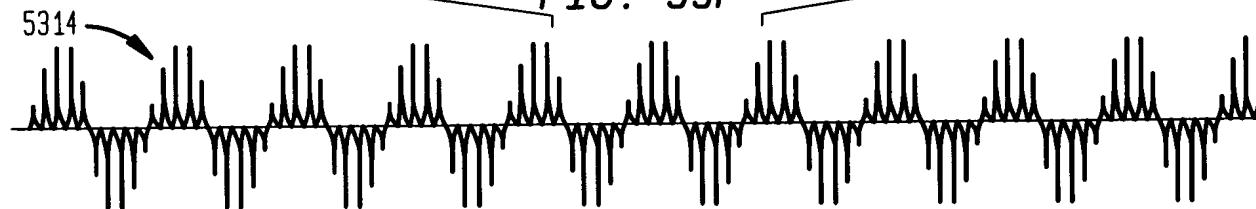
5310A

5310B



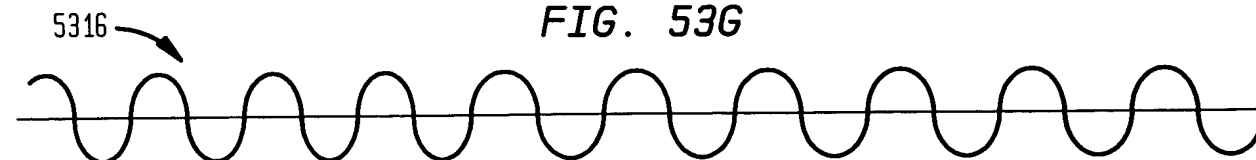
**FIG. 53F**

5314



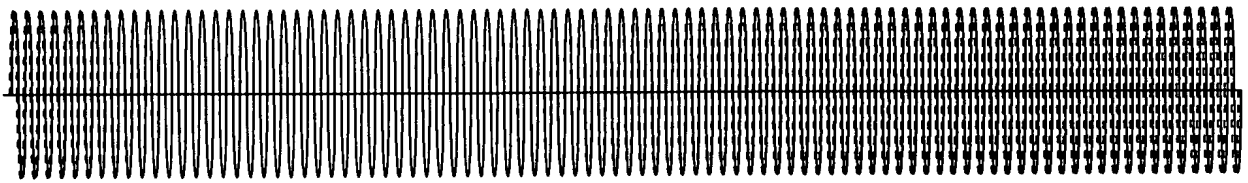
**FIG. 53G**

5316



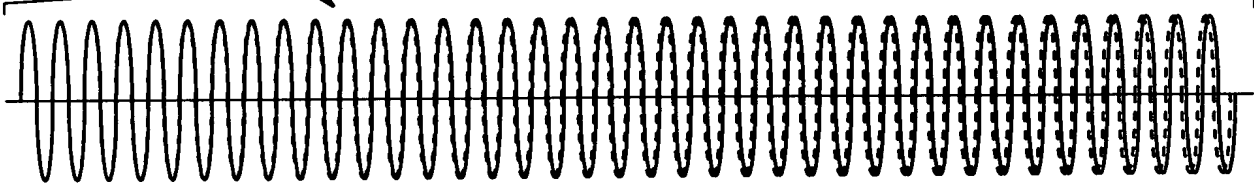
916

FIG. 54A



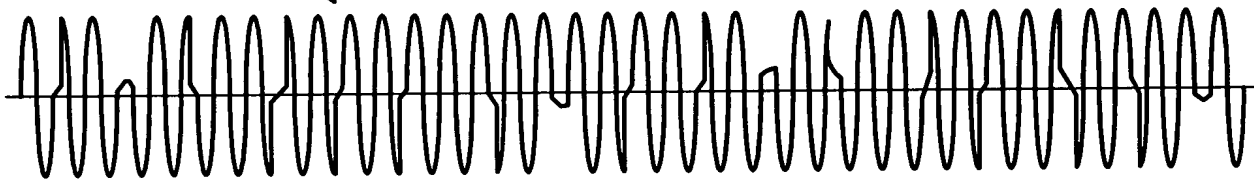
5404

FIG. 54B



5408

FIG. 54D



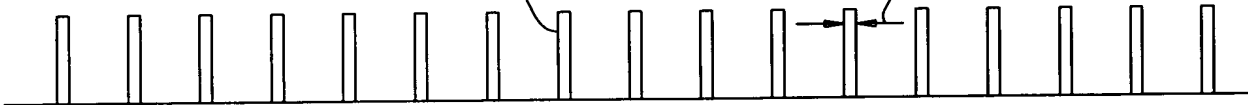
5406

FIG. 54C

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5407

5409

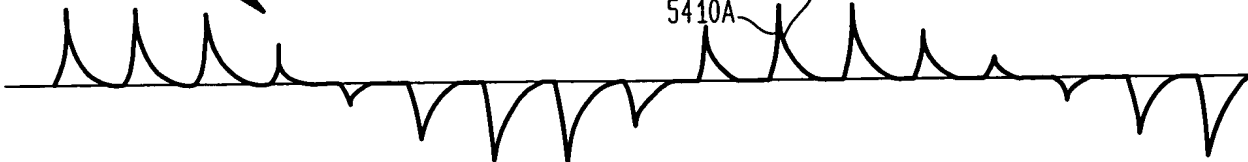


5412

FIG. 54E

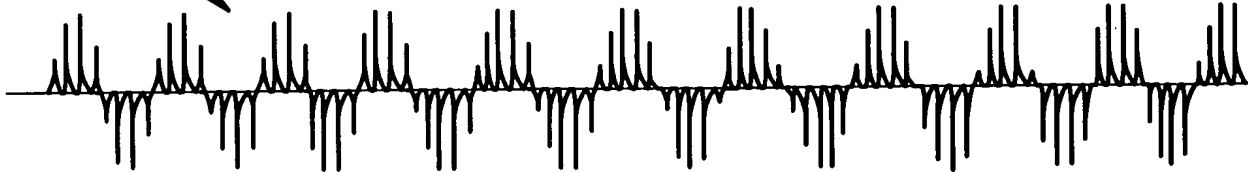
5410B

5410A



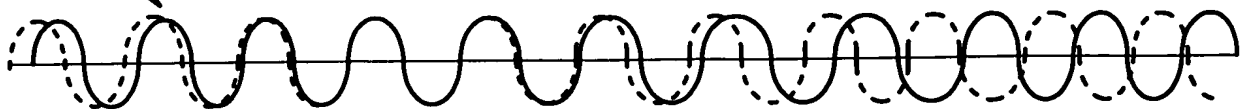
5414

FIG. 54F



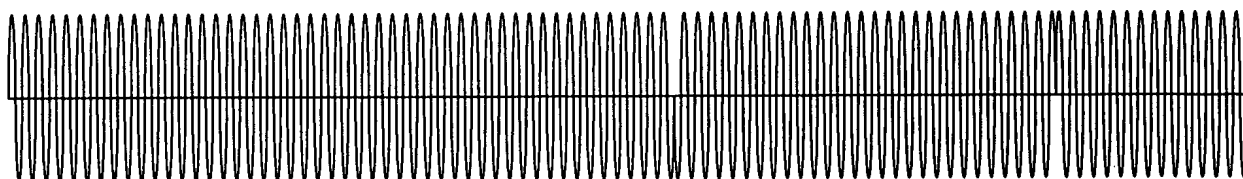
5416

FIG. 54G



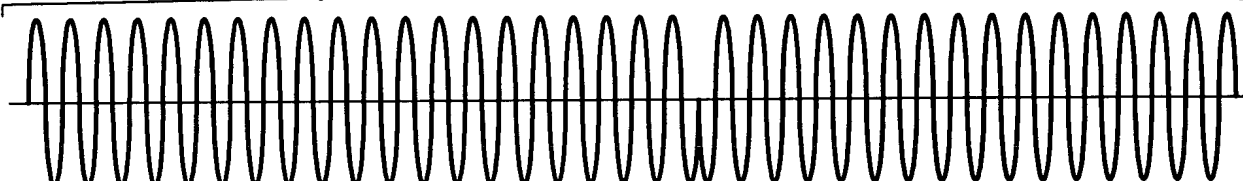
1016

FIG. 55A



5504

FIG. 55B



5508

FIG. 55D

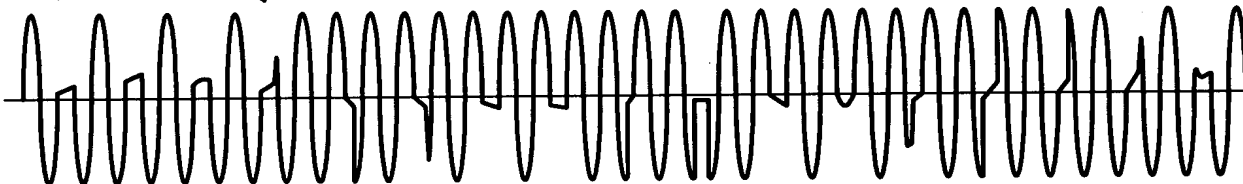
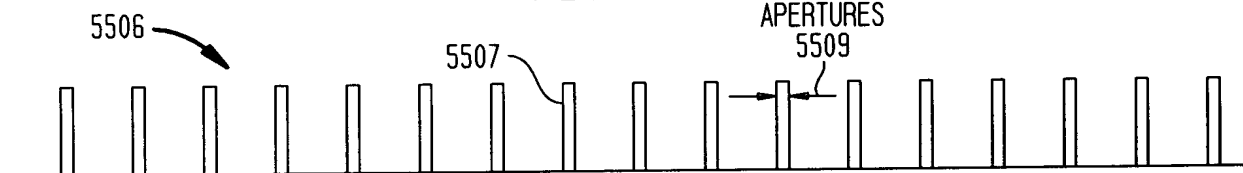


FIG. 55C



5512

FIG. 55E

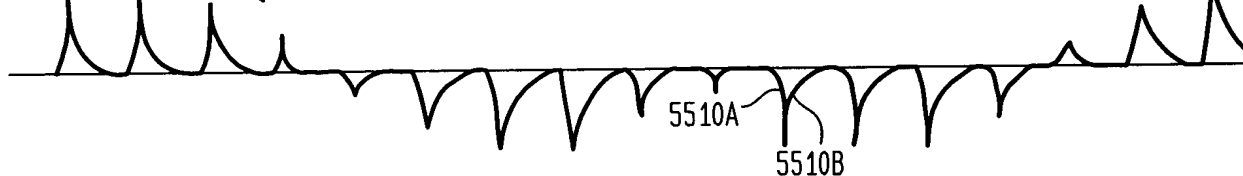
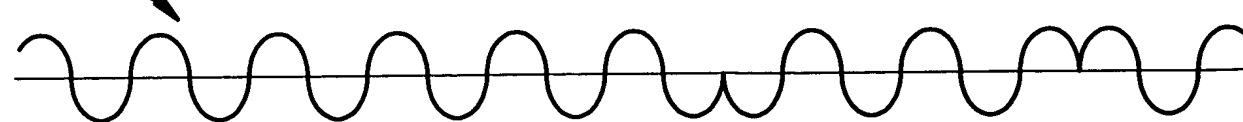


FIG. 55F

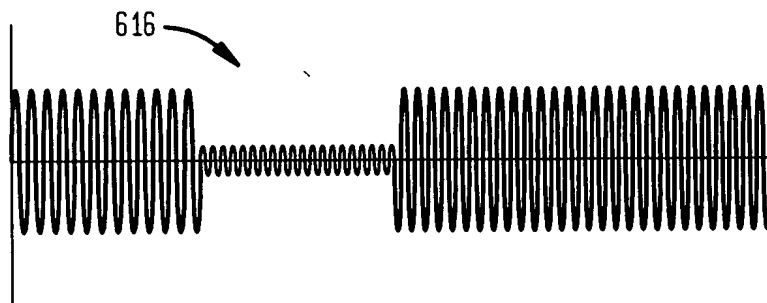


5516

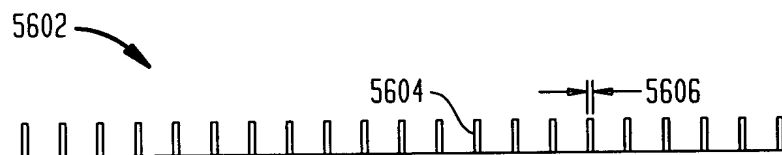
FIG. 55G



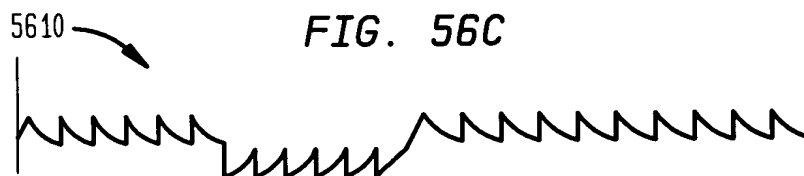
**FIG. 56A**



**FIG. 56B**



**FIG. 56C**



**FIG. 56D**

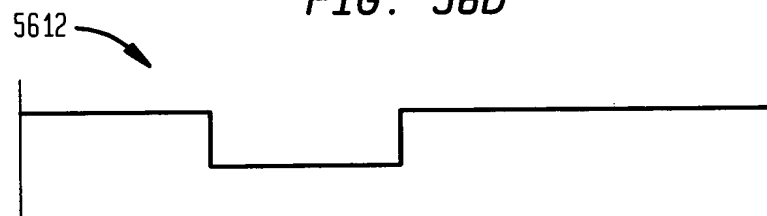


FIG. 57A

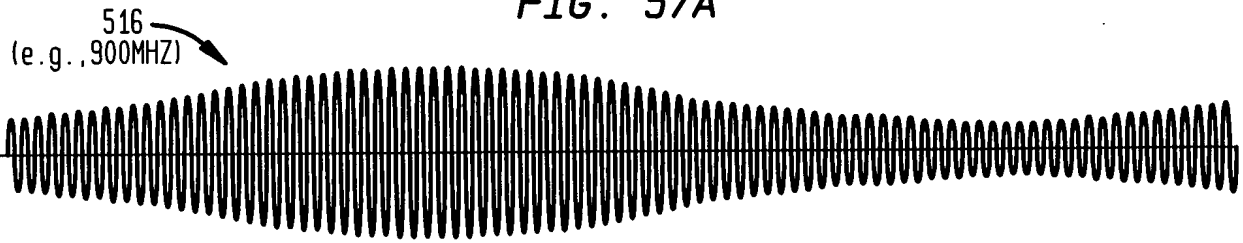


FIG. 57B

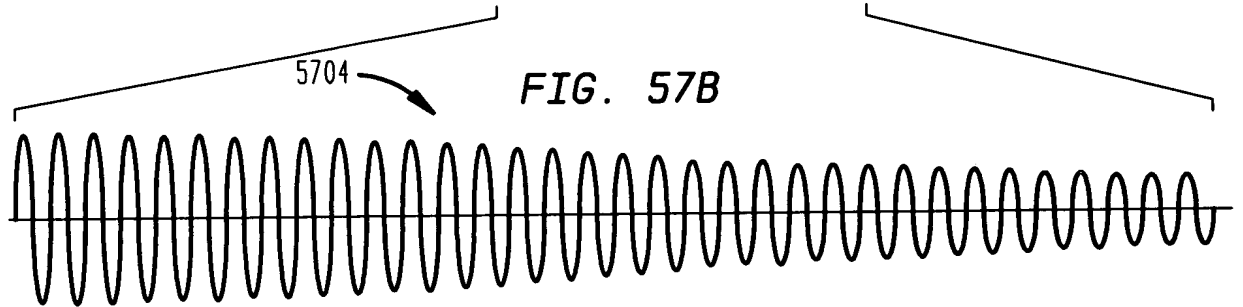


FIG. 57D

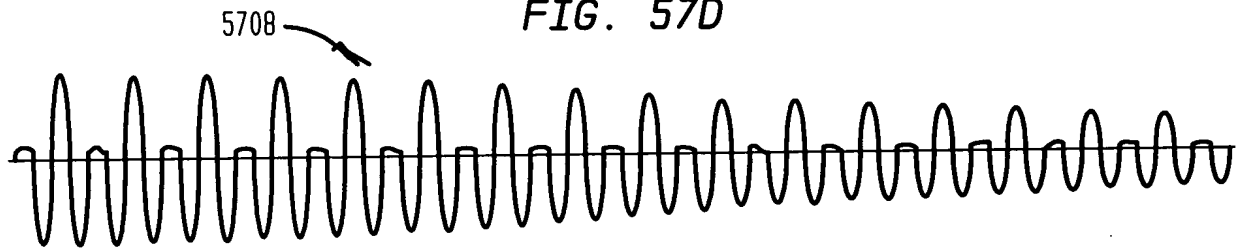


FIG. 57C



FIG. 57E

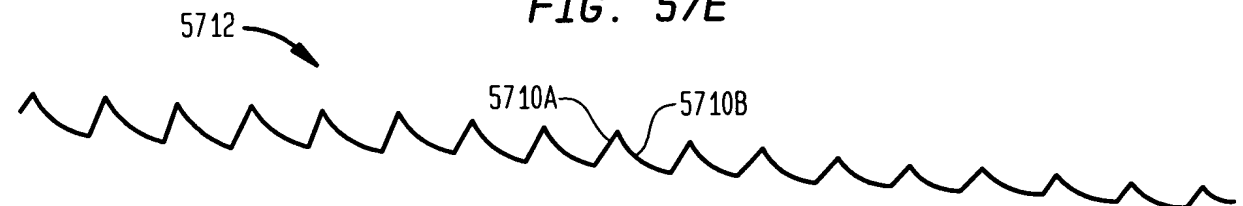


FIG. 57F

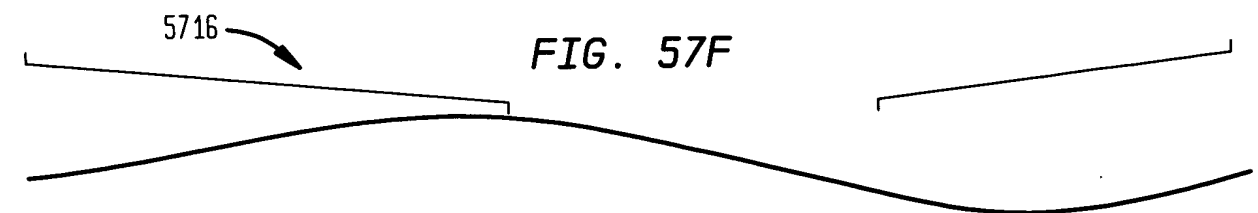


FIG. 58A

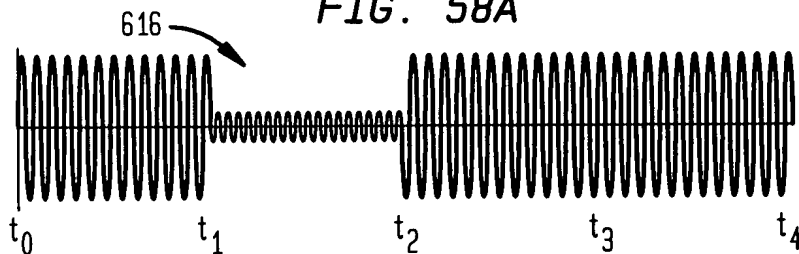


FIG. 58B

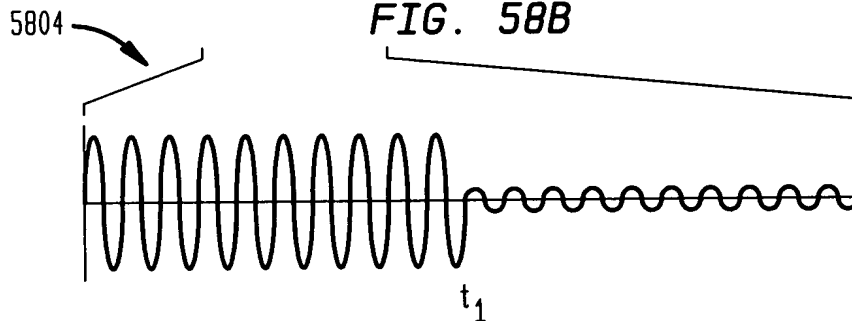


FIG. 58D

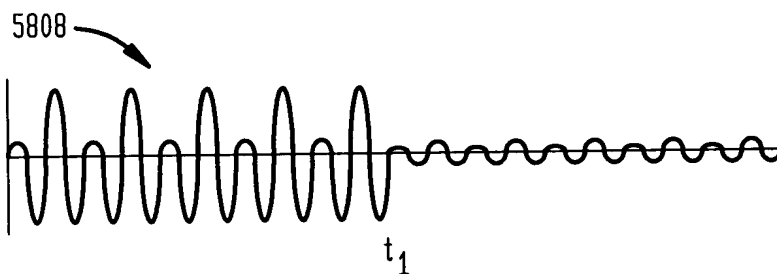


FIG. 58C

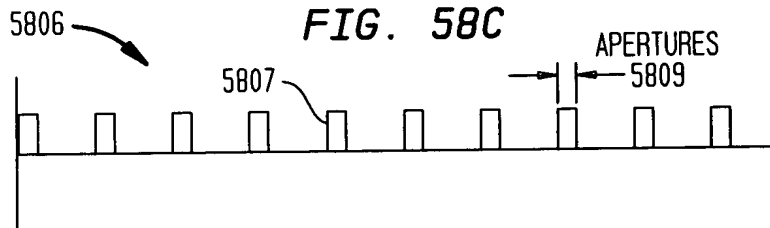


FIG. 58E

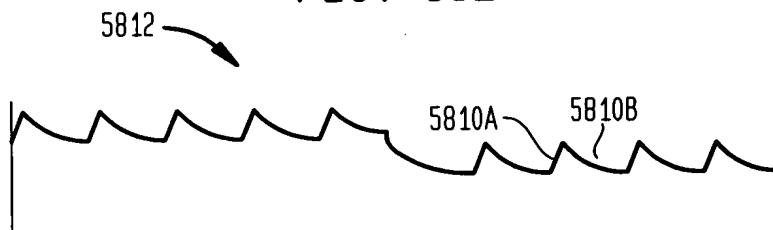
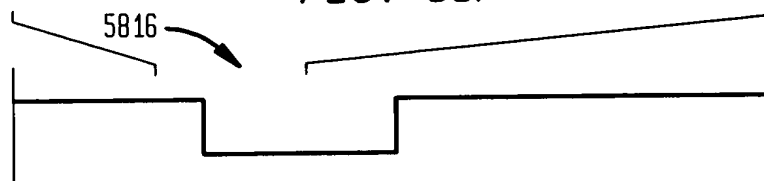
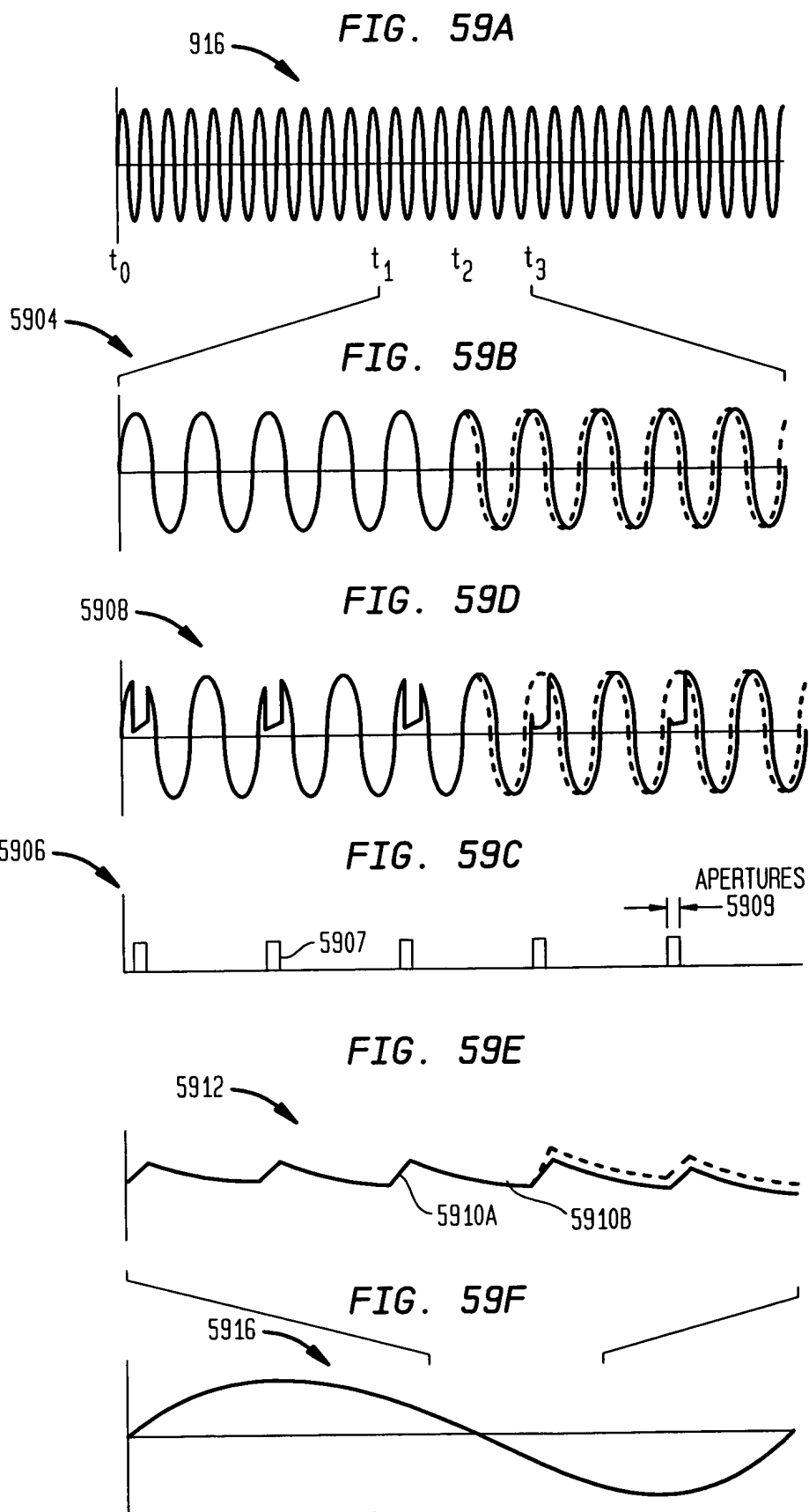


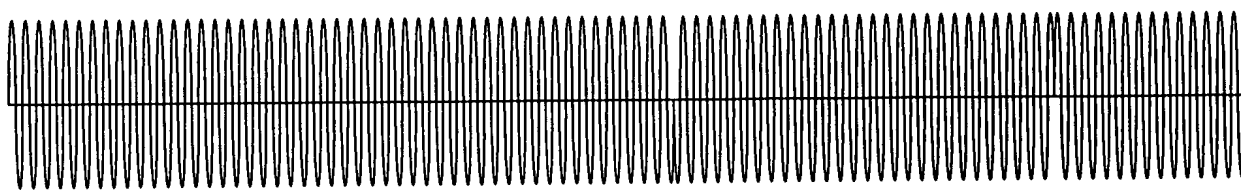
FIG. 58F





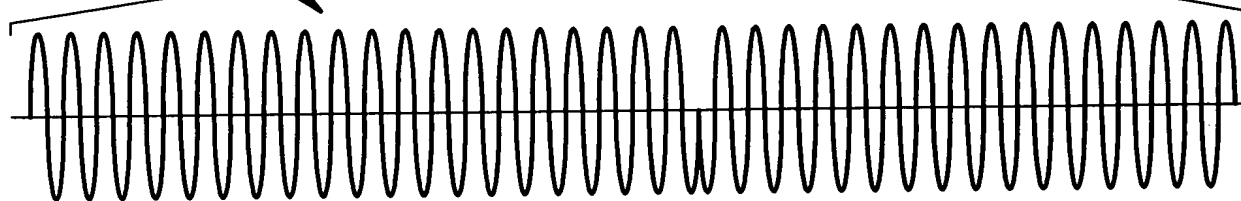
1016

**FIG. 60A**



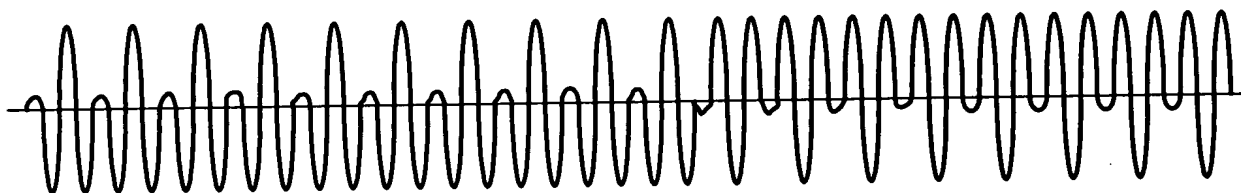
6004

**FIG. 60B**



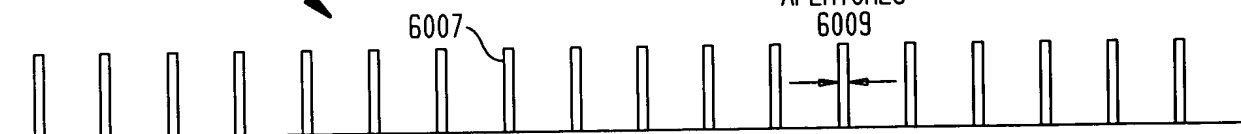
6008

**FIG. 60D**



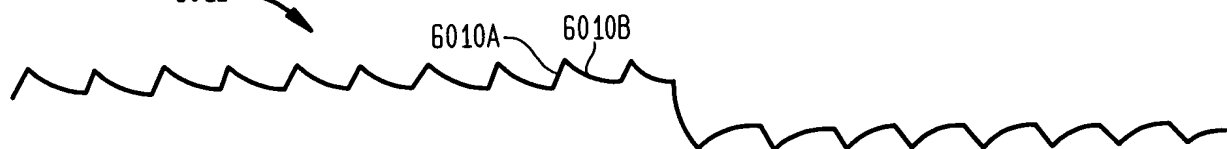
6006

**FIG. 60C**



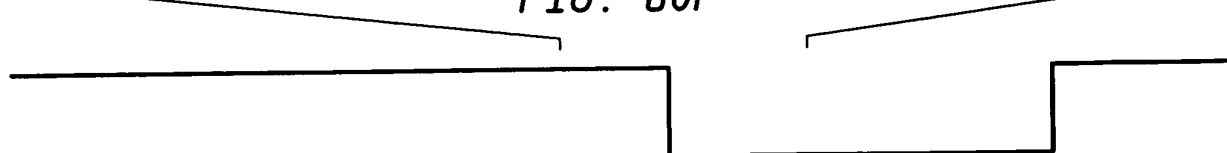
6012

**FIG. 60E**

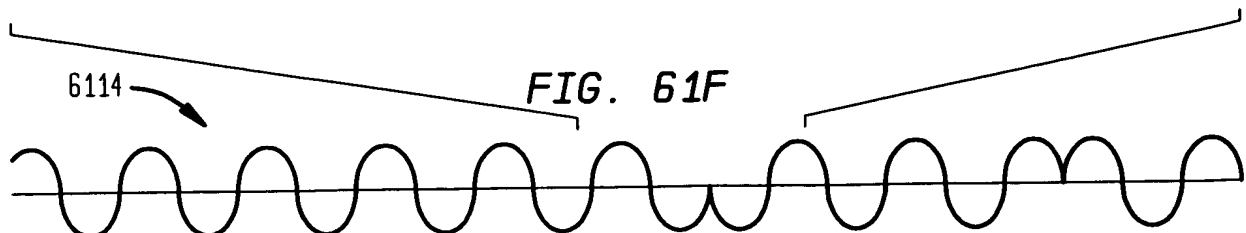
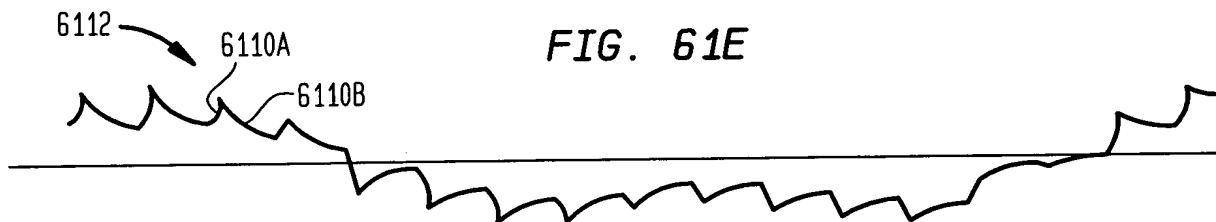
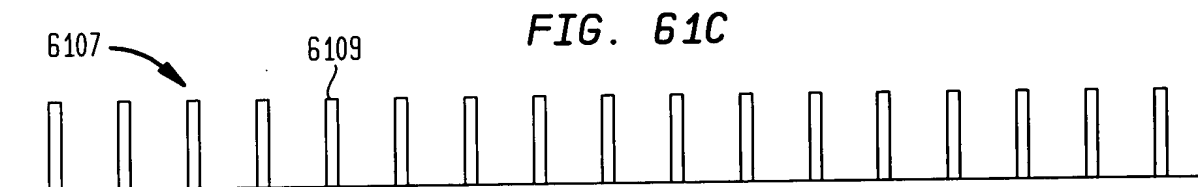
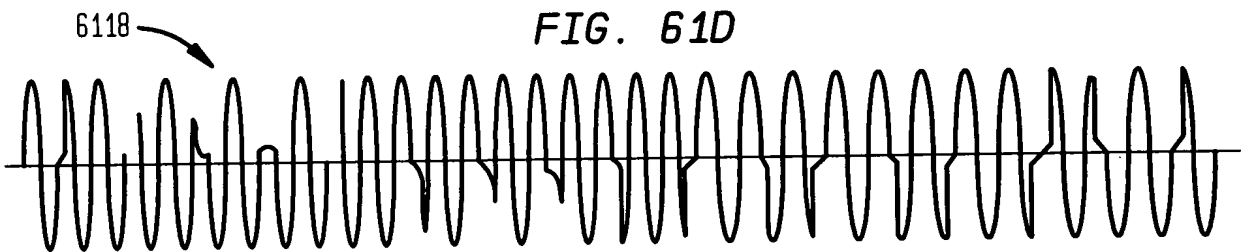
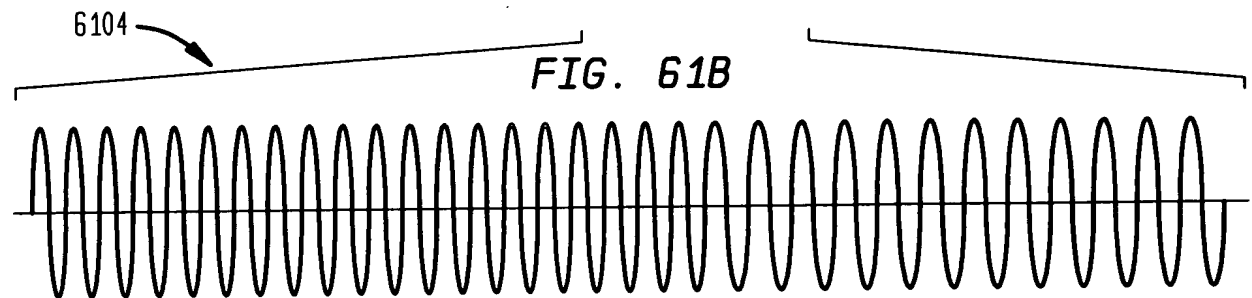
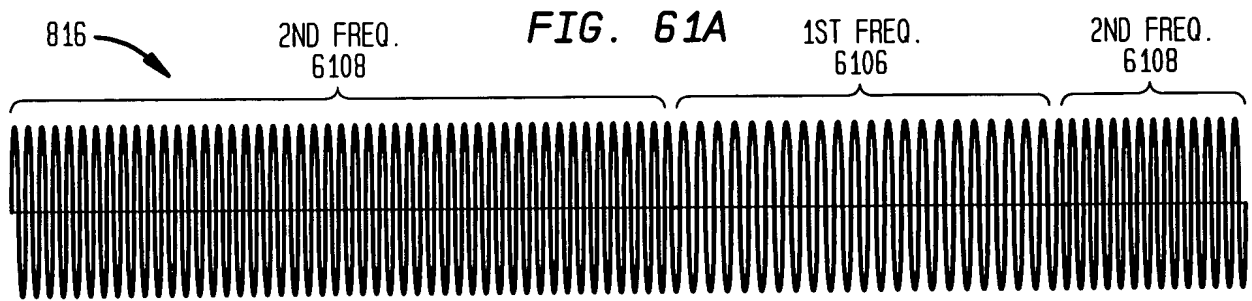


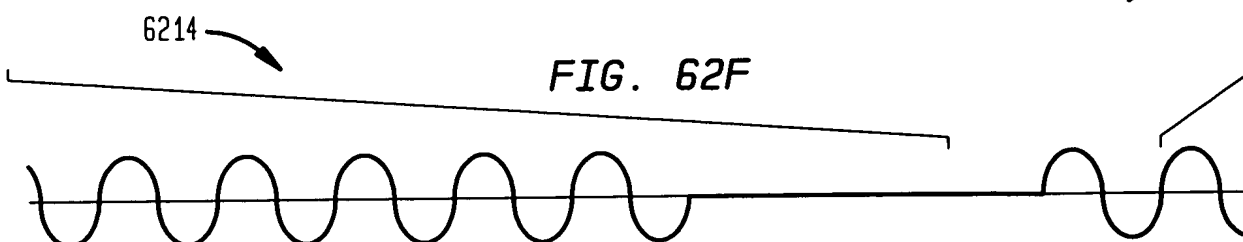
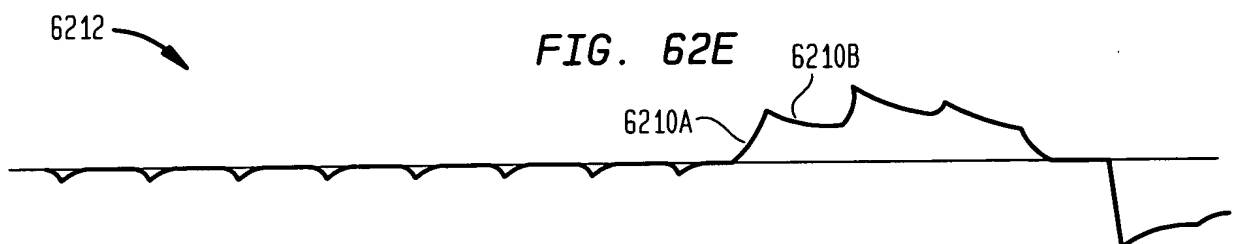
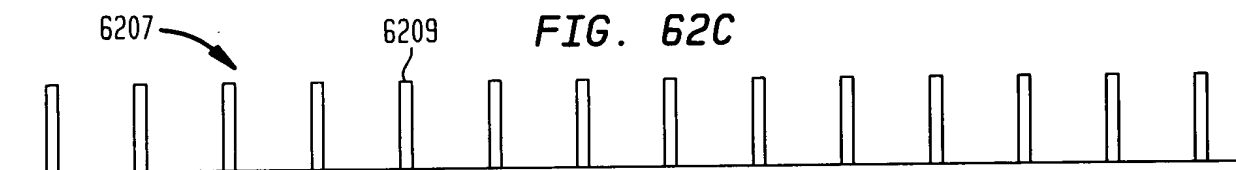
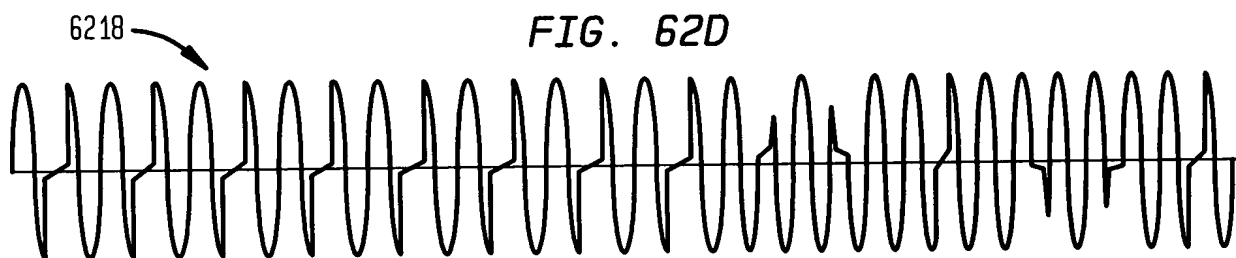
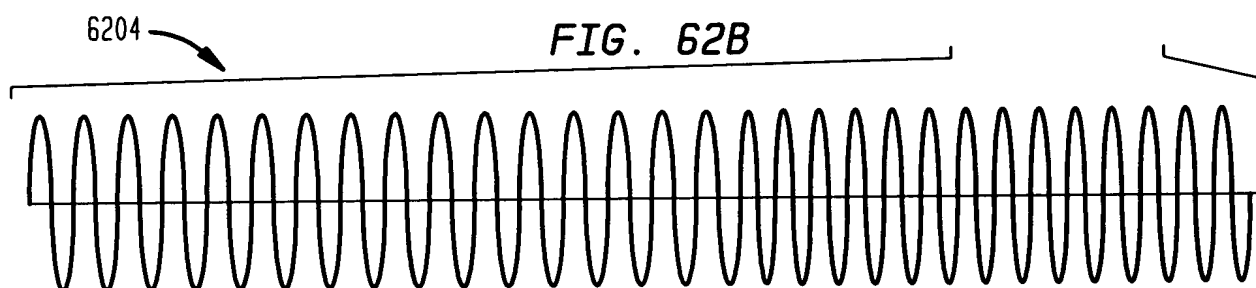
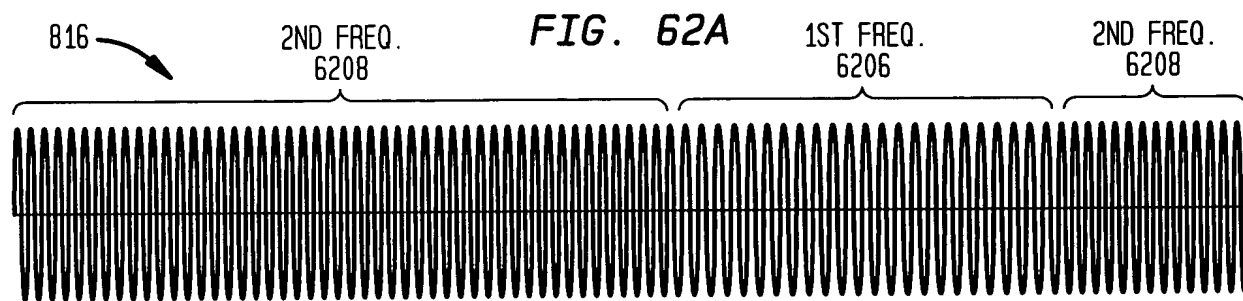
6016

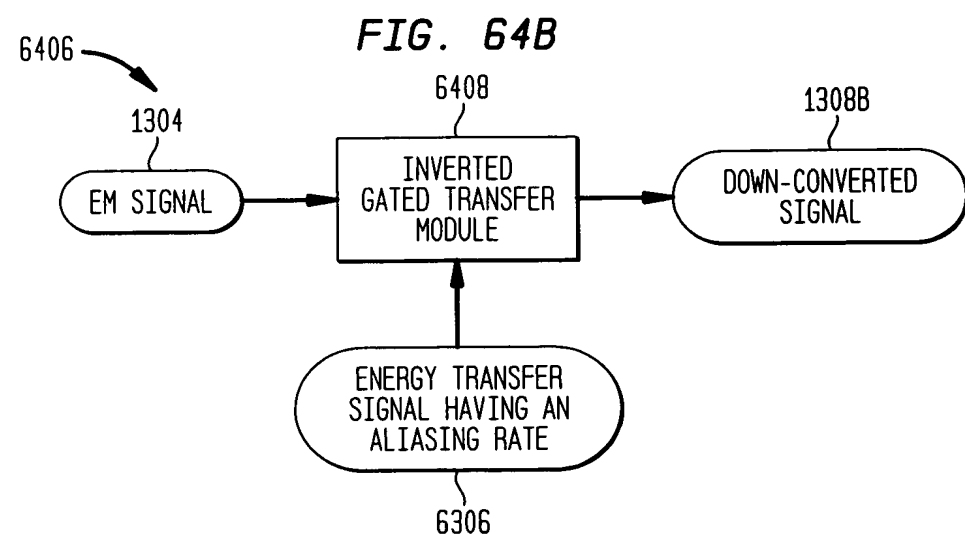
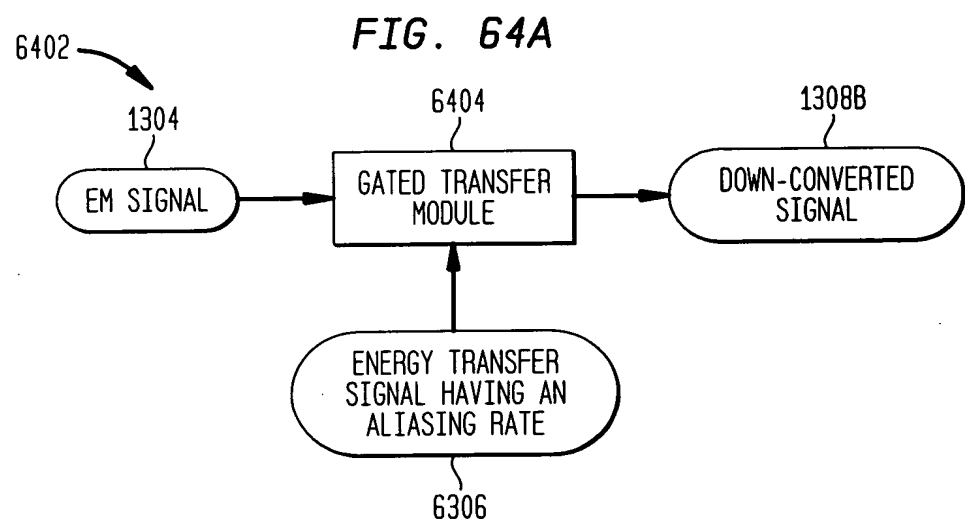
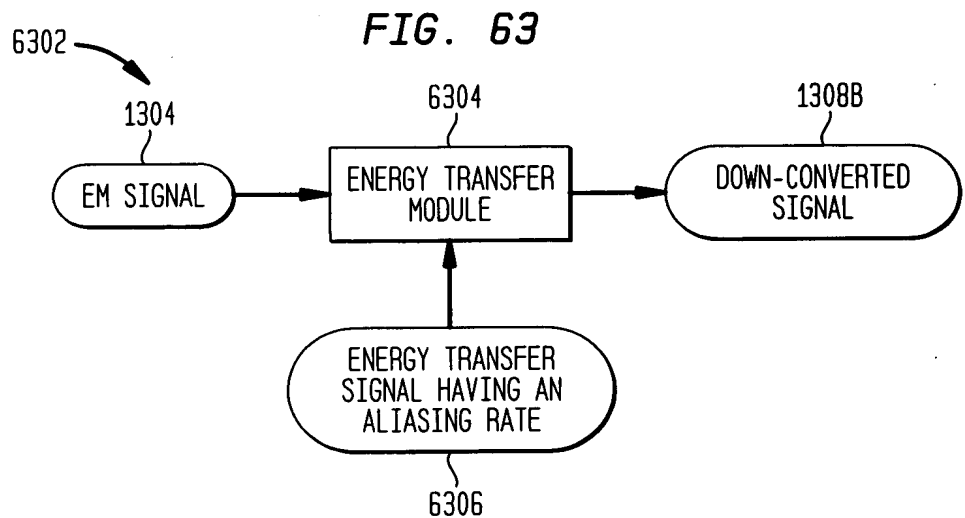
**FIG. 60F**



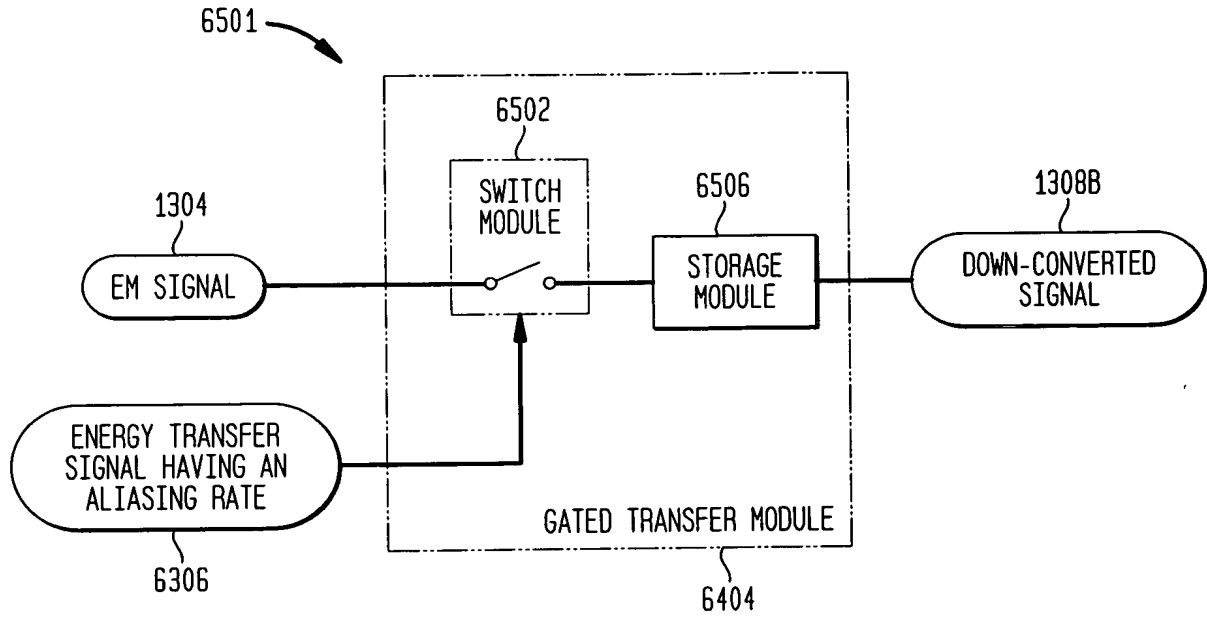




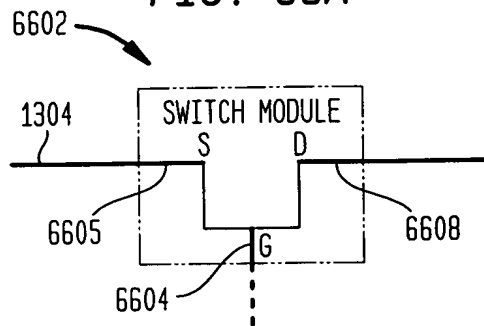




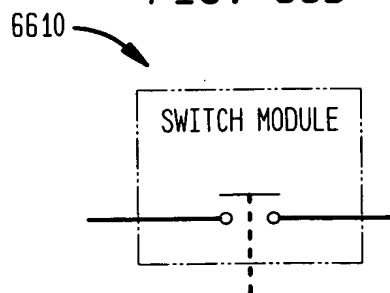
**FIG. 65**



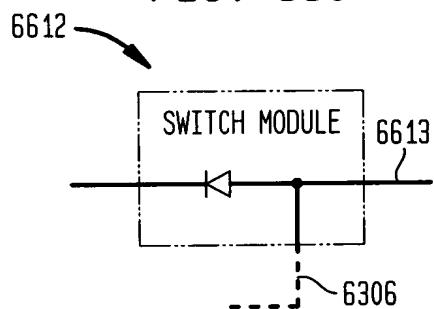
**FIG. 66A**



**FIG. 66B**



**FIG. 66C**



**FIG. 66D**

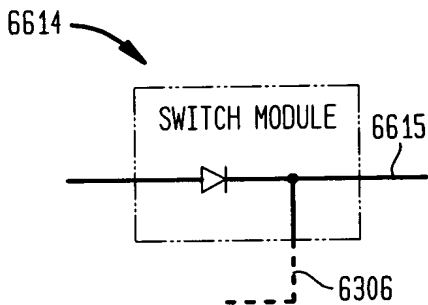
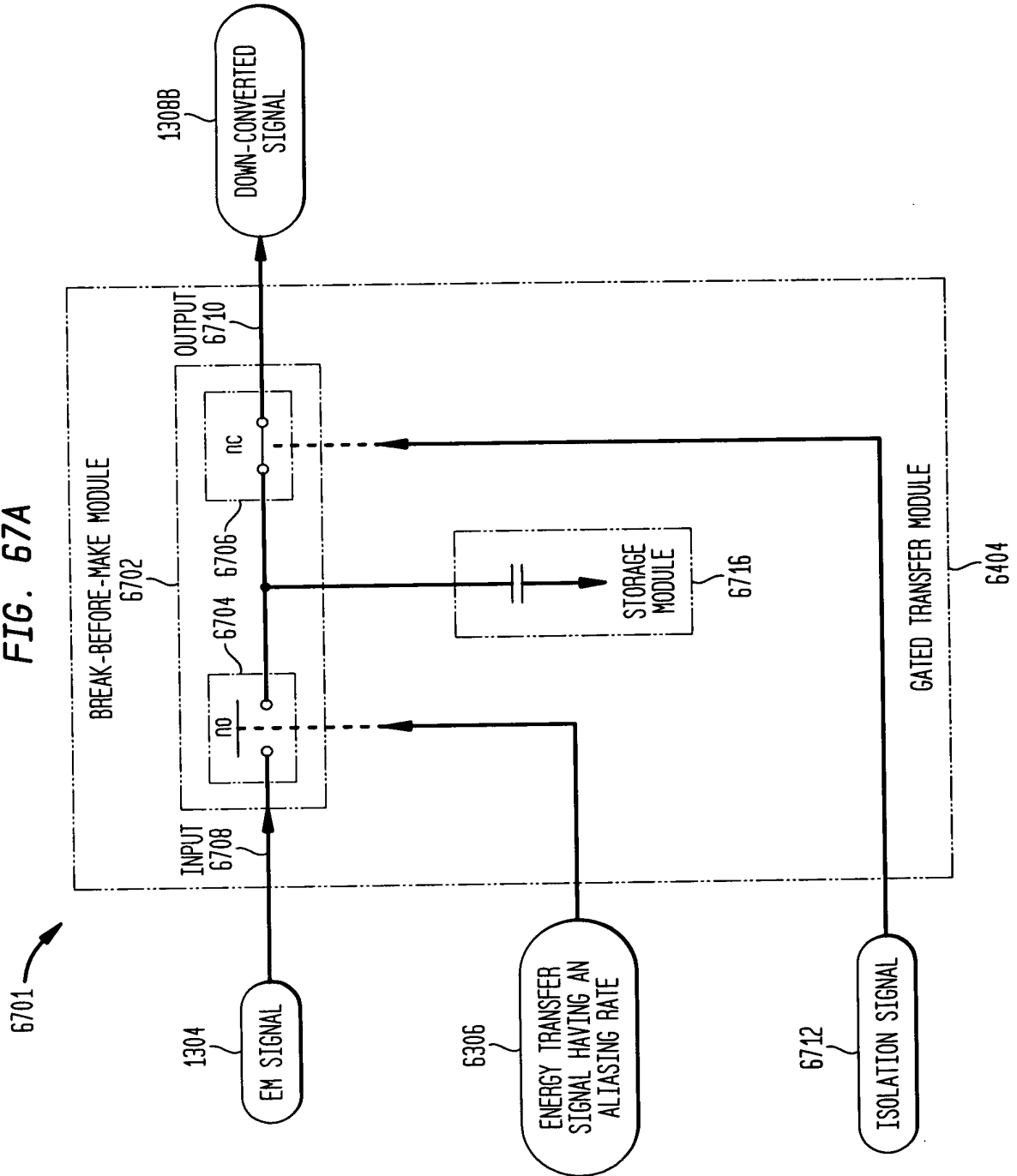
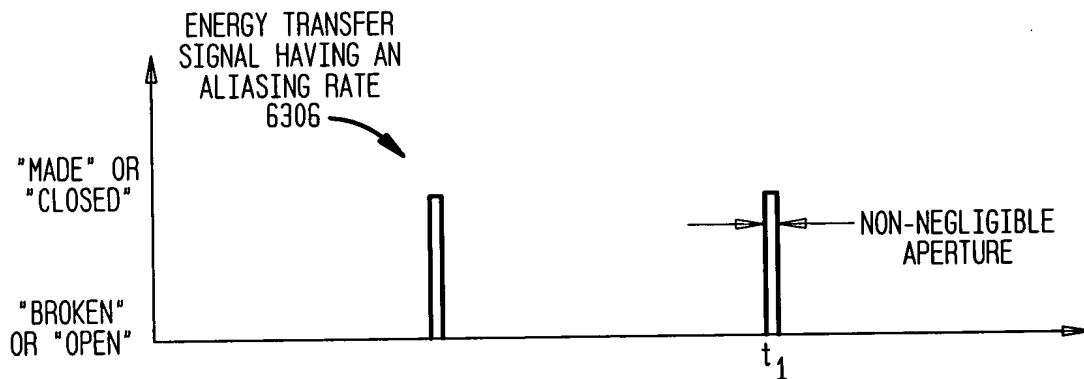


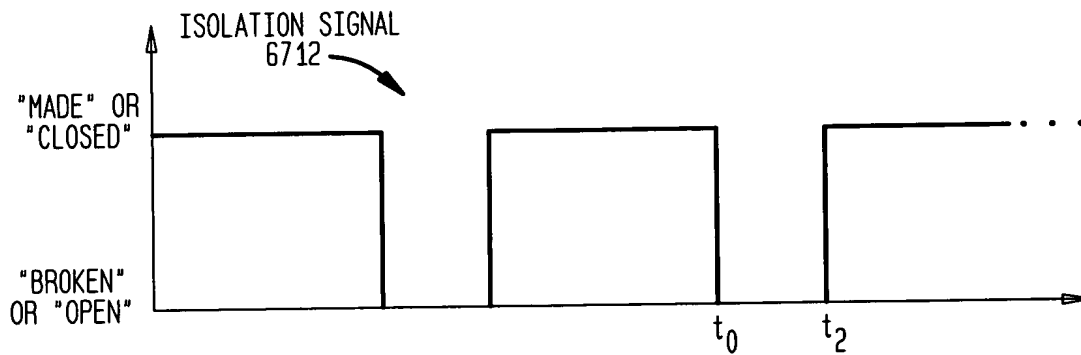
FIG. 67A



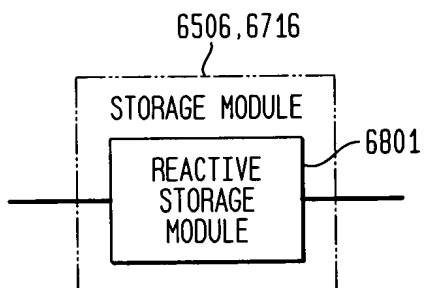
**FIG. 67B**



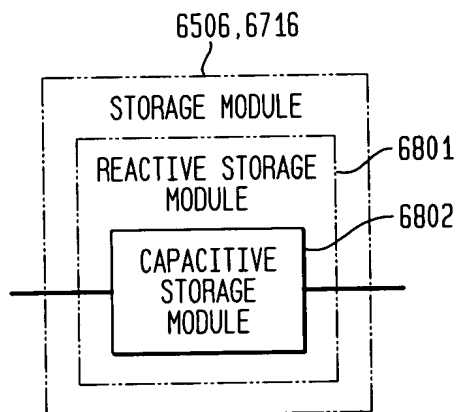
**FIG. 67C**



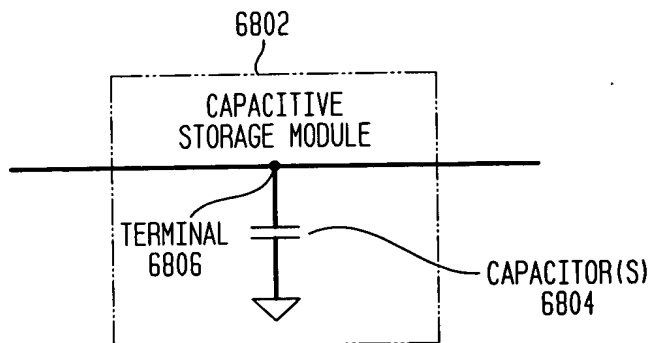
**FIG. 68A**



**FIG. 68B**

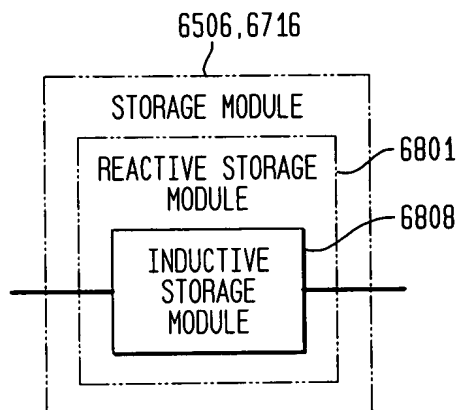


**FIG. 68C**

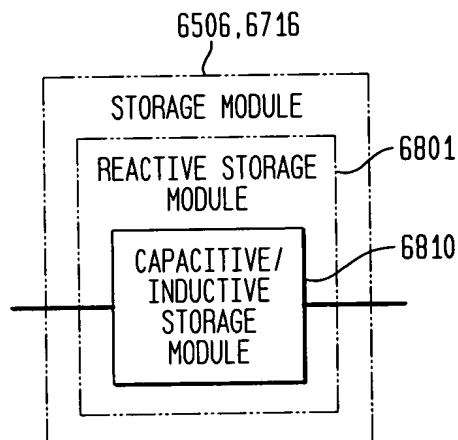




**FIG. 68D**



**FIG. 68E**



**FIG. 68F**

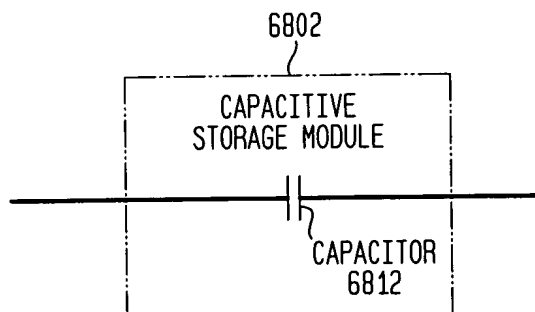
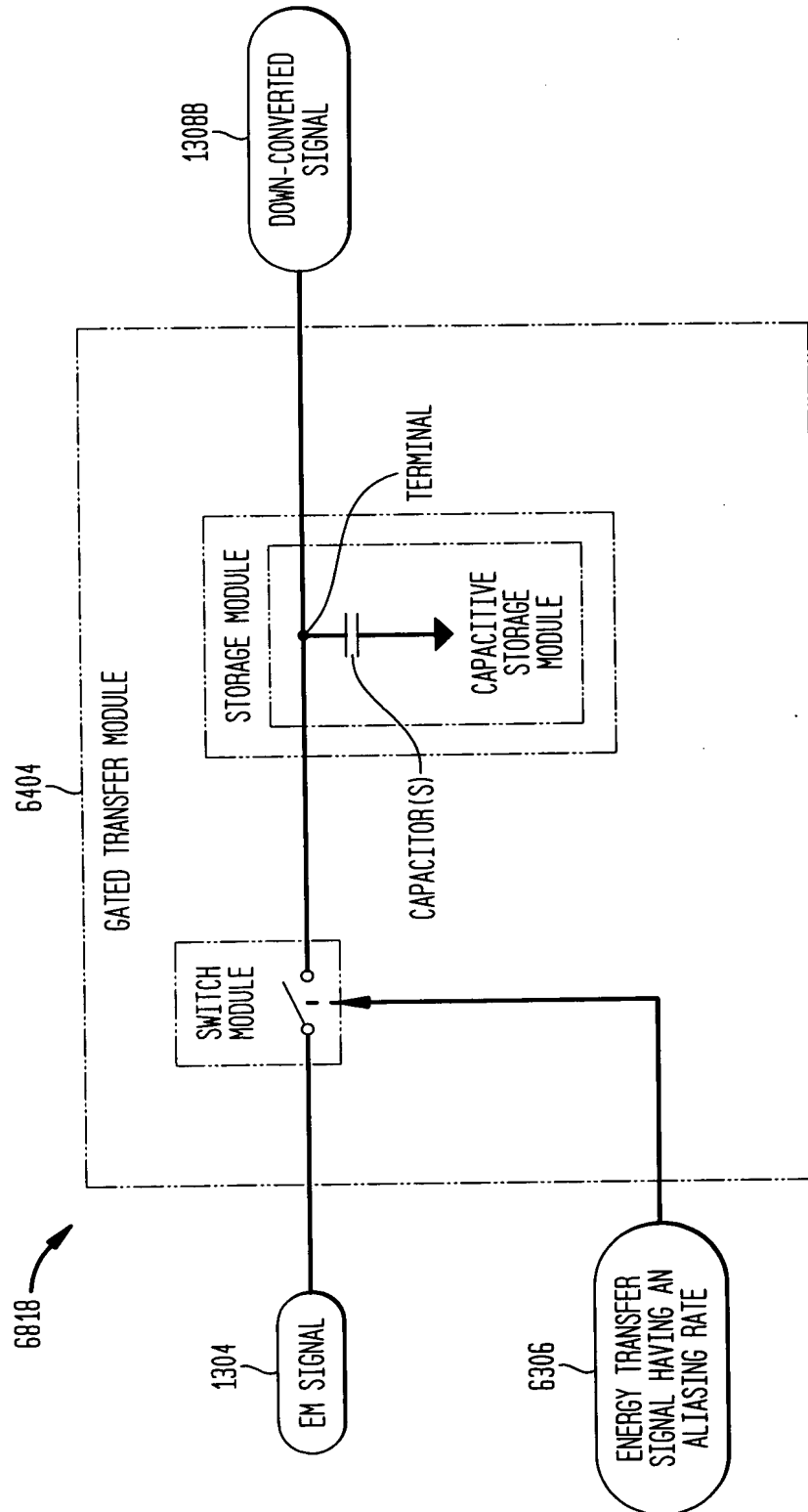
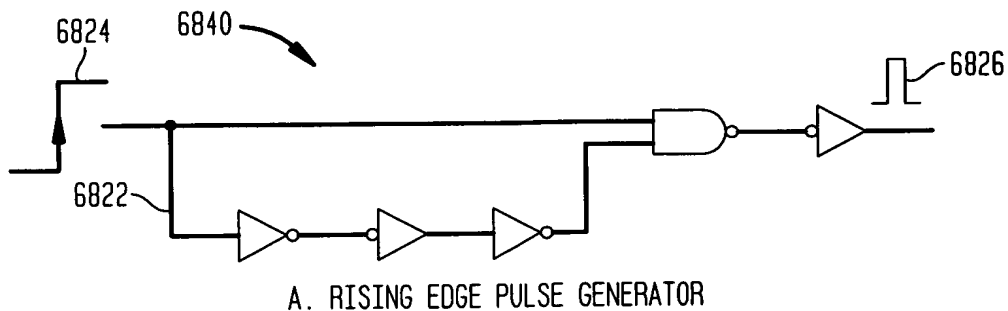


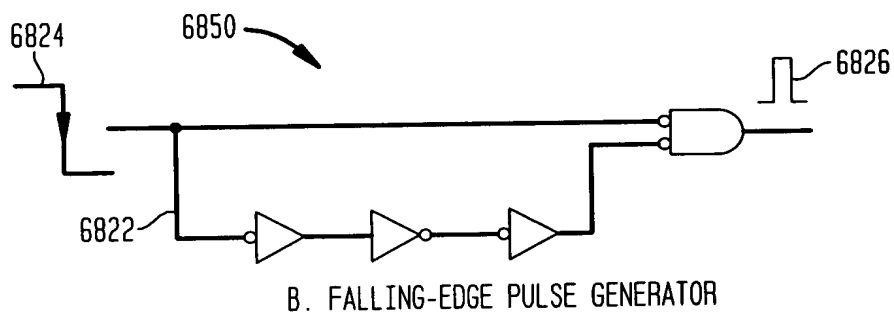
FIG. 68G



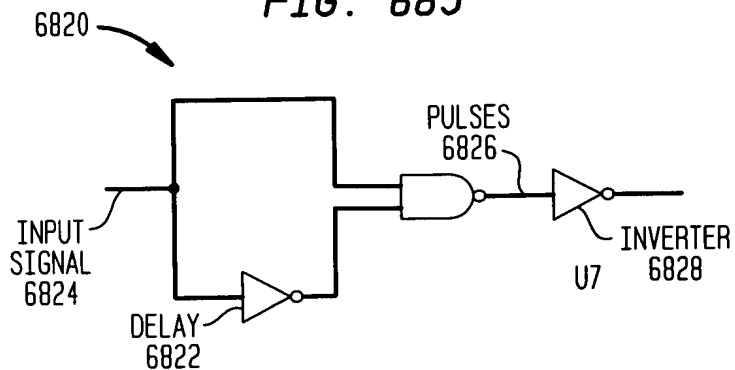
**FIG. 68H**



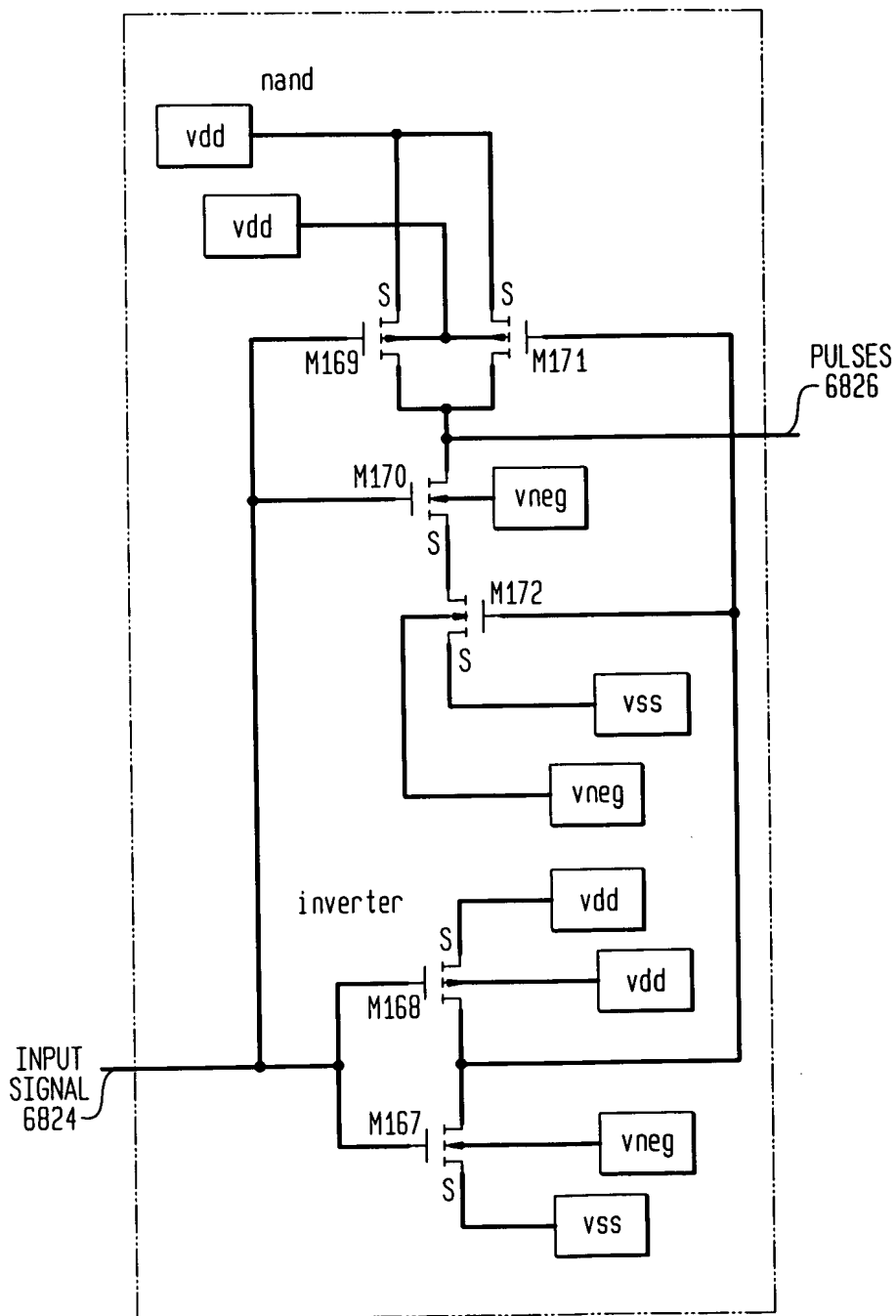
**FIG. 68I**



**FIG. 68J**



**FIG. 68K**



**FIG. 68L**

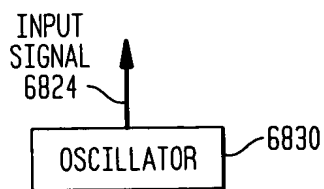
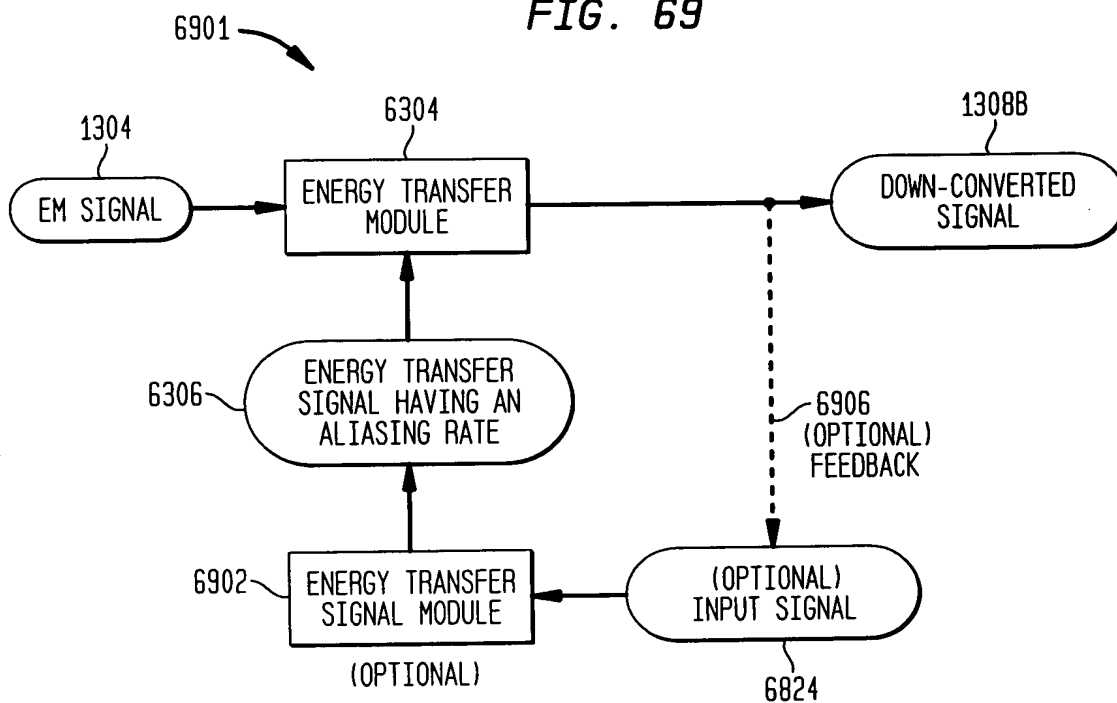
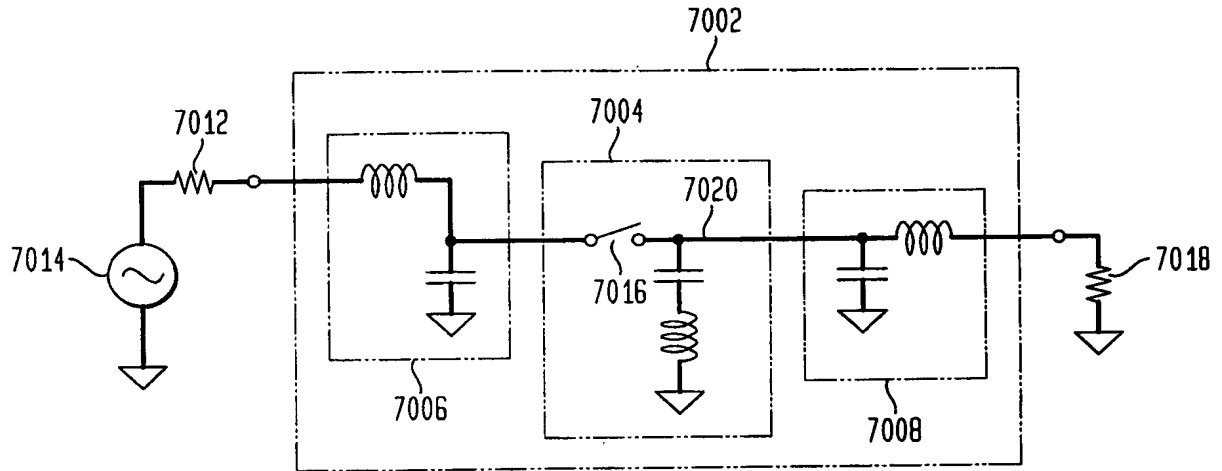


FIG. 69



**FIG. 70**

IMPEDANCE MATCHED ALIASING MODULE



**FIG. 71A**

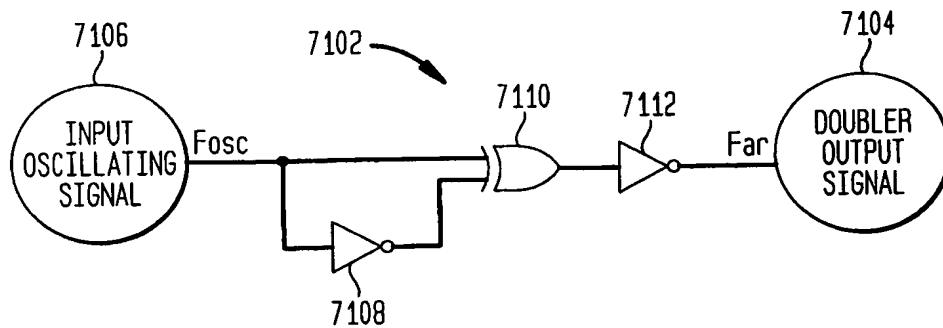


FIG. 71B

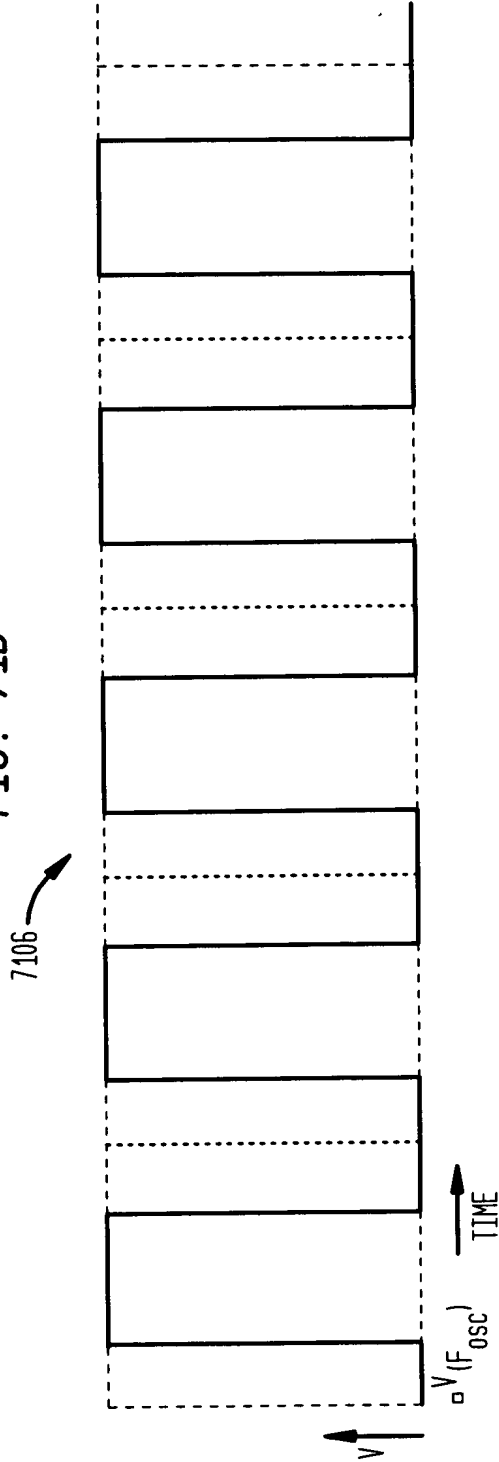


FIG. 71C

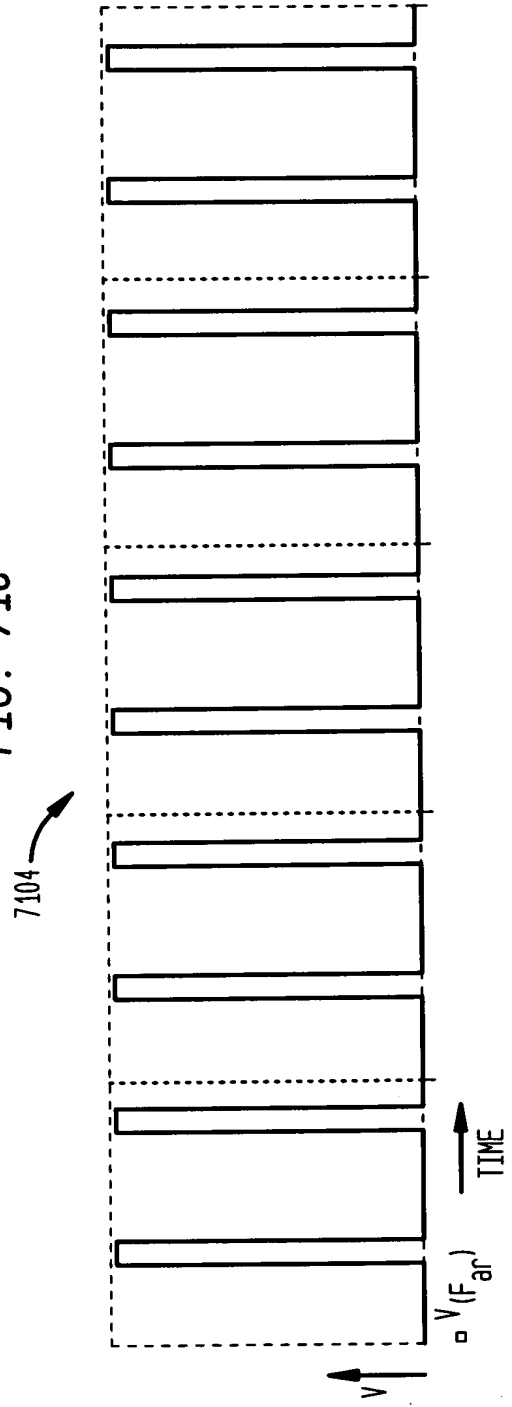
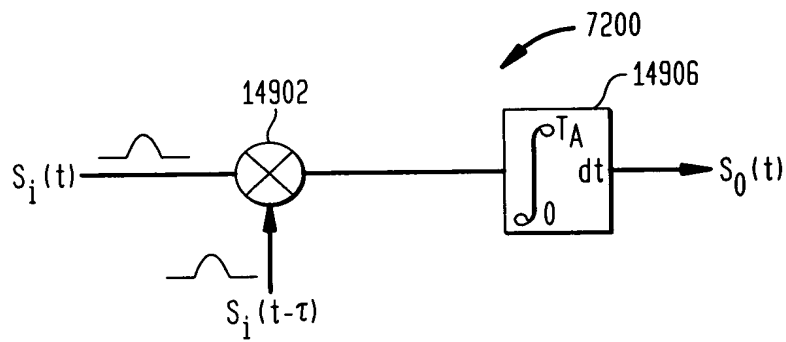


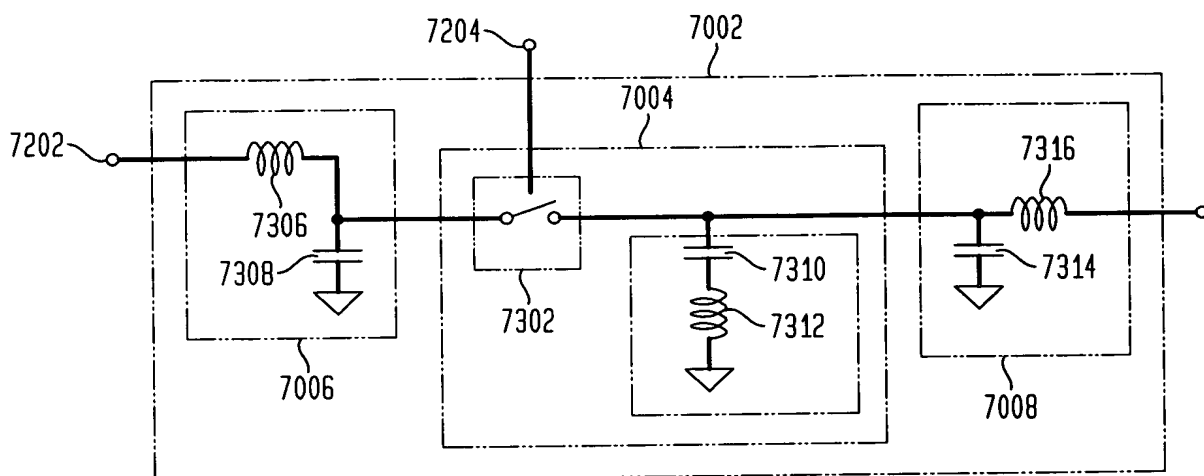
FIG. 72





**FIG. 73**

ALIASING MODULE



**FIG. 74**

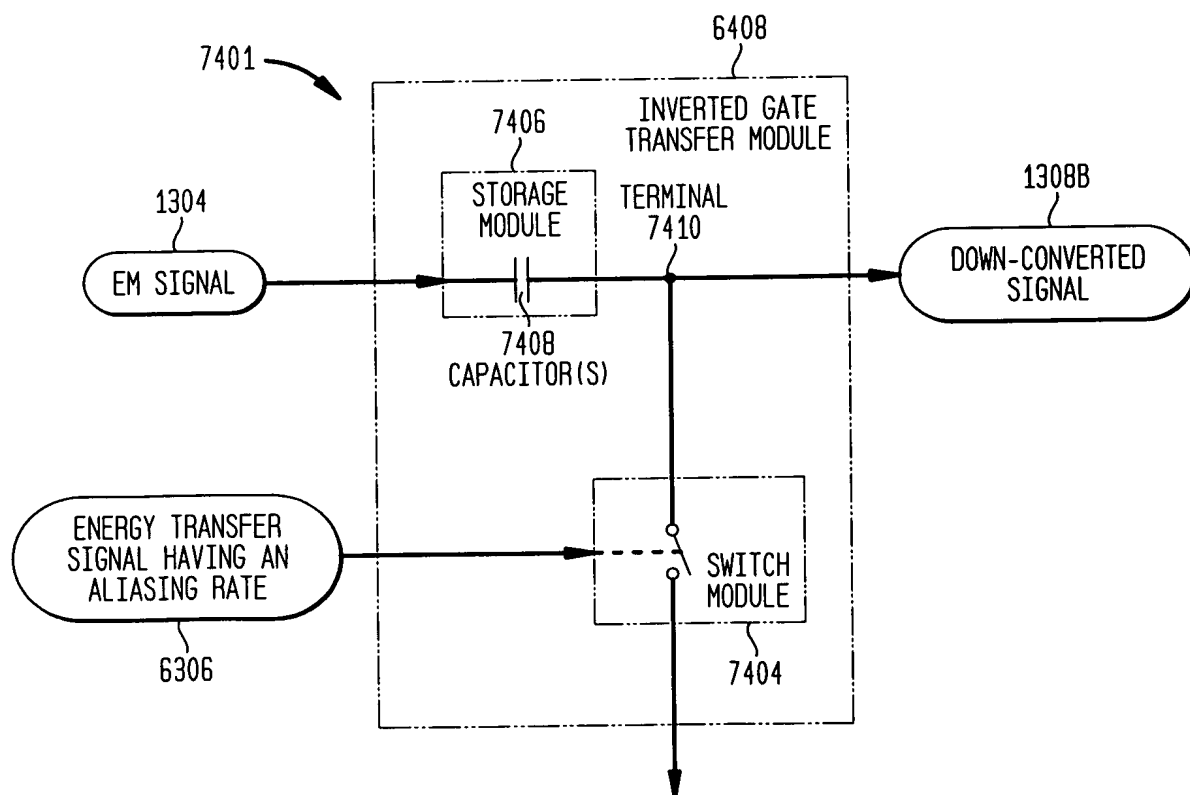


FIG. 75A

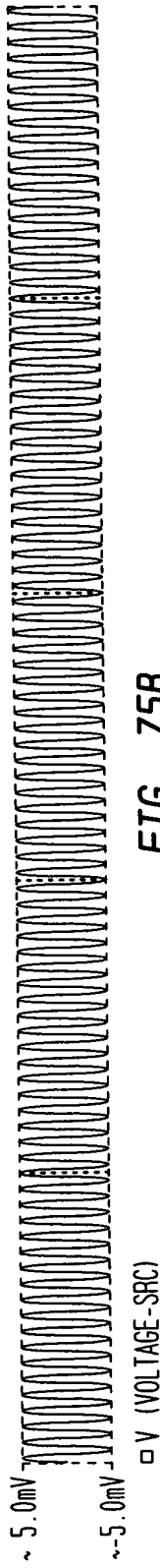


FIG. 75B

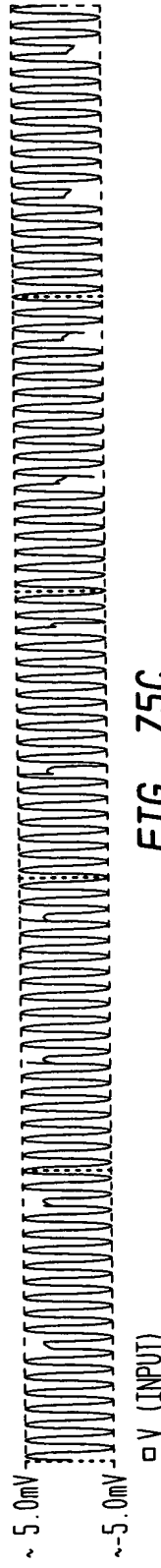


FIG. 75C

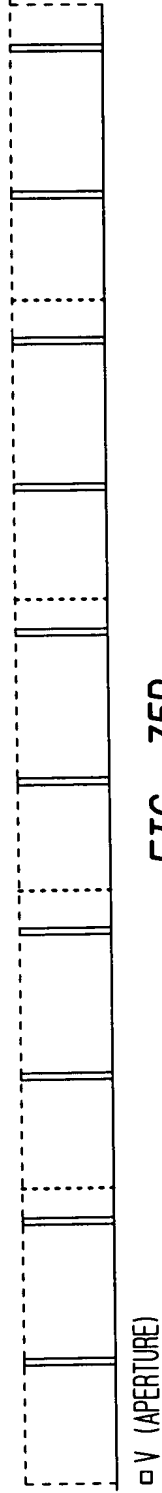


FIG. 75D

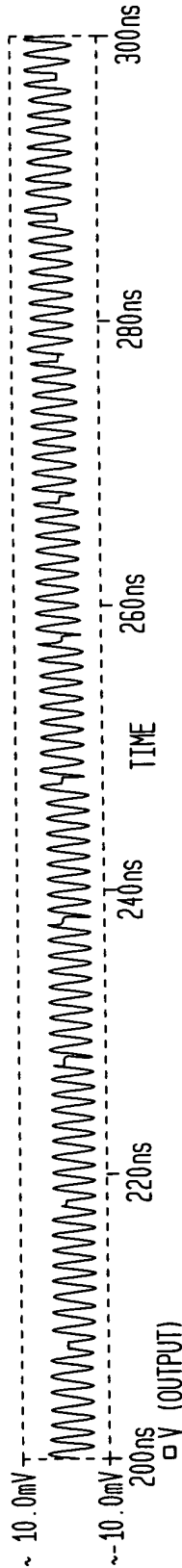
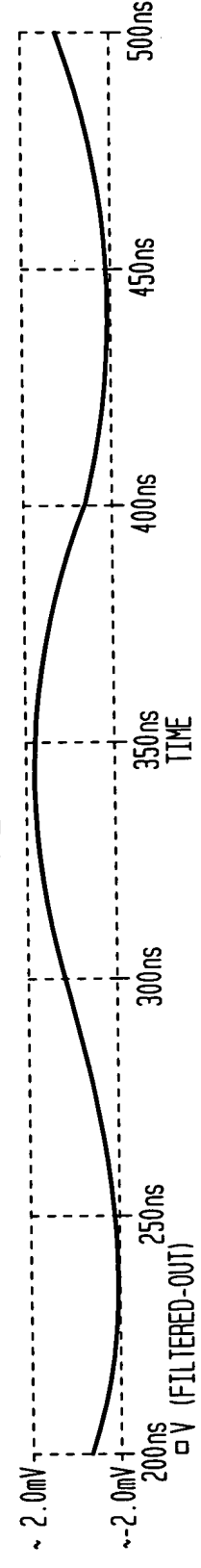


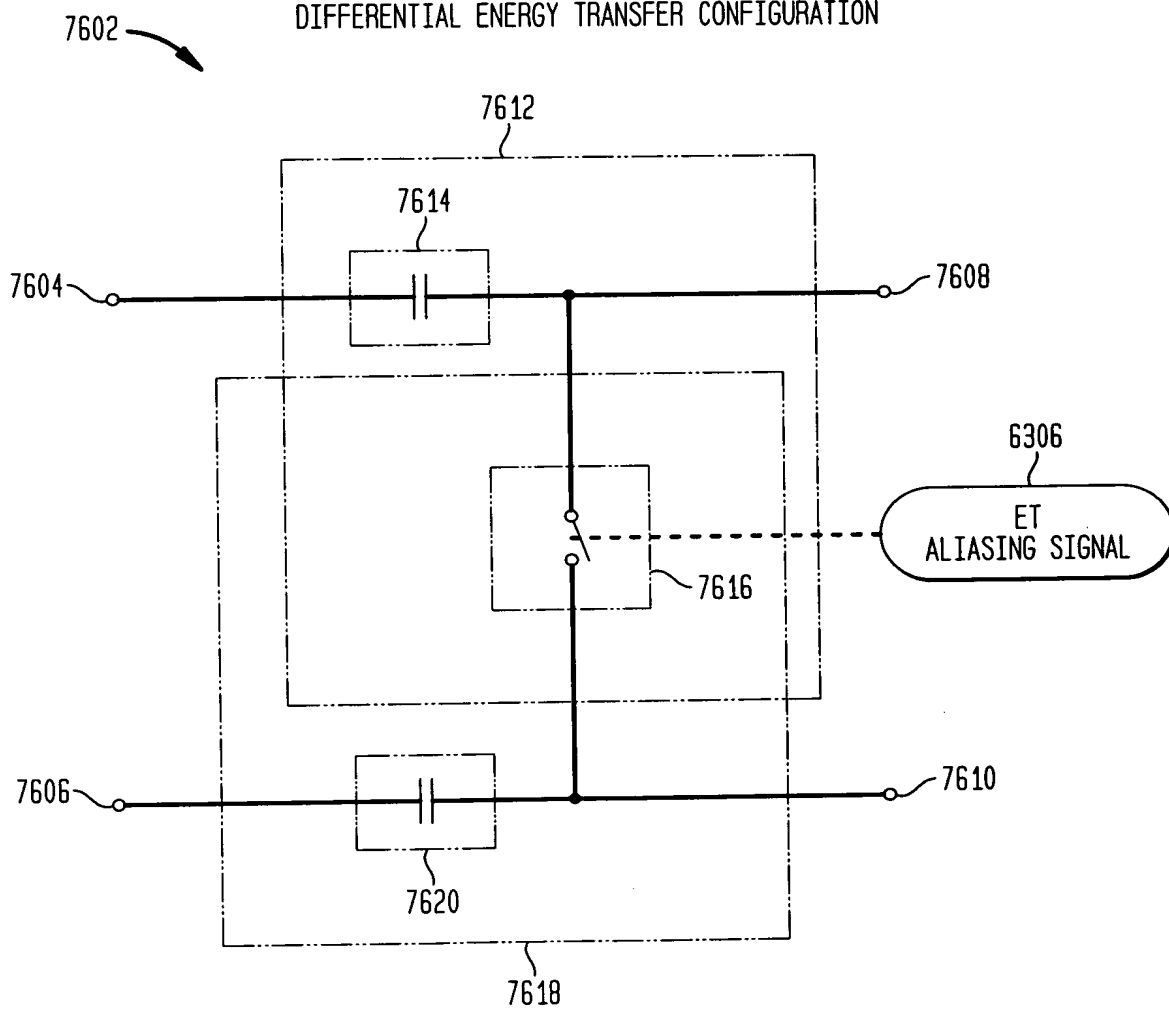
FIG. 75E



FIG. 75F

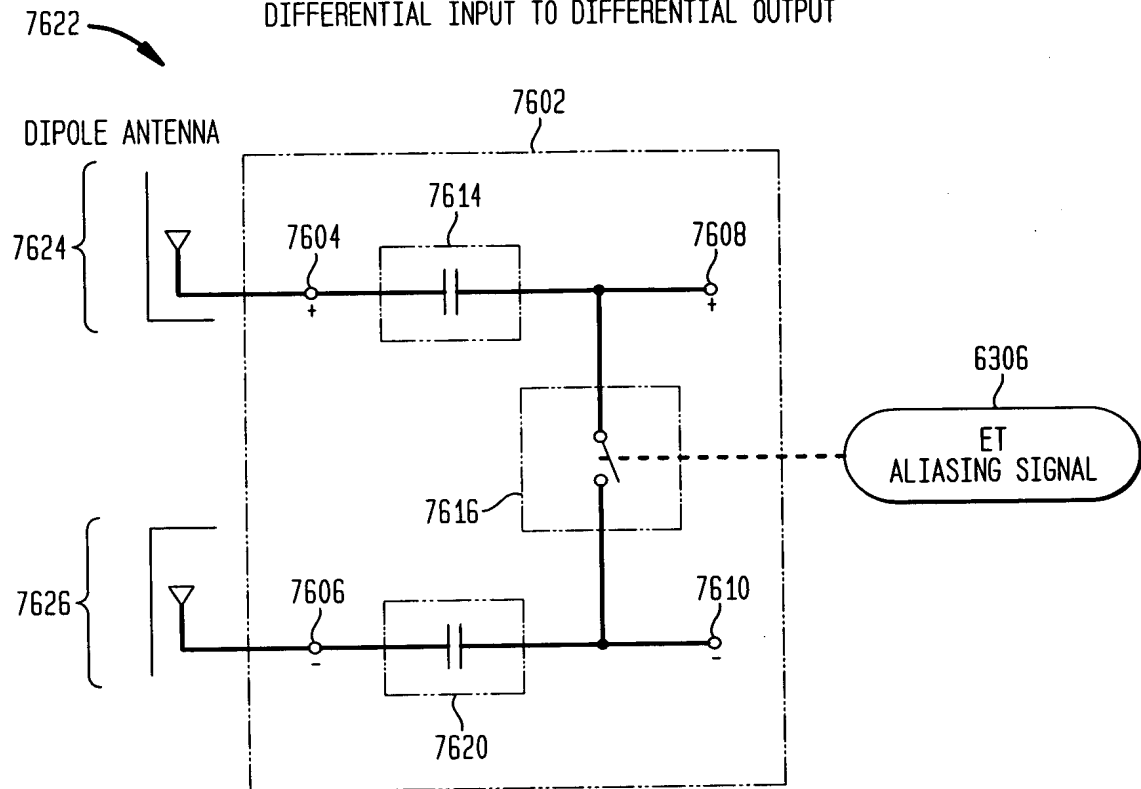


**FIG. 76A**  
 DIFFERENTIAL ENERGY TRANSFER CONFIGURATION



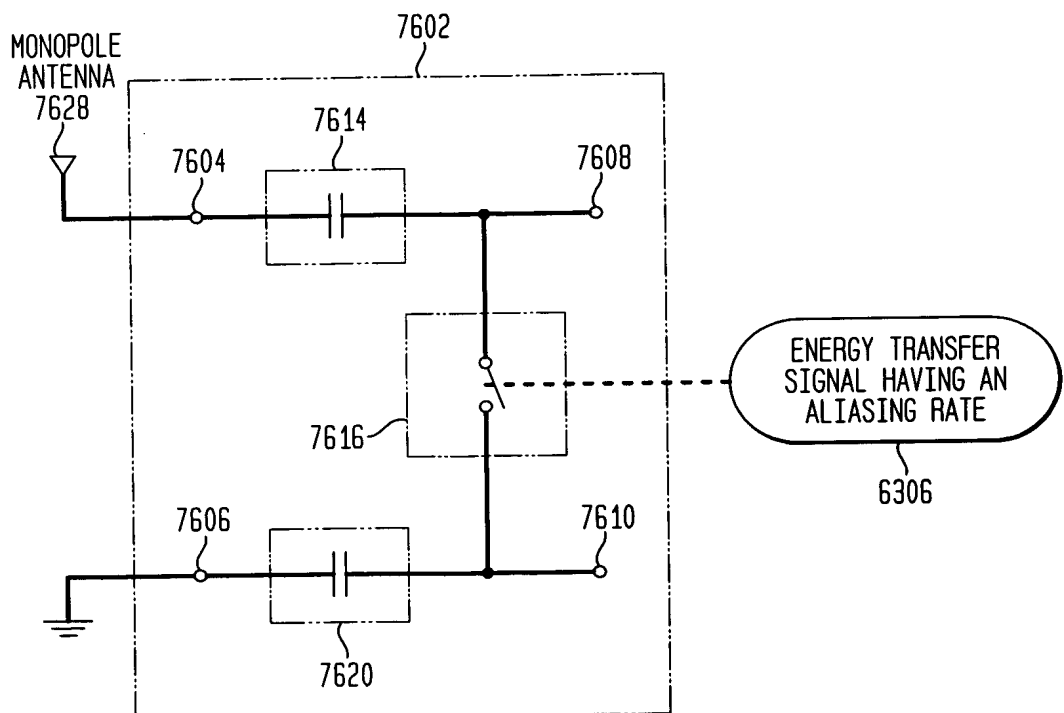
**FIG. 76B**

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT

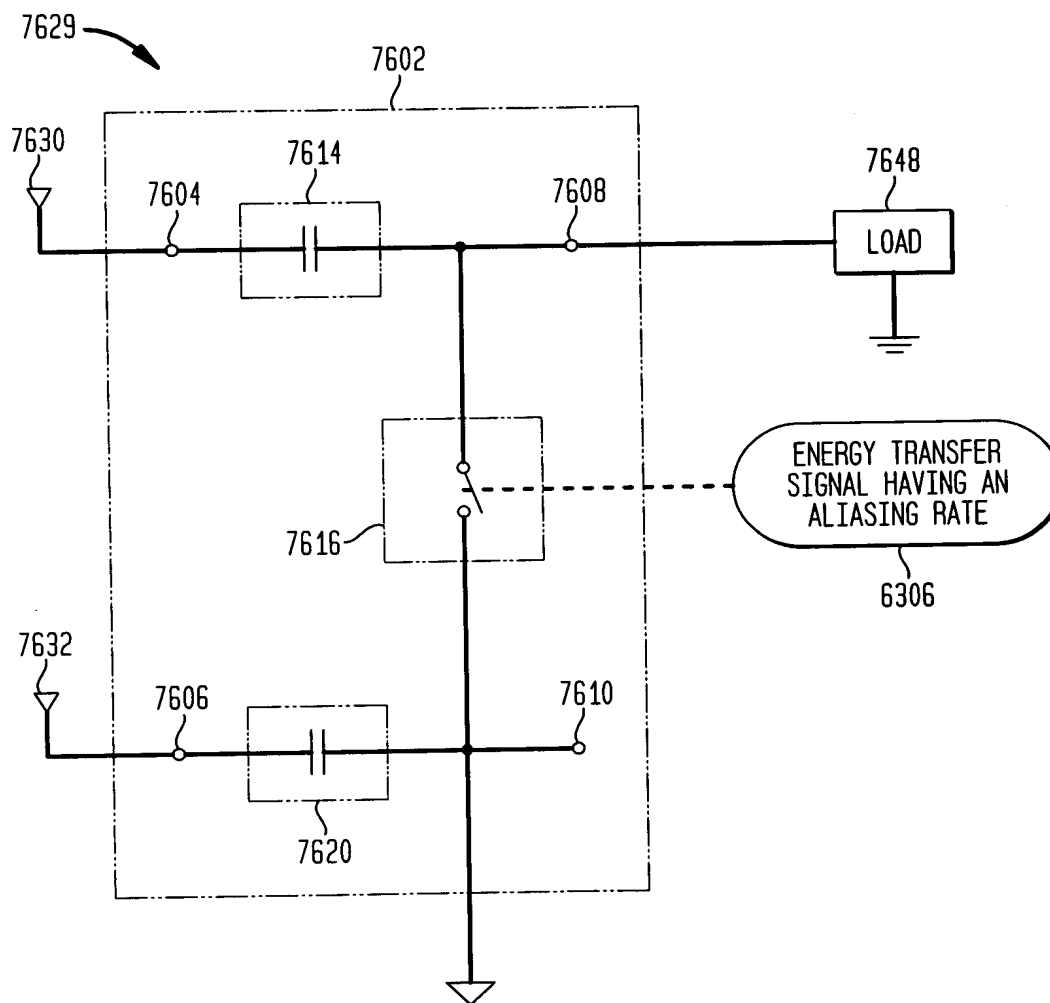


**FIG. 76C**

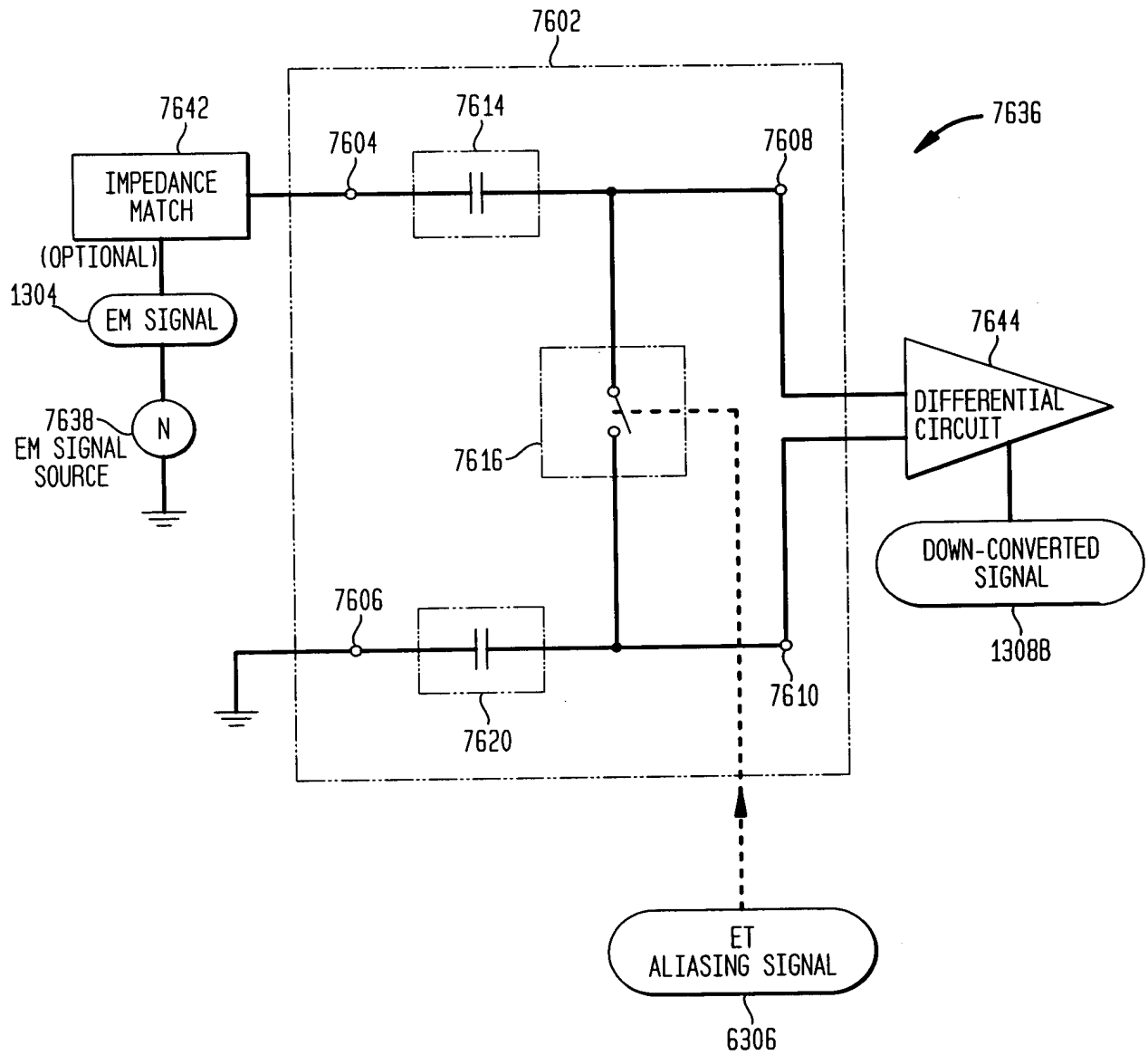
SINGLE INPUT TO DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT



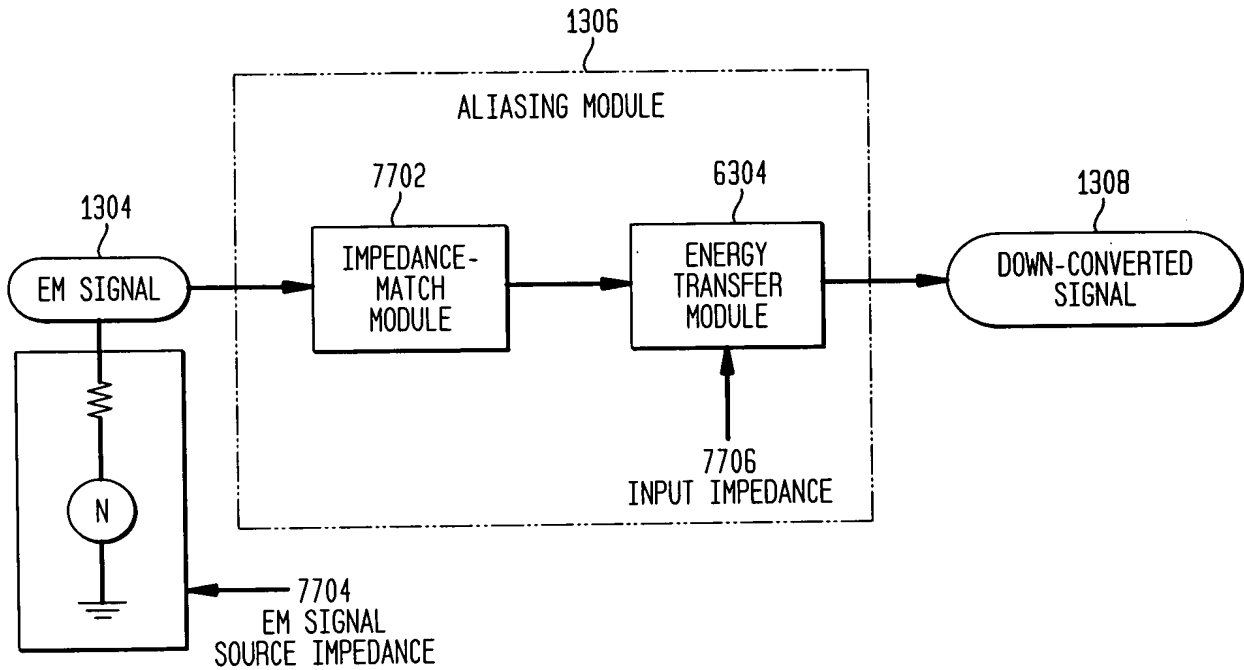
**FIG. 76D**  
 DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO SINGLE OUTPUT



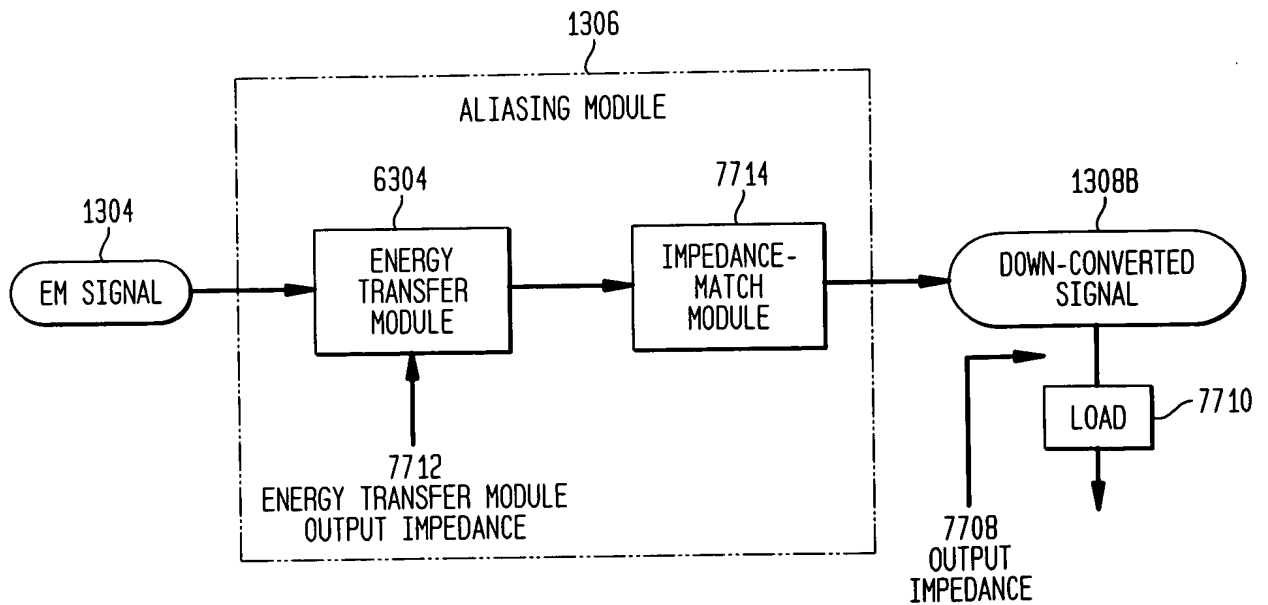
**FIG. 76E**  
 EXAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT CIRCUITRY



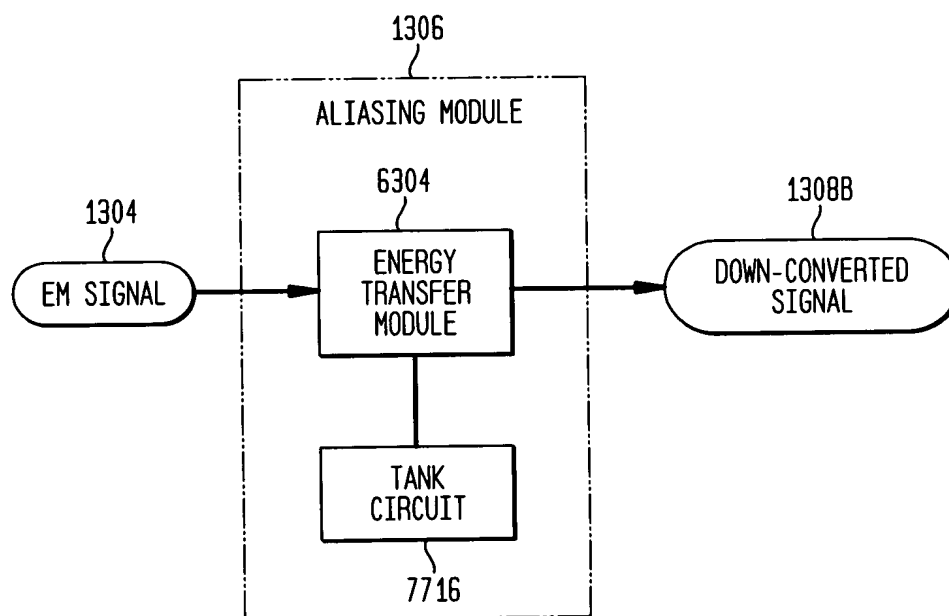
**FIG. 77A**



**FIG. 77B**

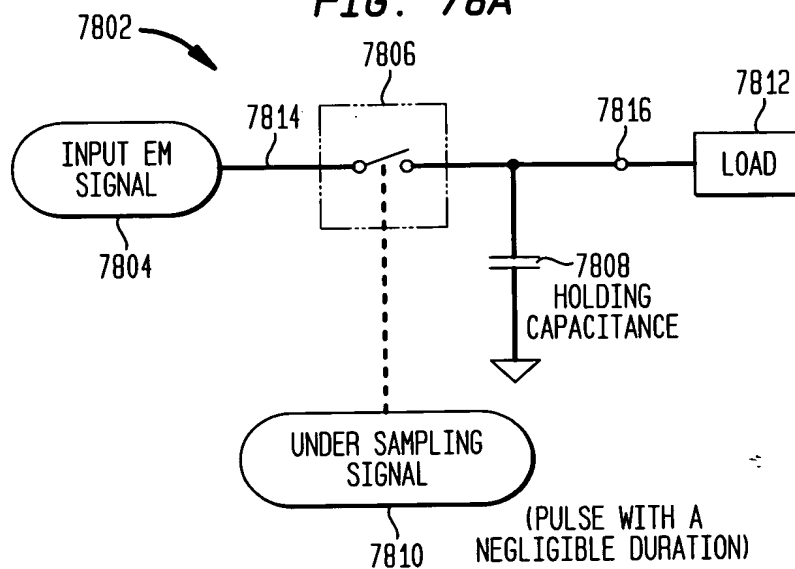


**FIG. 77C**





**FIG. 78A**



**FIG. 78B**

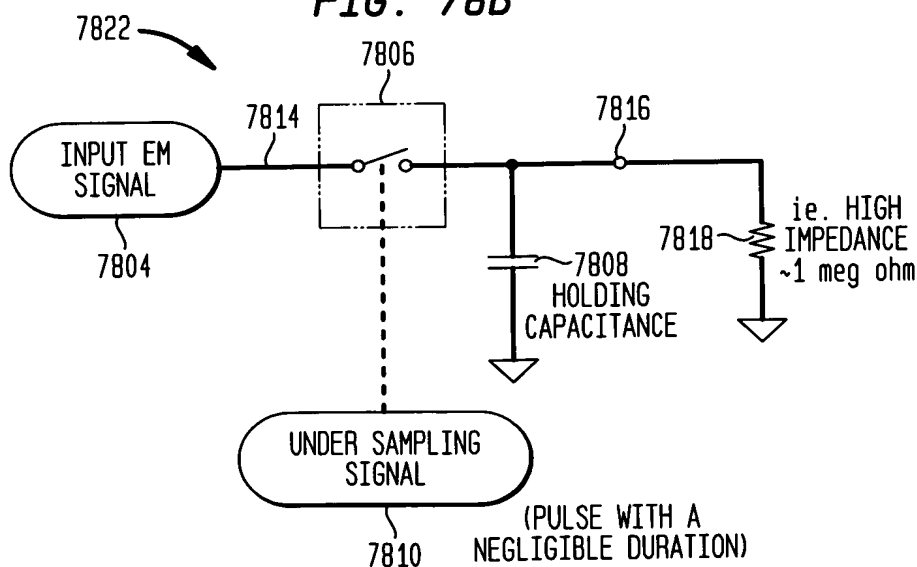


FIG. 79A

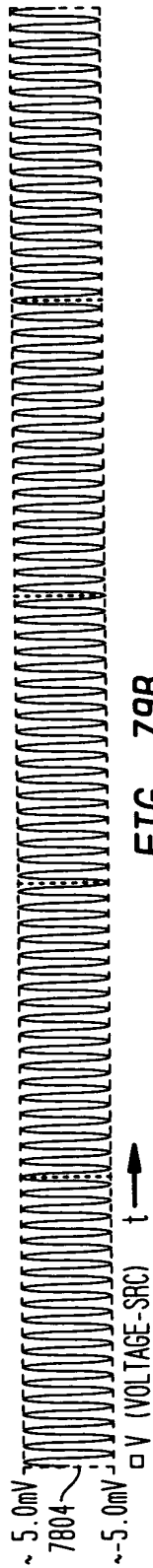


FIG. 79B

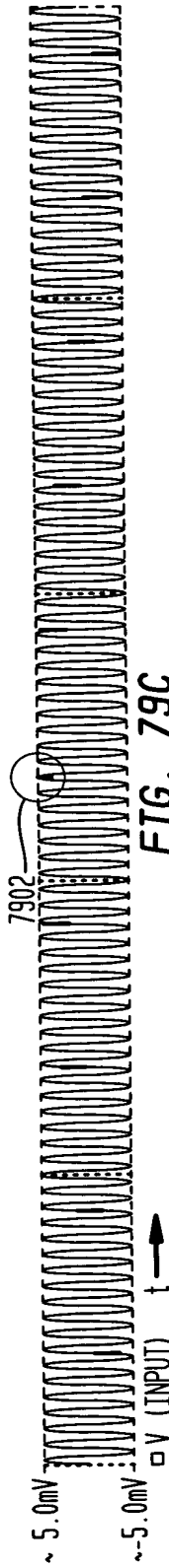


FIG. 79C

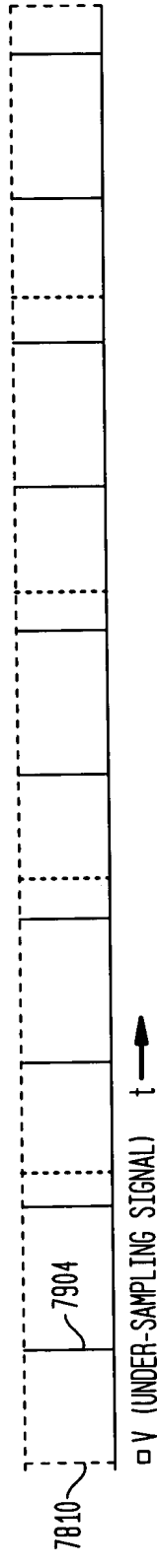


FIG. 79D

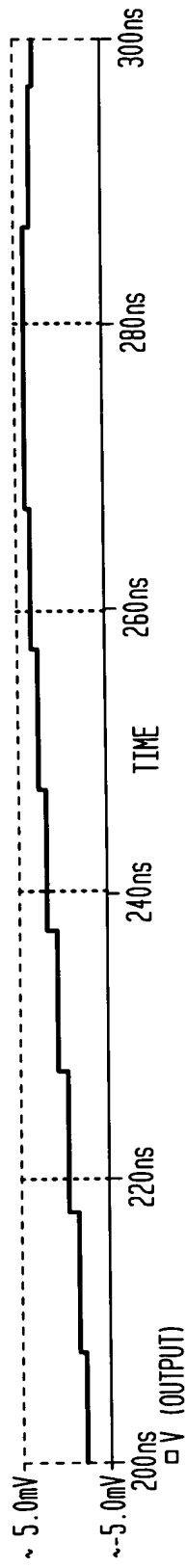


FIG. 79E

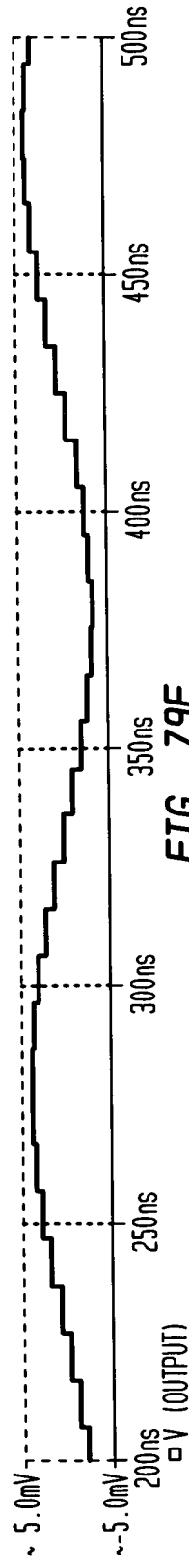


FIG. 79F

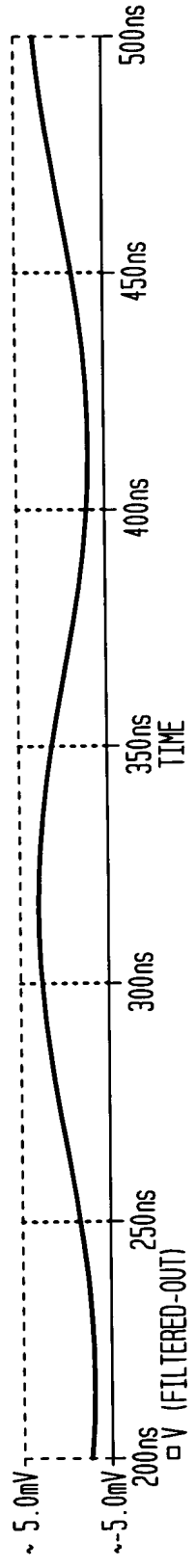


FIG. 80A

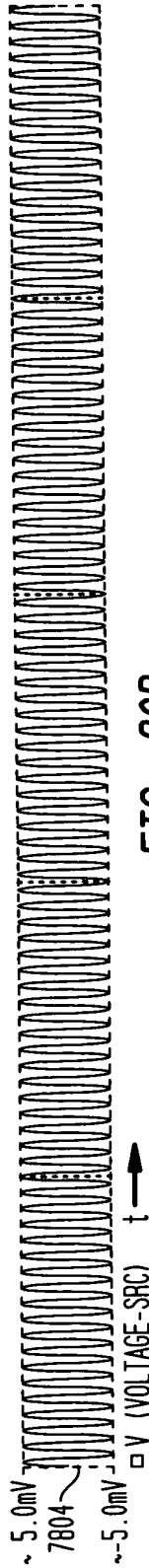


FIG. 80B

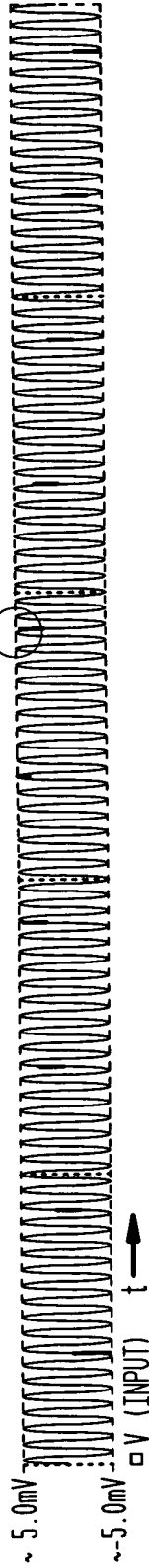


FIG. 80C

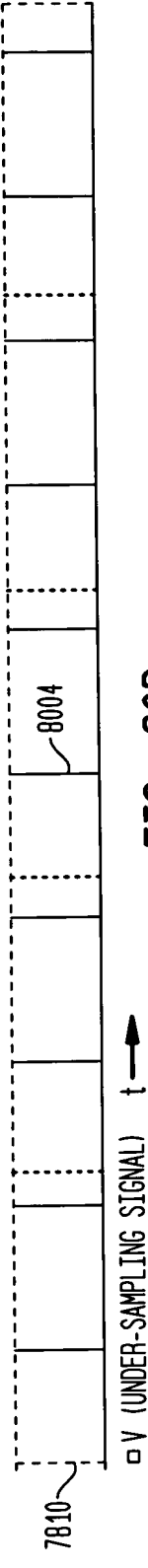


FIG. 80D

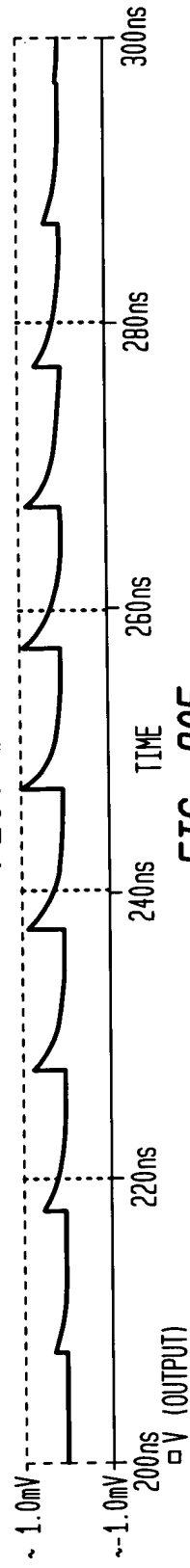


FIG. 80E

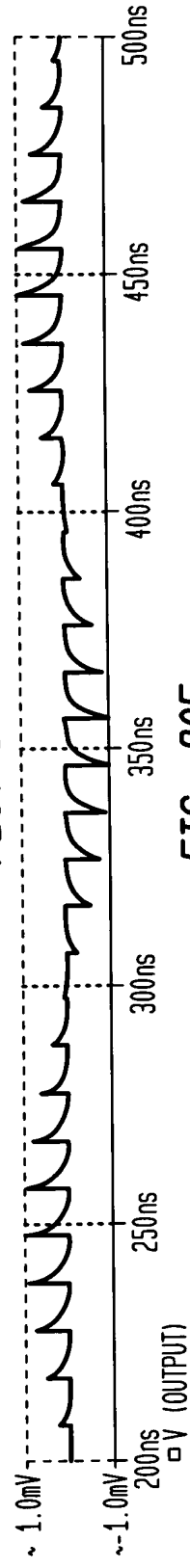


FIG. 80F

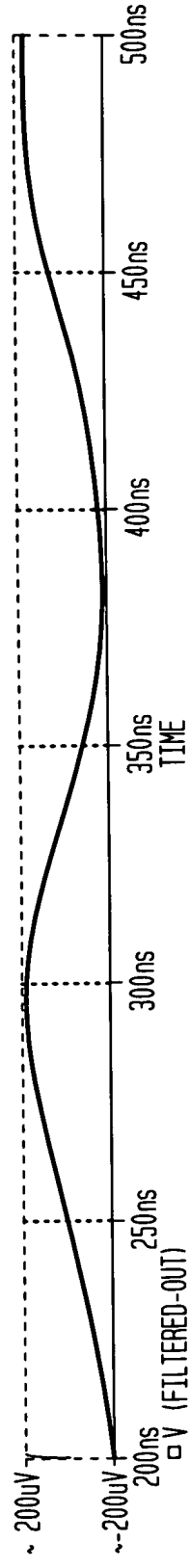


FIG. 81A

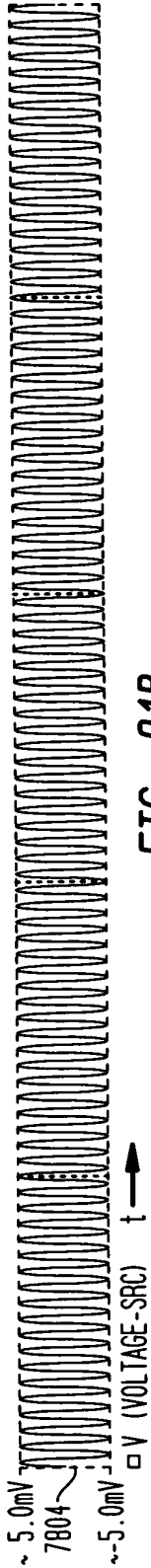


FIG. 81B

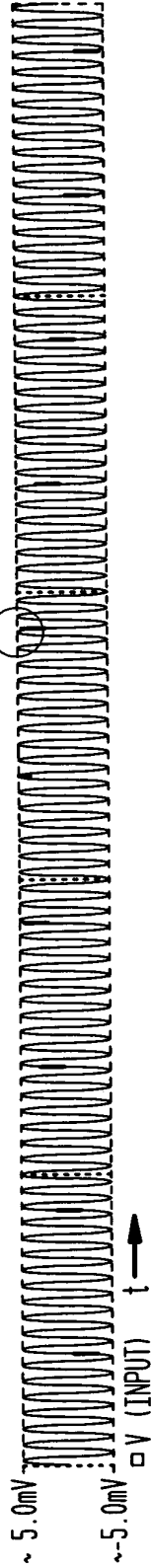


FIG. 81C

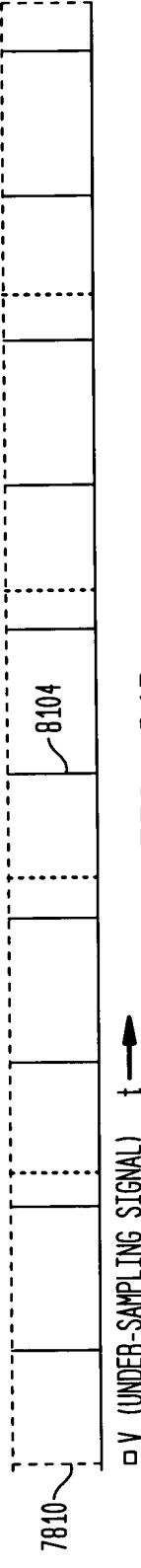


FIG. 81D

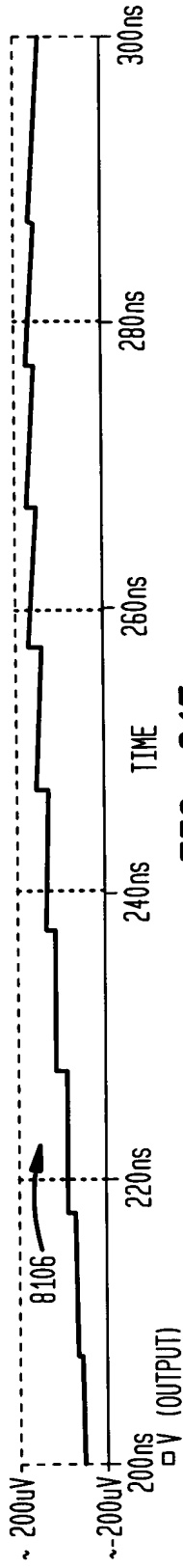


FIG. 81E

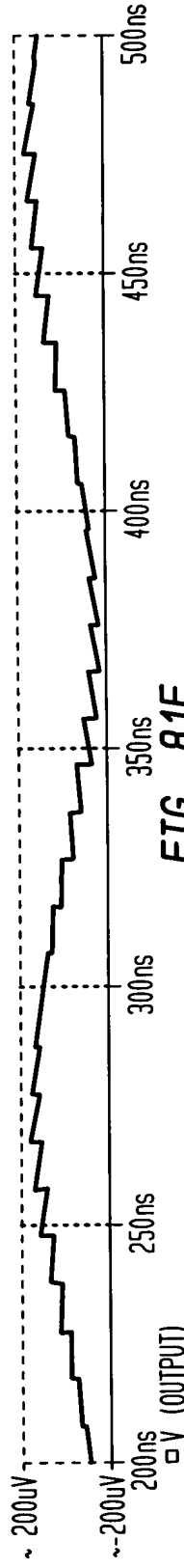
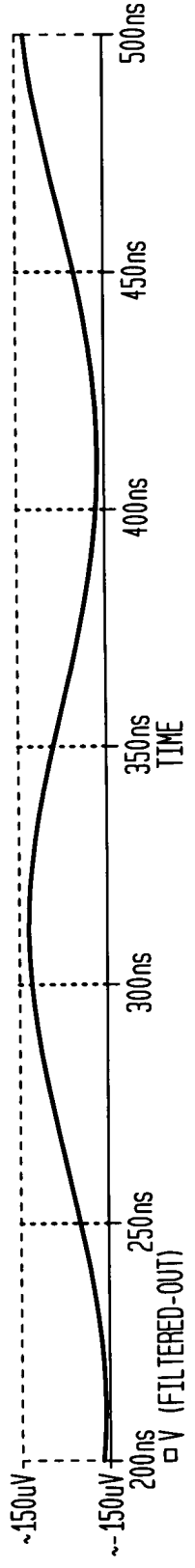


FIG. 81F



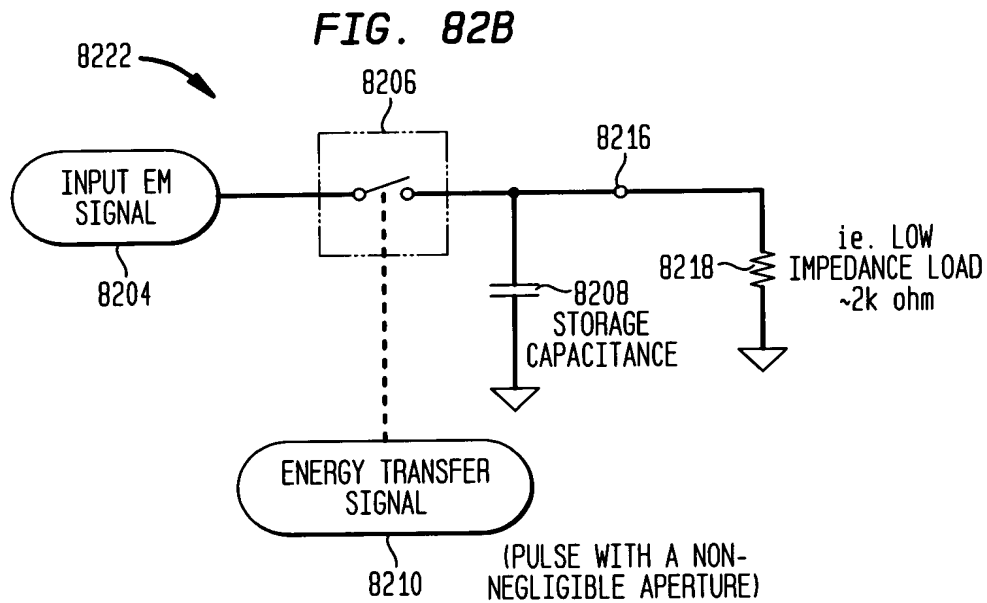
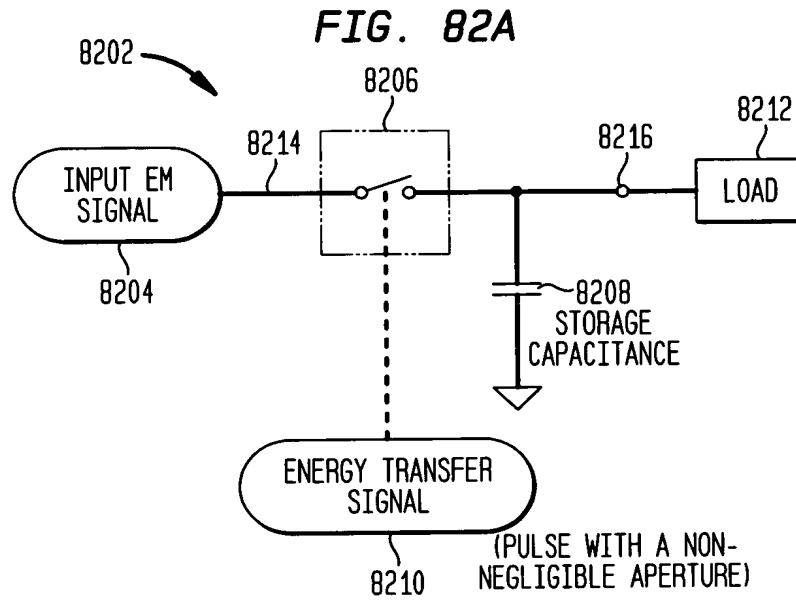


FIG. 83A

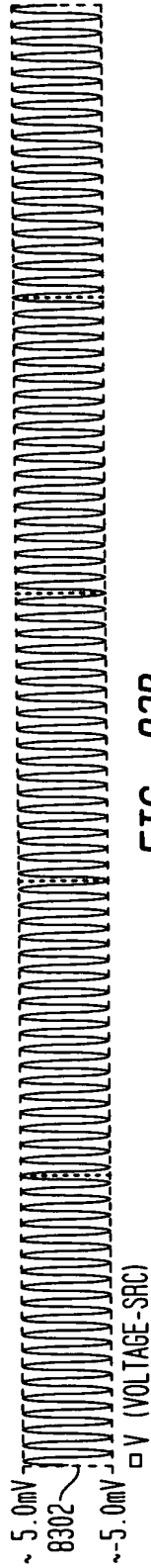


FIG. 83B

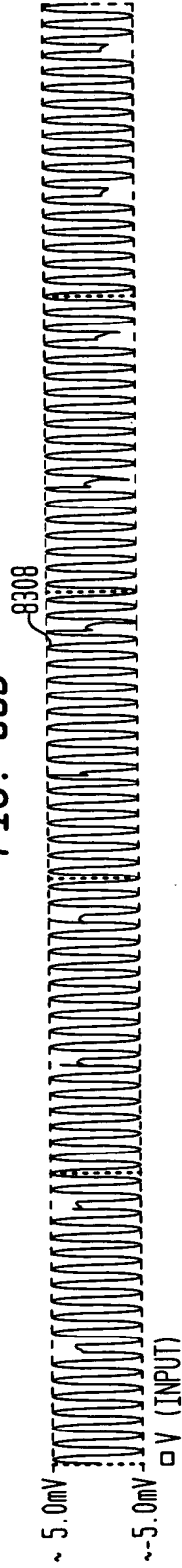


FIG. 83C

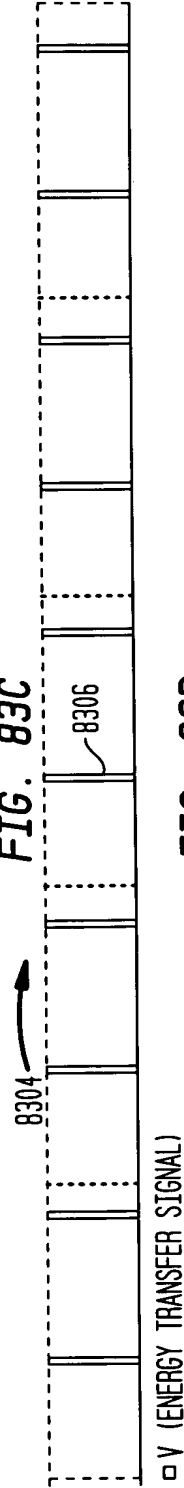


FIG. 83D

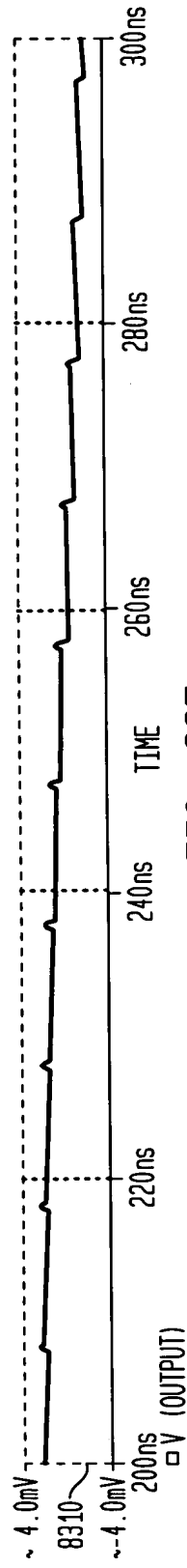


FIG. 83E

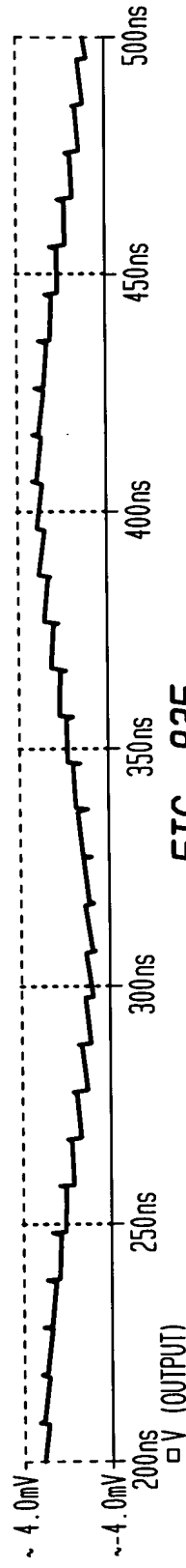
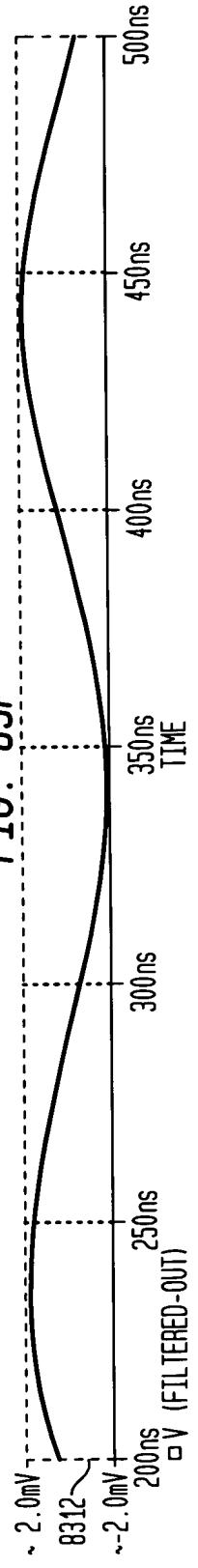
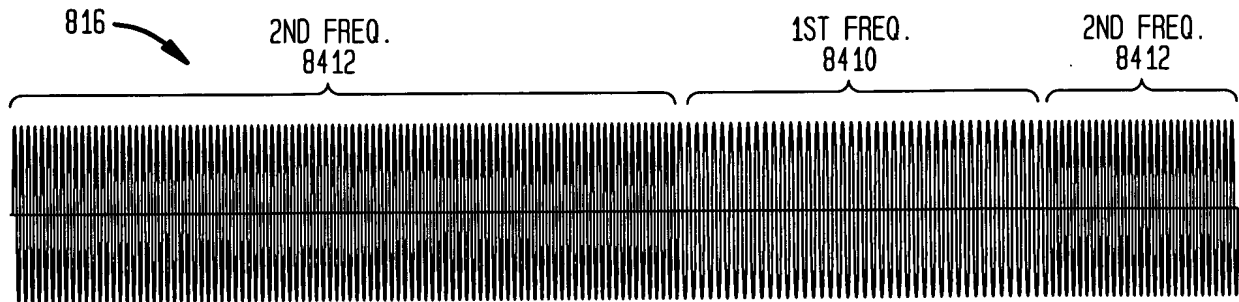


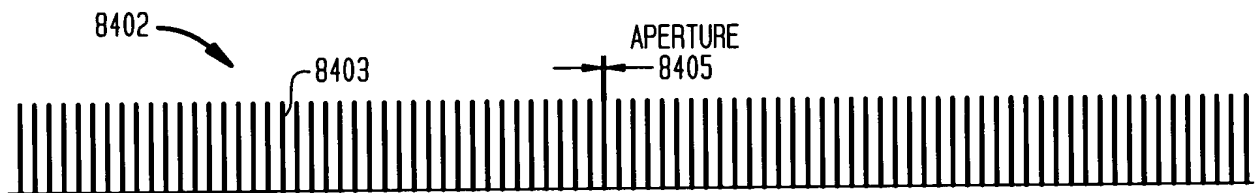
FIG. 83F



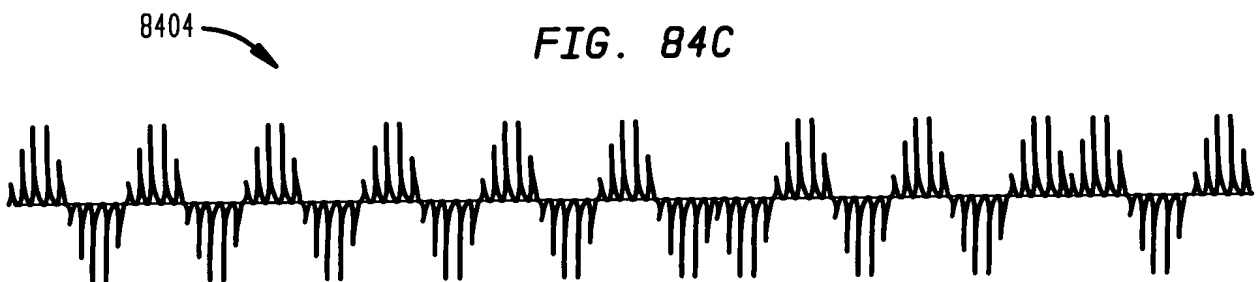
**FIG. 84A**



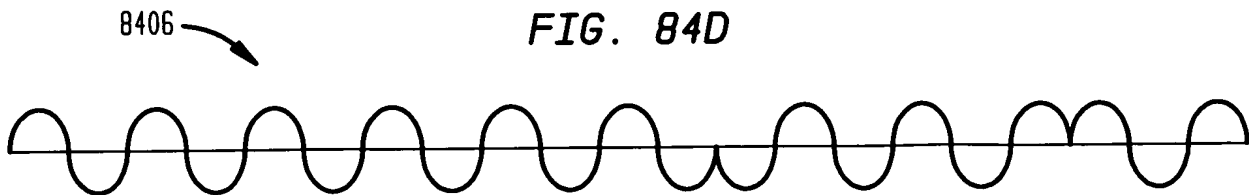
**FIG. 84B**



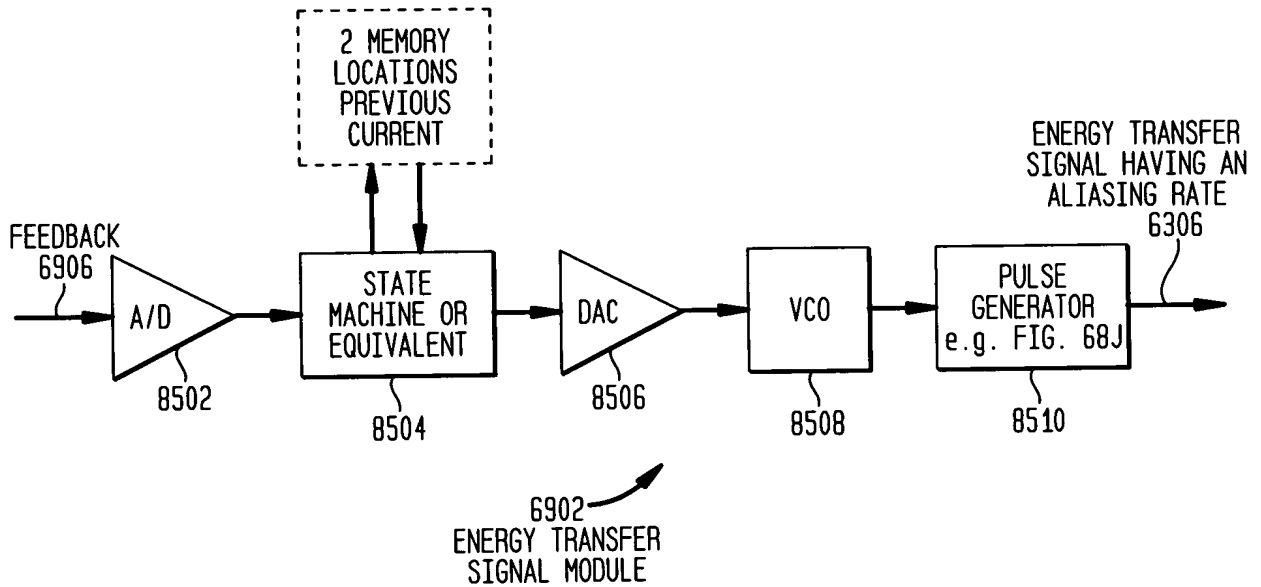
**FIG. 84C**



**FIG. 84D**

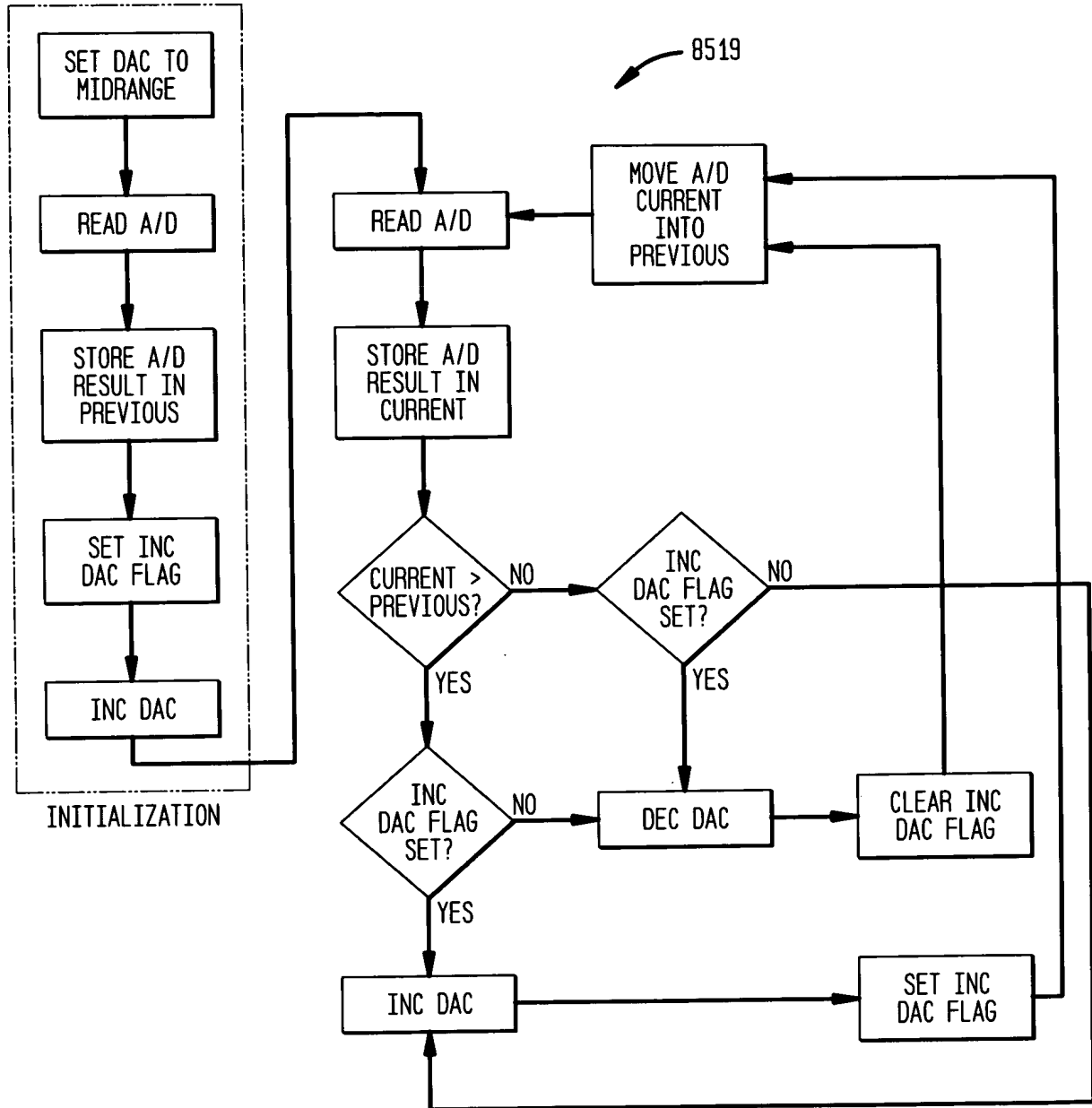


**FIG. 85A**



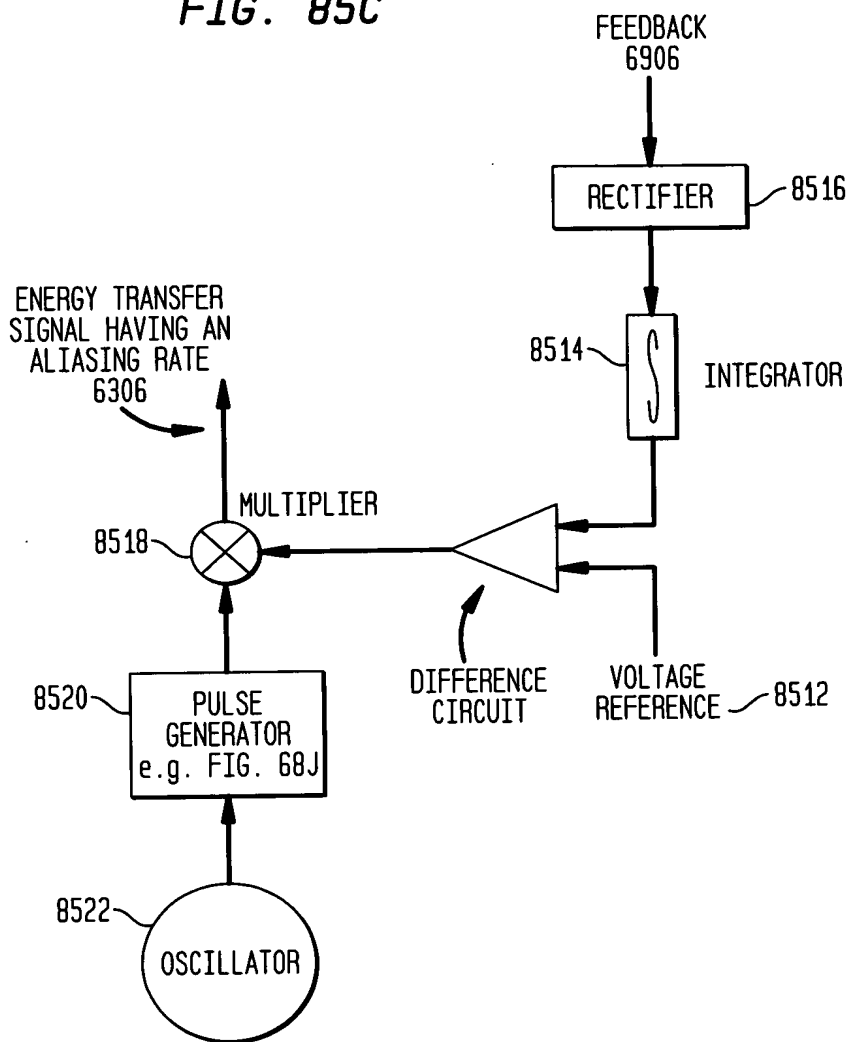


**FIG. 85B**



**STATE MACHINE FLOWCHART**

**FIG. 85C**



ENERGY TRANSFER SIGNAL MODULE 6902

FIG. 86

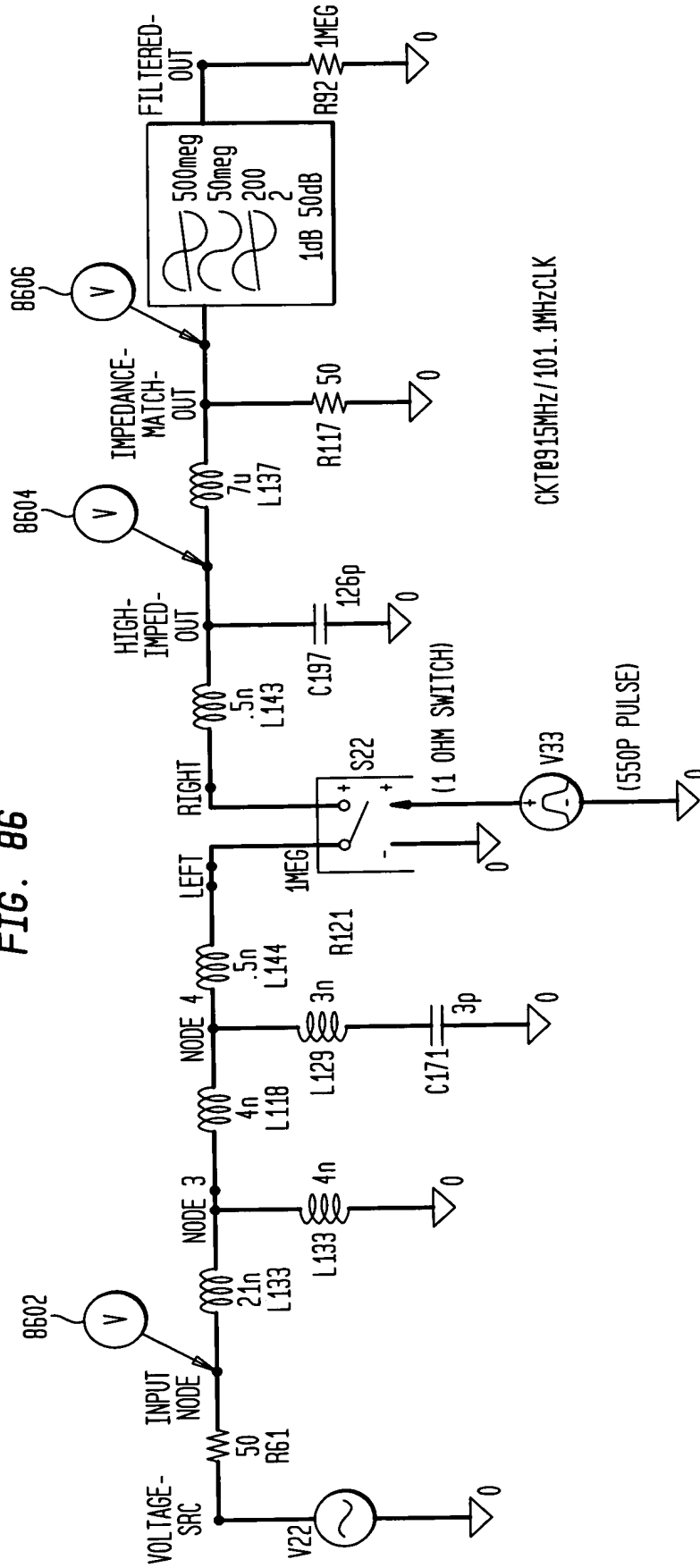


FIG. 87

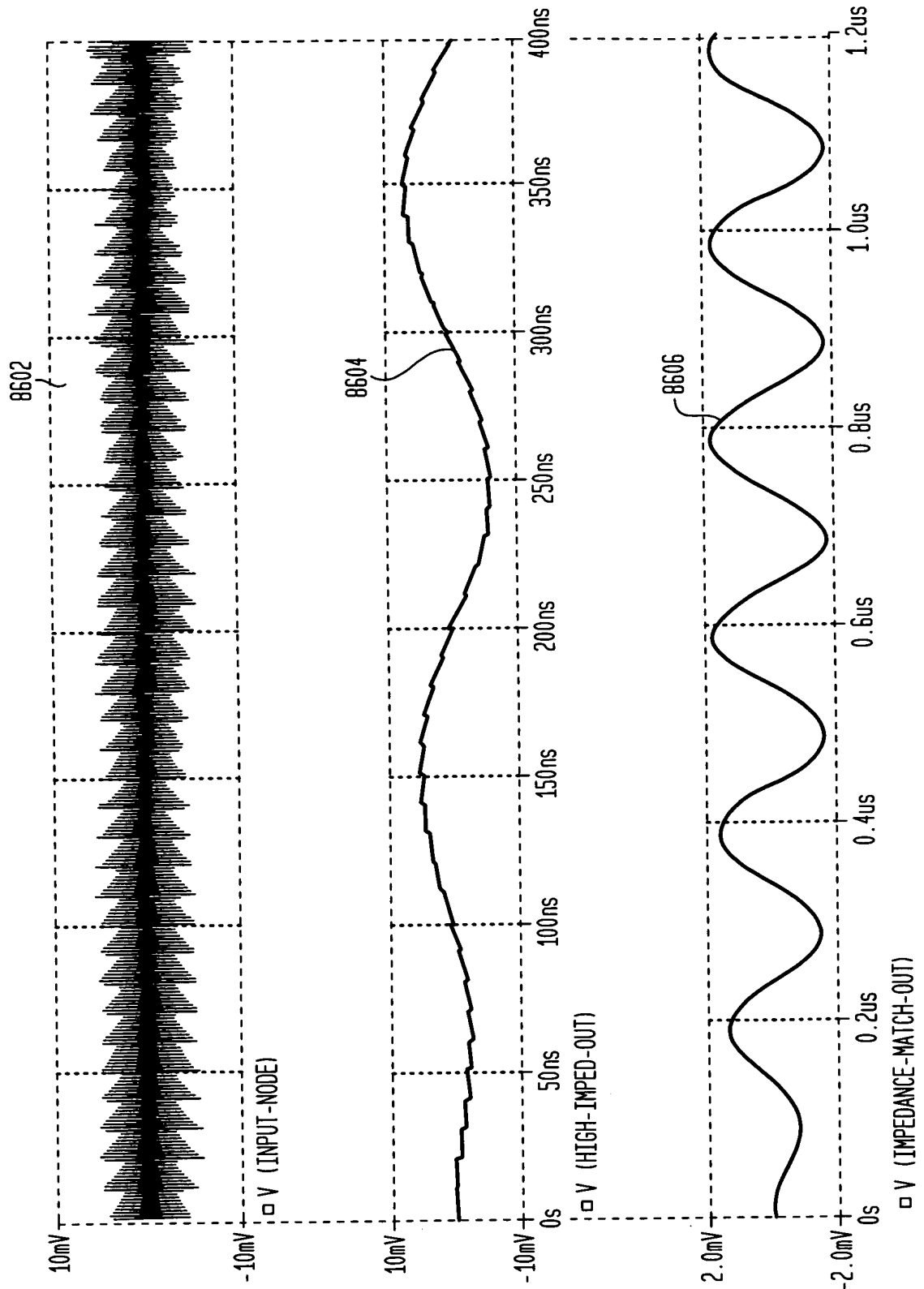


FIG. 88

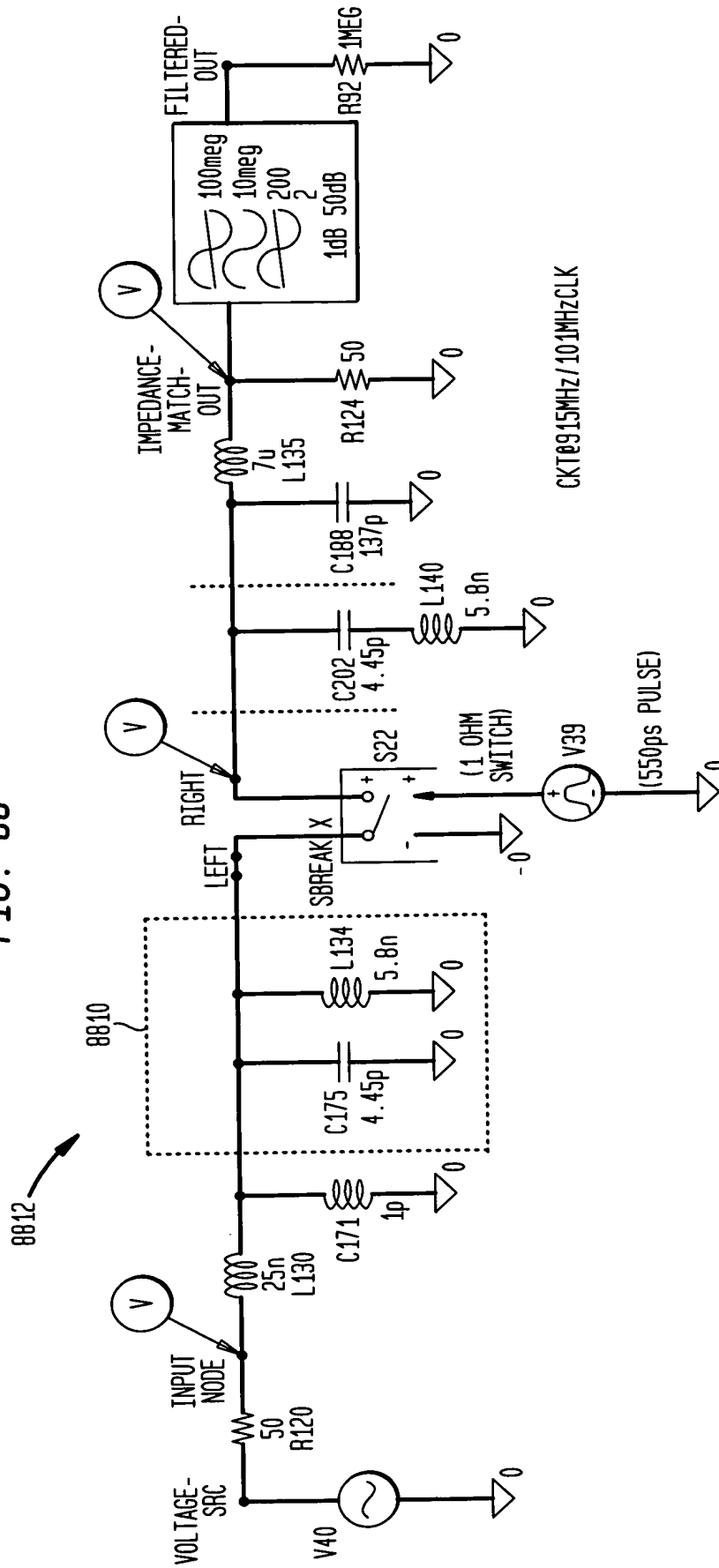


FIG. 89

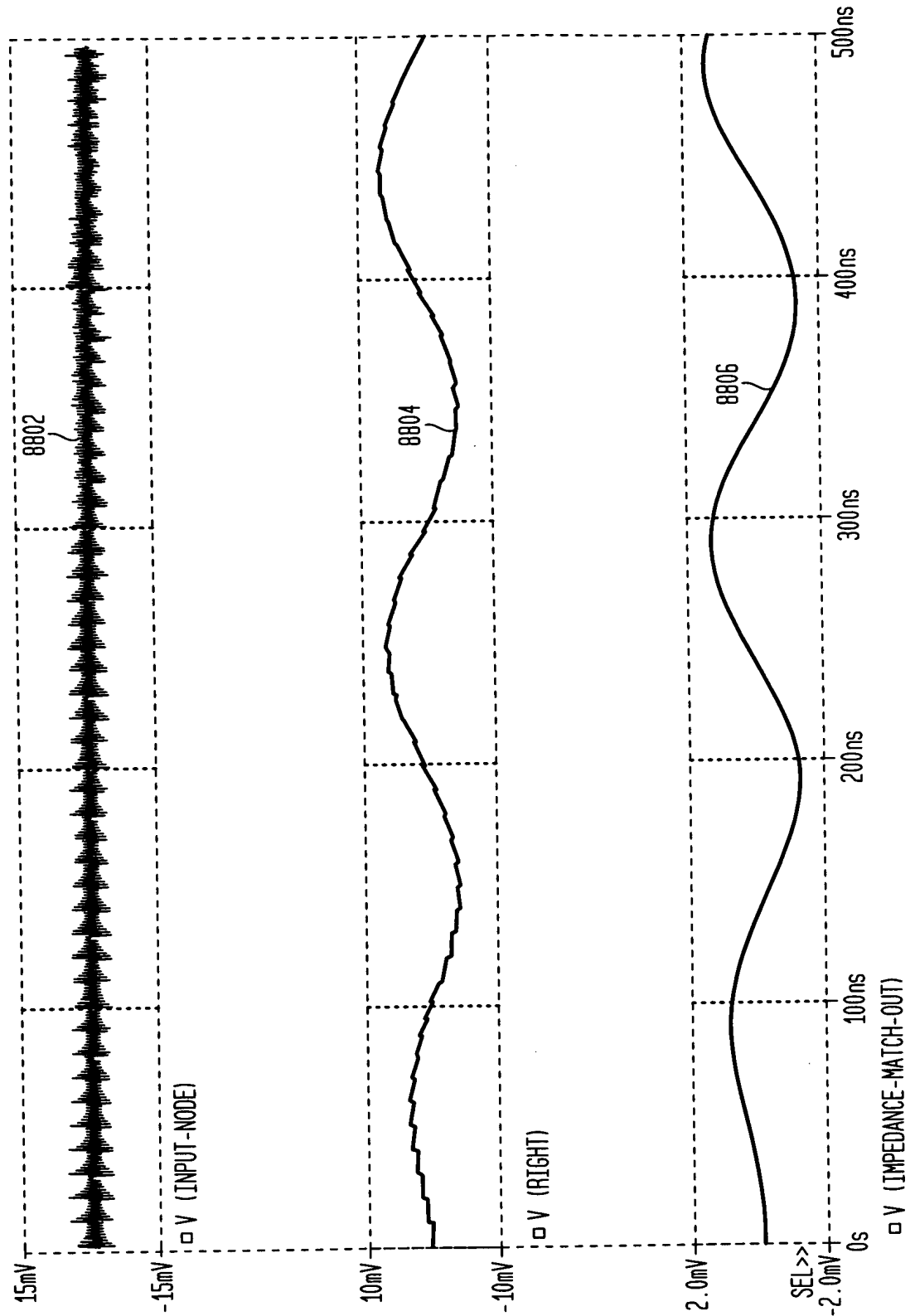


FIG. 90

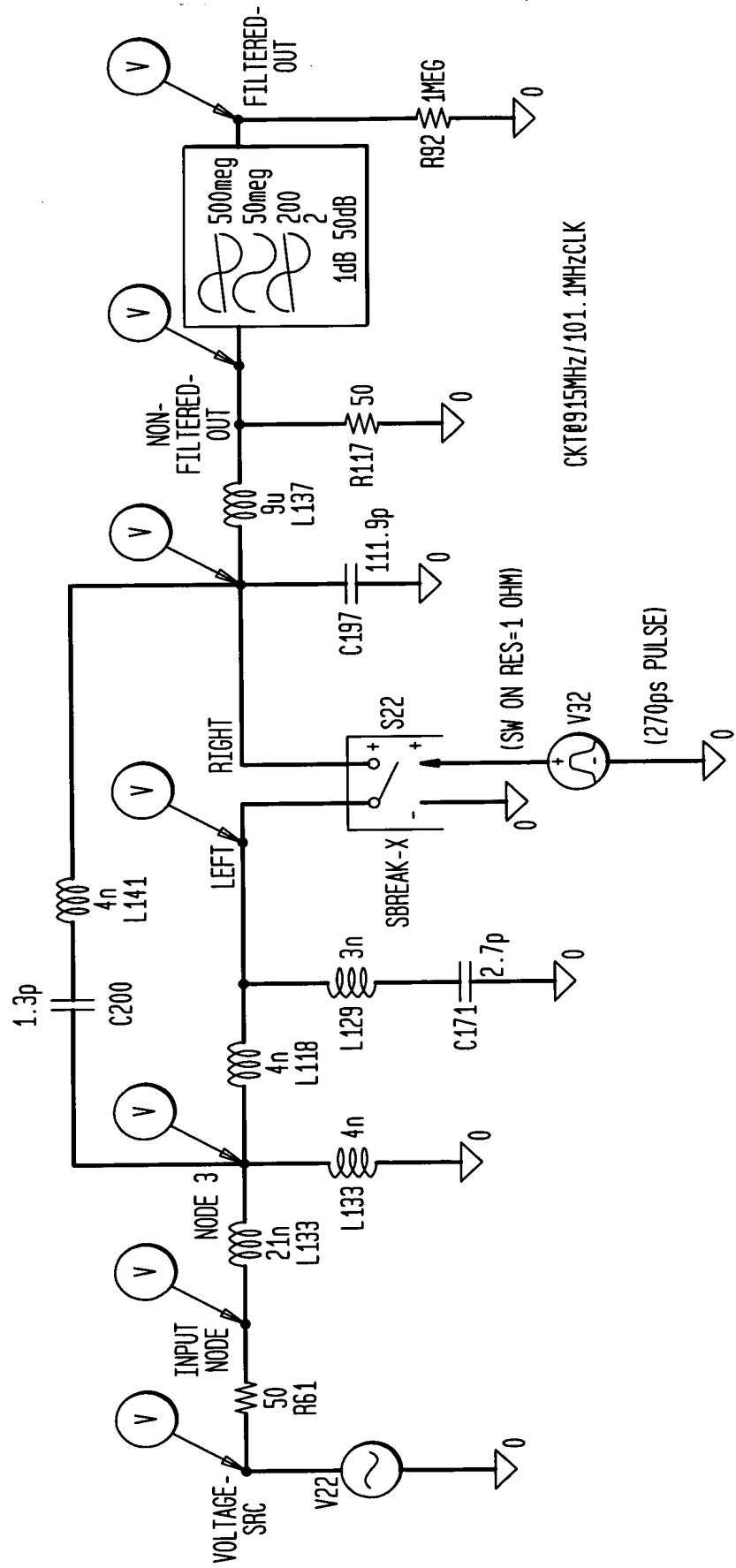
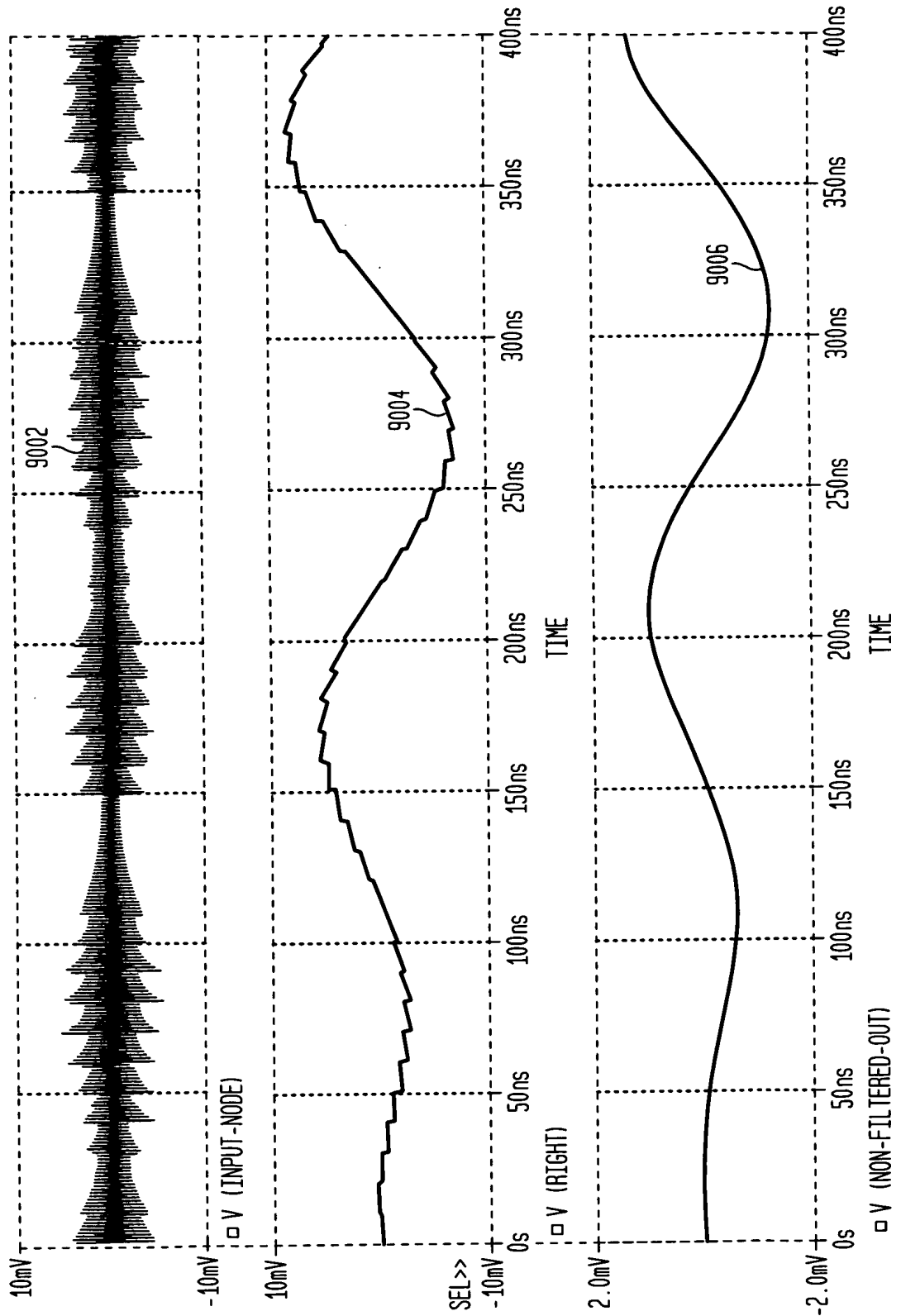


FIG. 91





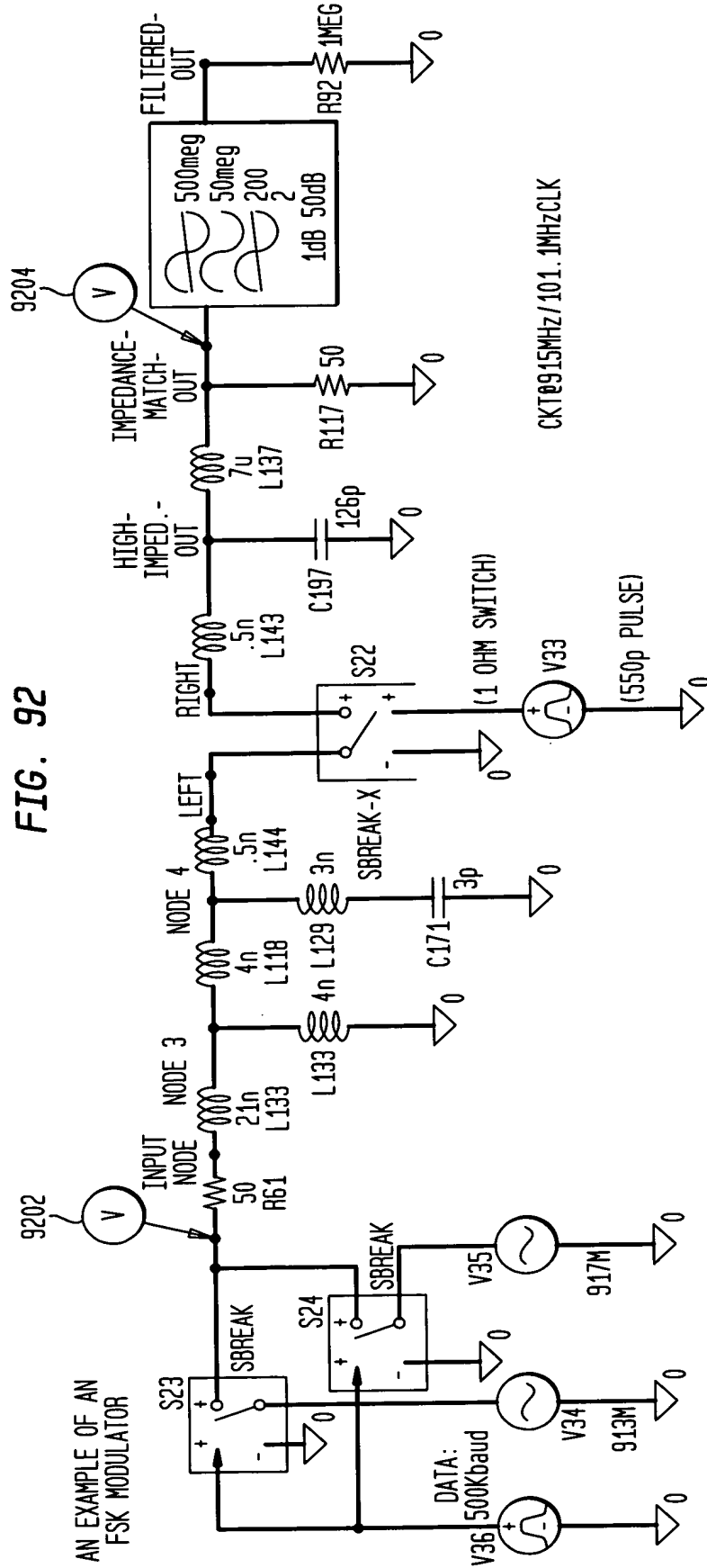


FIG. 93

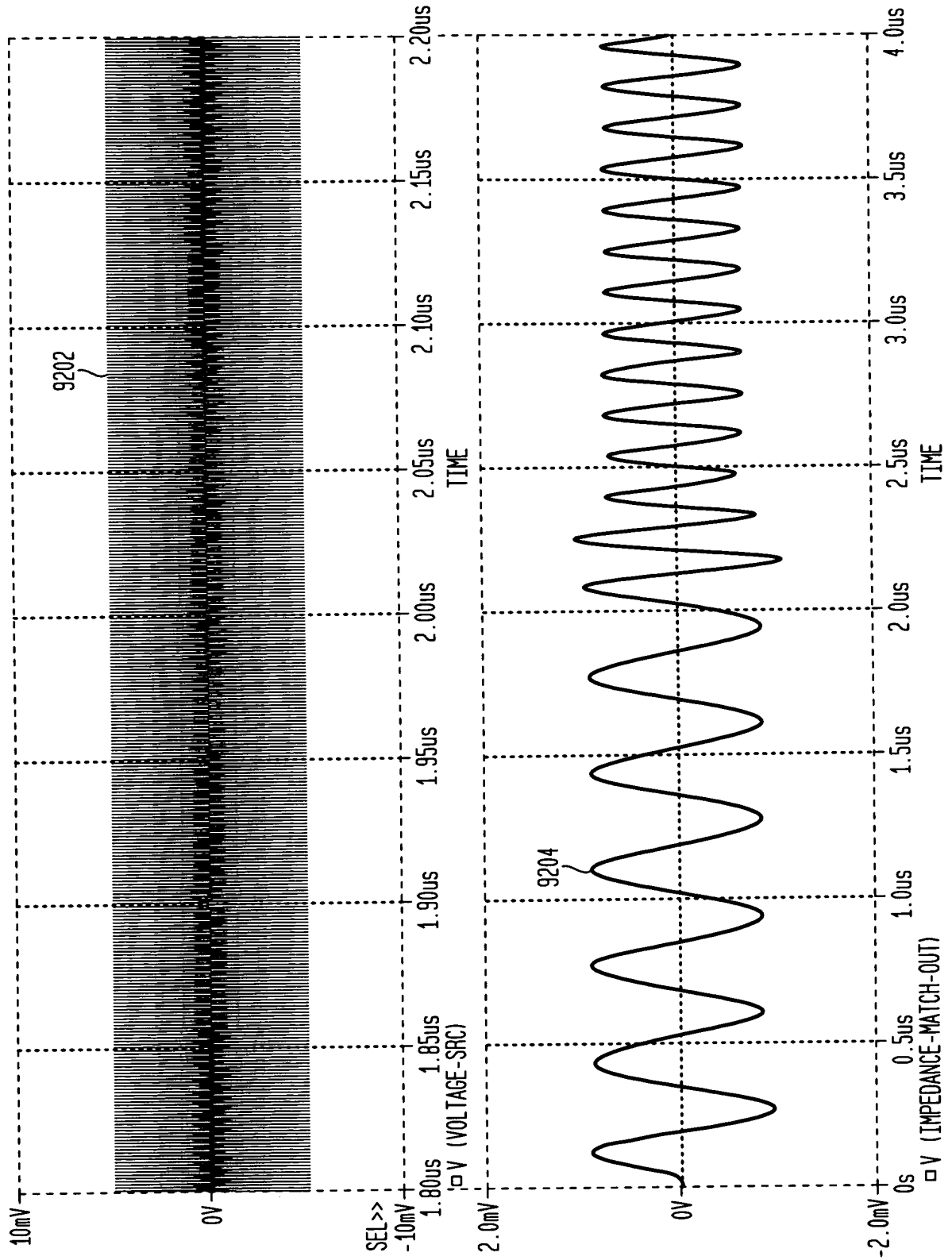


FIG. 94A

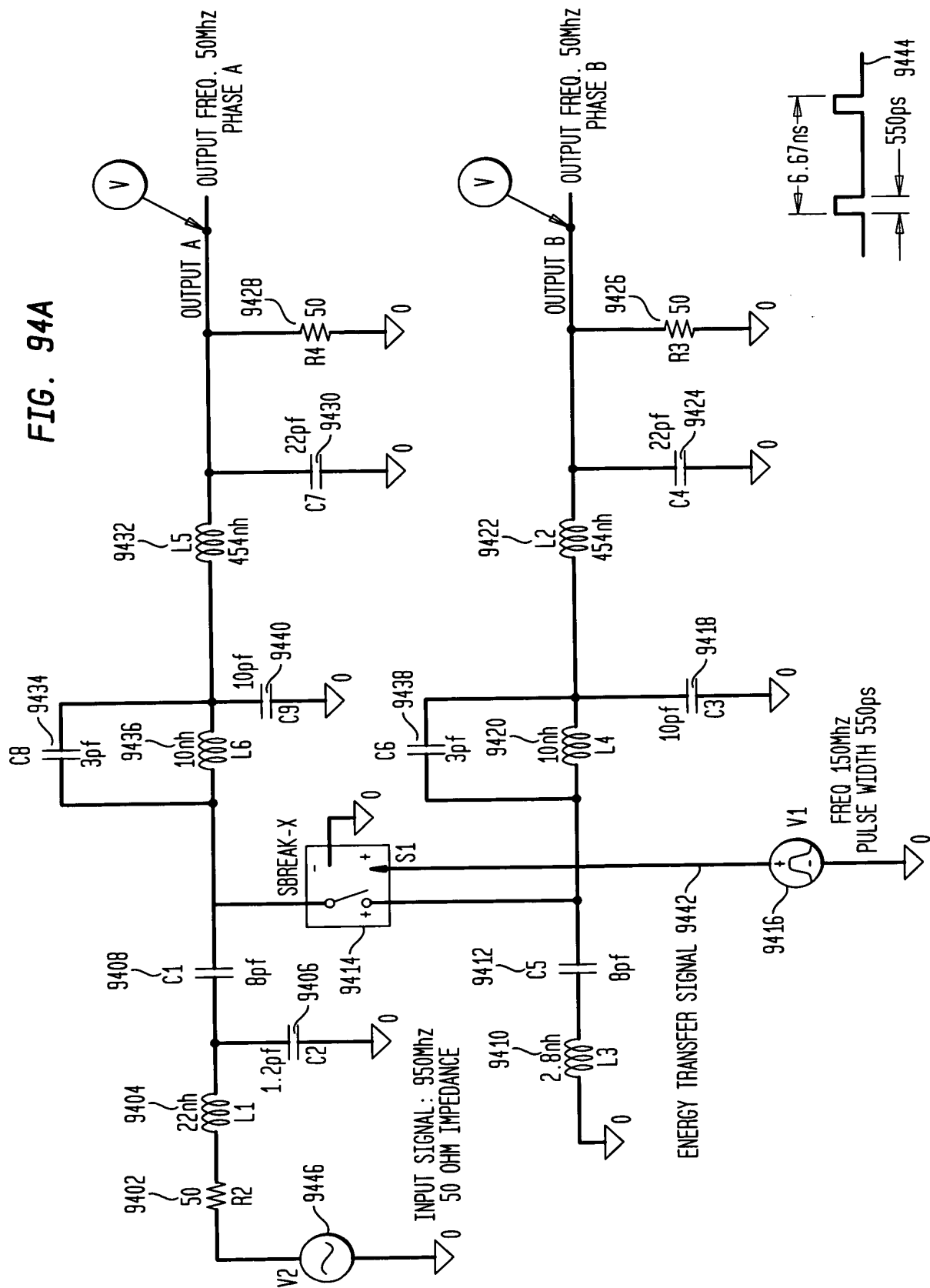


FIG. 94B

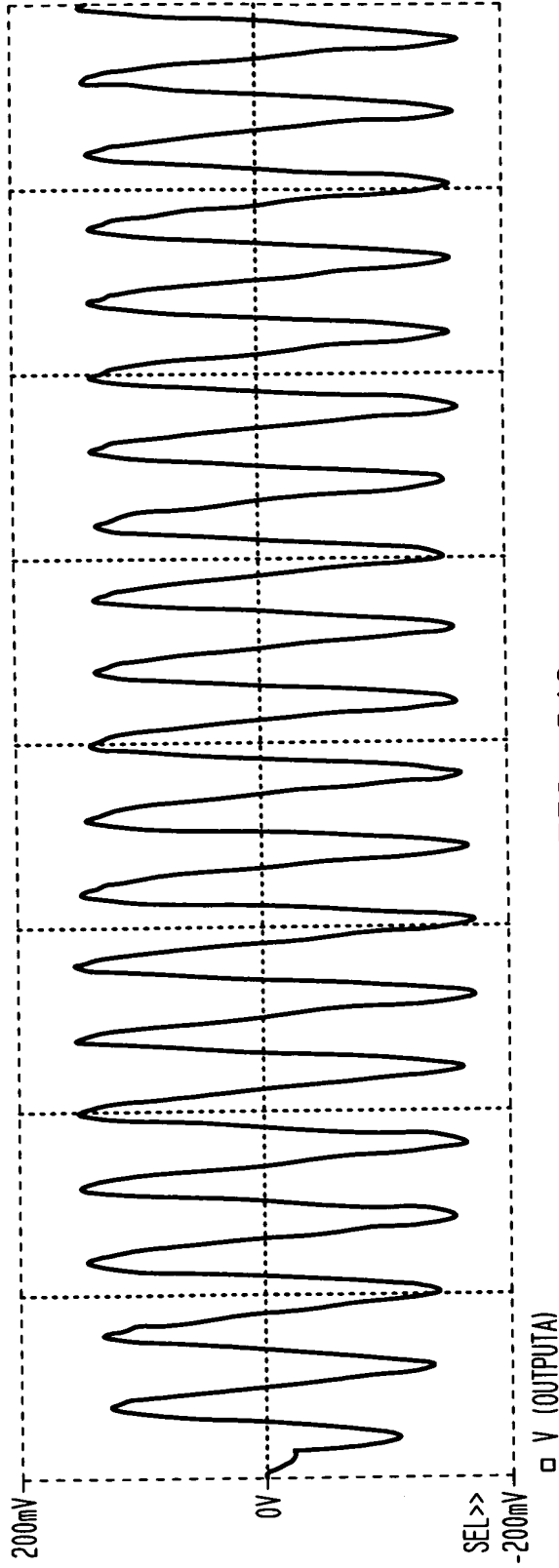
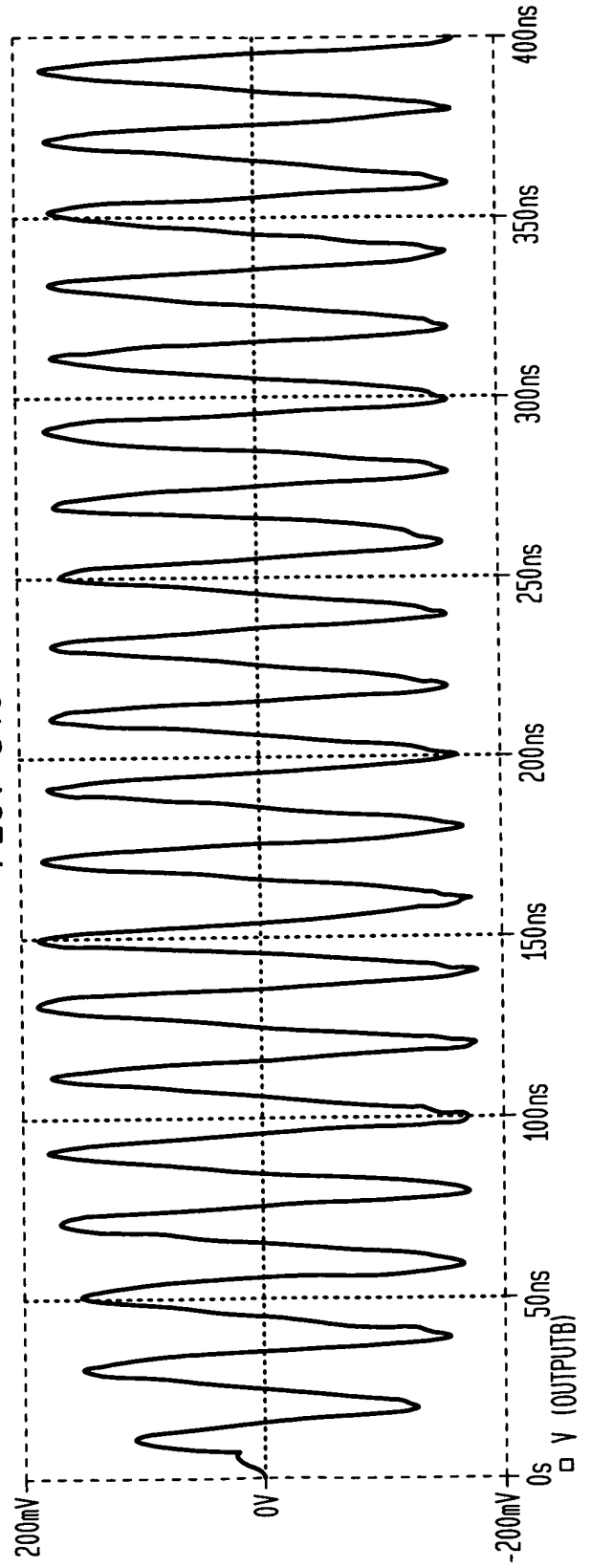


FIG. 94C



**FIG. 95**

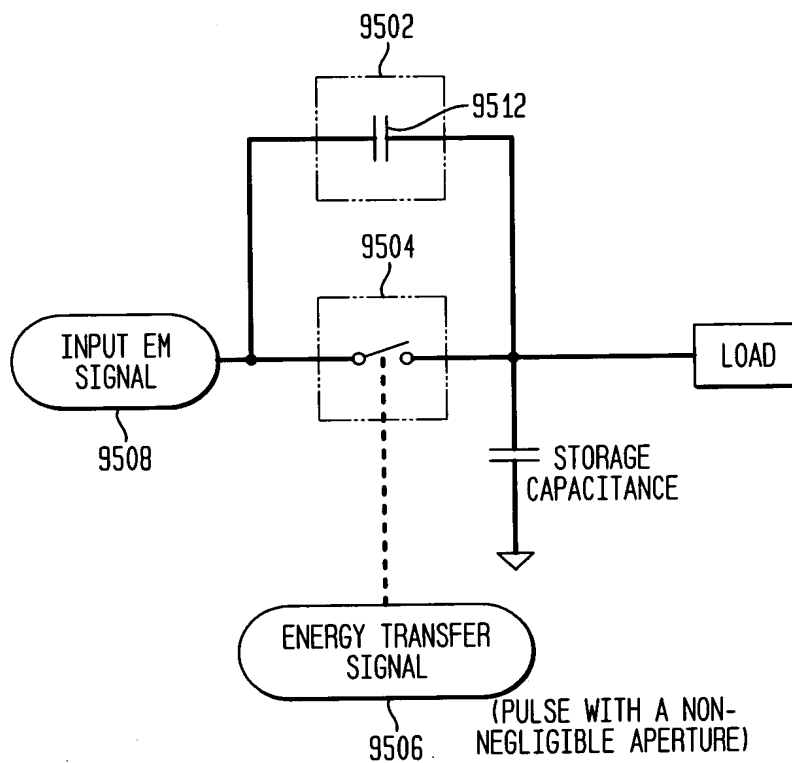
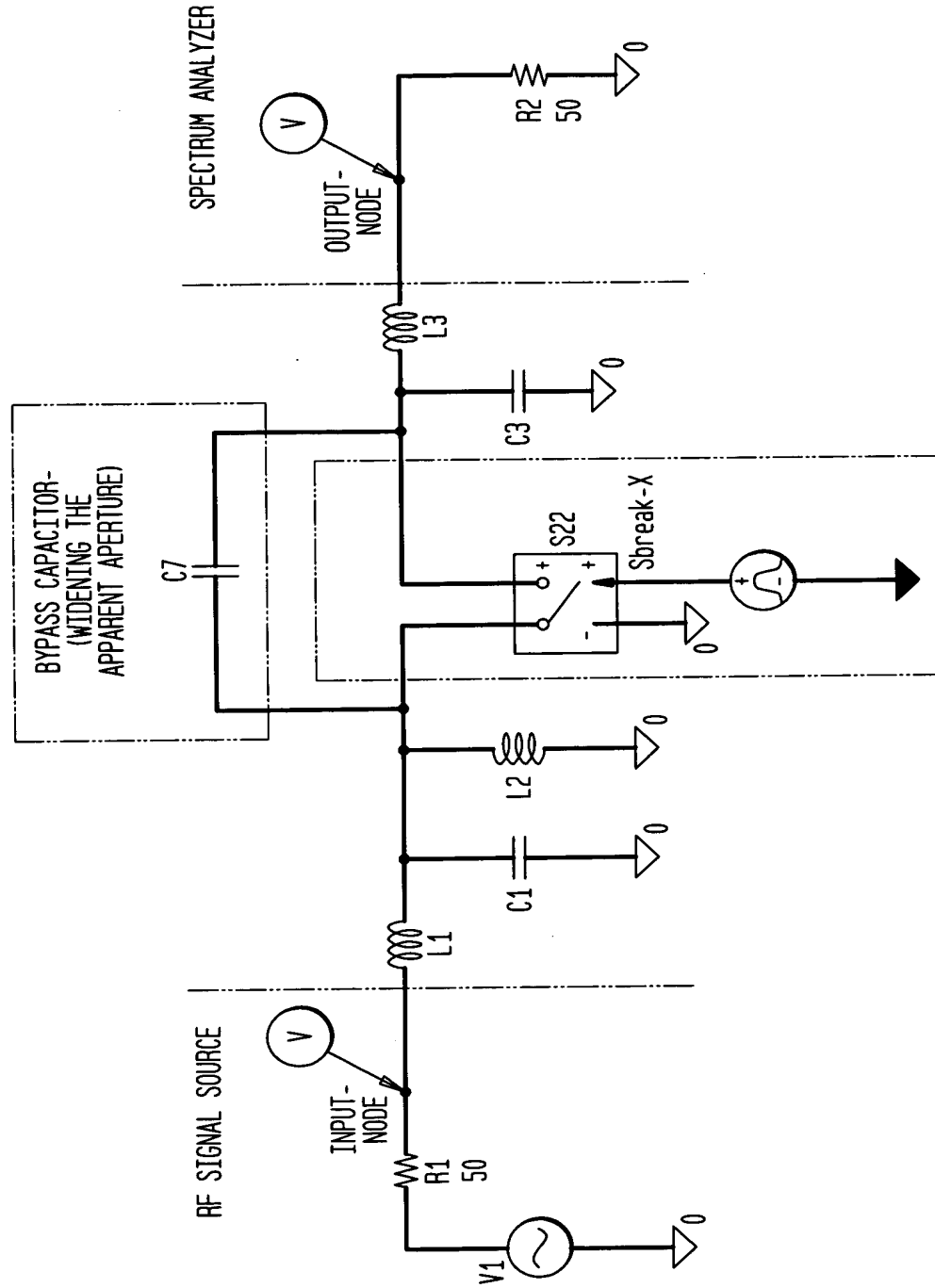
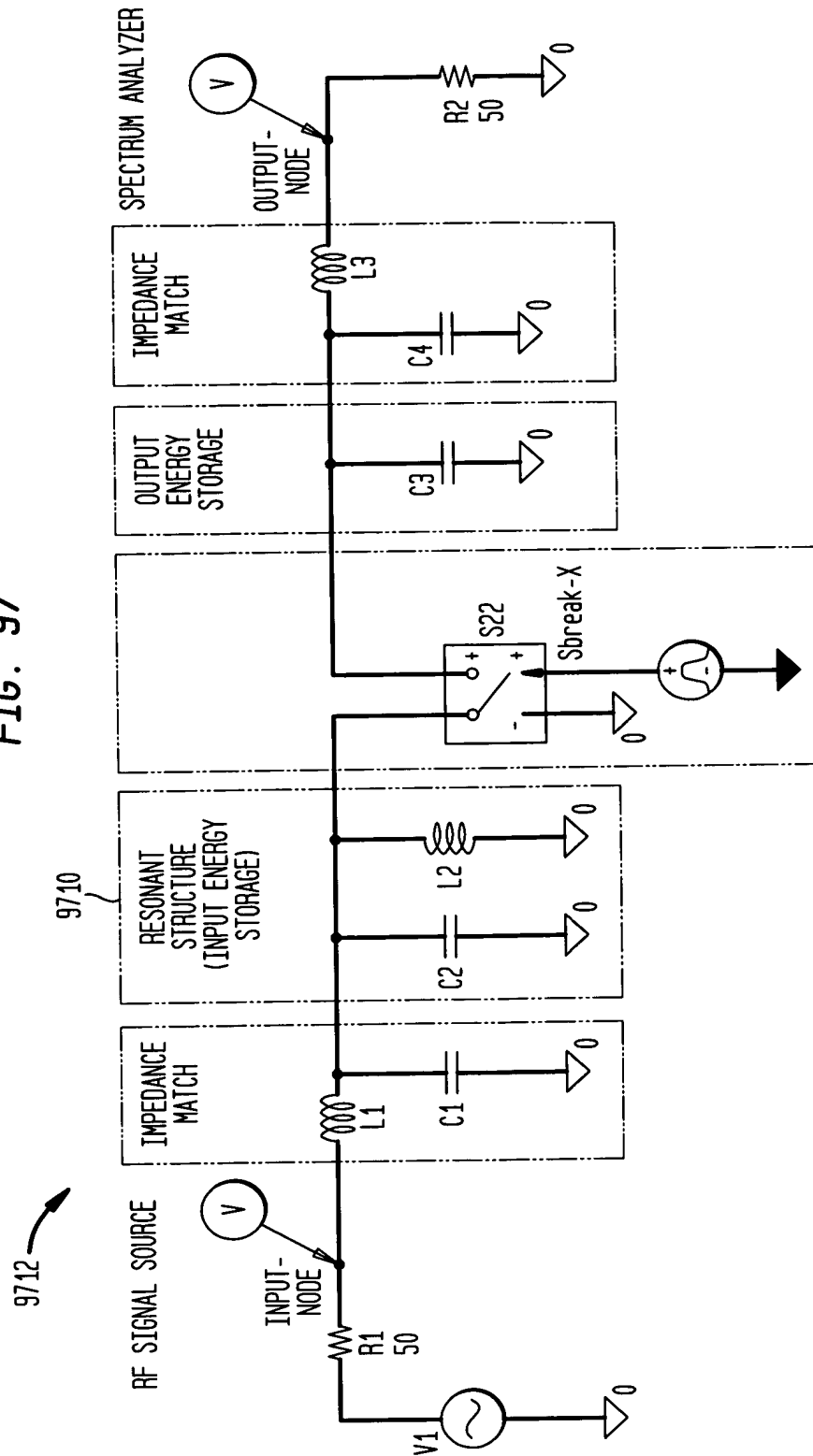


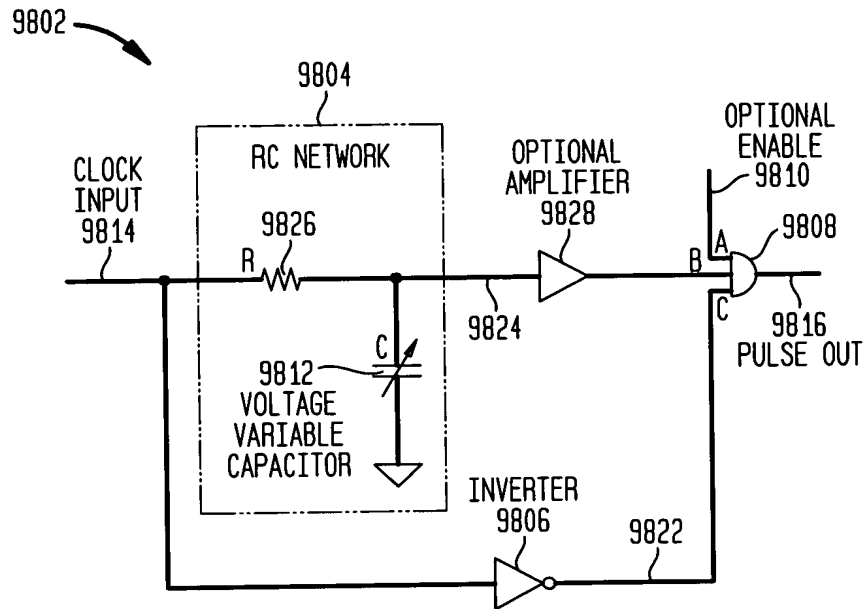
FIG. 96



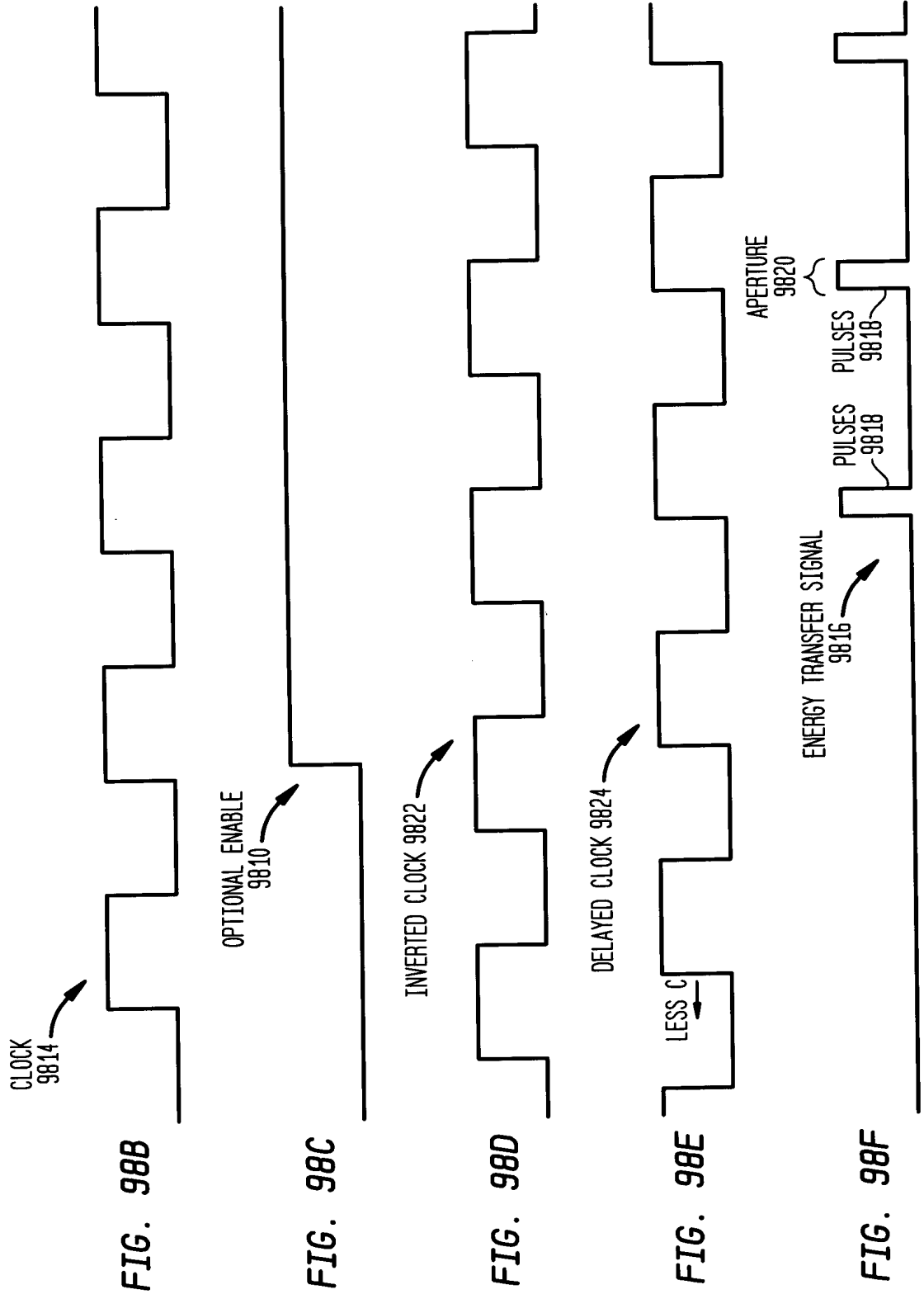
**FIG. 97**



**FIG. 98A**







**FIG. 99**

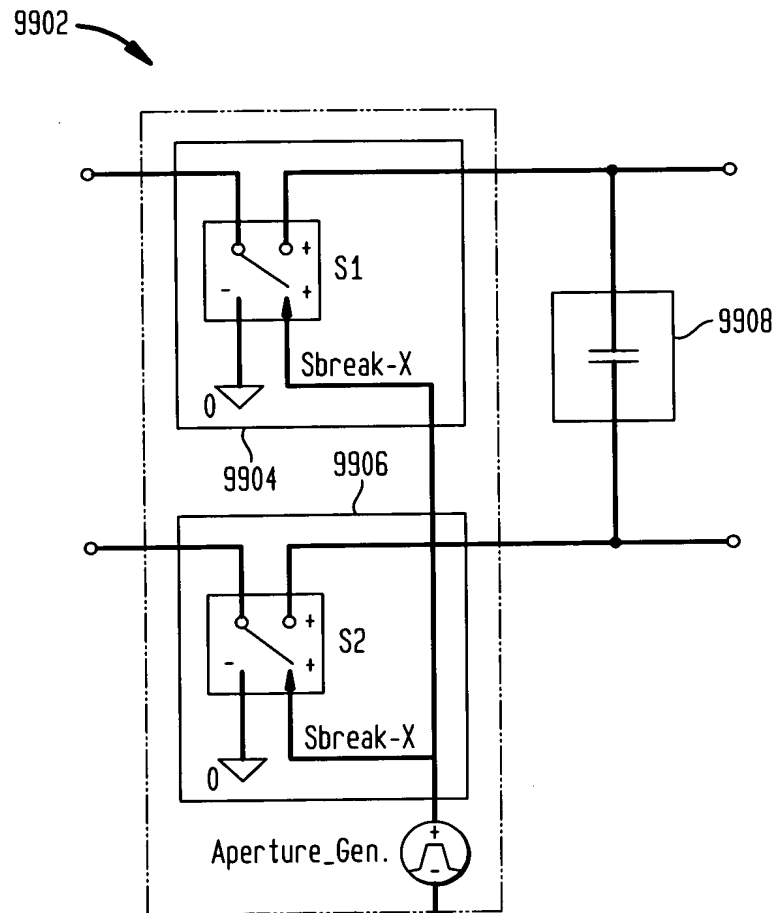
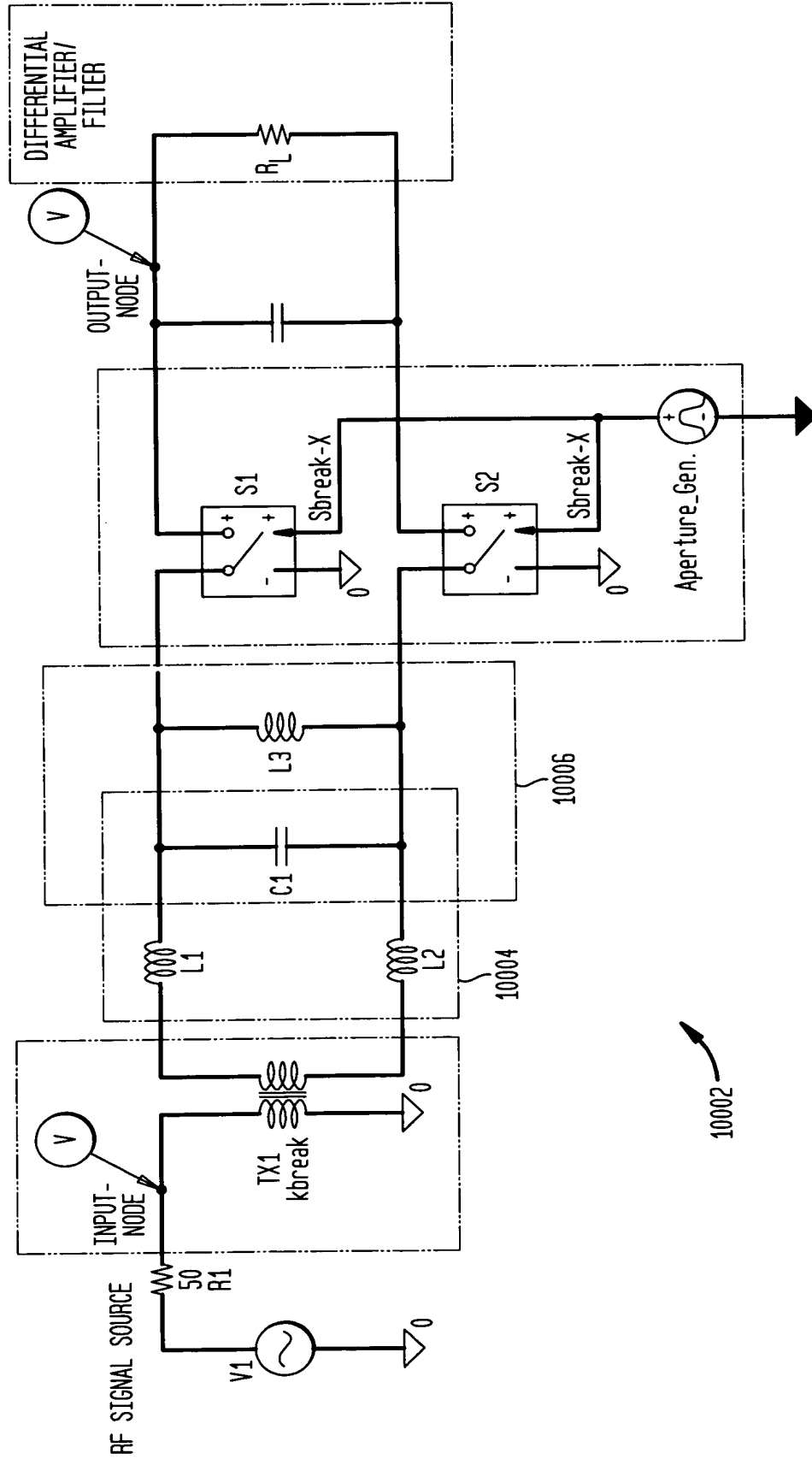


FIG. 100



10002

FIG. 101

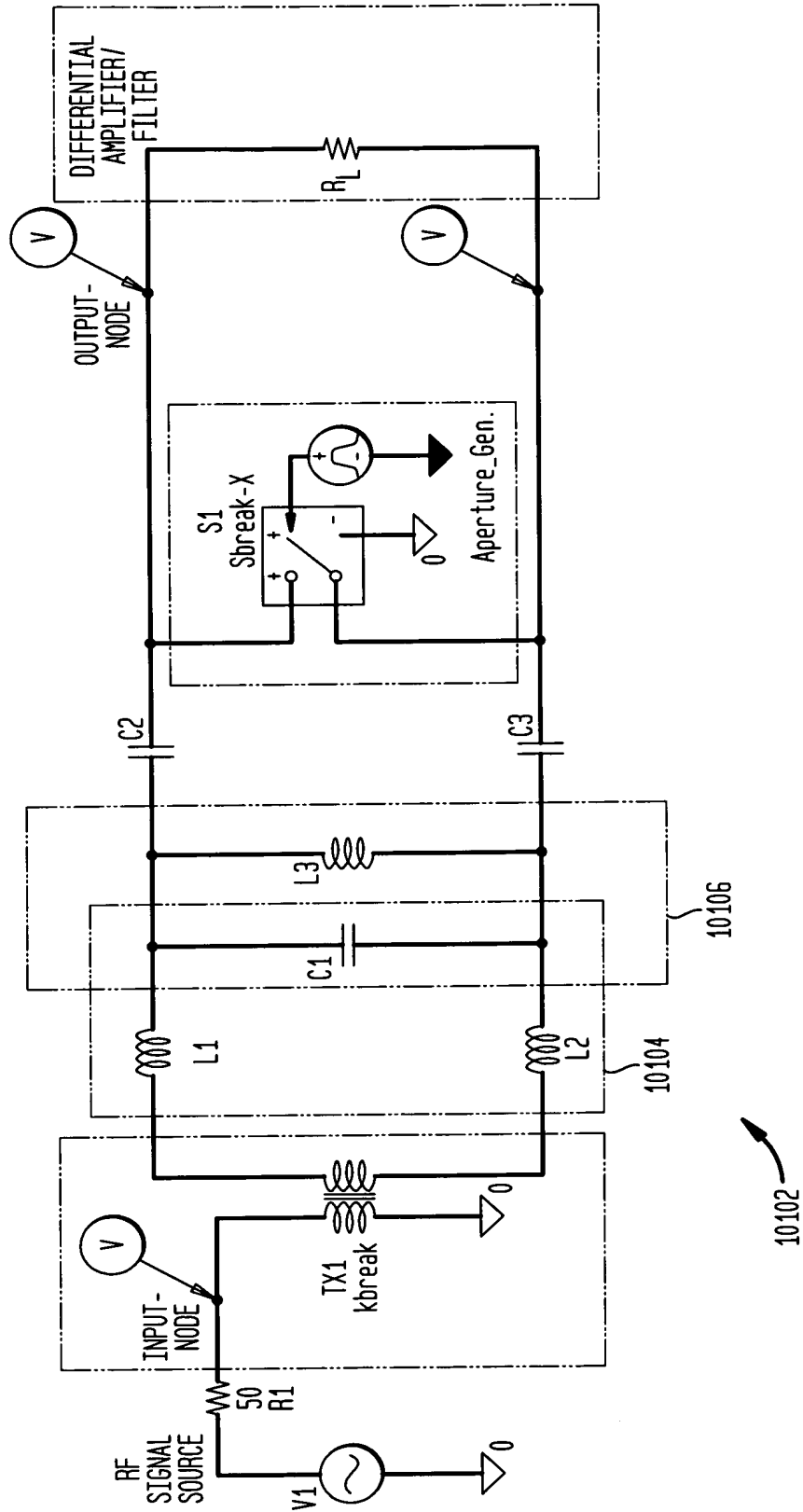


FIG. 102

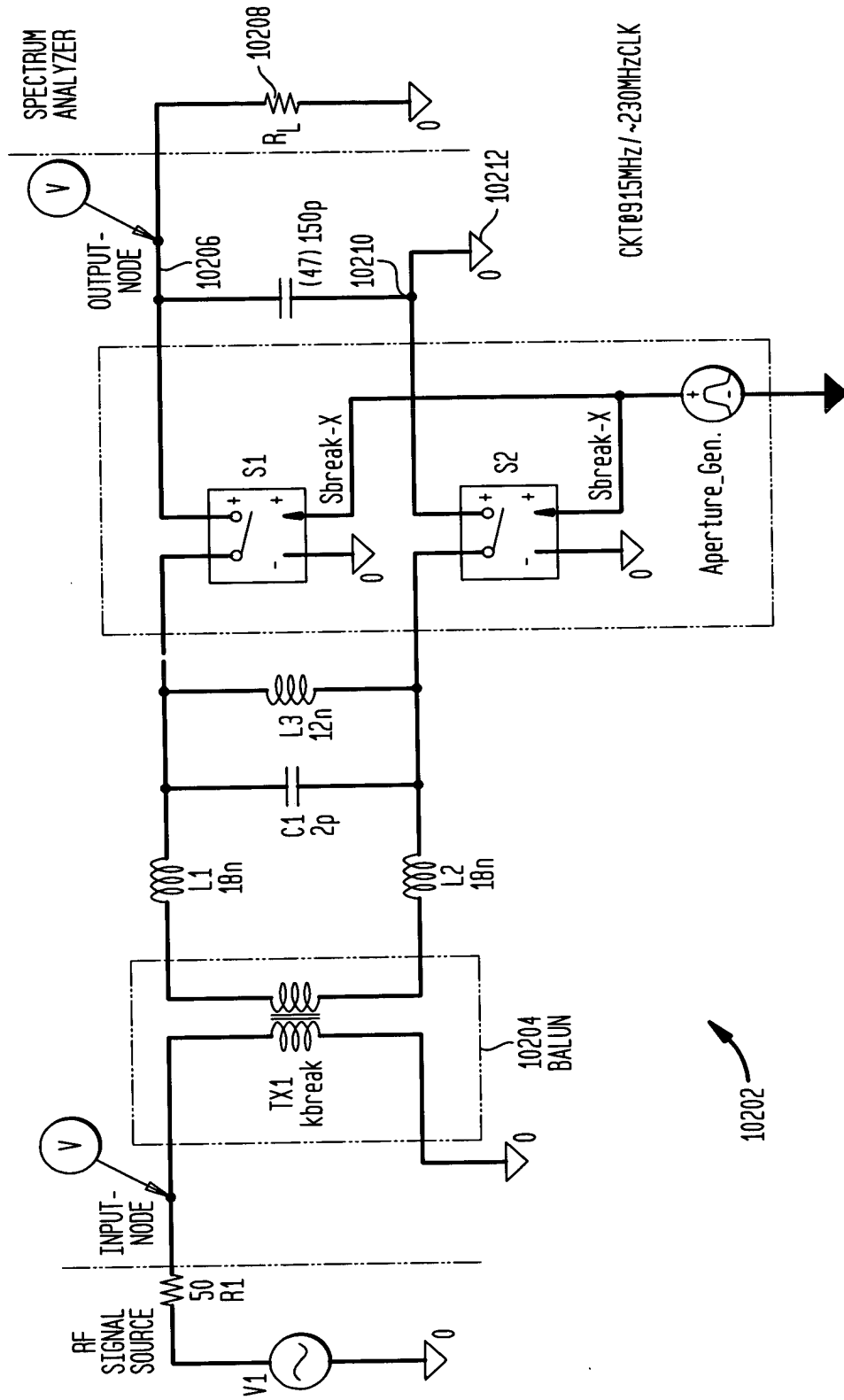


FIG. 103

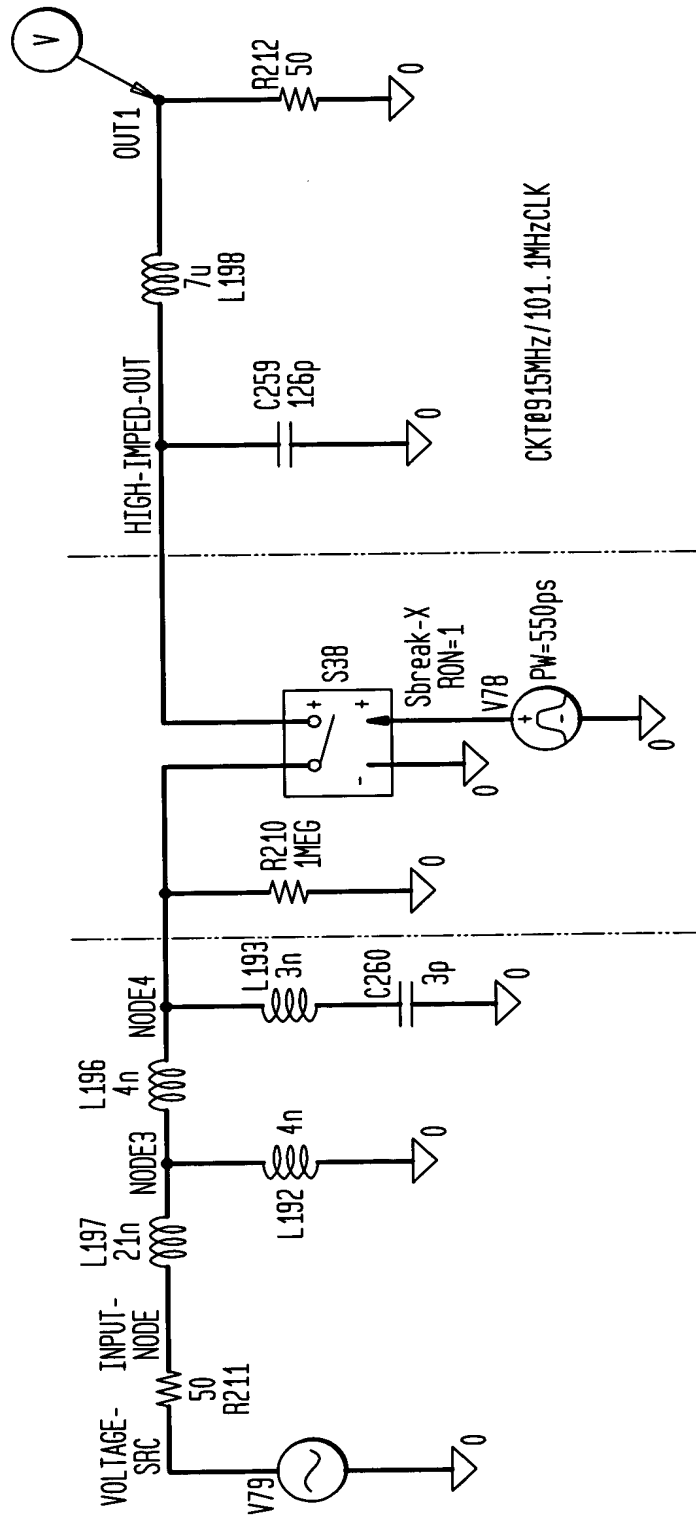


FIG. 104

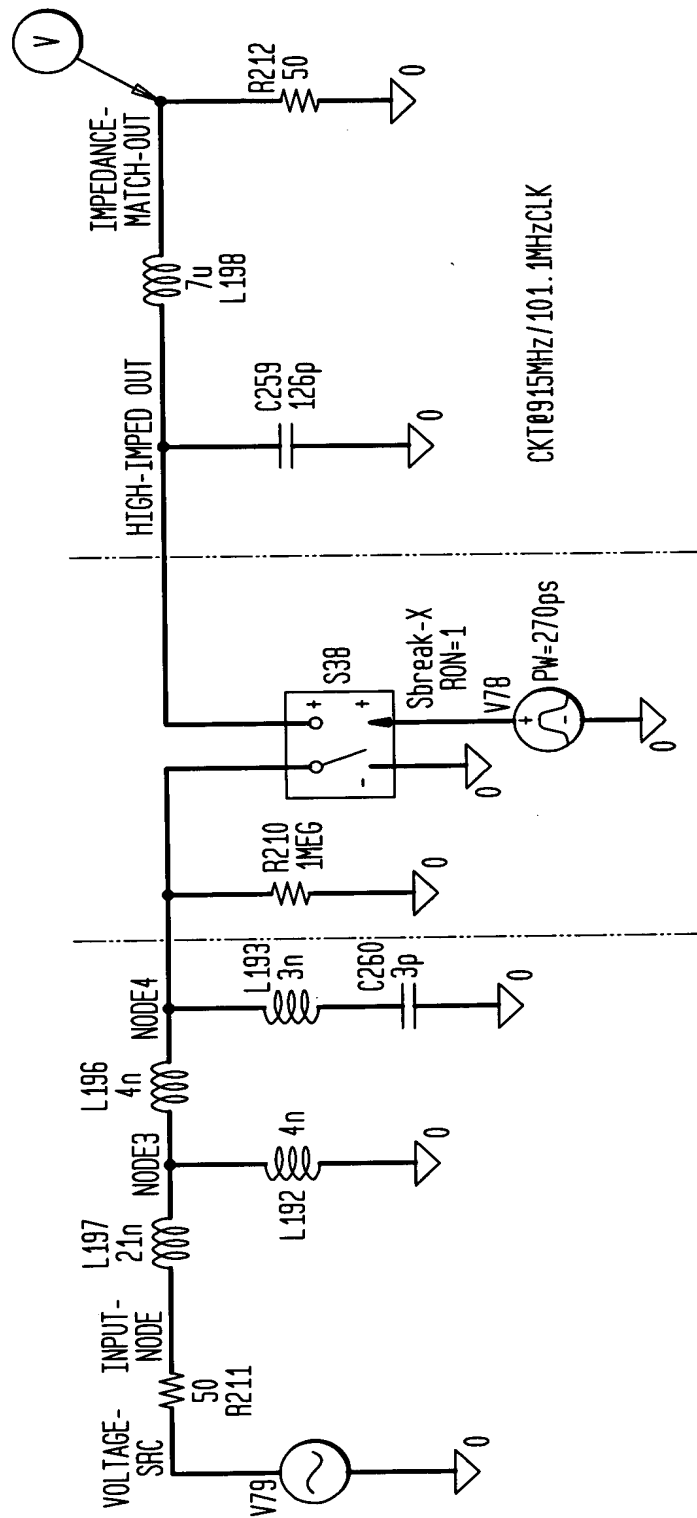






FIG. 106

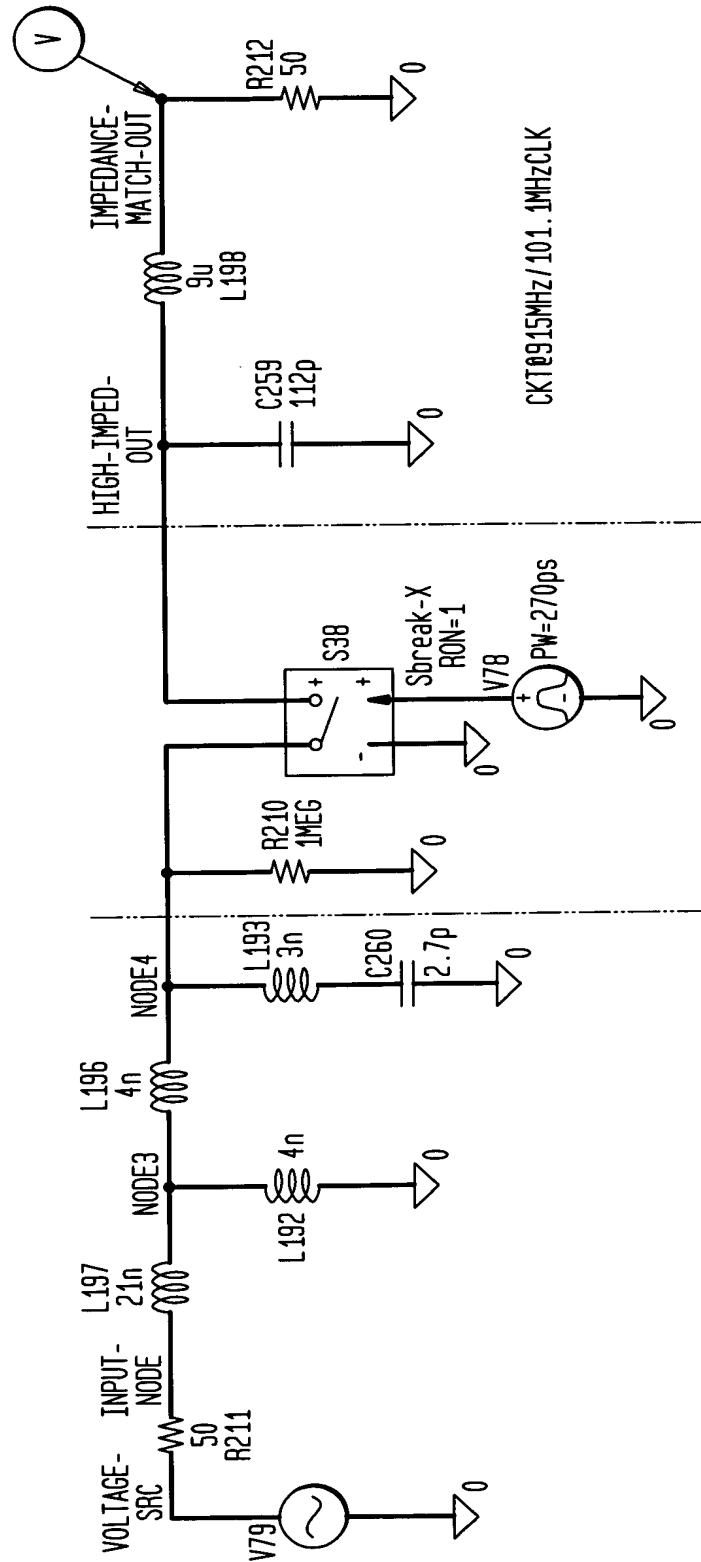
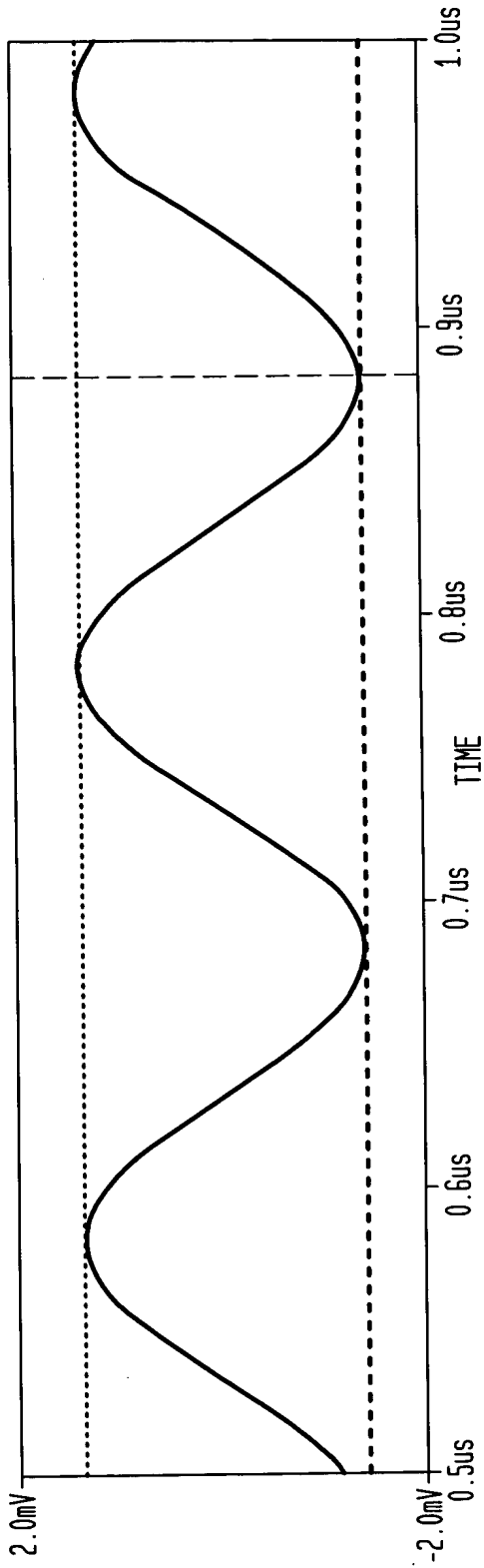


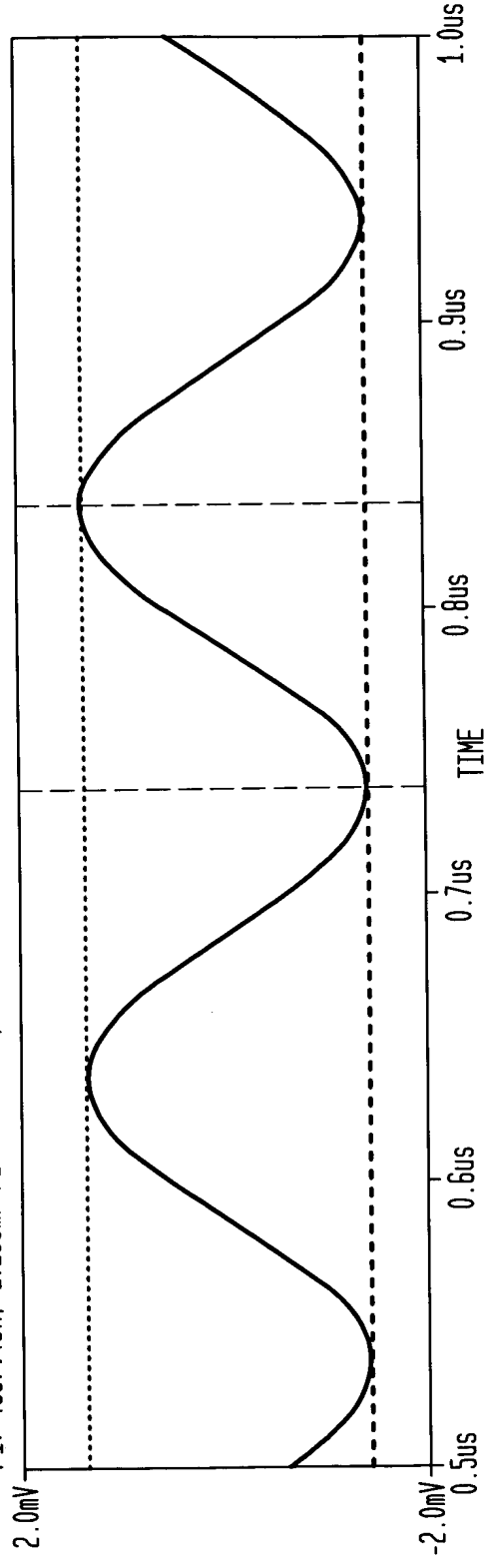
FIG. 107A



□ V(out1)

E1: (981.86n, 1.404m) E2: (883.04n, -1.402m) DIFF(E): (98.82n, 2.806m)  
 F1: (837.43n, 1.253m) F2: (738.01n, -1.252m) DIFF(F): (99.42n, 2.505m)

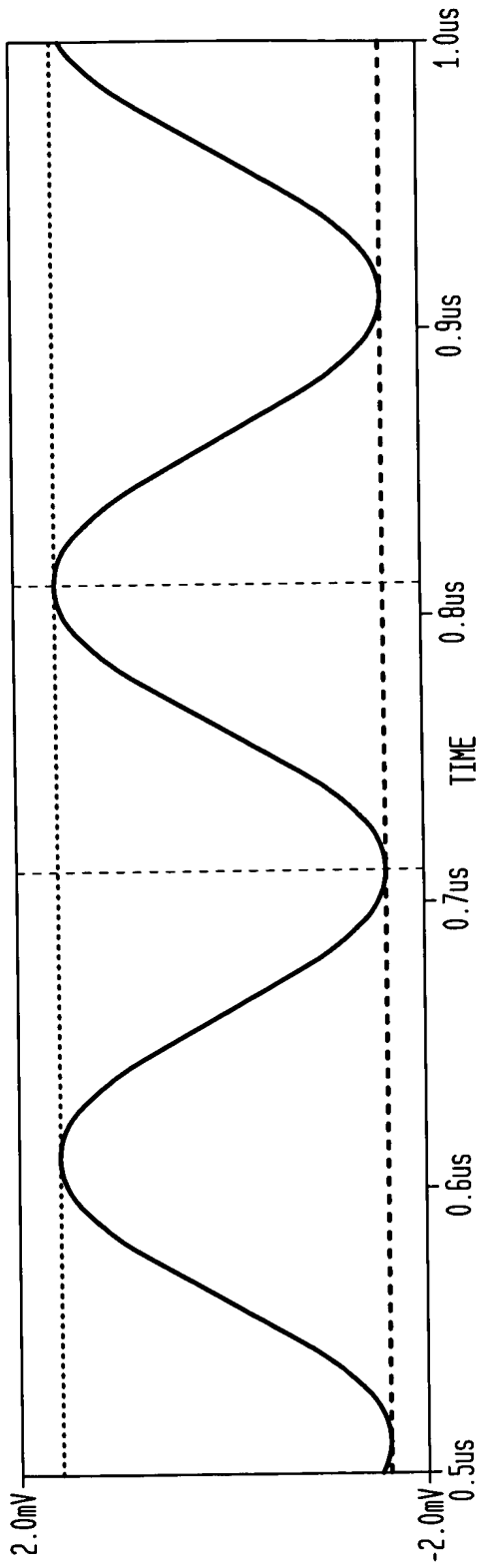
FIG. 107B



□ V(impedance-match-out)

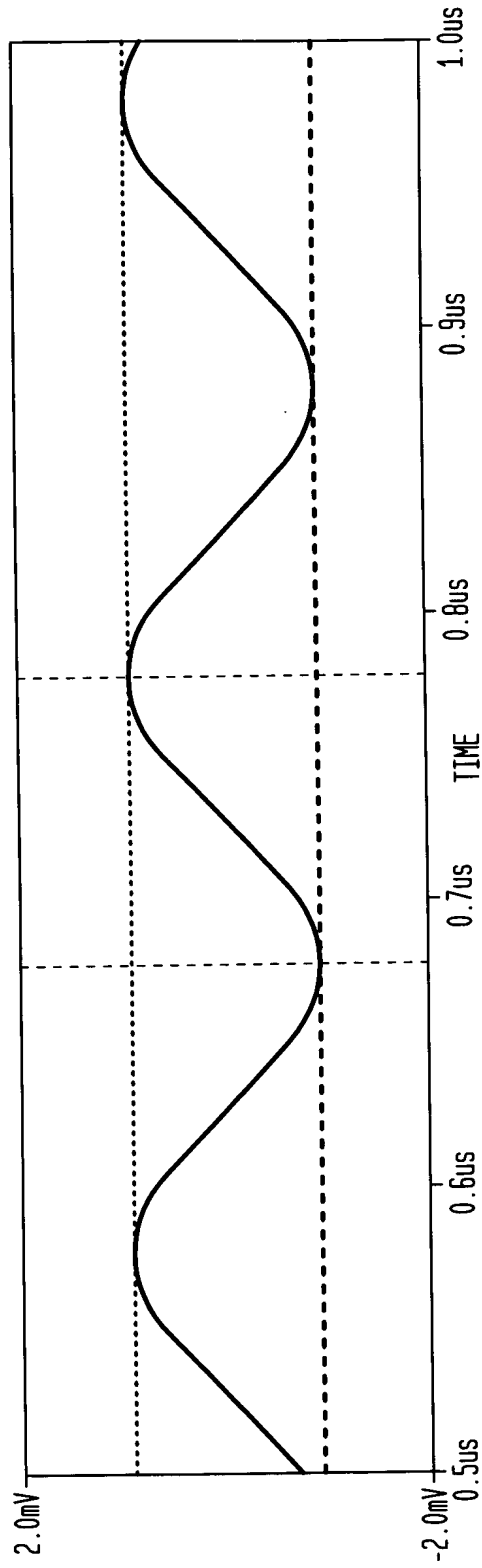
E1: (981.86n, 1.404m) E2: (883.04n, -1.402m) DIFF(E): (98.82n, 2.806m)  
 F1: (837.43n, 1.253m) F2: (738.01n, -1.252m) DIFF(F): (99.42n, 2.505m)

FIG. 108A



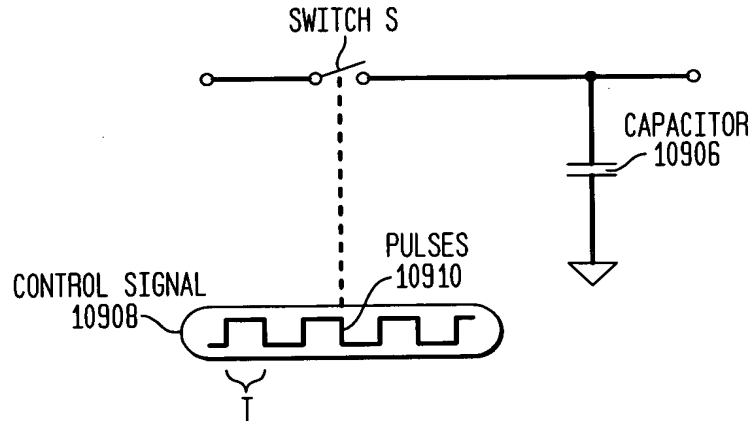
Ⓜ V(impedance-match-out)  
 A1: (810.53n, 1.642m) A2: (710.52n, -1.621m) DIFF(A): (100.01n, 3.263m)  
 B1: (777.78n, 942.32u) B2: (677.18n, -942.51u) DIFF(B): (100.60n, 1.885m)

FIG. 108B



Ⓜ V(impedance-match-out)  
 A1: (810.53n, 1.642m) A2: (710.52n, -1.621m) DIFF(A): (100.01n, 3.263m)  
 B1: (777.78n, 942.32u) B2: (677.18n, -942.51u) DIFF(B): (100.60n, 1.885m)

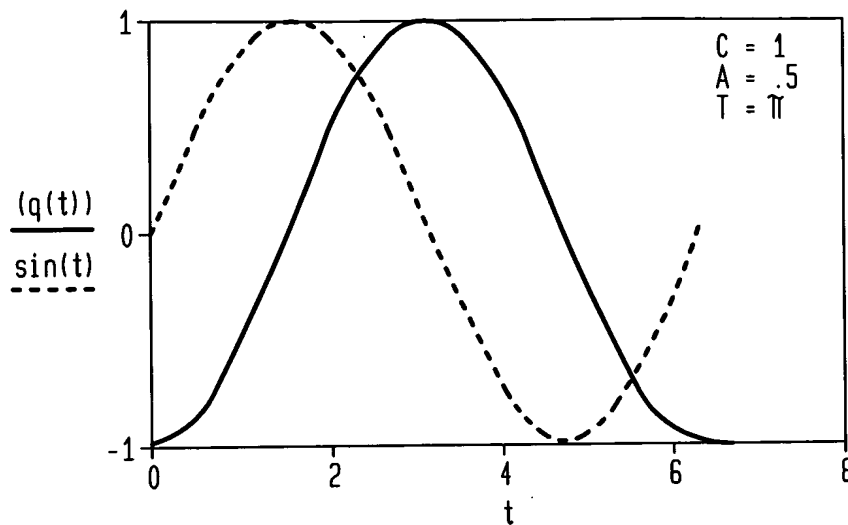
**FIG. 109A**



**FIG. 109B**

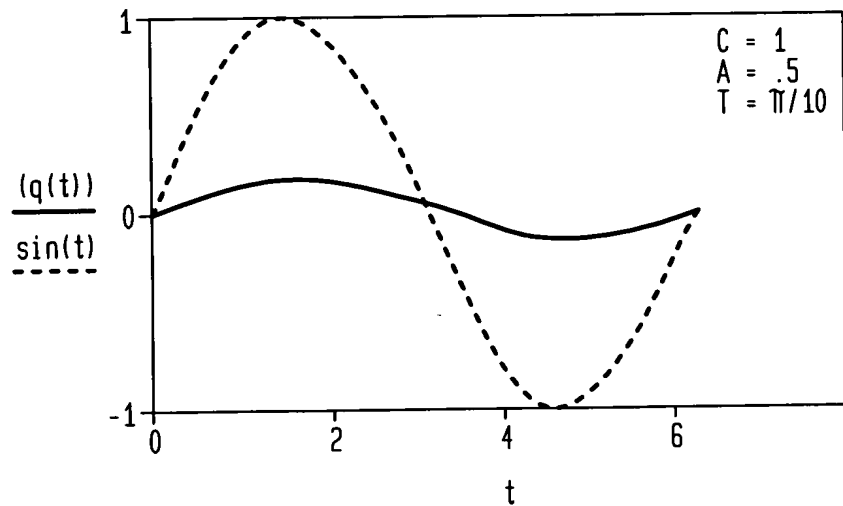
$q = C \cdot V$	EQ. 10
$V = A \cdot \sin(t)$	EQ. 11
$q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t)$	EQ. 12
$\Delta q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t) - C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t-T)$	EQ. 13
$\Delta q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot (\sin(t) - \sin(t-T))$	EQ. 14
$\sin(\alpha) - \sin(\beta) = 2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right)$	EQ. 15
$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left[\frac{t - (t-T)}{2}\right] \cdot \cos\left[\frac{t + (t-T)}{2}\right]$	EQ. 16
$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right) \cdot \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right)$	EQ. 17
$q(t) = \int C \cdot A \cdot (\sin(t) - \sin(t-T)) dt$	EQ. 18
$q(t) = -\cos(t) \cdot C \cdot A + \cos(t-T) \cdot C \cdot A$	EQ. 19
$q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot (\cos(t-T) - \cos(t))$	EQ. 20

**FIG. 109C**



GRAPH 1

**FIG. 109D**



GRAPH 2

**FIG. 109E**

**POWER-CHARGE RELATIONSHIP**

$q = C \cdot V$	EQ. 21
$V = q/C$	EQ. 22
$V = J/C$	EQ. 23
$J = q^2/C$	EQ. 24
$P = J/S$	EQ. 25
$P = \frac{q^2}{C \cdot S}$	EQ. 26

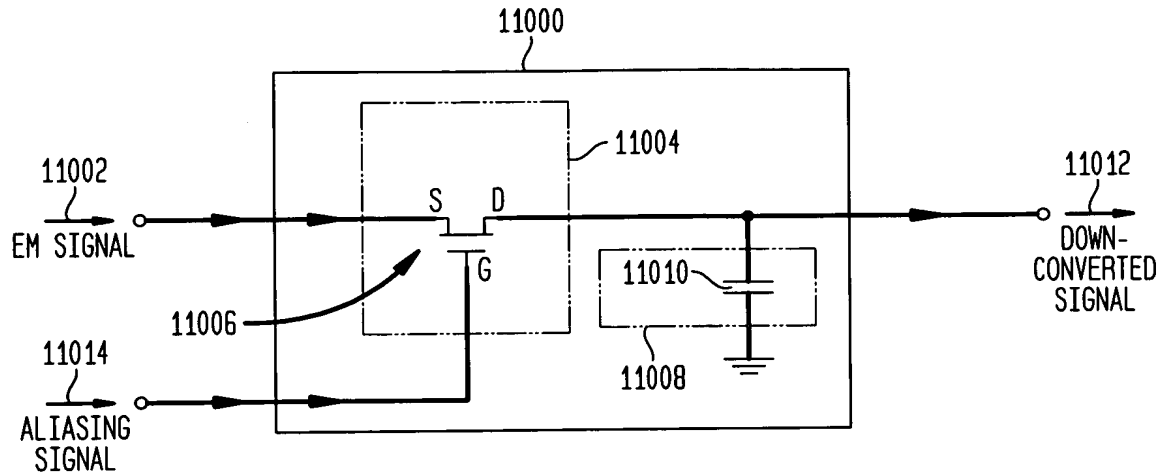
**FIG. 109F**

**INSERTION LOSS**

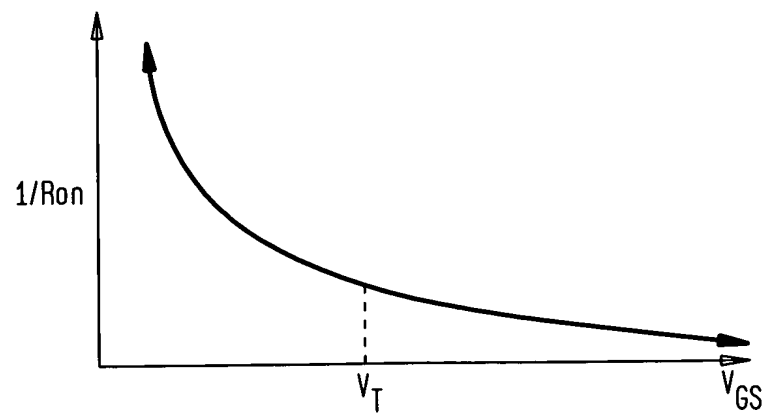
INSERTION LOSS IN dB IS EXPRESSED BY:

$$IL_{dB} = 10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{P_{in}}{P_{out}}\right) \text{ or } IL_{dB} = 10 \cdot \log\left[\frac{\left(\frac{V_{in}^2}{R_{in}}\right)}{\left(\frac{V_{out}^2}{R_{out}}\right)}\right]$$

**FIG. 110A**



**FIG. 110B**



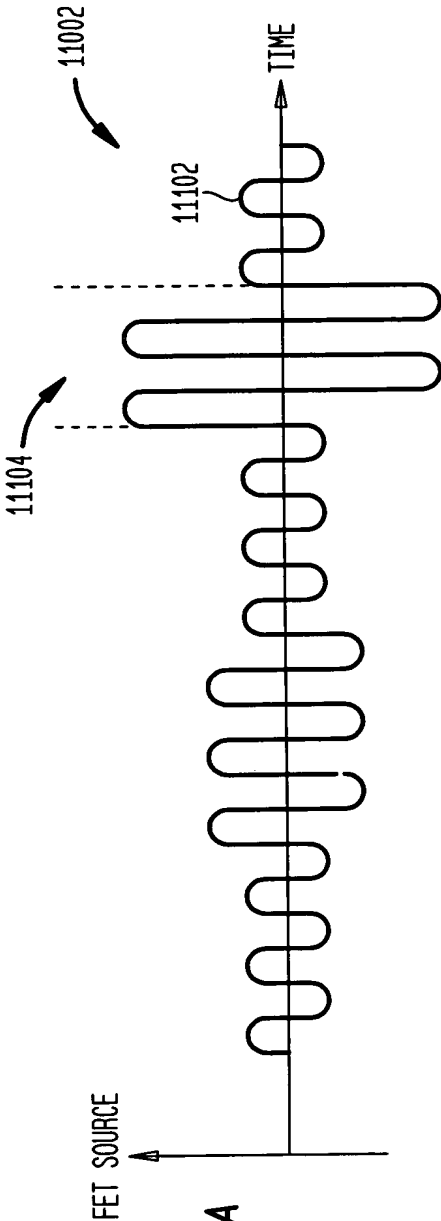


FIG. 111A

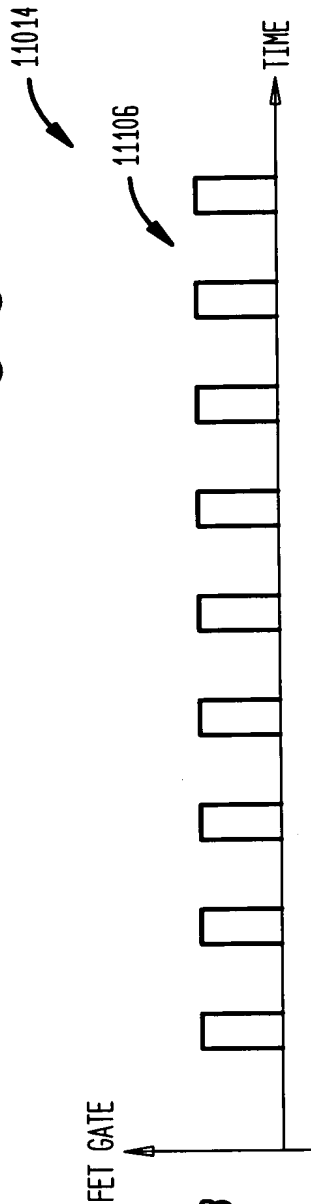


FIG. 111B

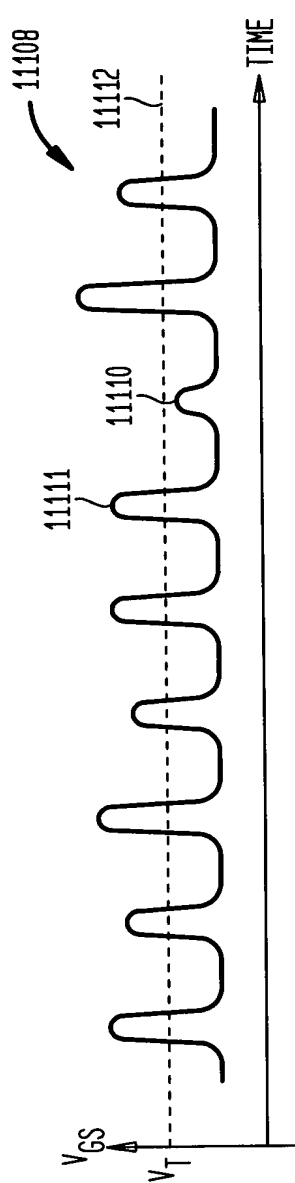
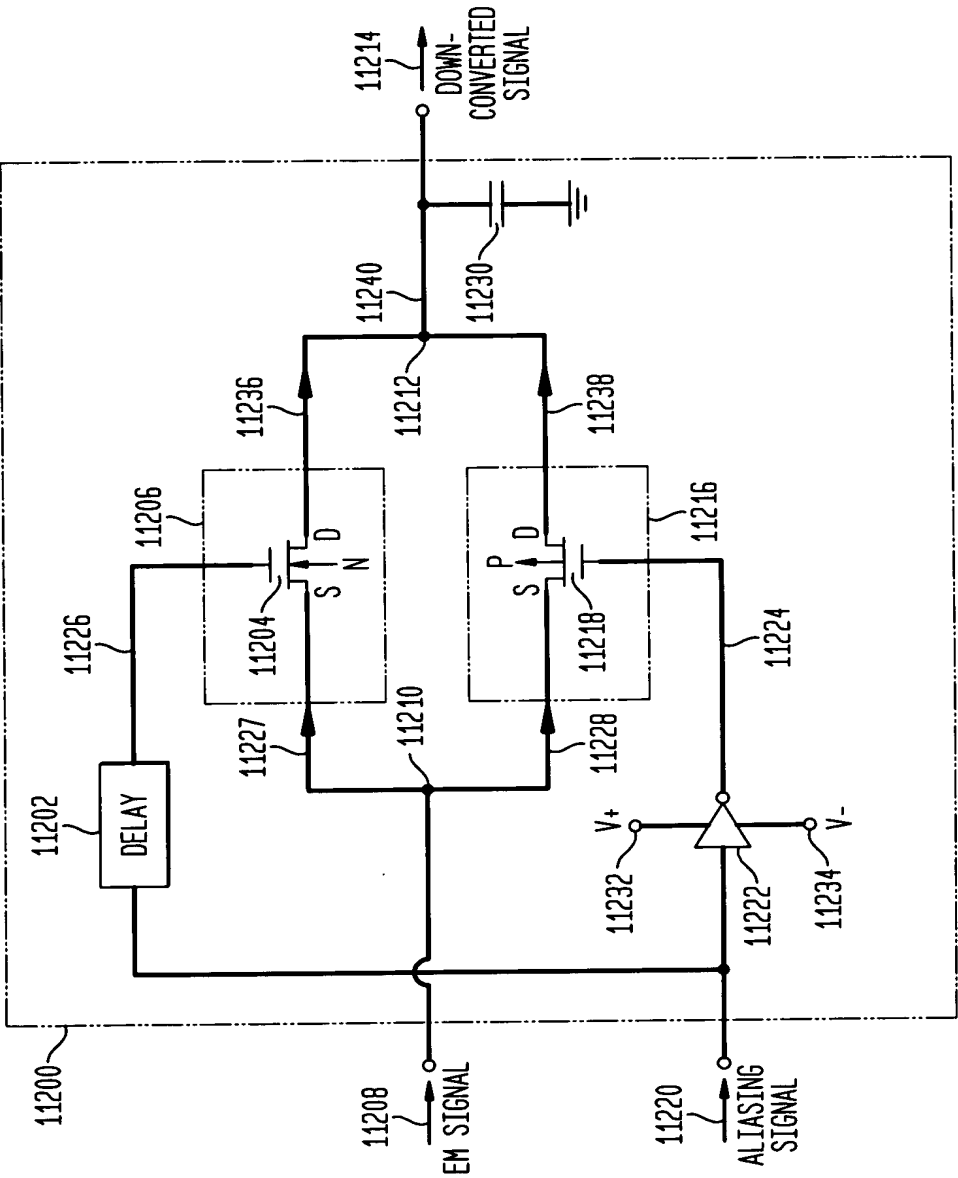


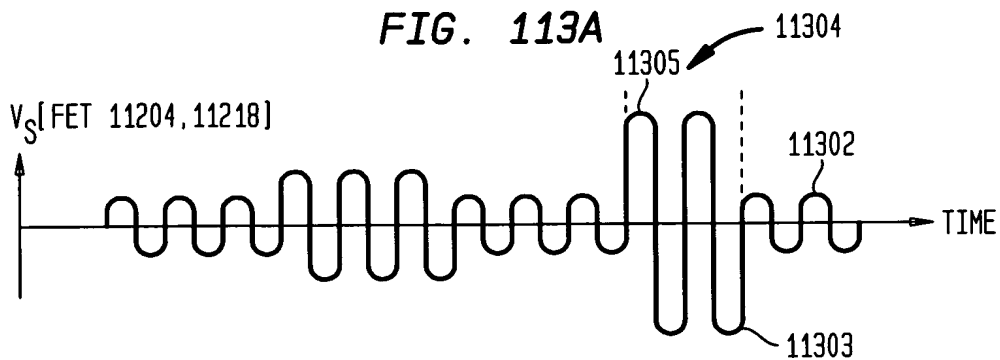
FIG. 111C

FIG. 112

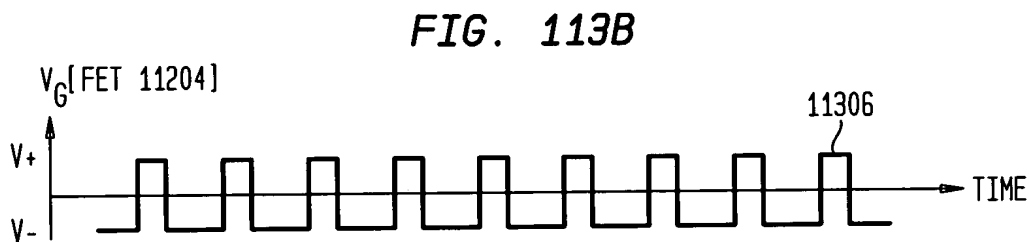




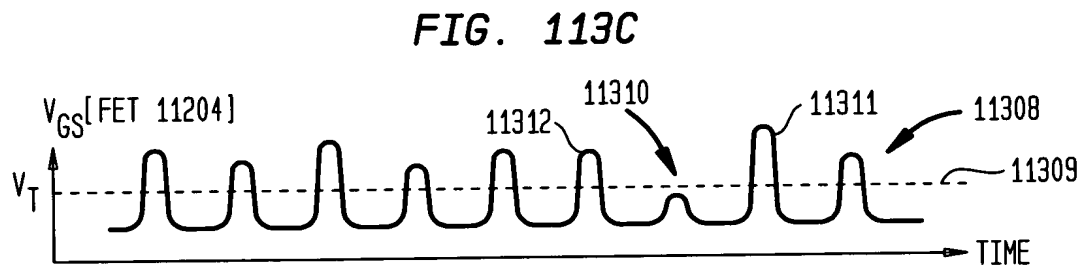
**FIG. 113A**



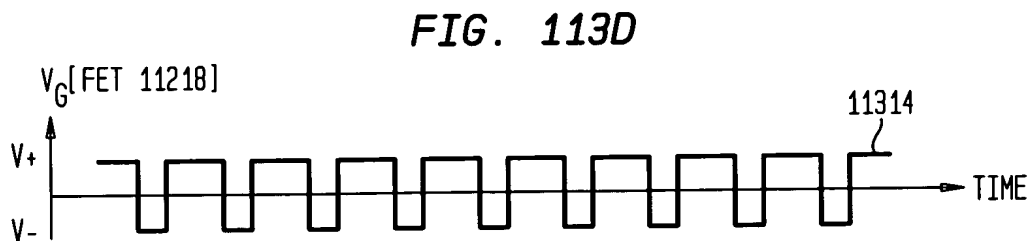
**FIG. 113B**



**FIG. 113C**



**FIG. 113D**



**FIG. 113E**

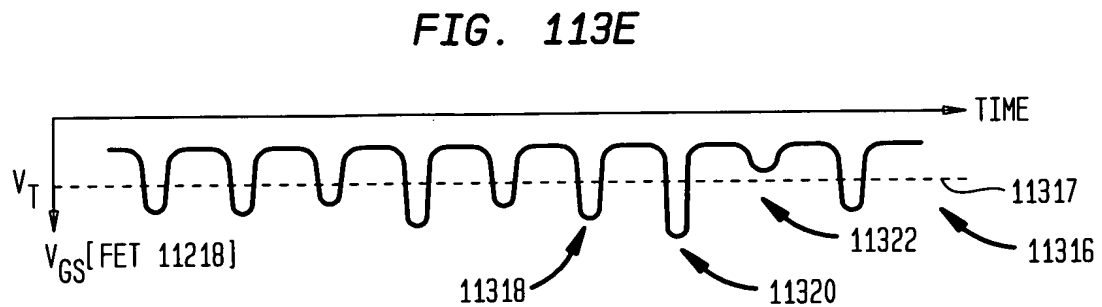


FIG. 114

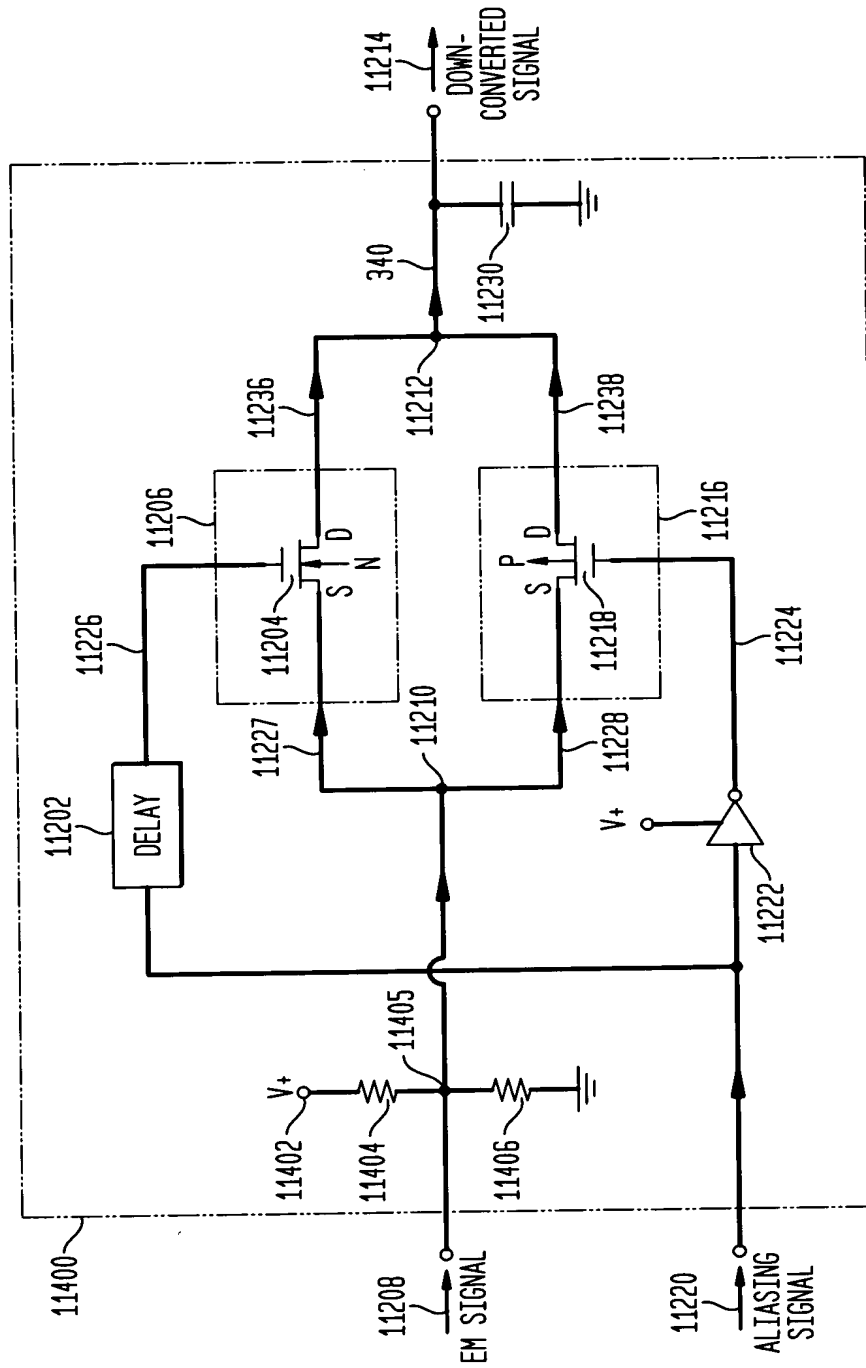
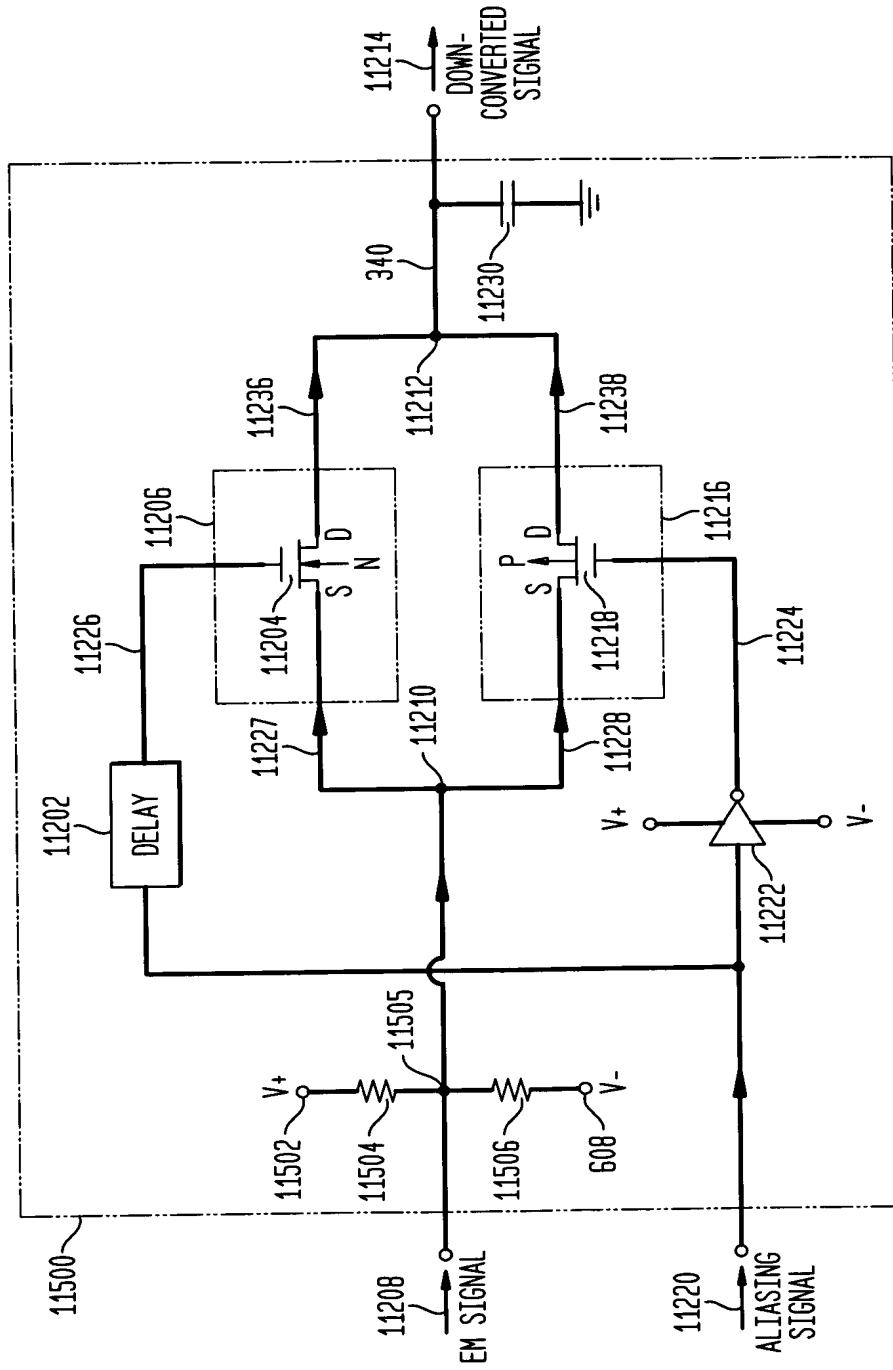
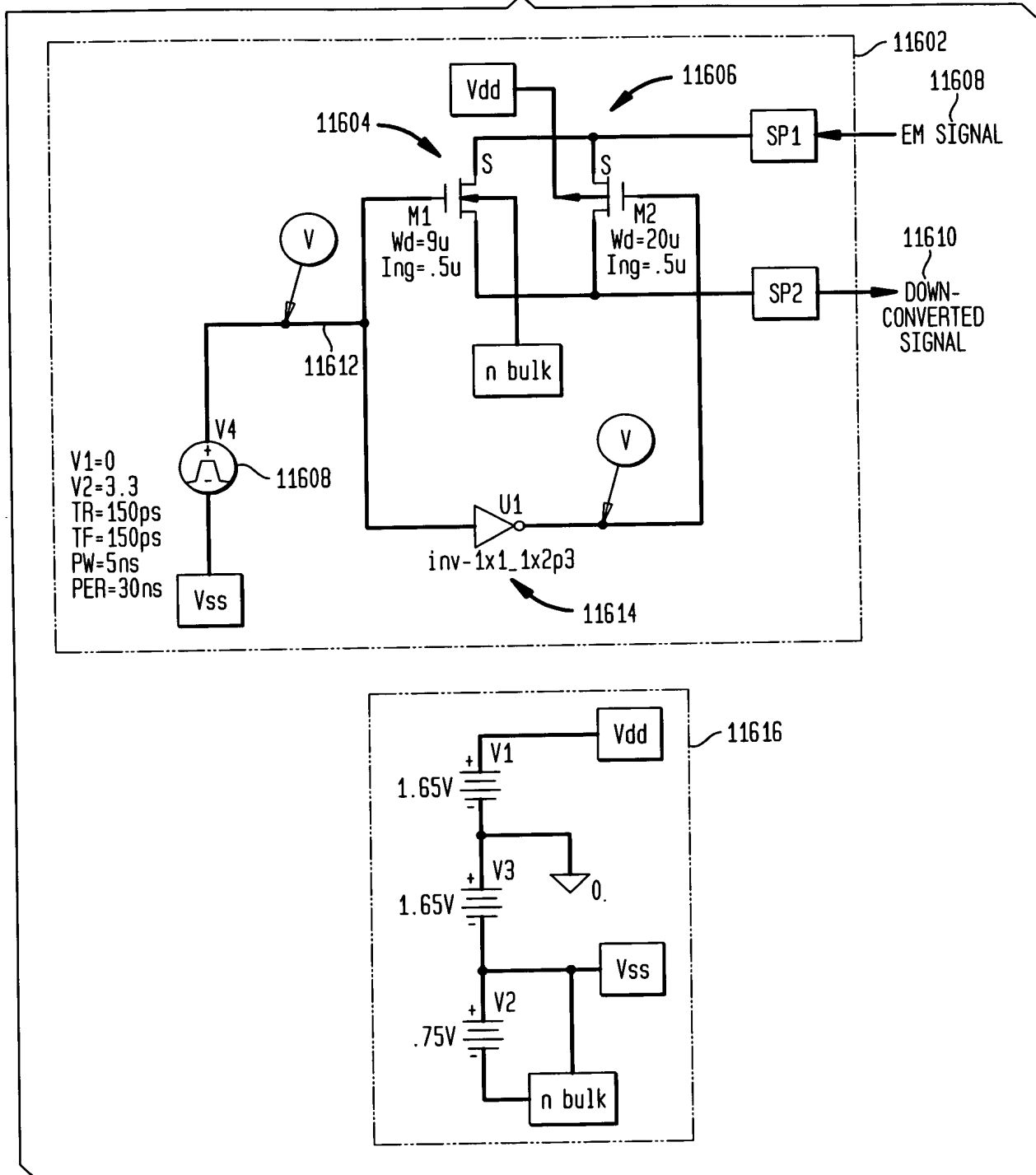


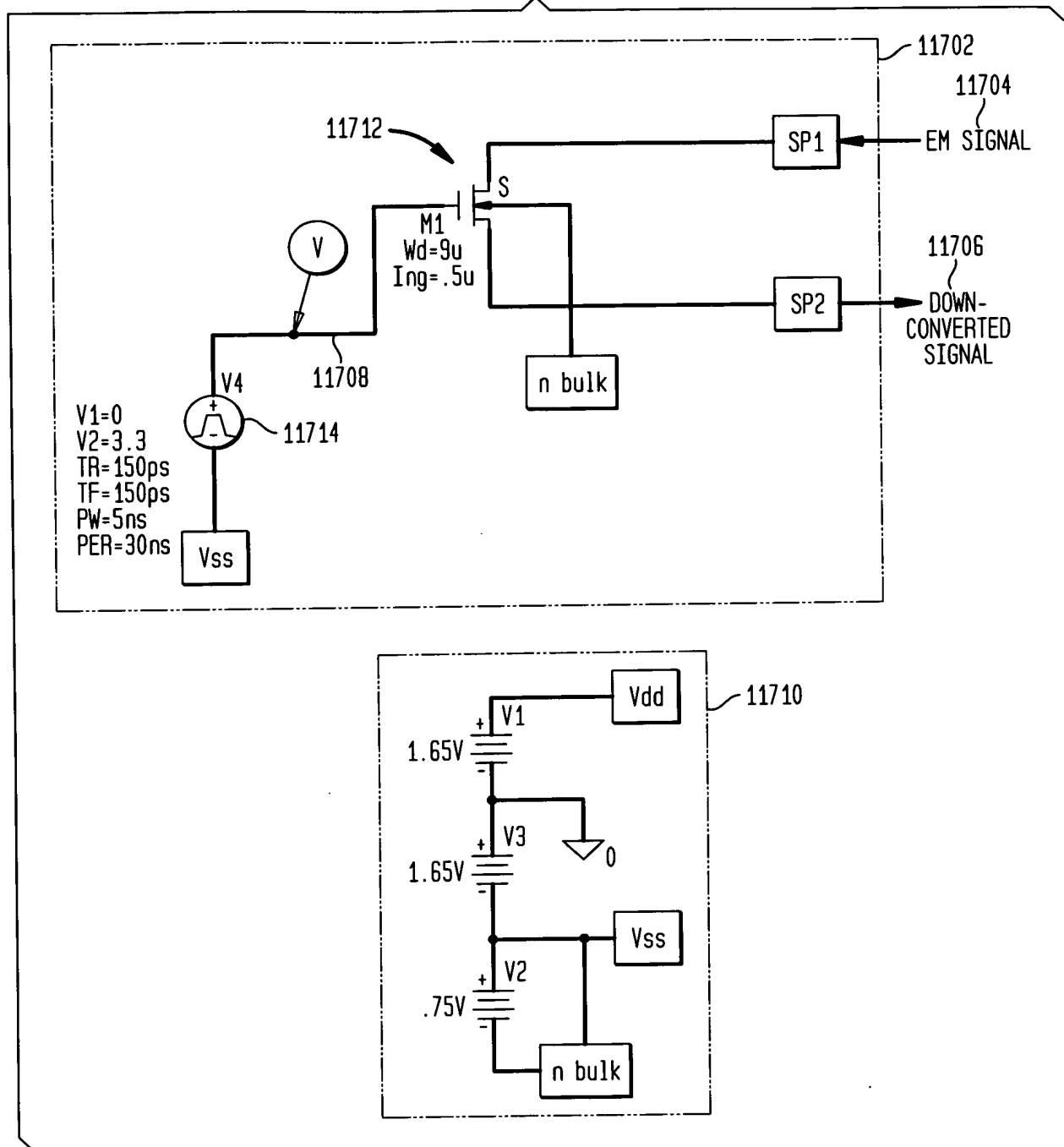
FIG. 115

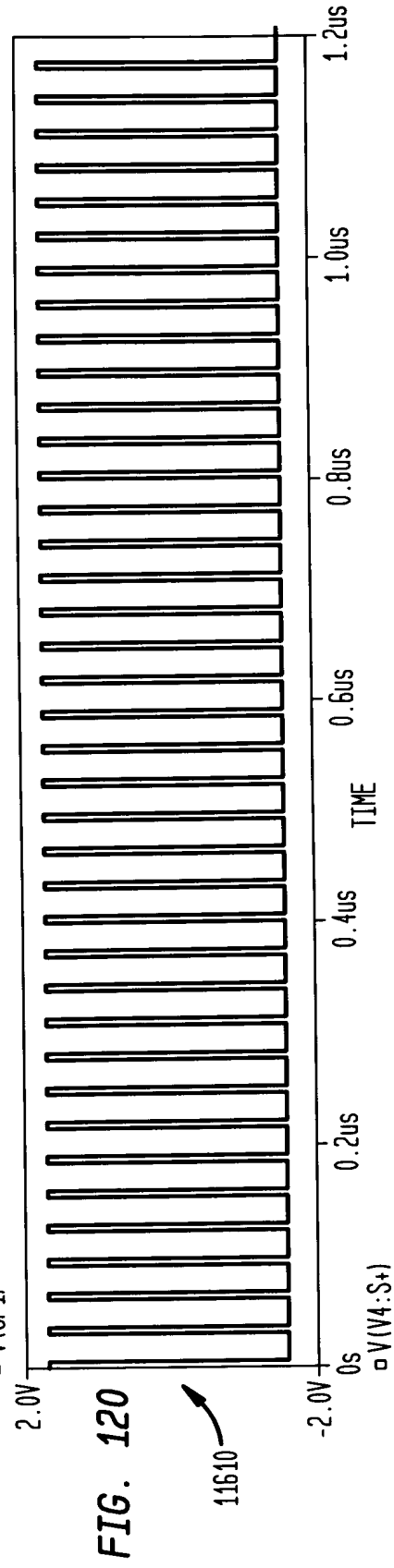
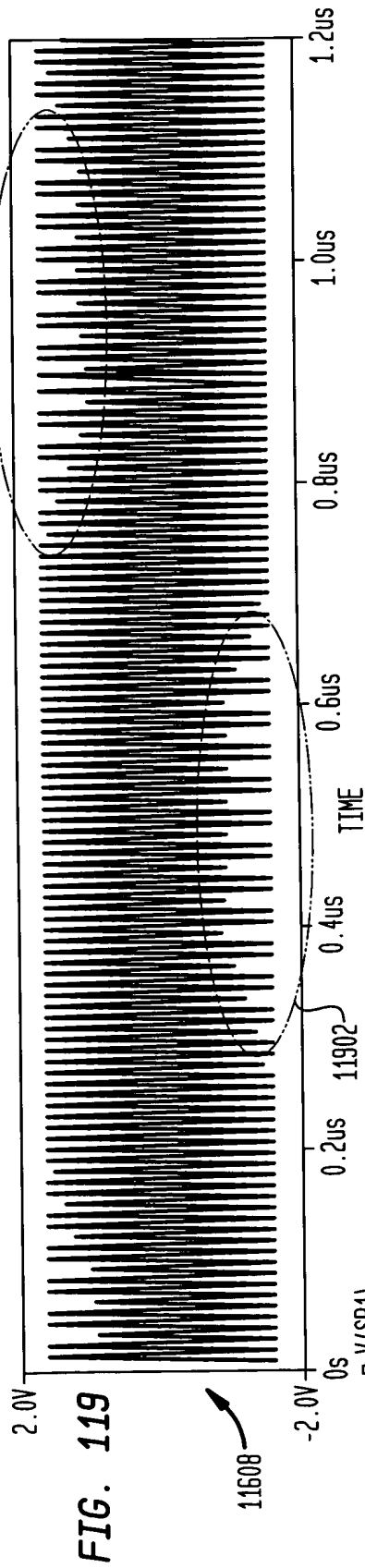
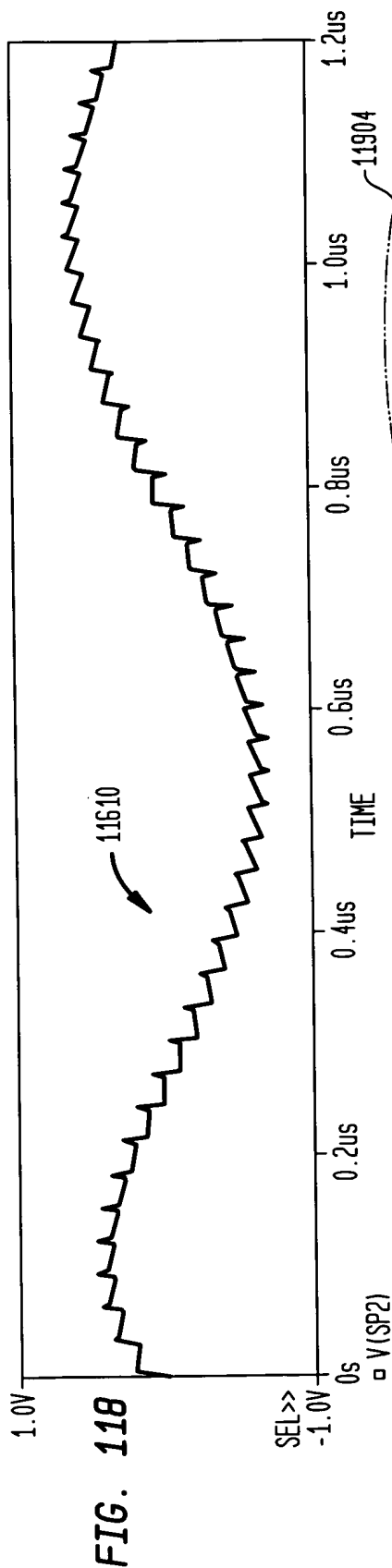


**FIG. 116**



**FIG. 117**





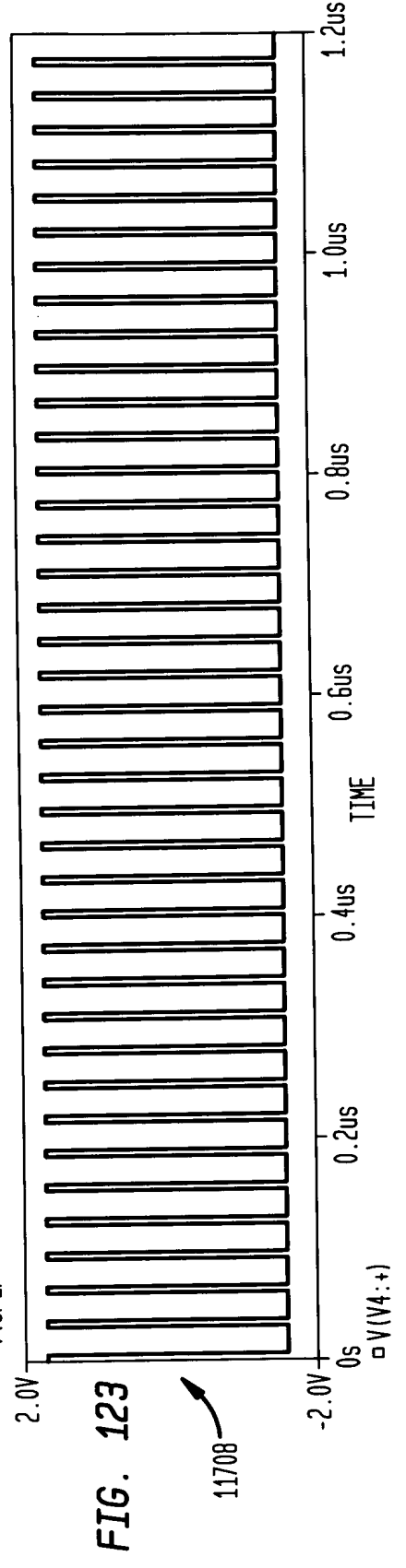
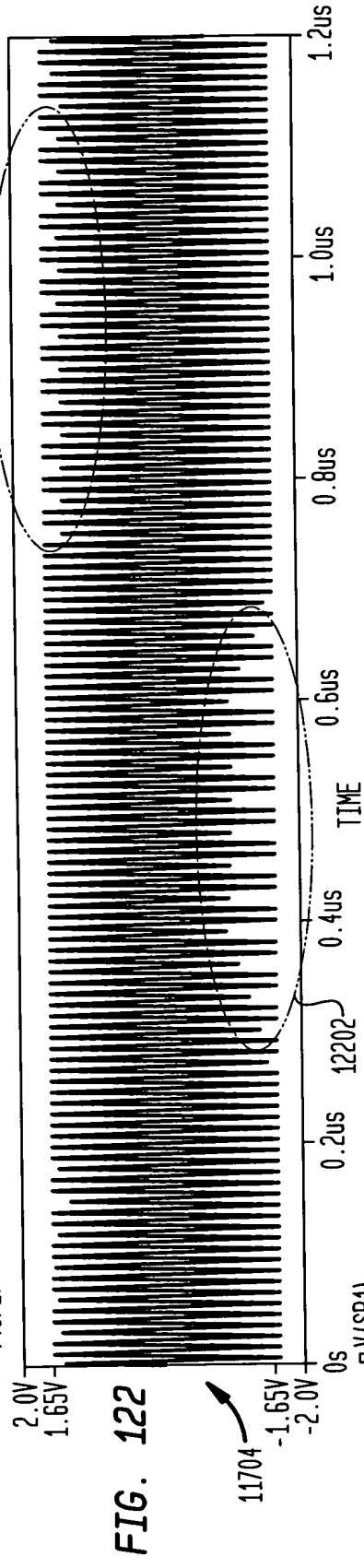
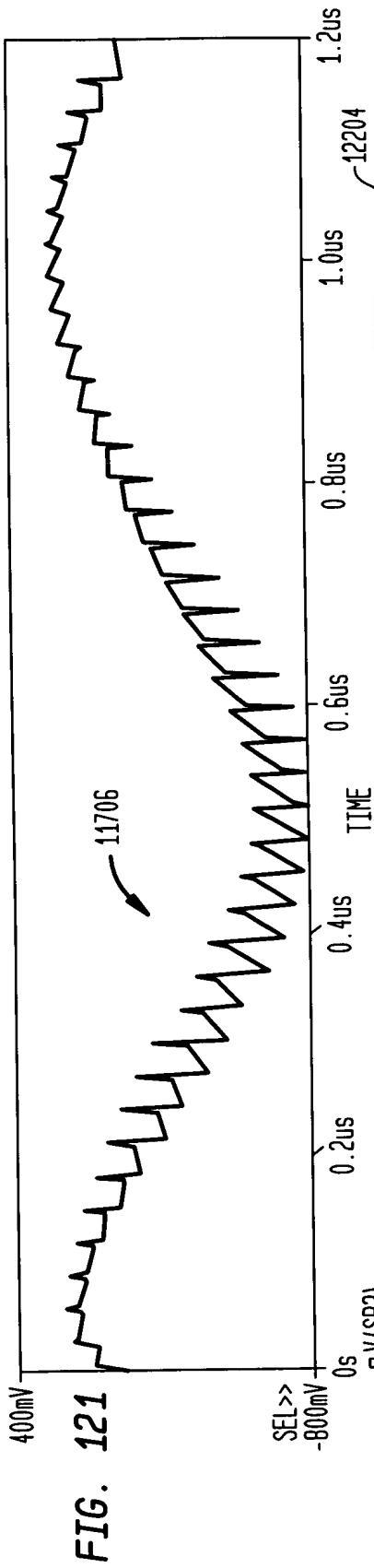
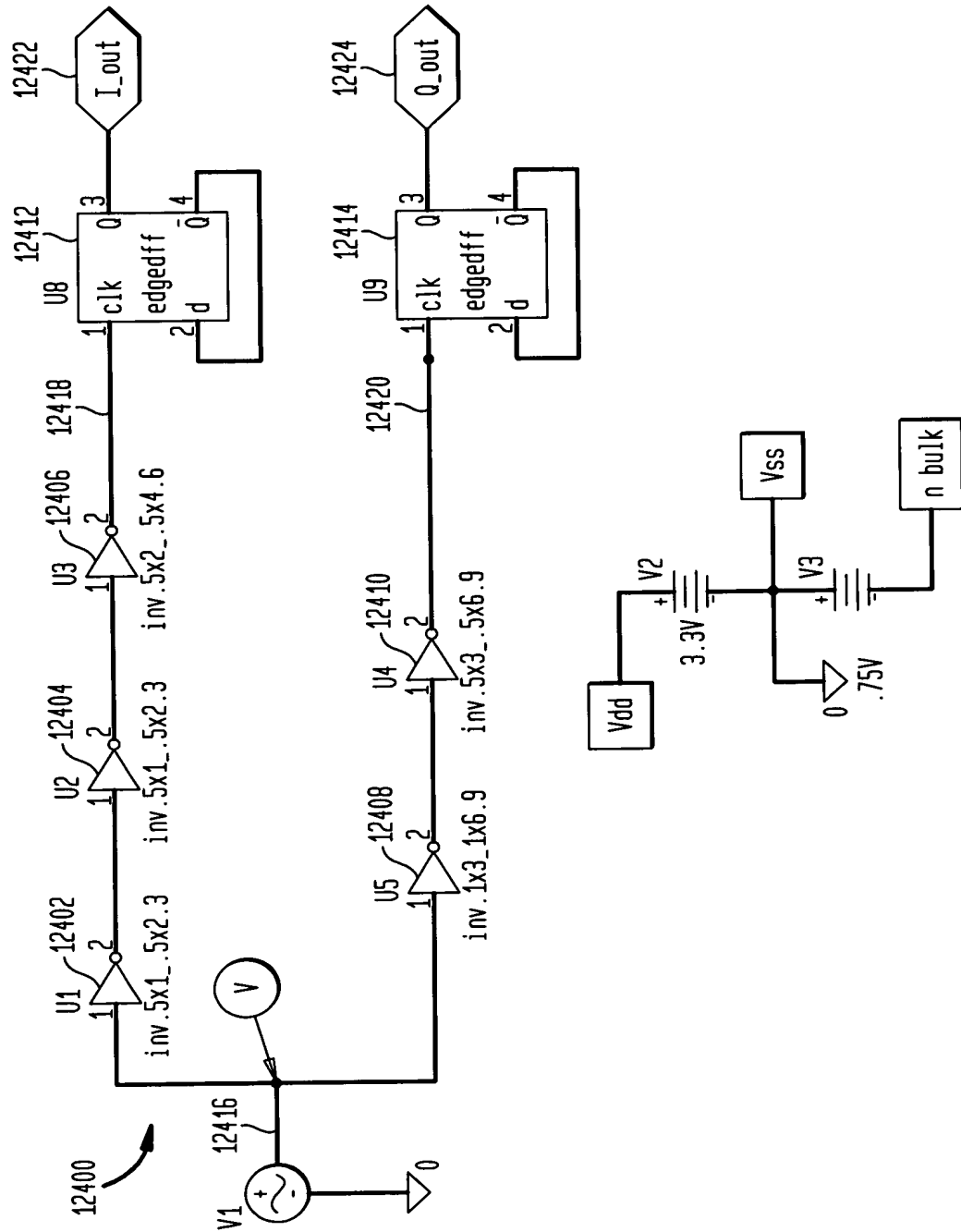
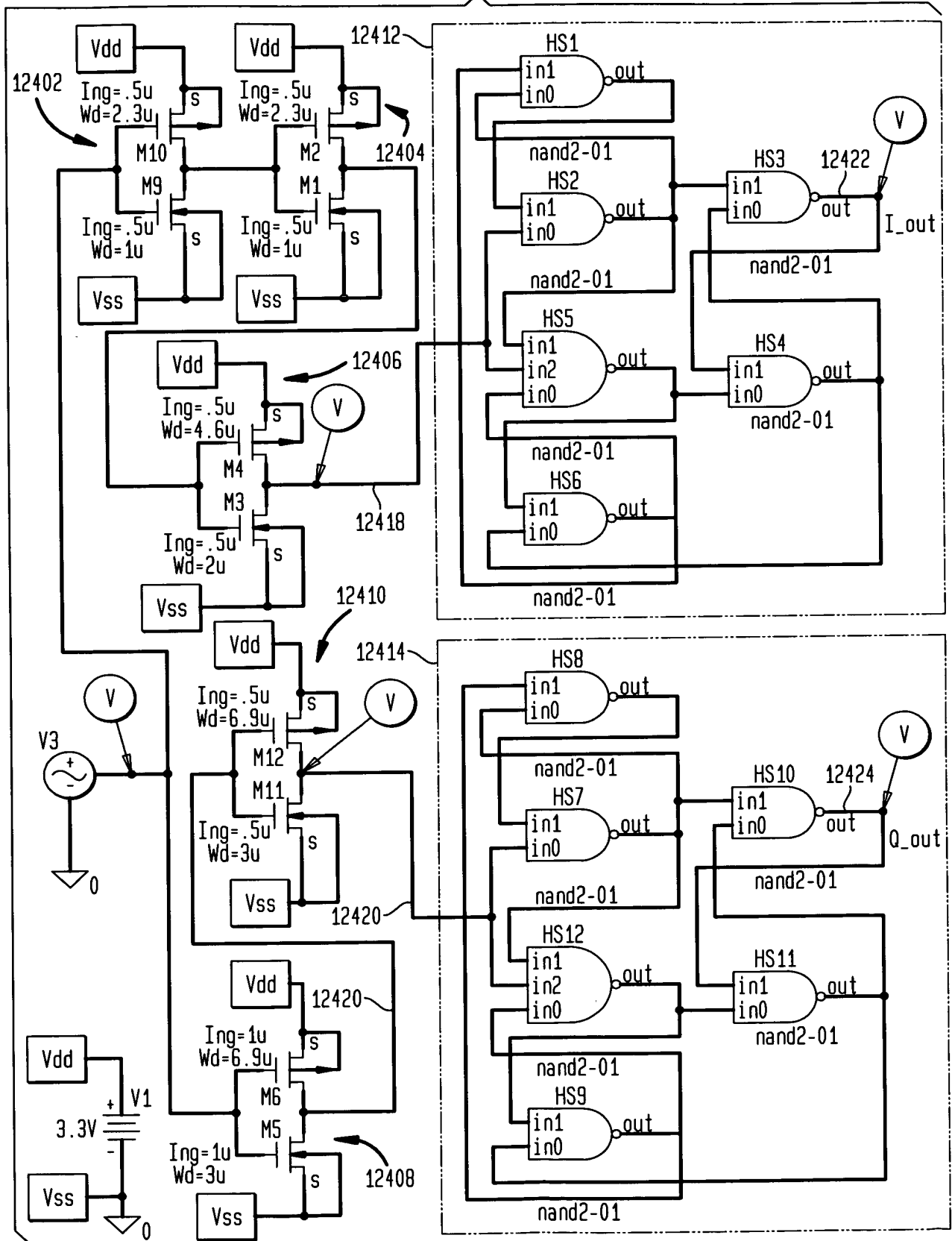


FIG. 124A





**FIG. 124B**



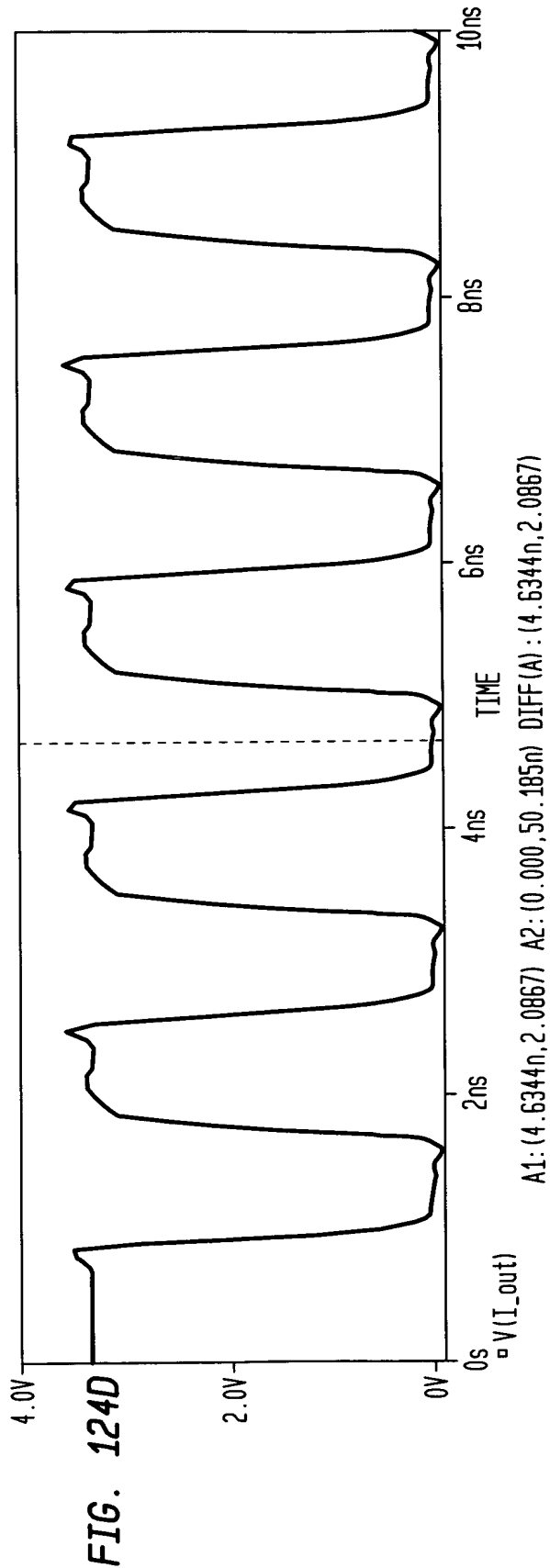
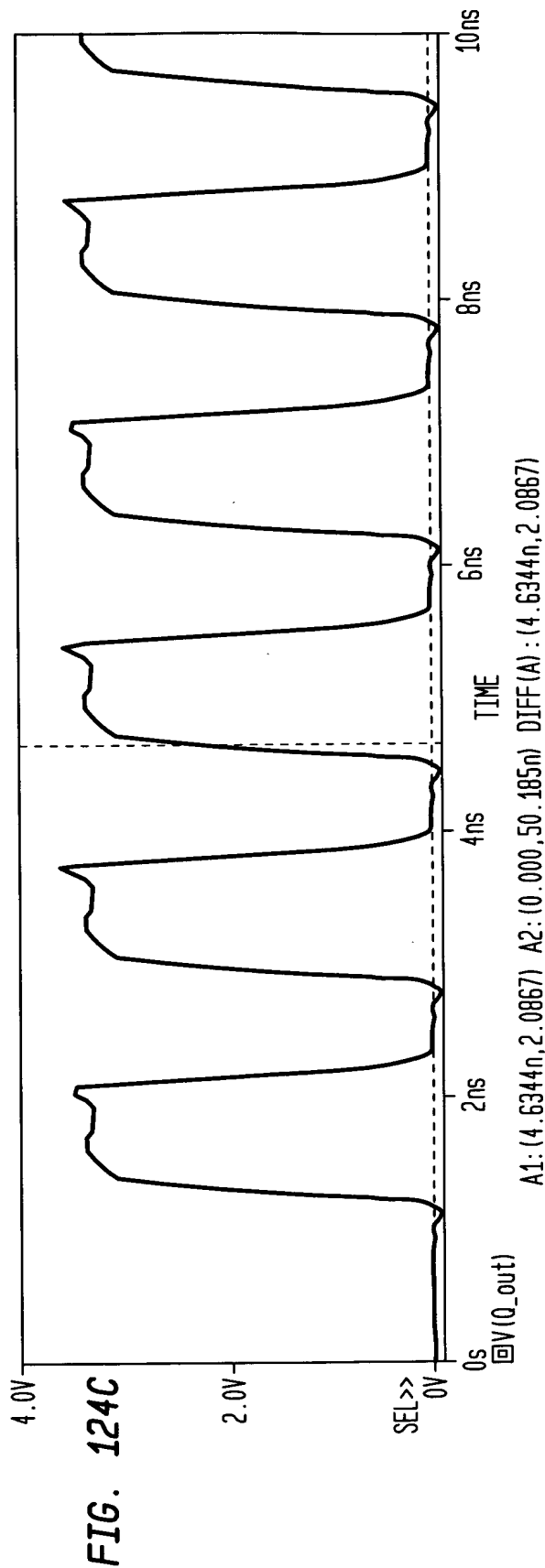
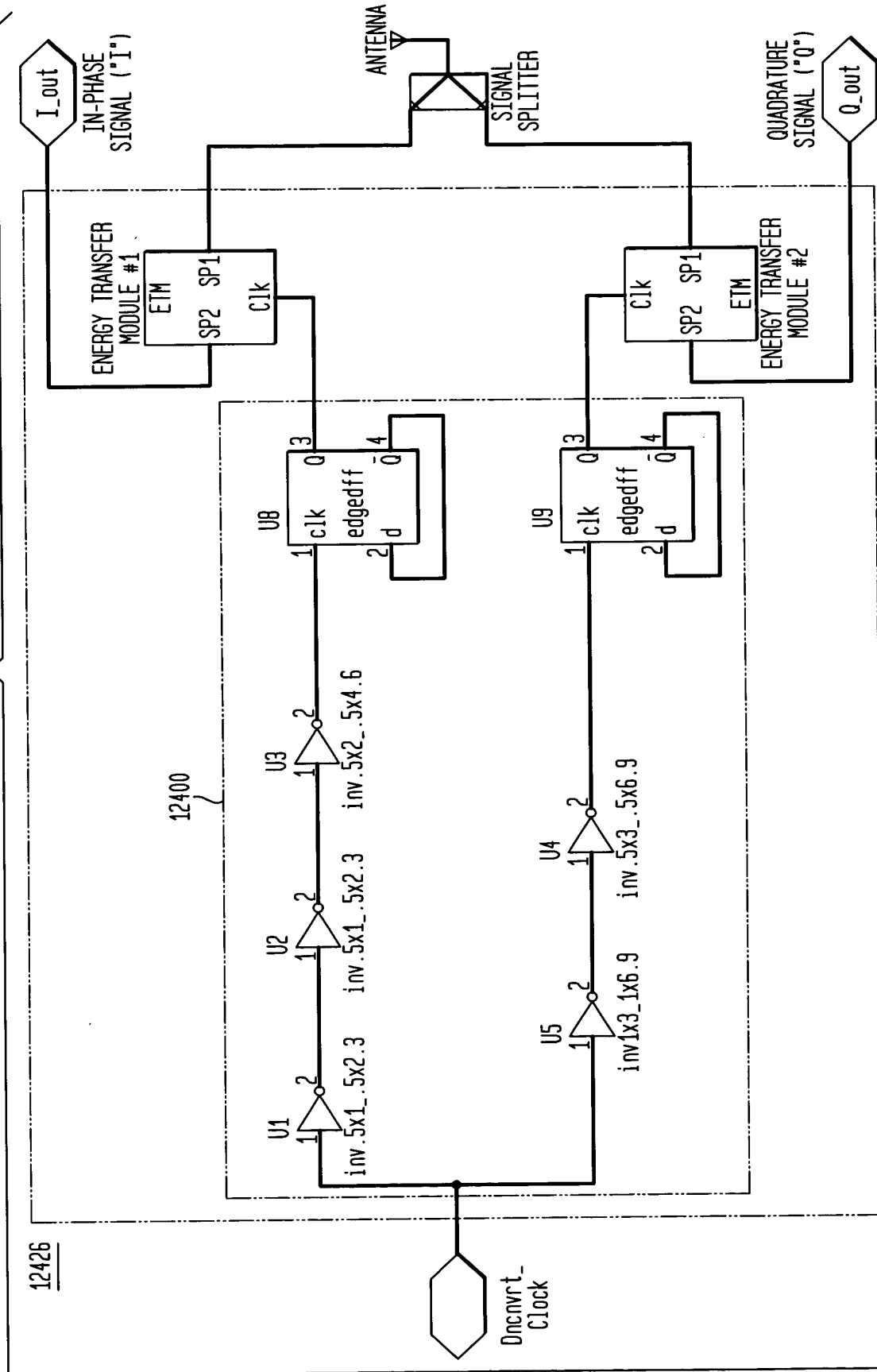
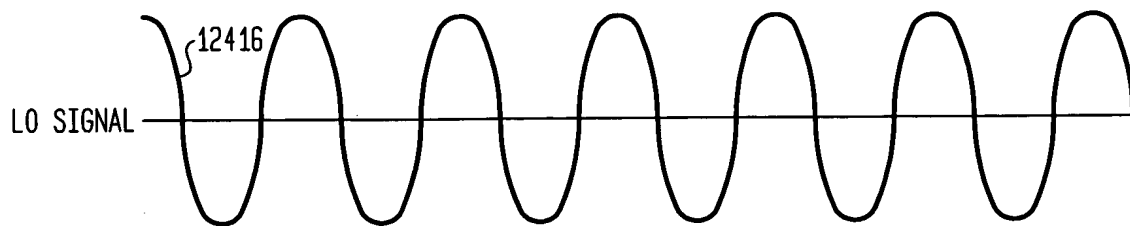


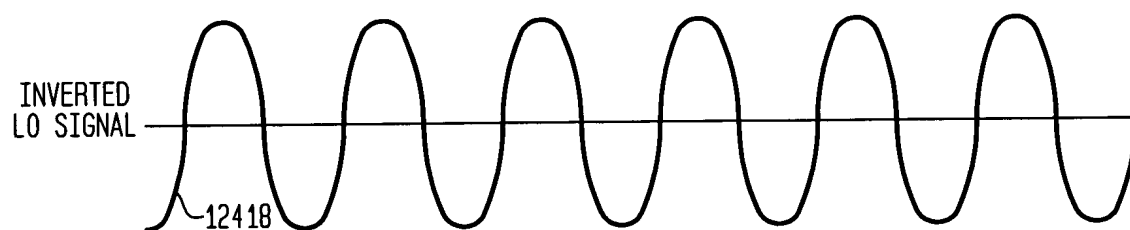
FIG. 124E



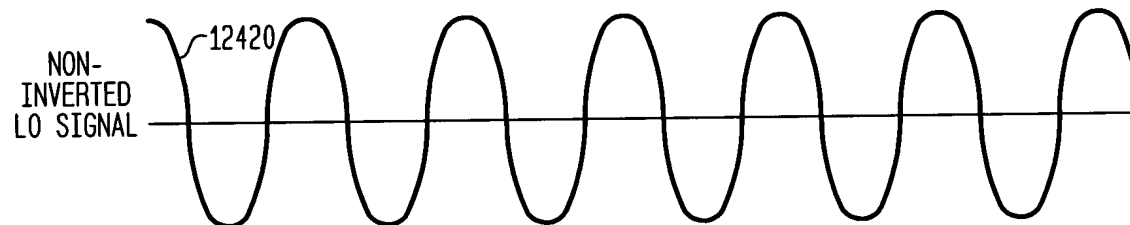
**FIG. 124F**



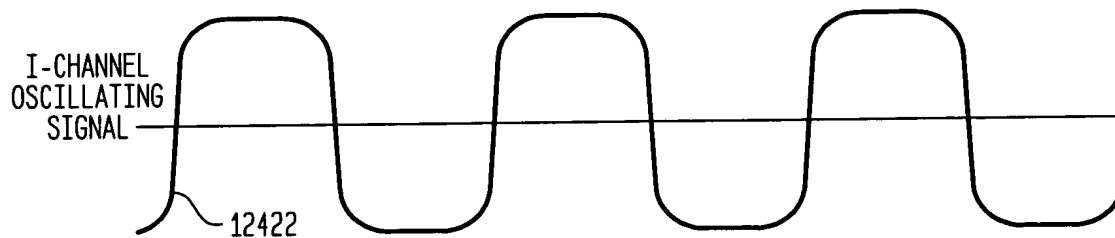
**FIG. 124G**



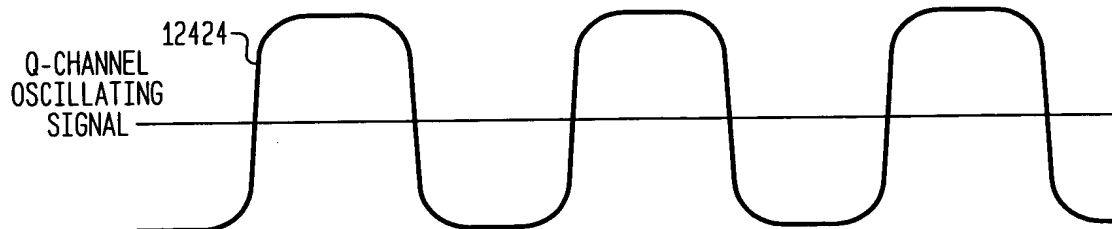
**FIG. 124H**



**FIG. 124I**



**FIG. 124J**



**FIG. 125**

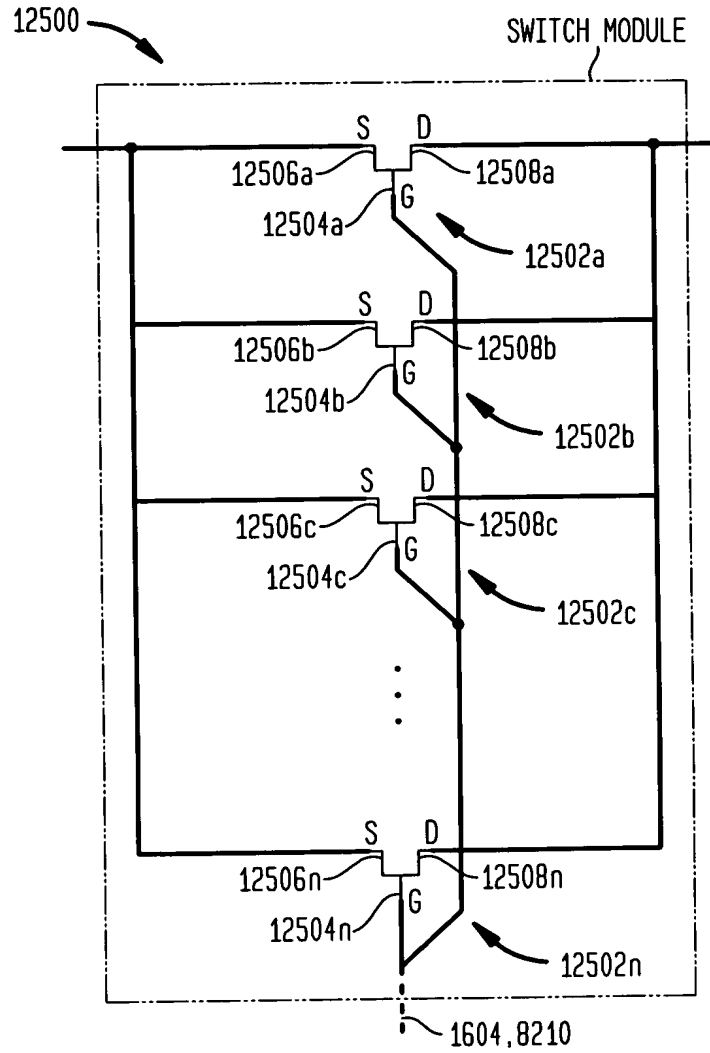
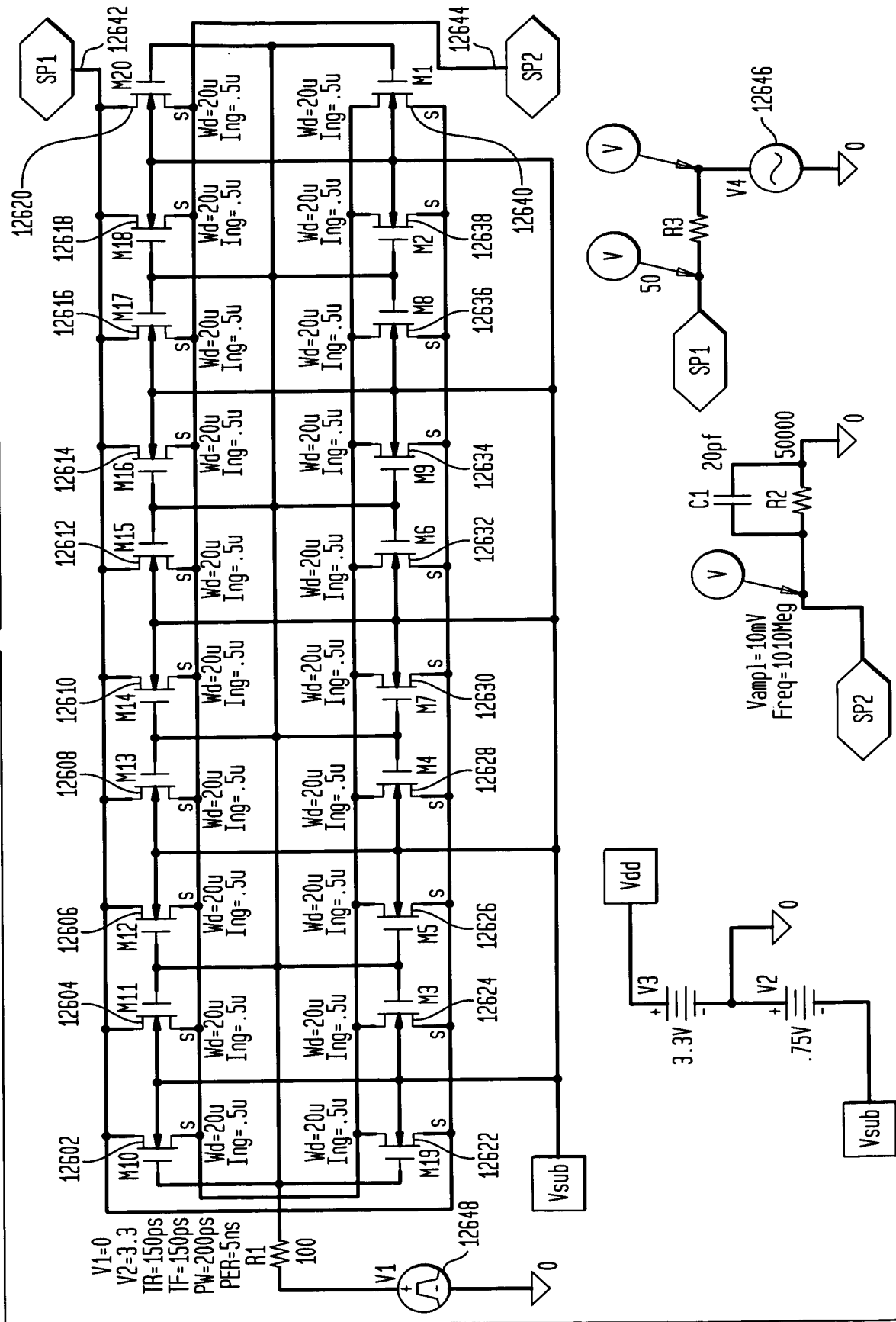
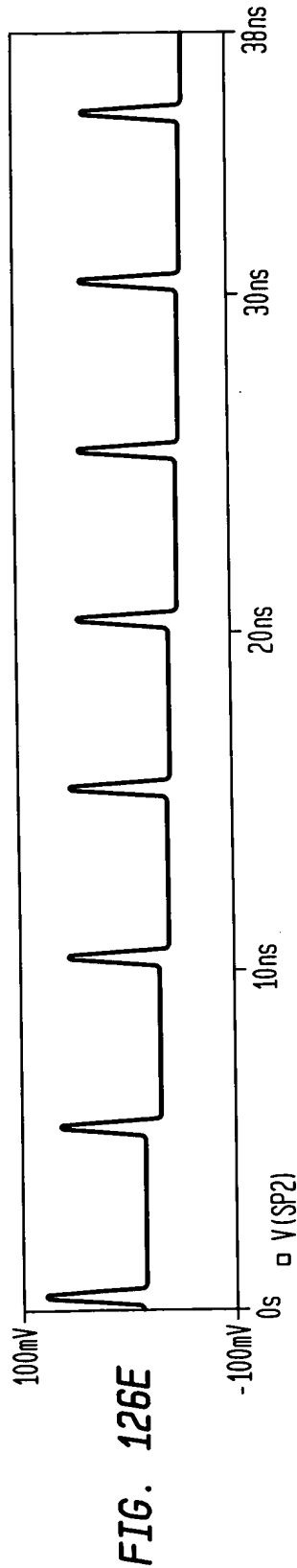
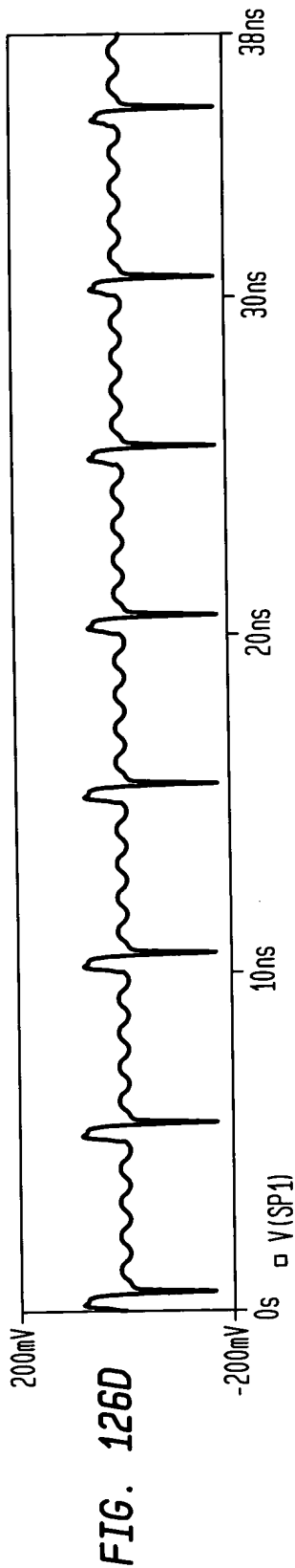
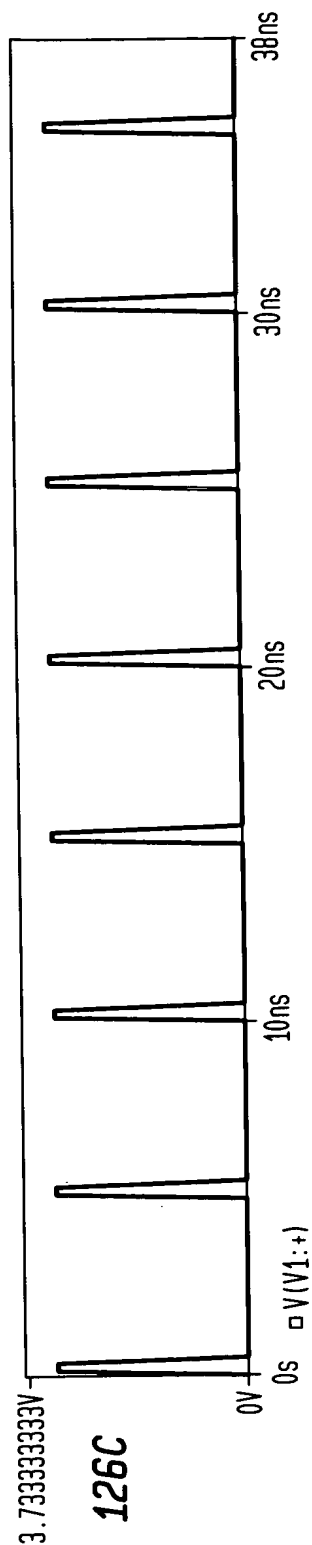
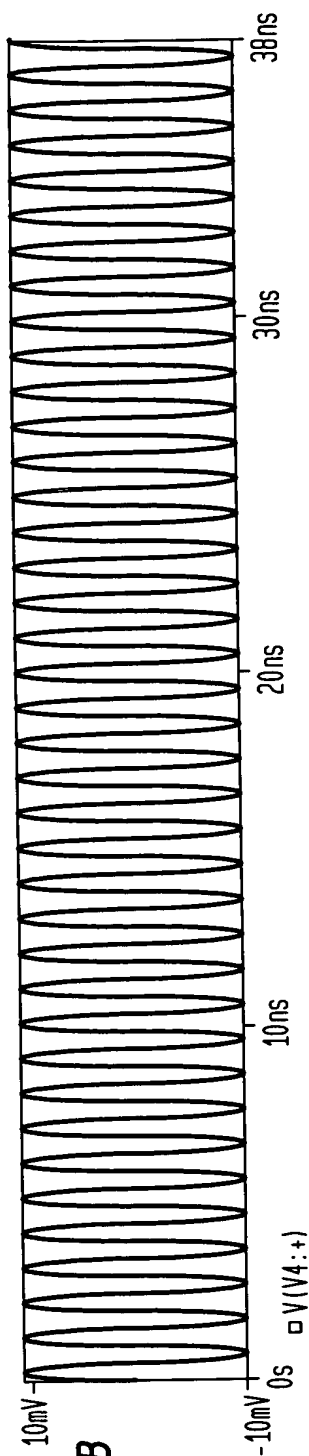


FIG. 126A





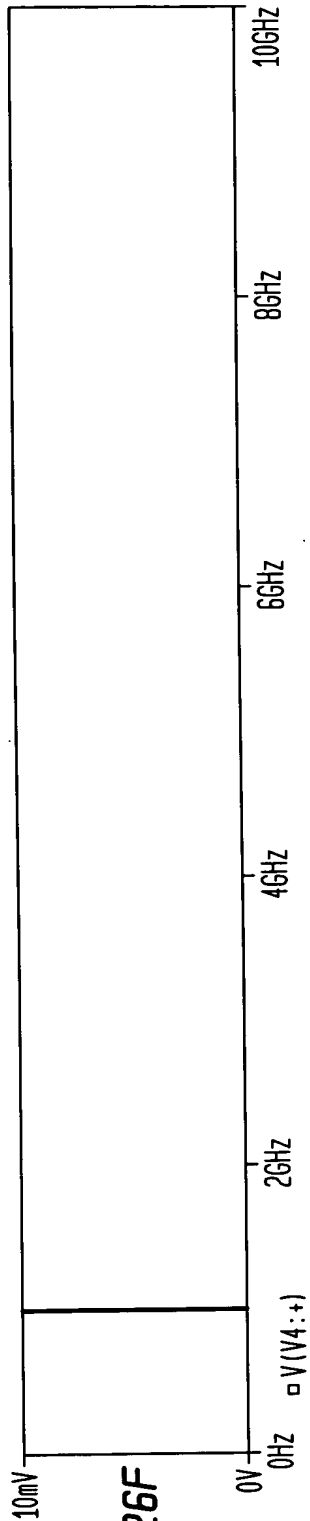


FIG. 126F

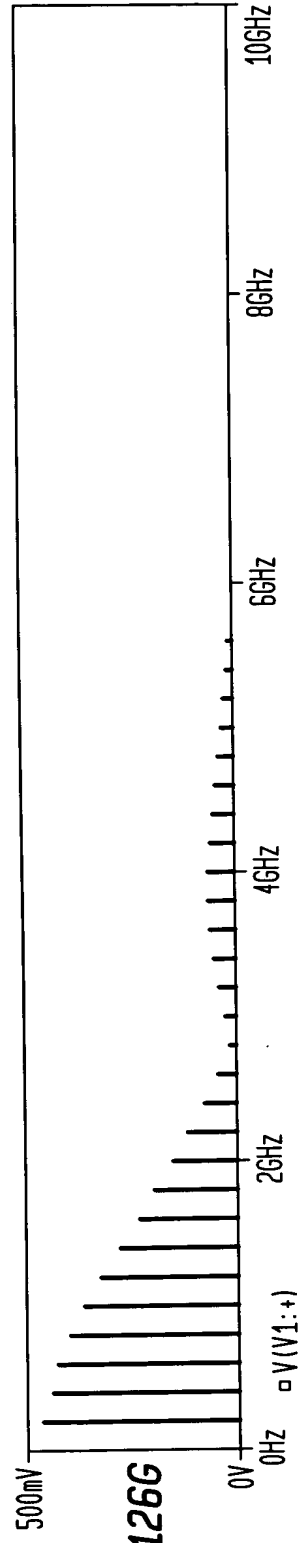


FIG. 126G

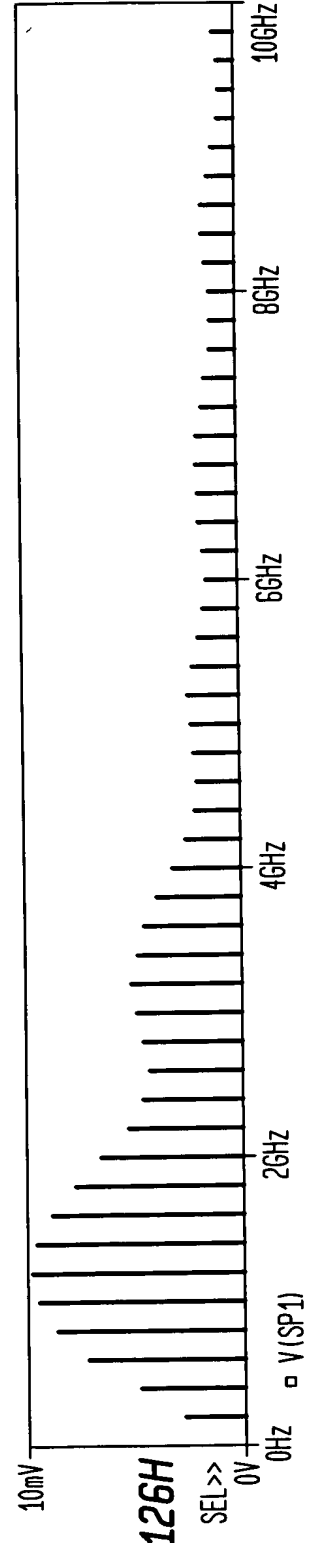


FIG. 126H

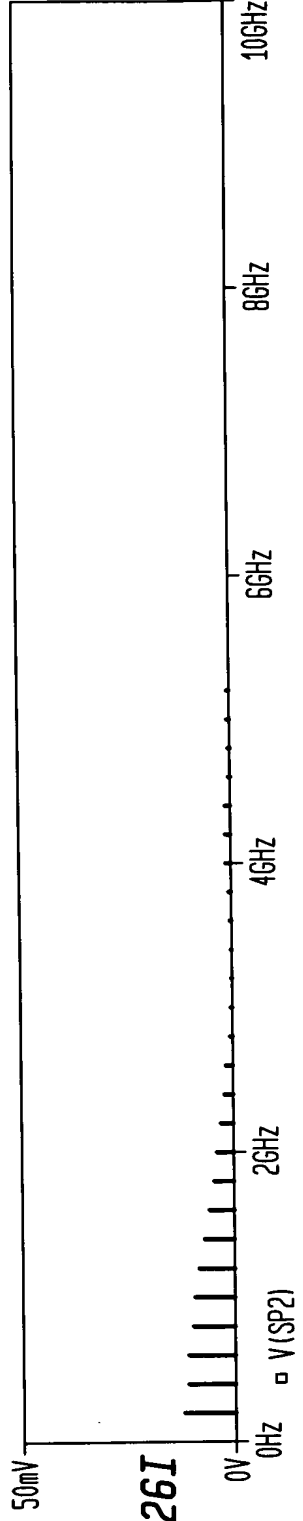
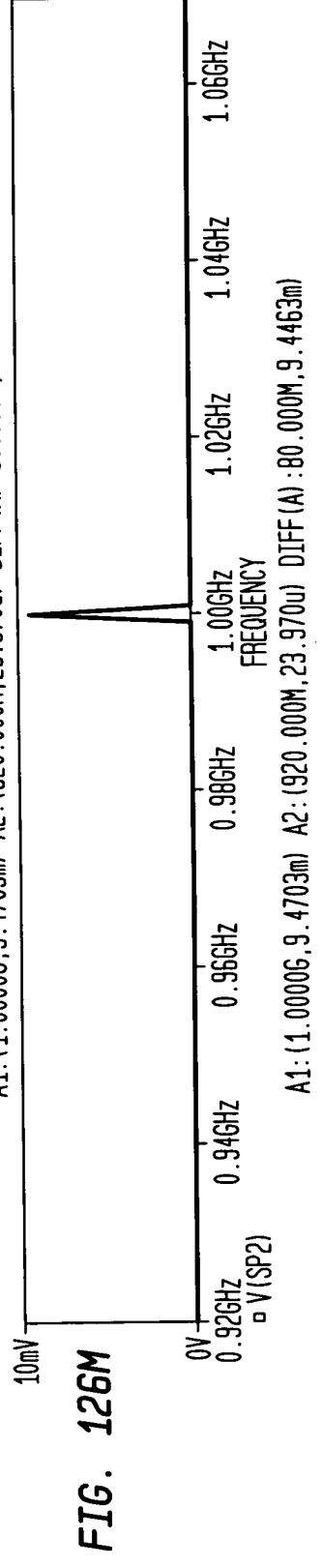
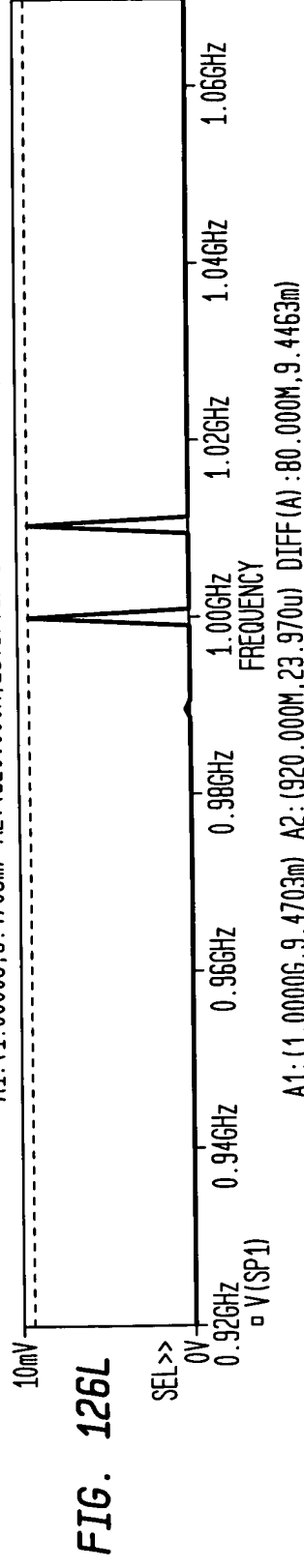
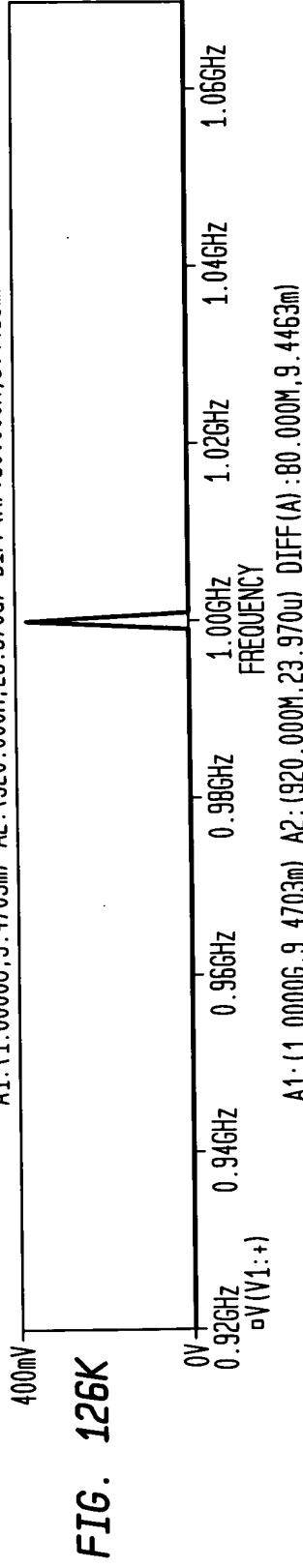
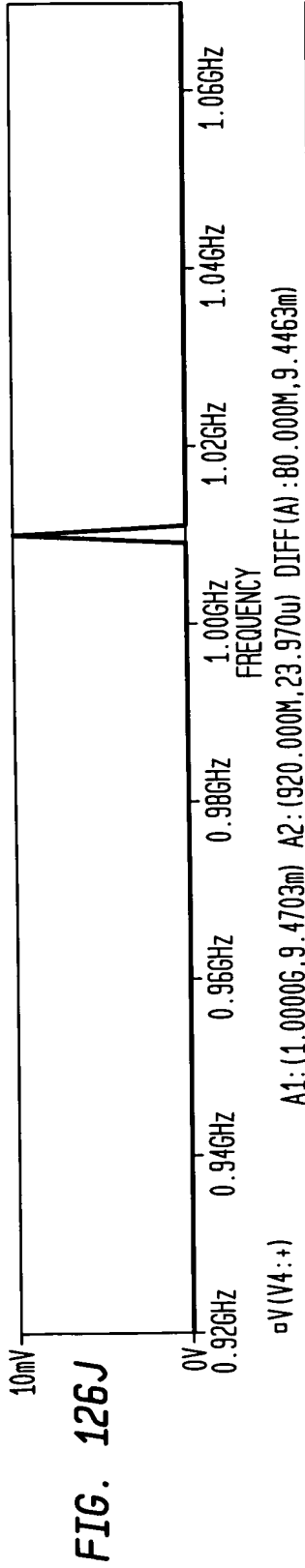
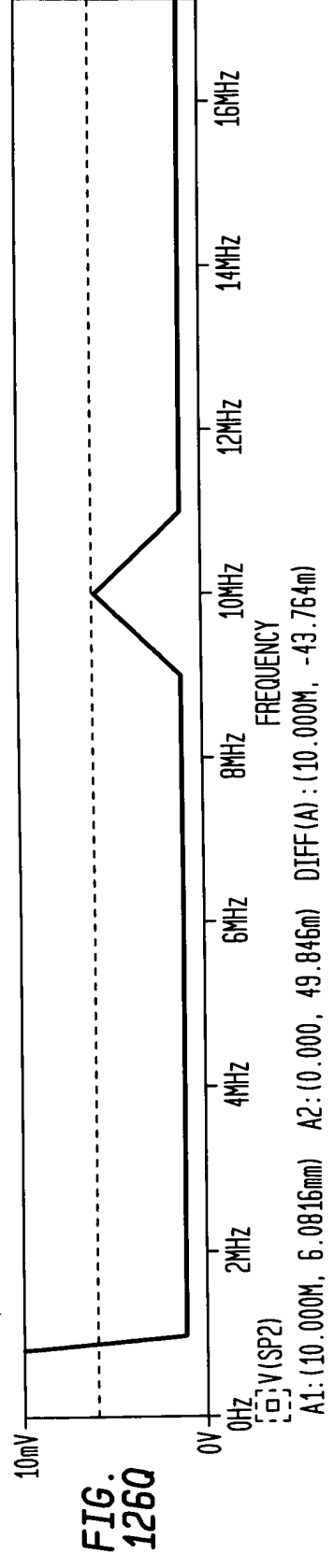
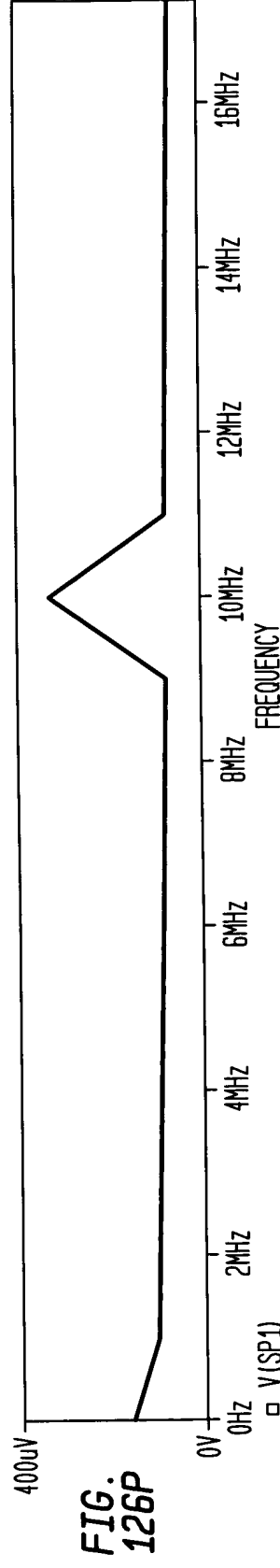
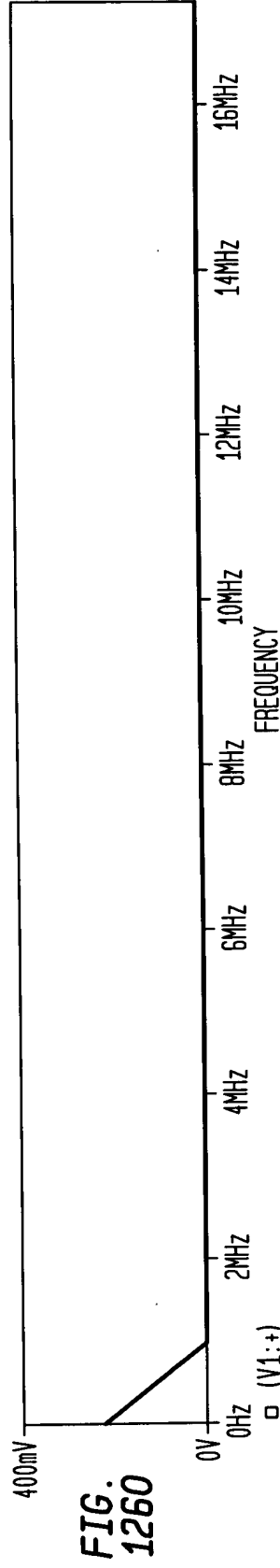
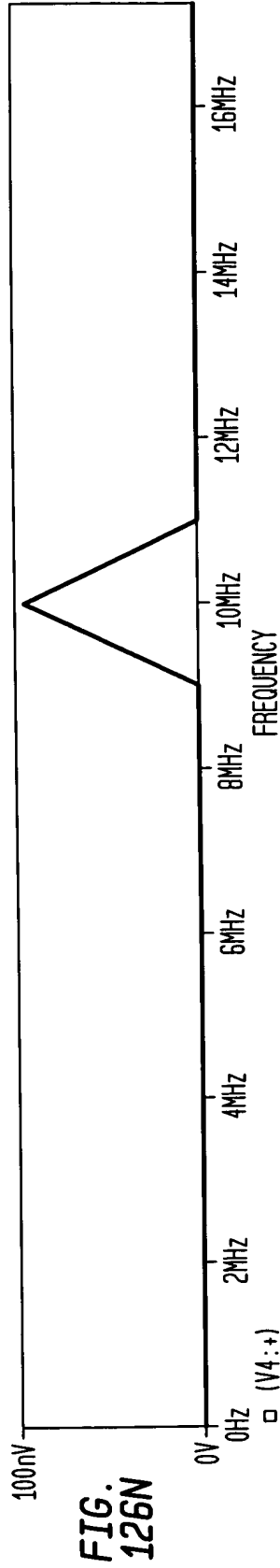


FIG. 126I









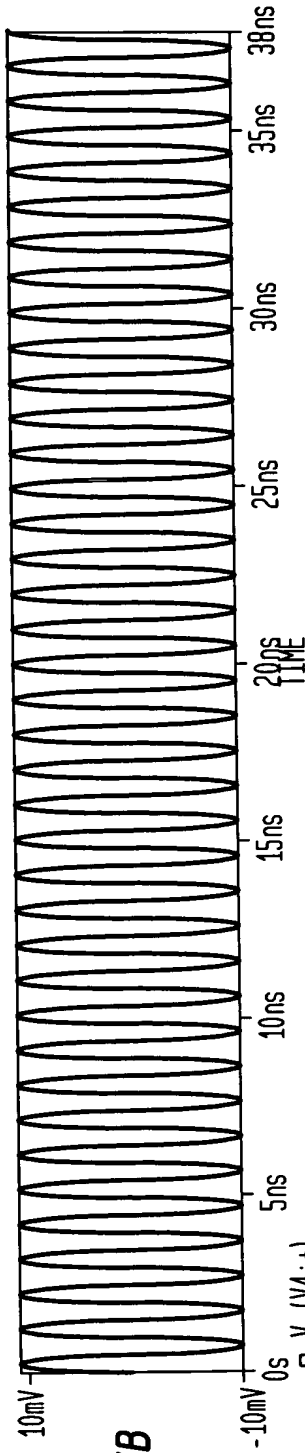


FIG. 127B

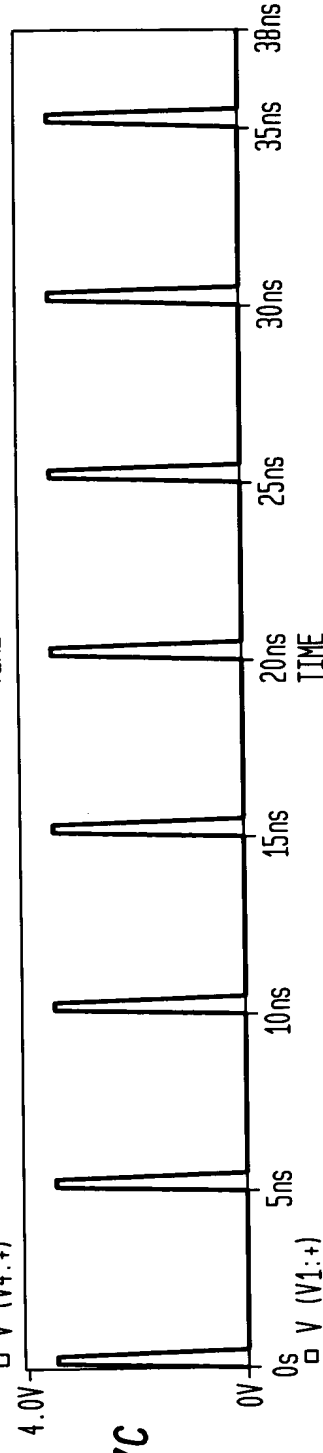


FIG. 127C

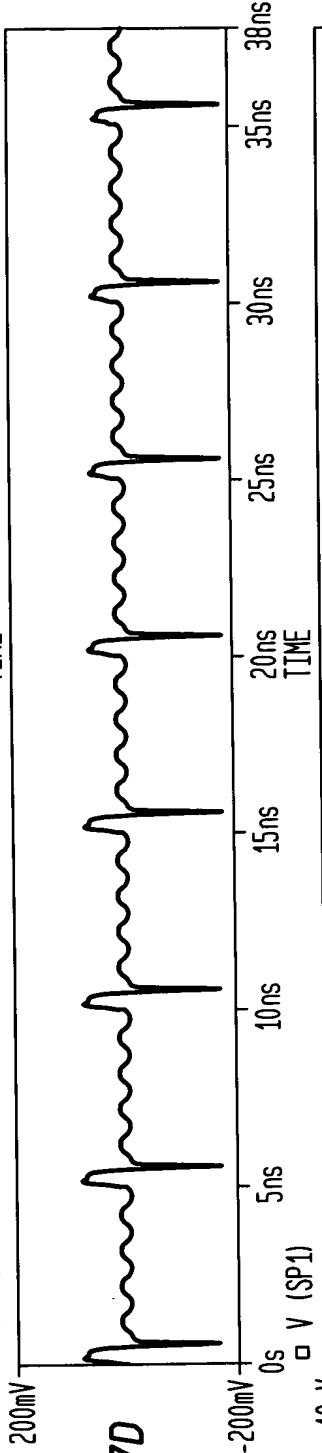


FIG. 127D

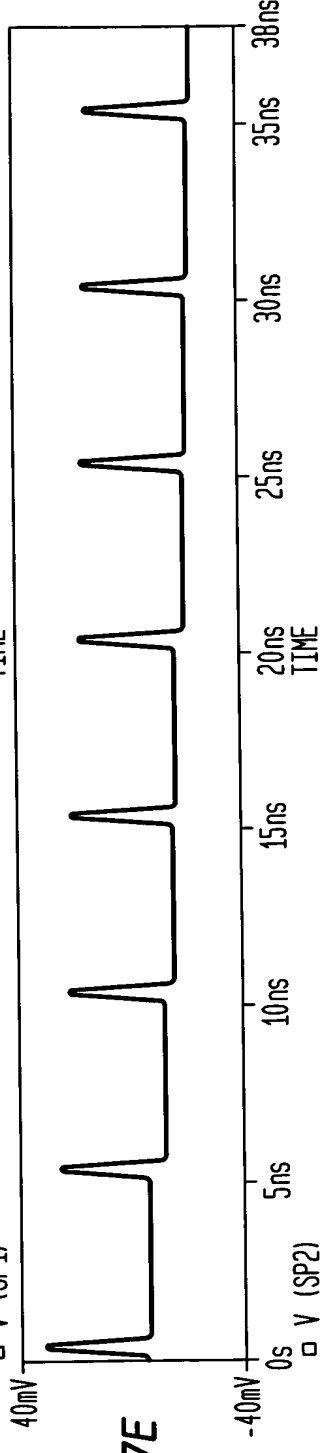
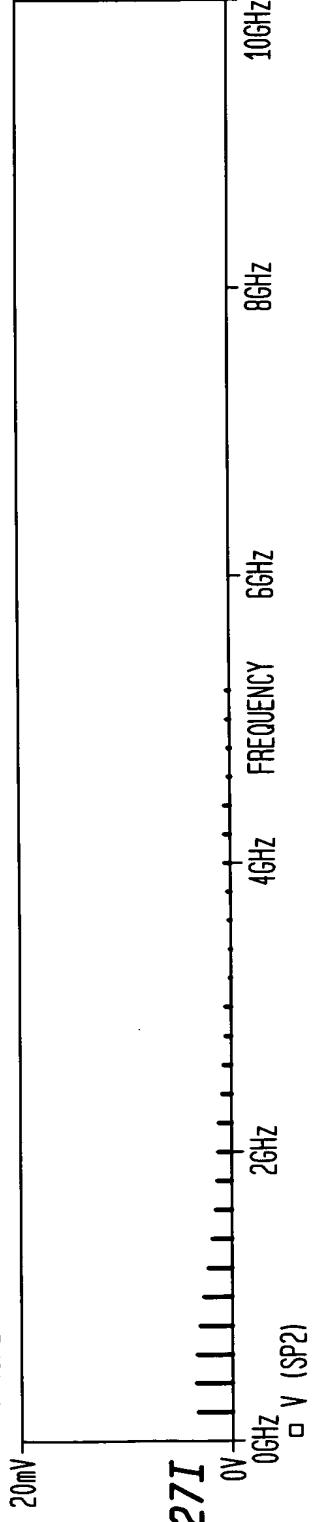
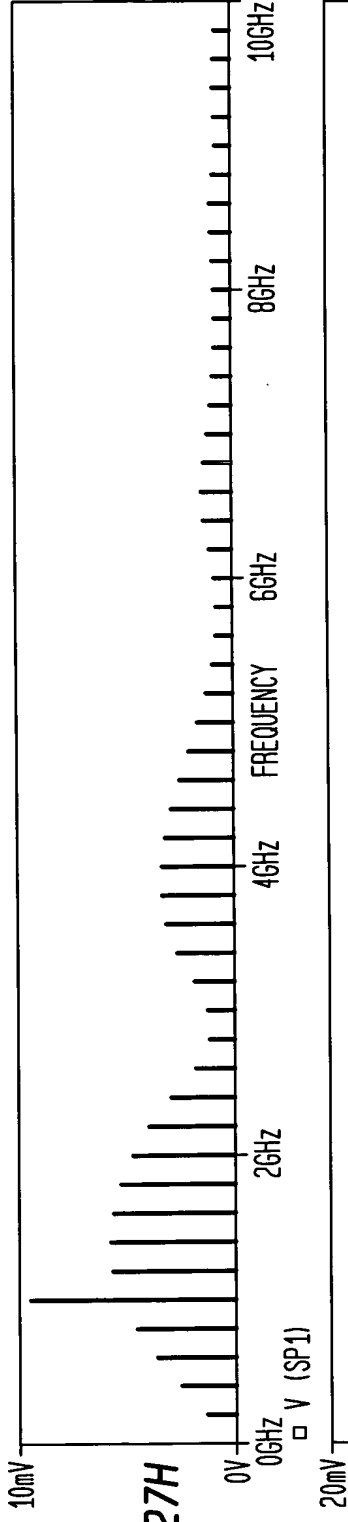
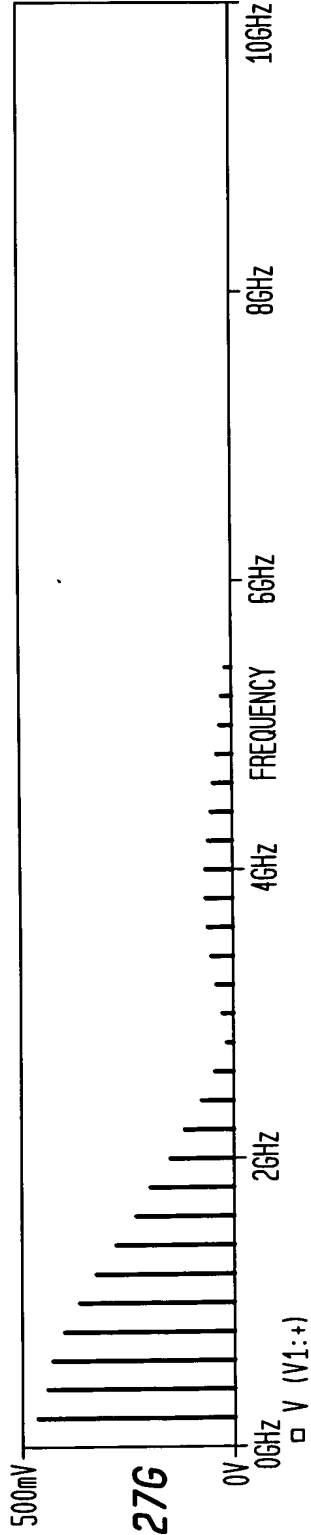
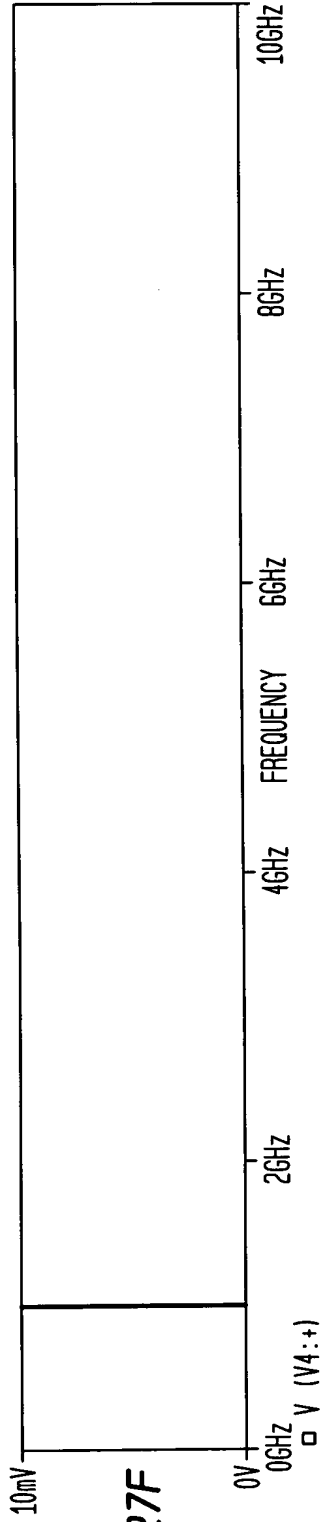
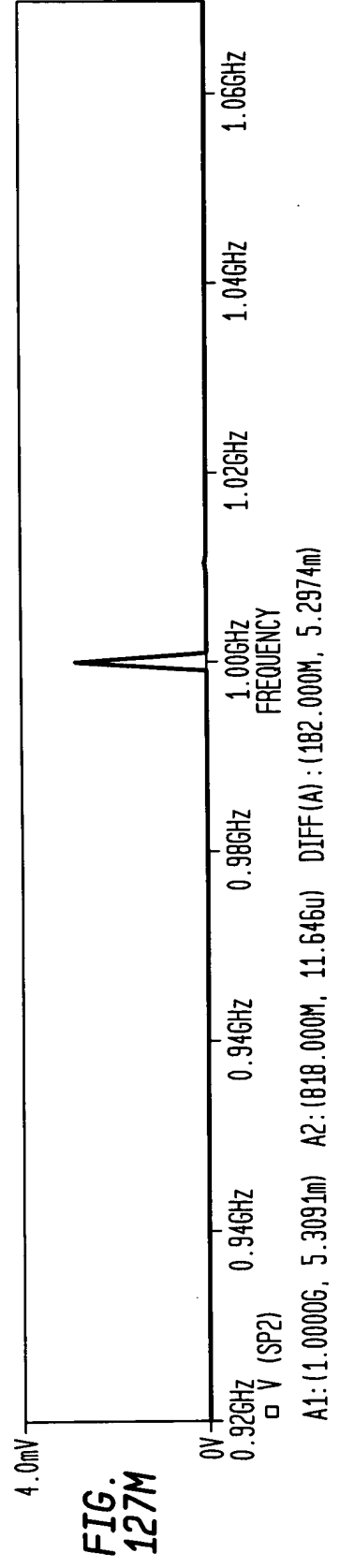
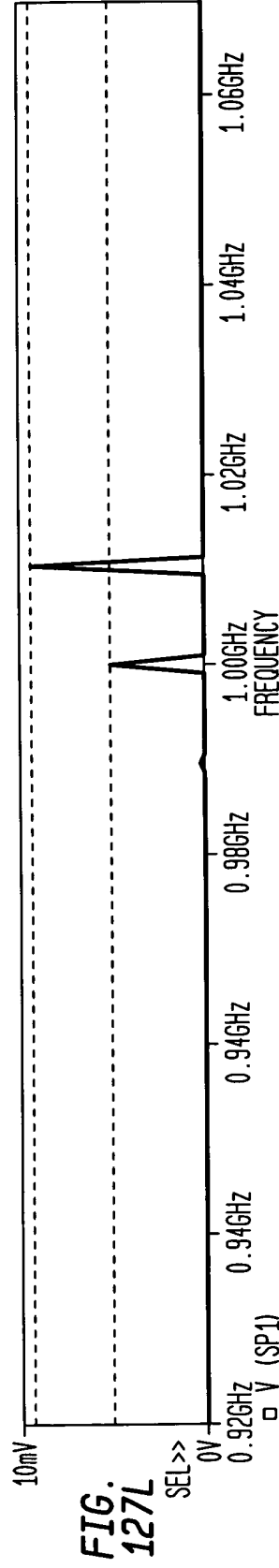
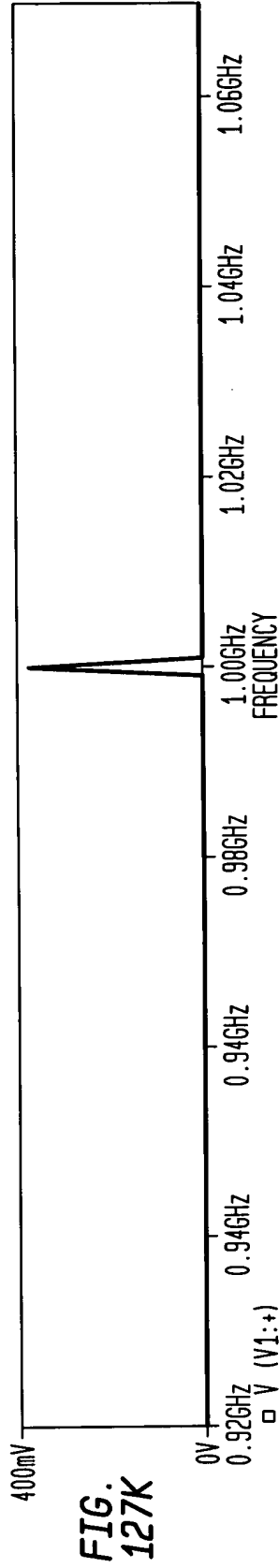
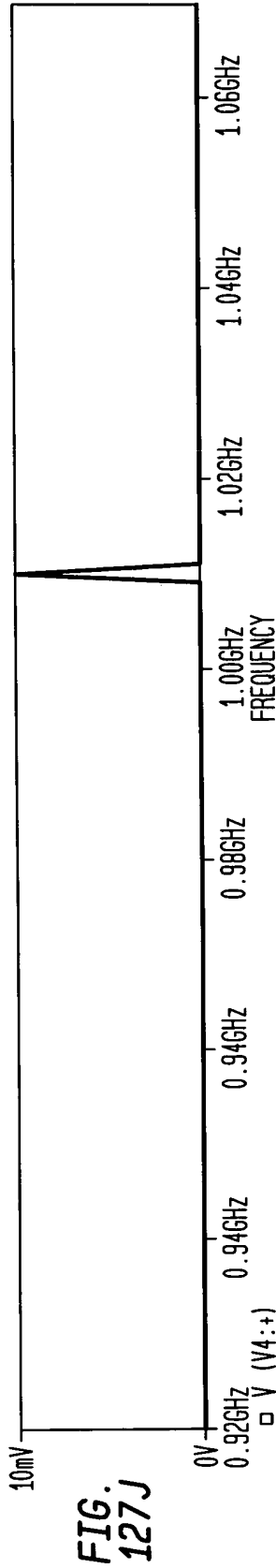
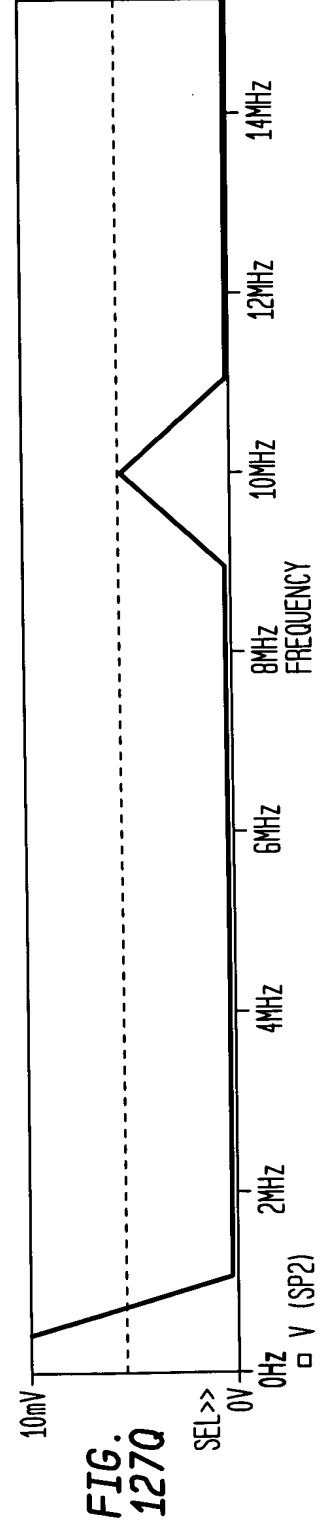
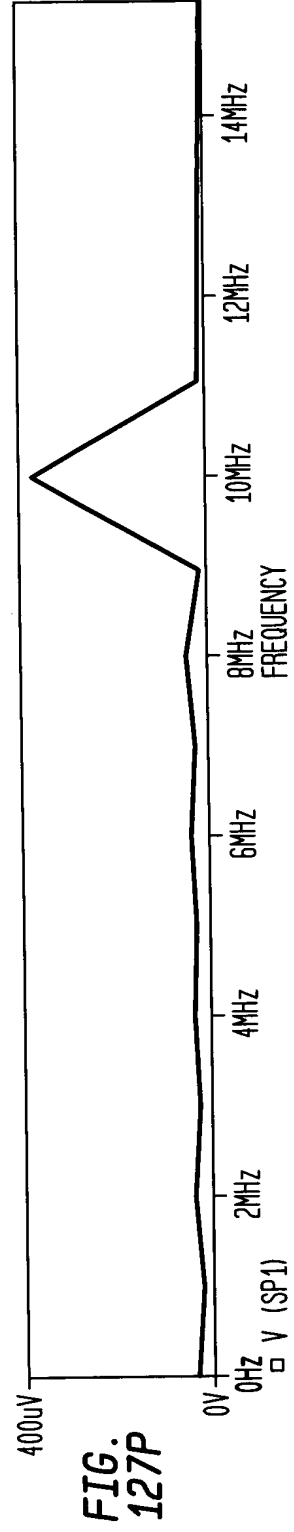
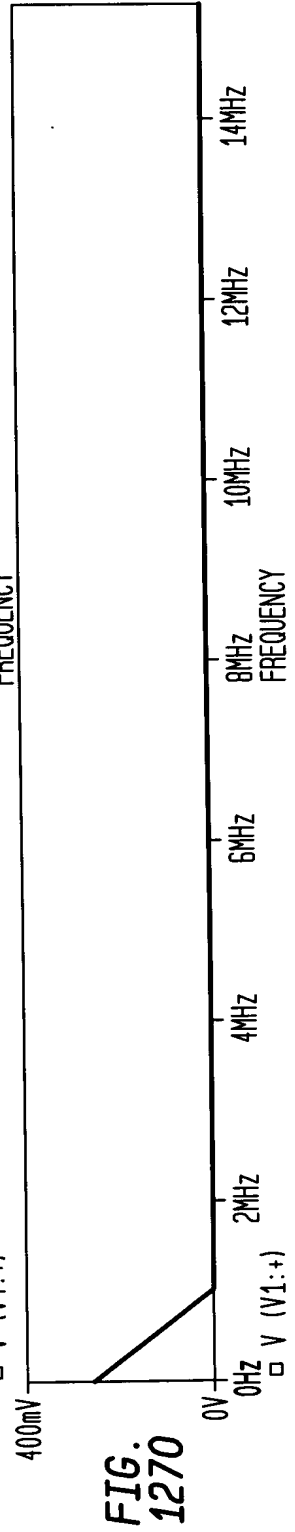
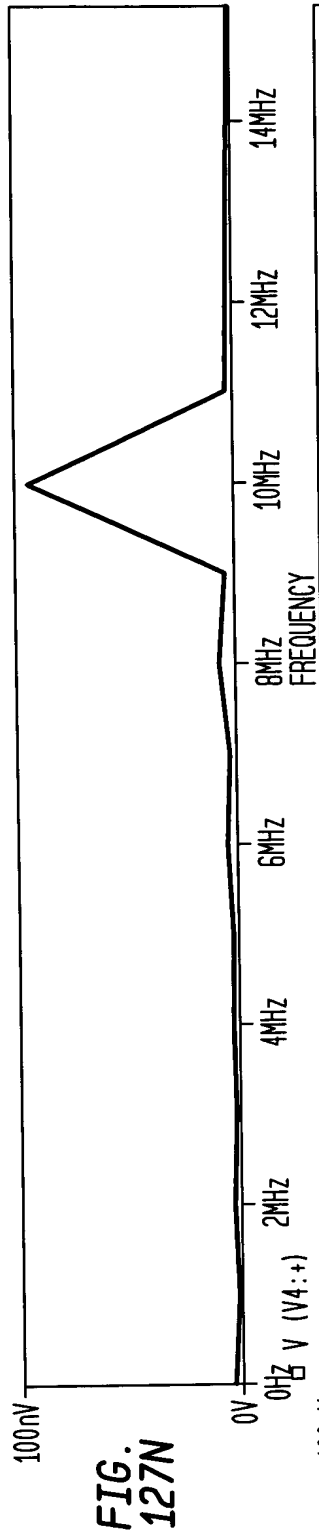


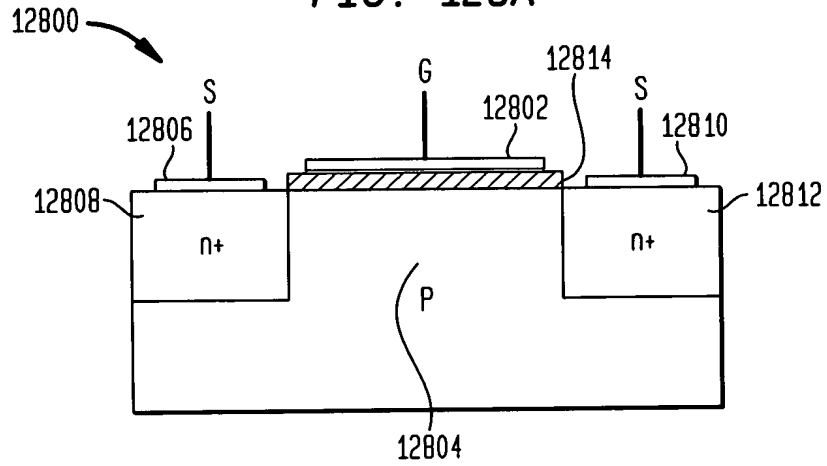
FIG. 127E







**FIG. 128A**



**FIG. 128B**

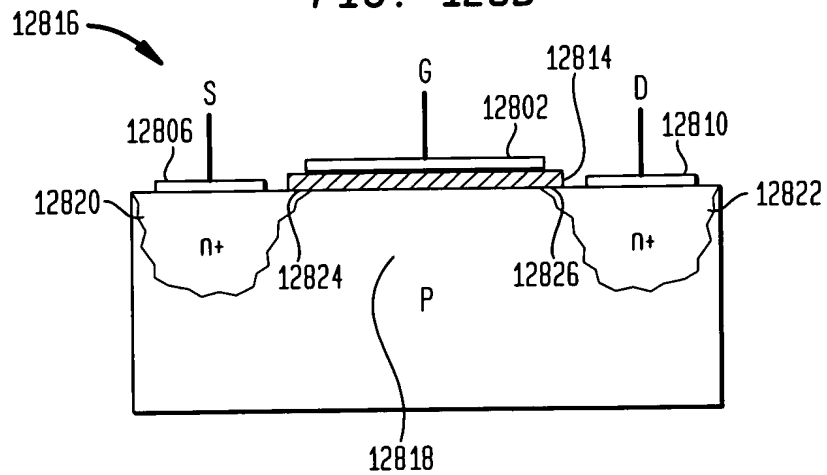




FIG. 128C

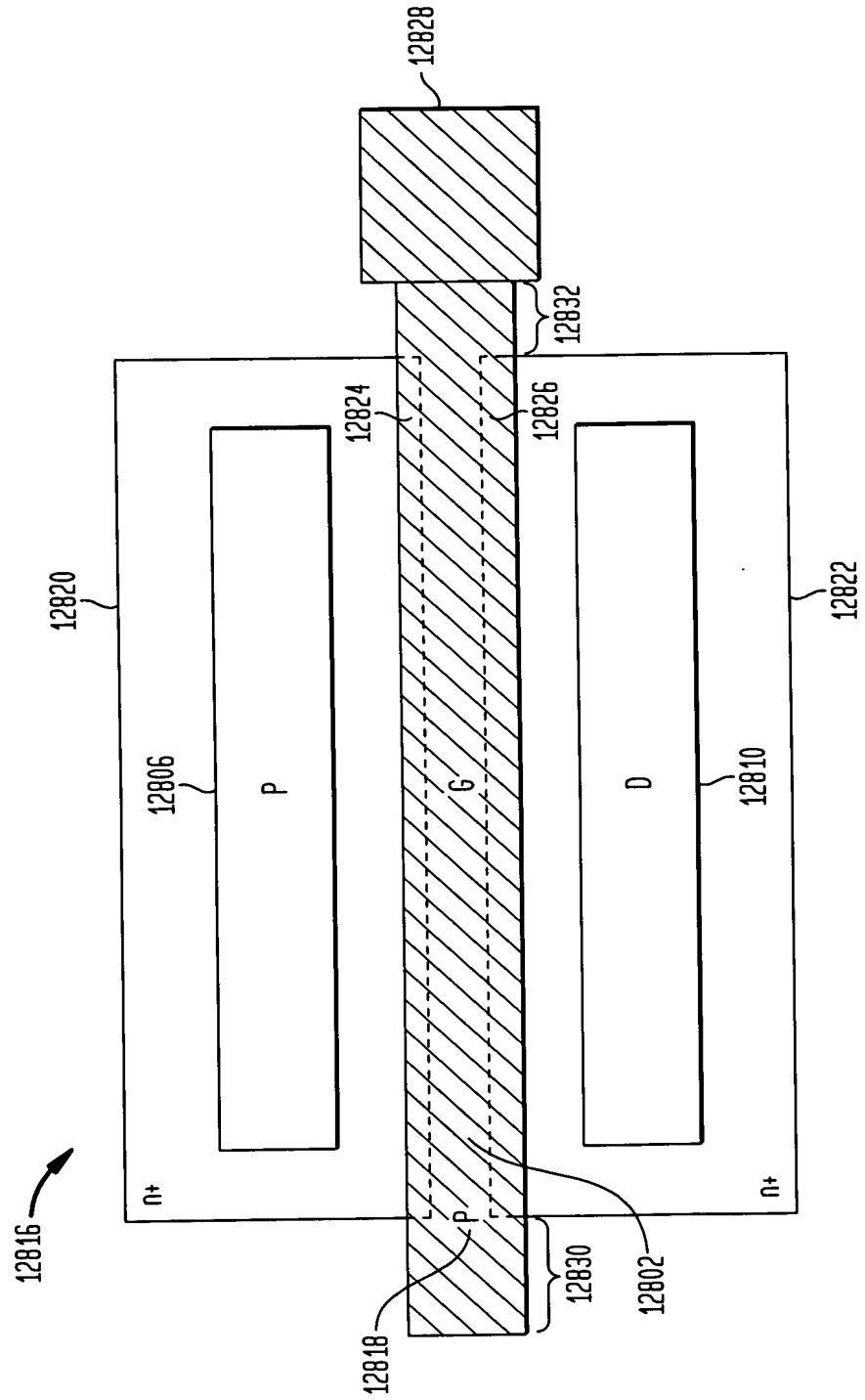
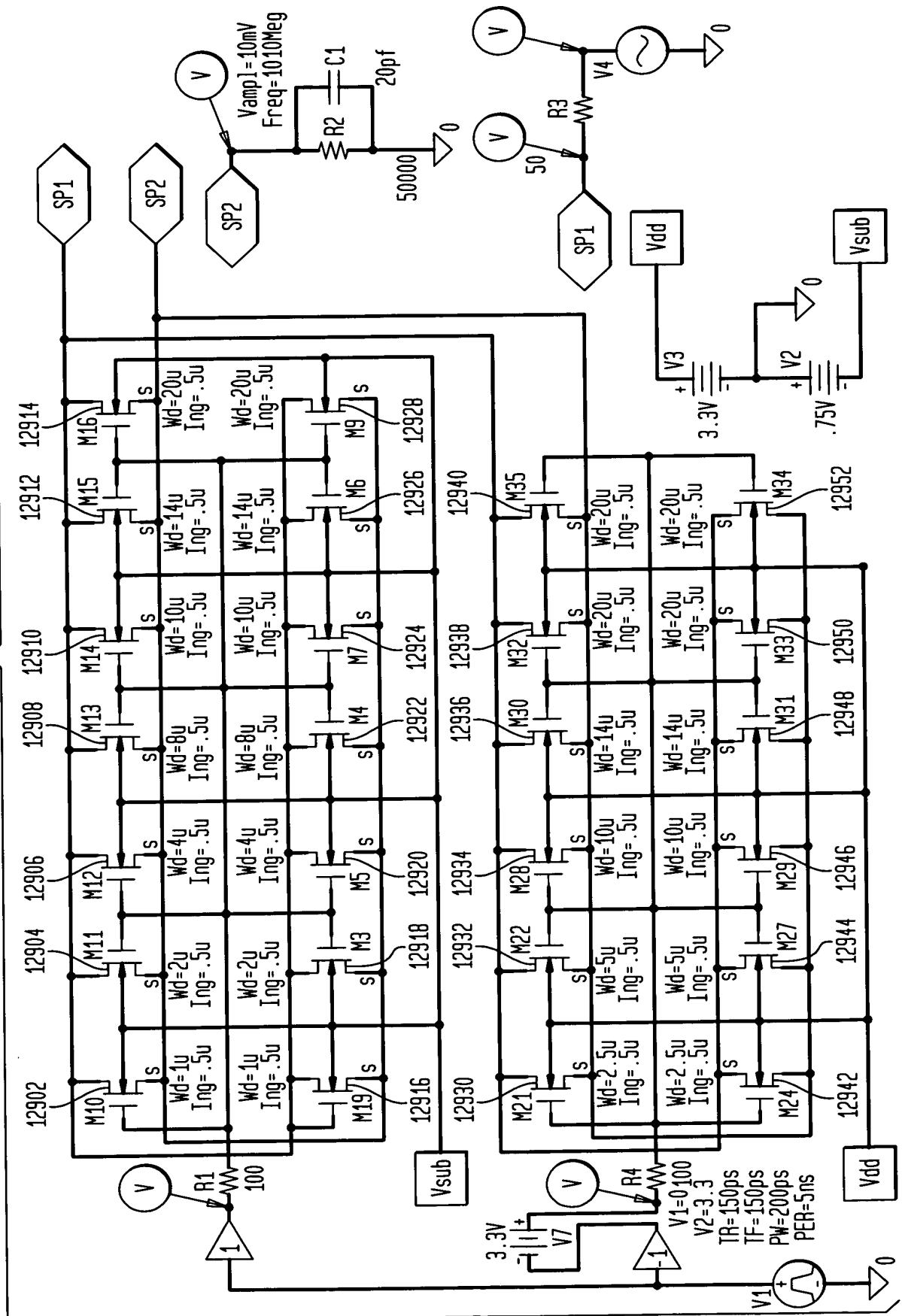


FIG. 129A



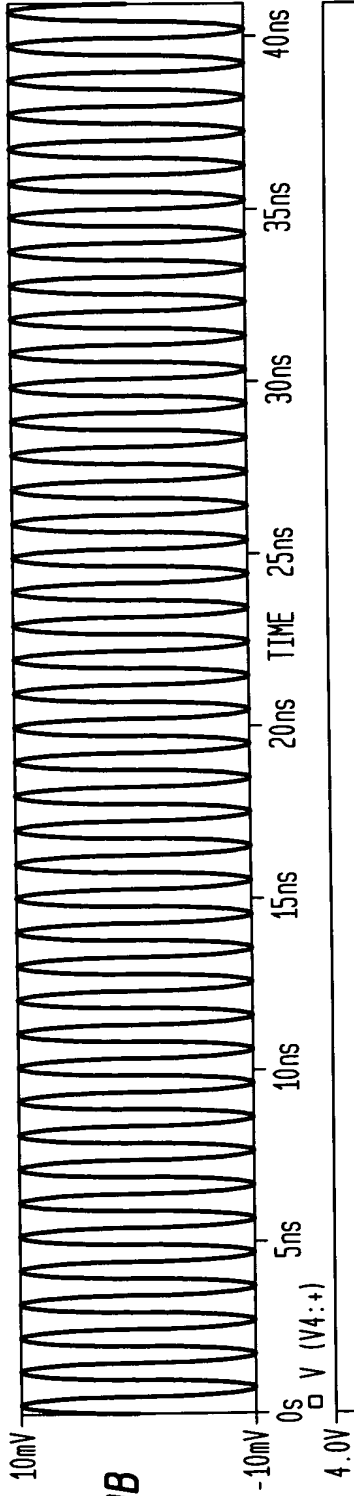


FIG. 129B

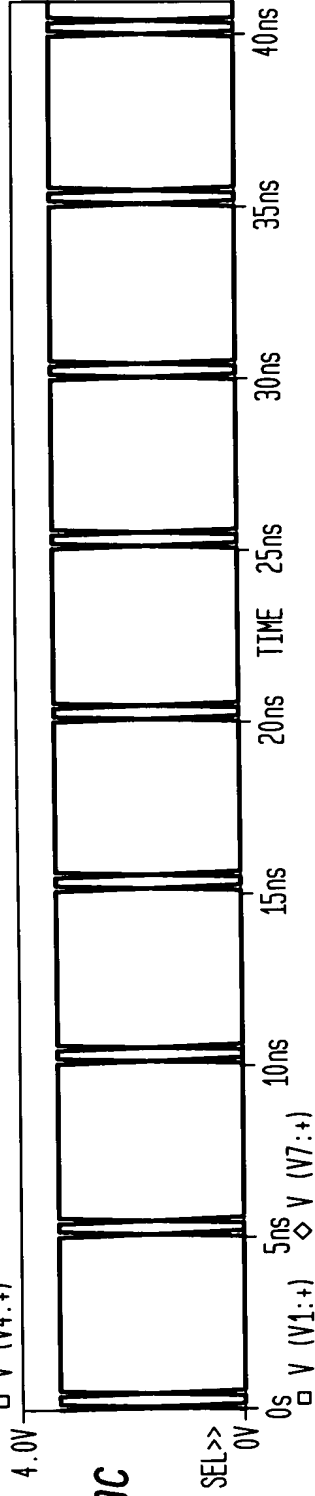


FIG. 129C

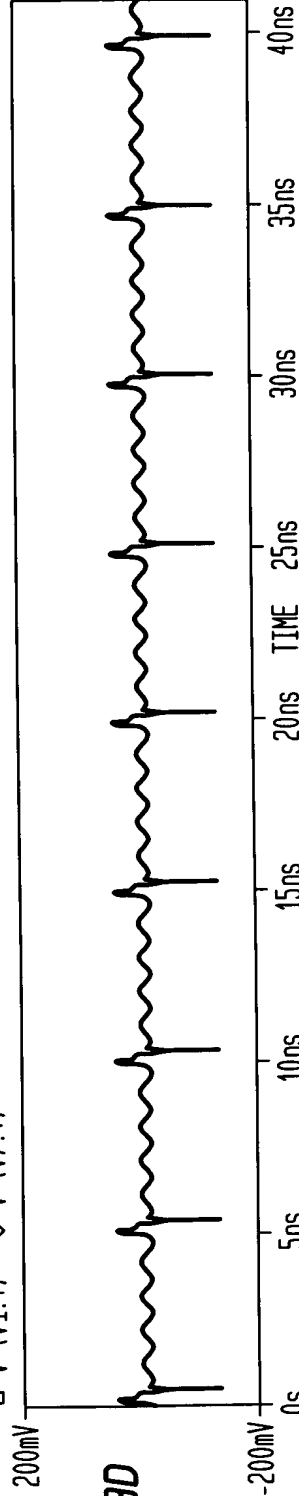


FIG. 129D

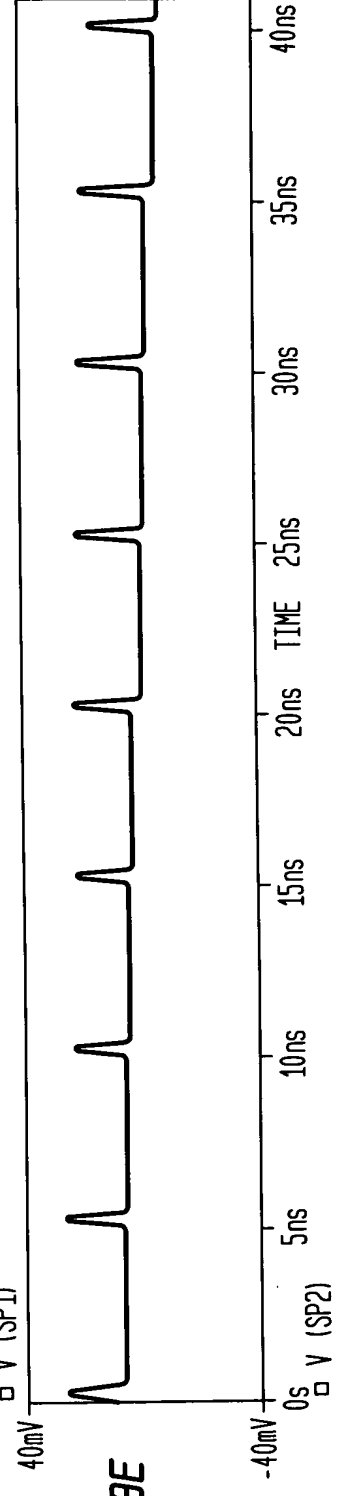
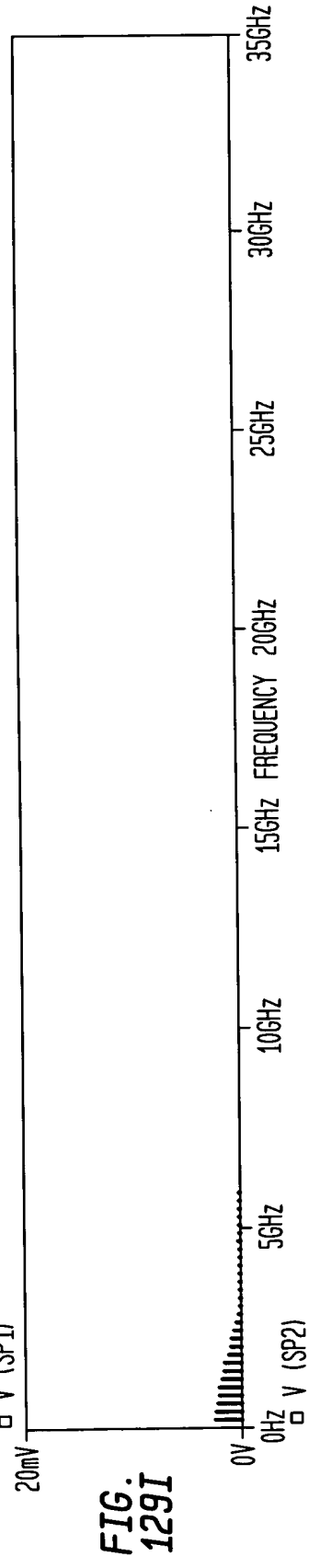
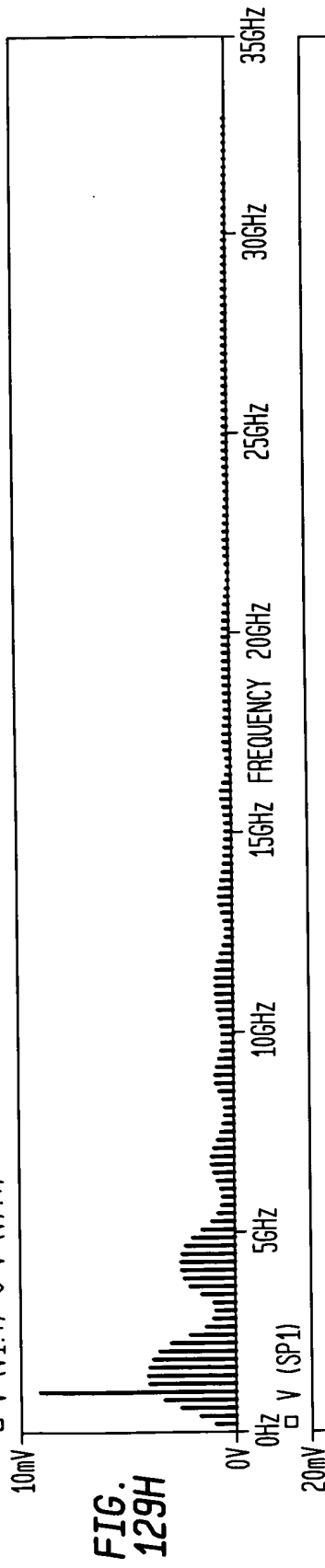
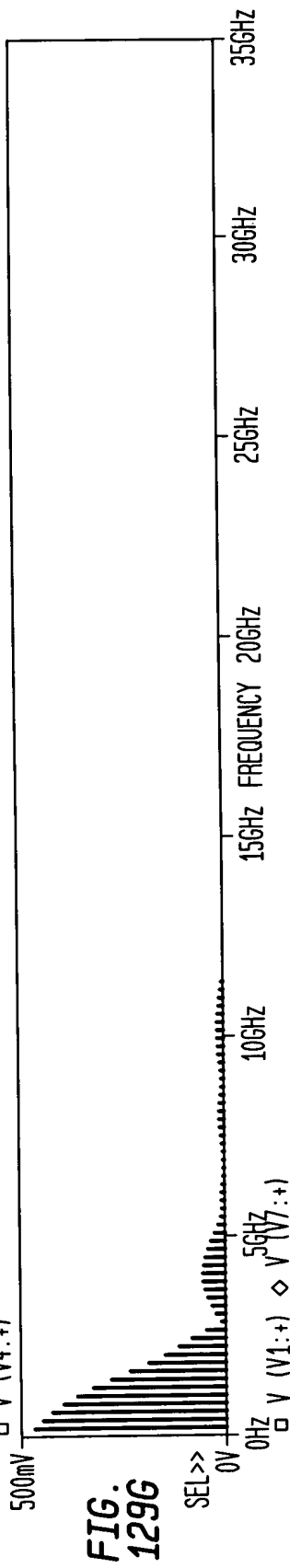
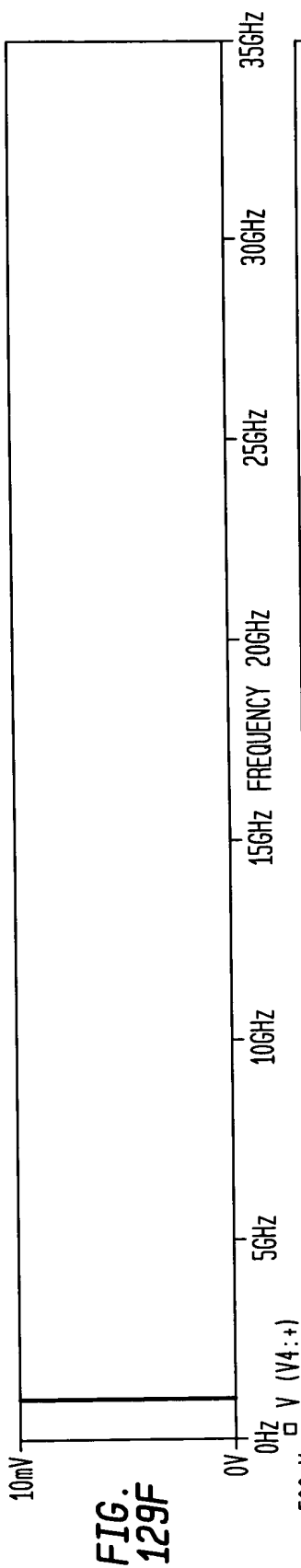
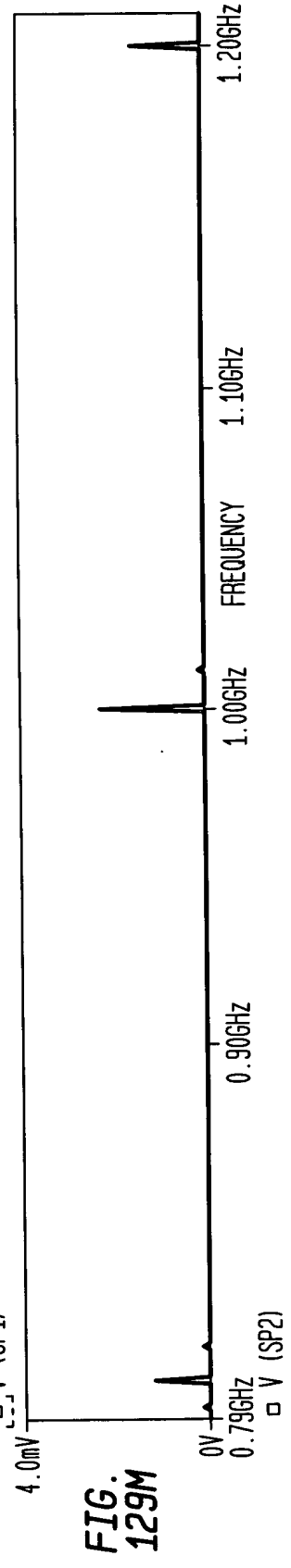
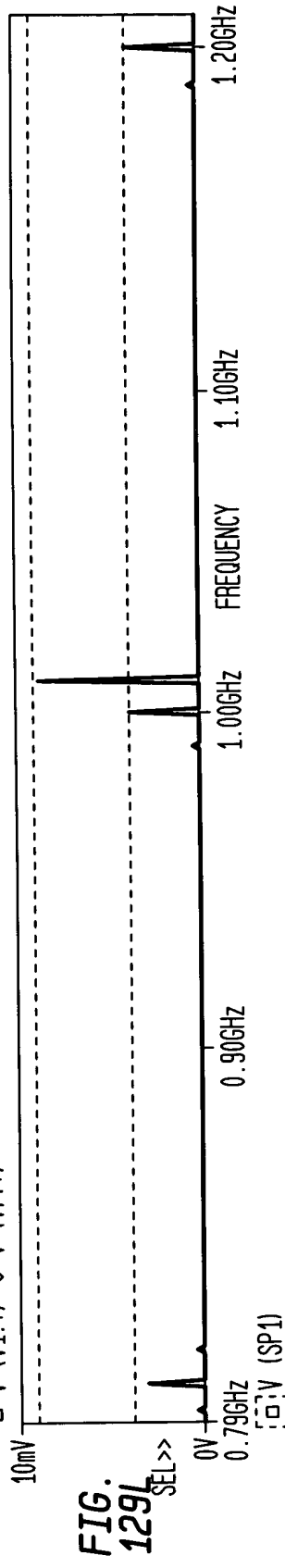
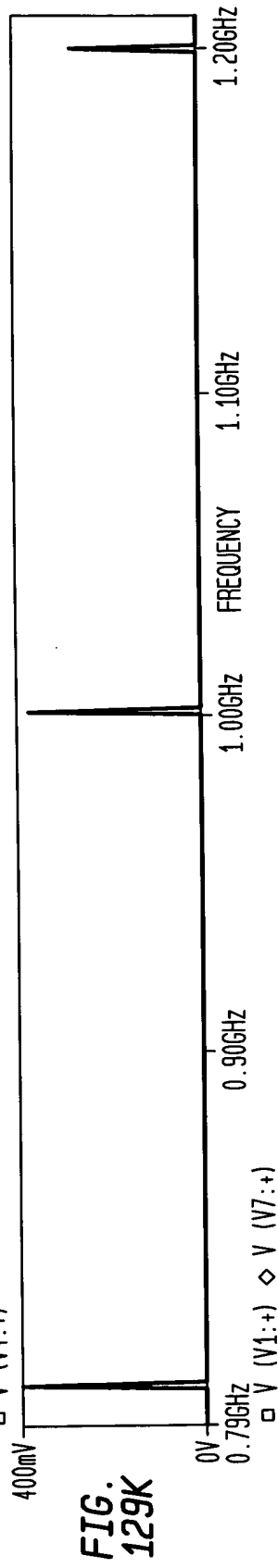
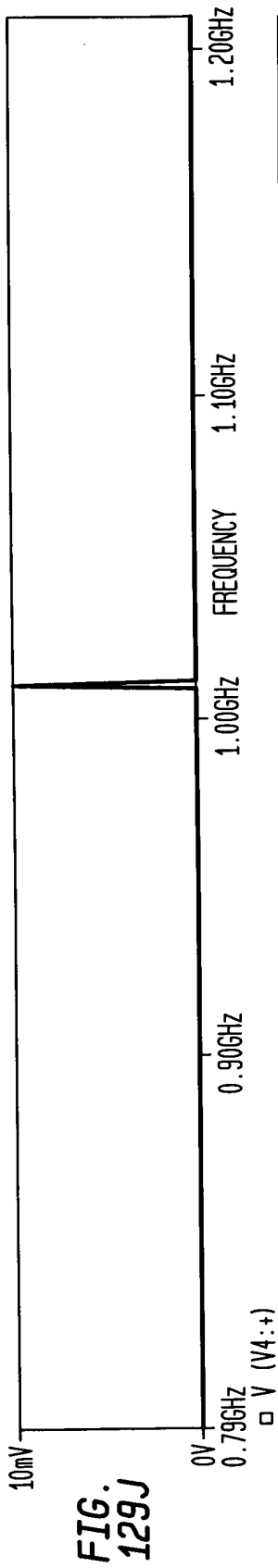
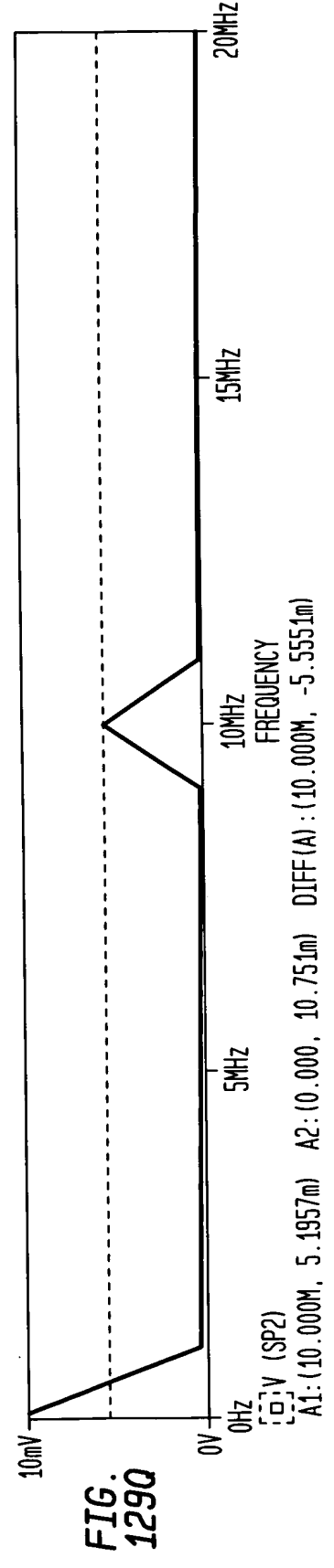
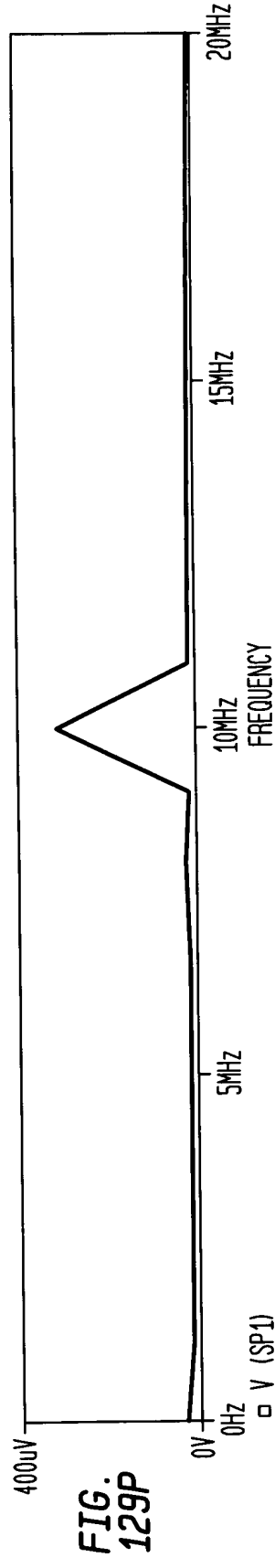
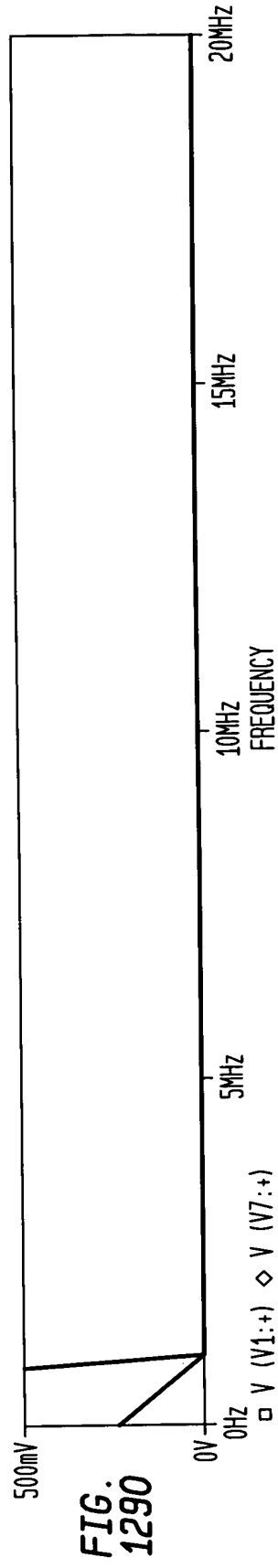
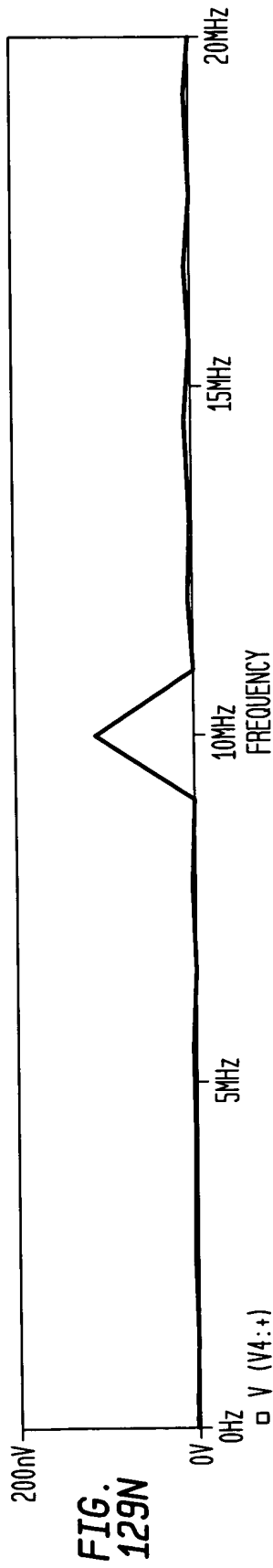


FIG. 129E





A1: (1.0000G, 3.9326m) A2: (788.000M, 9.0941u) DIFF(A): (212.000M, -3.9235m)



**FIG. 130**

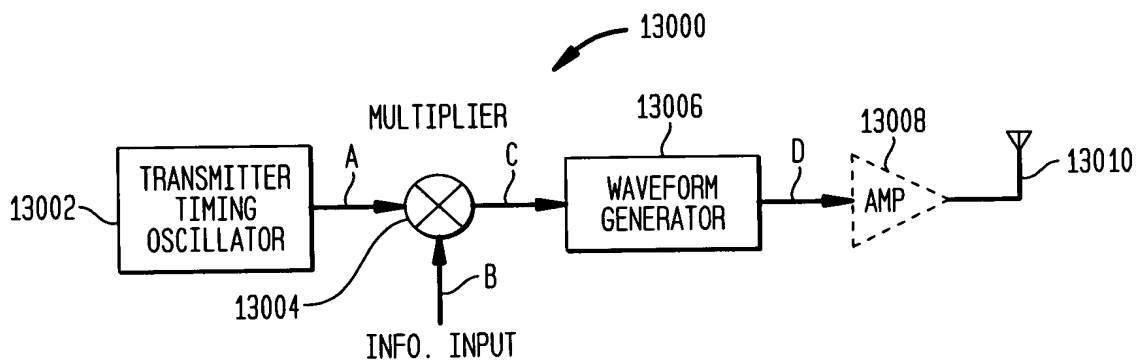
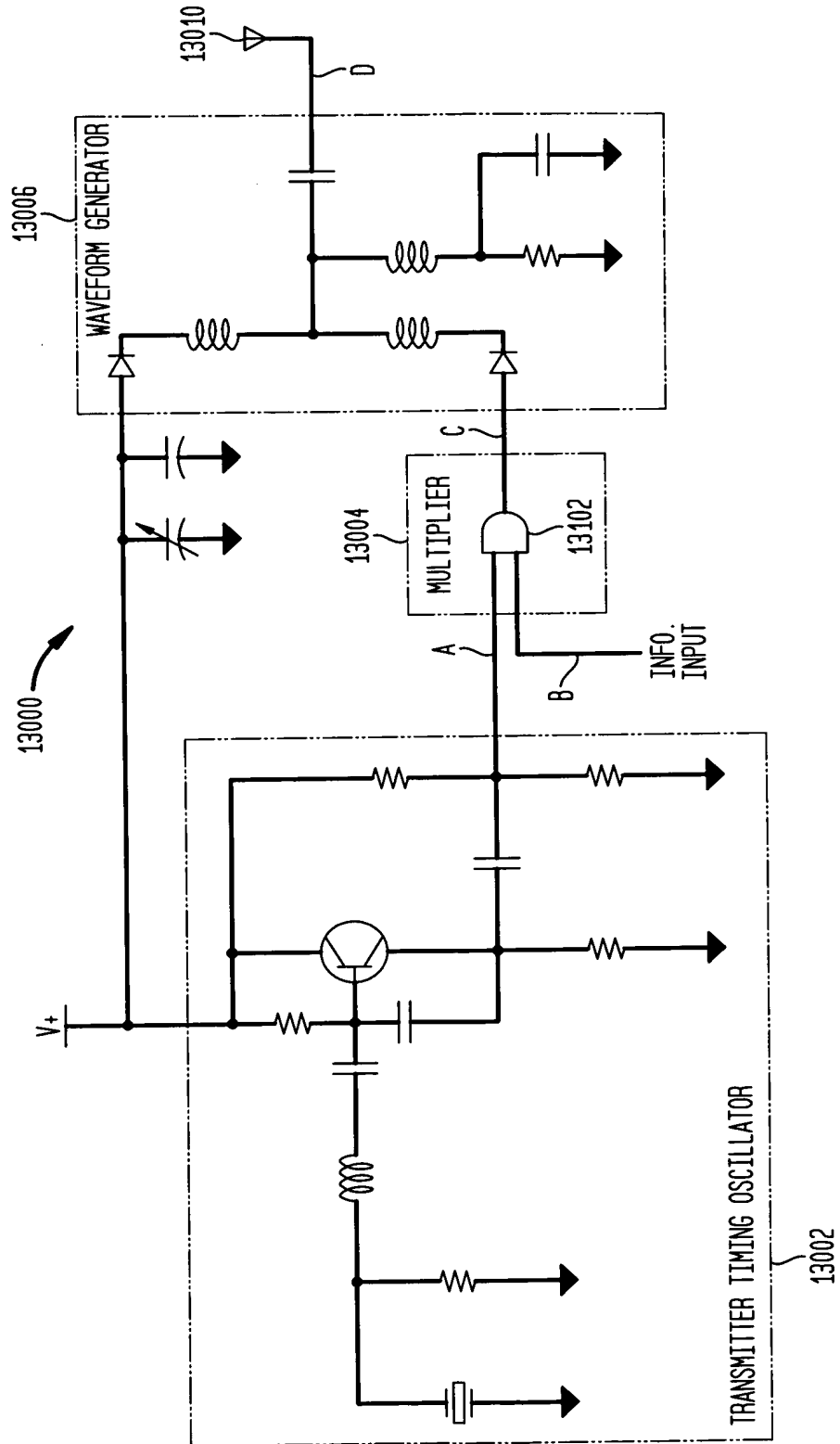
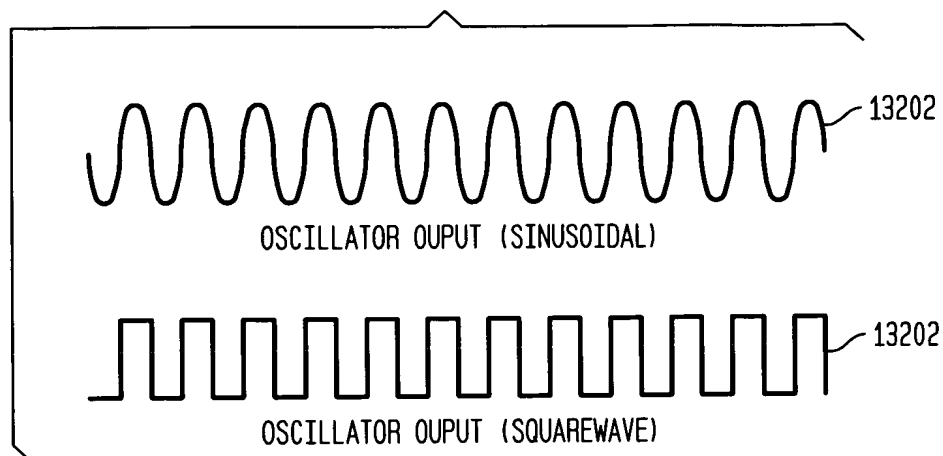


FIG. 131

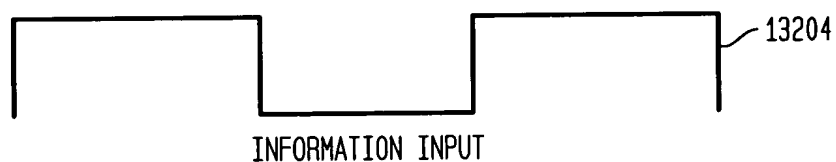




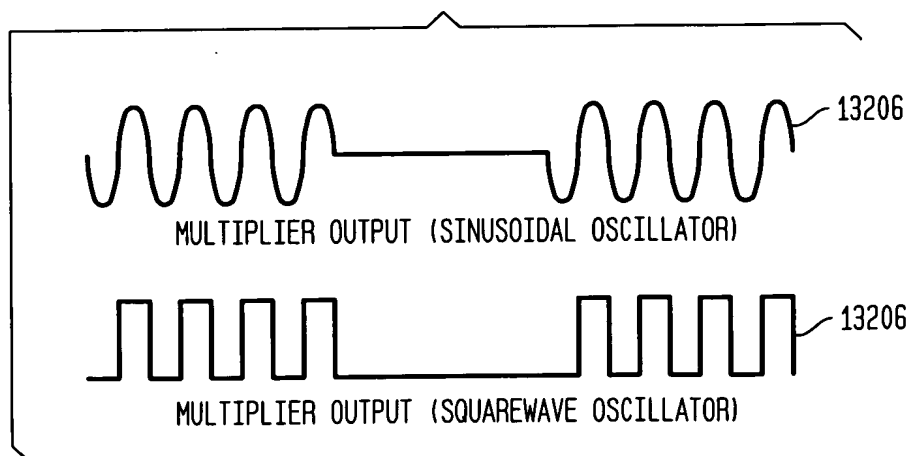
**FIG. 132A**



**FIG. 132B**



**FIG. 132C**



**FIG. 132D**

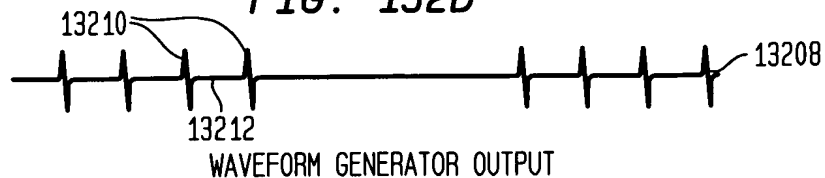


FIG. 133

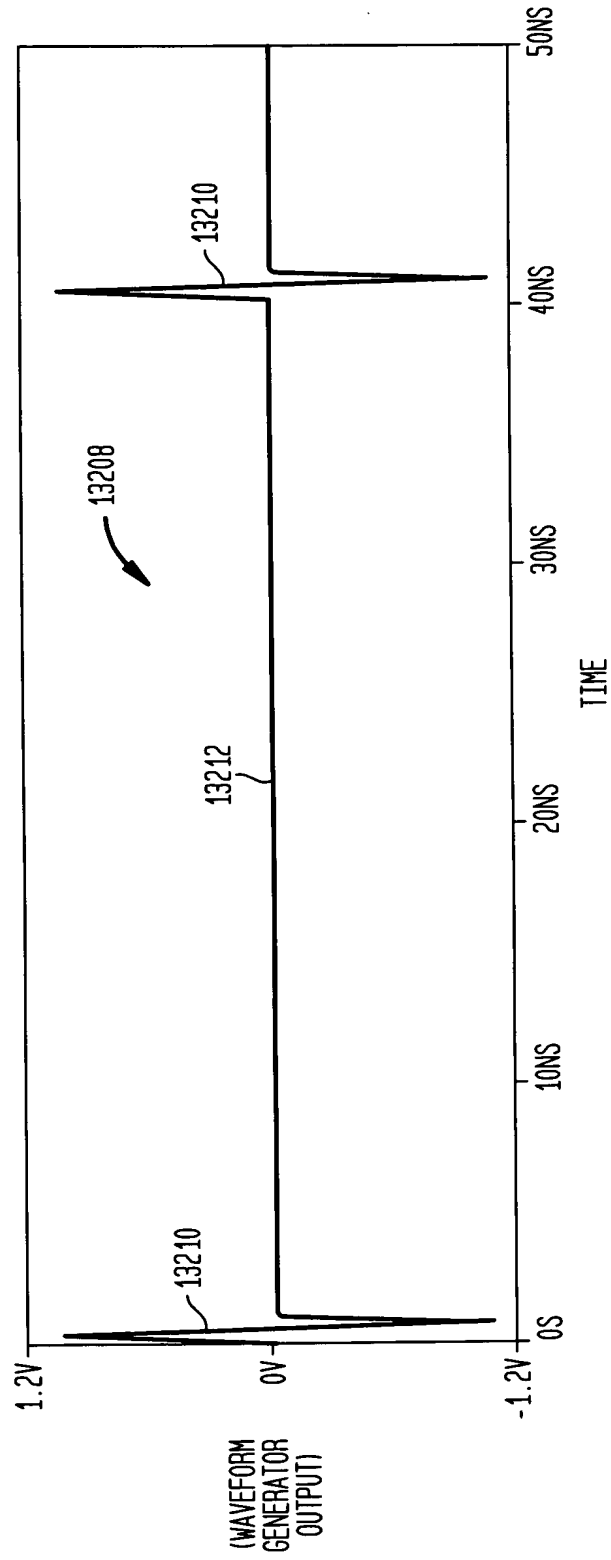
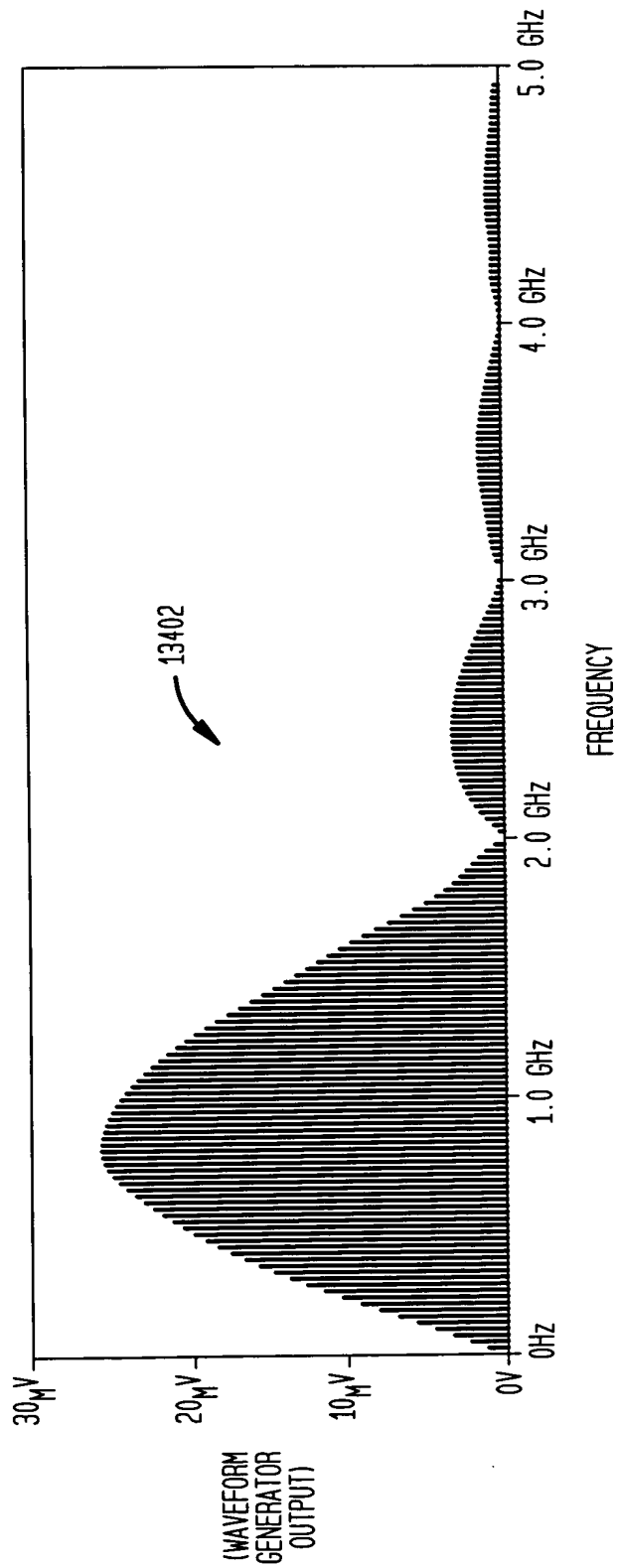
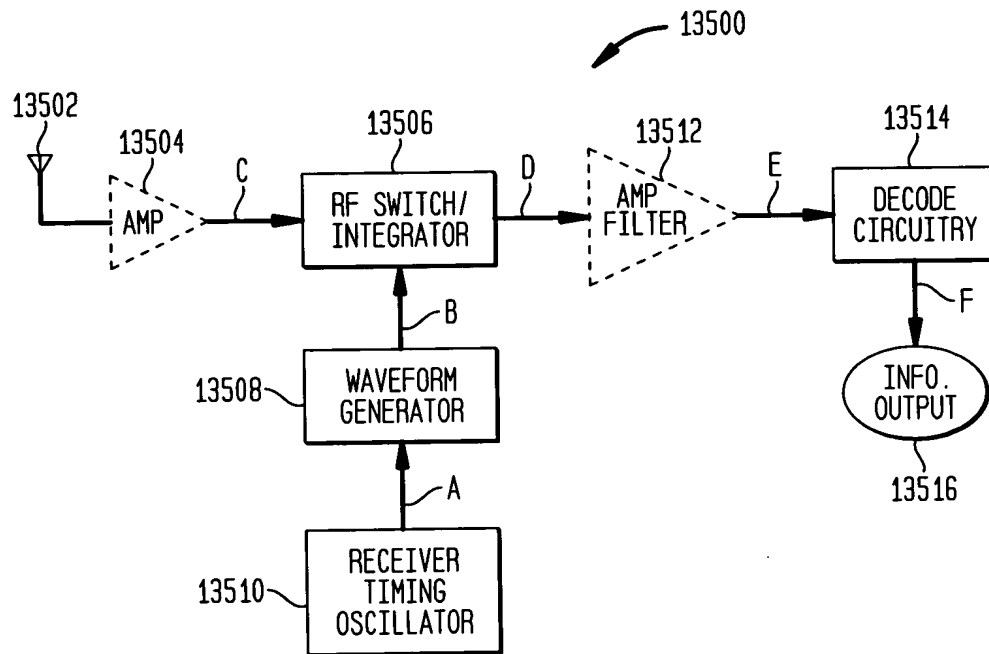


FIG. 134



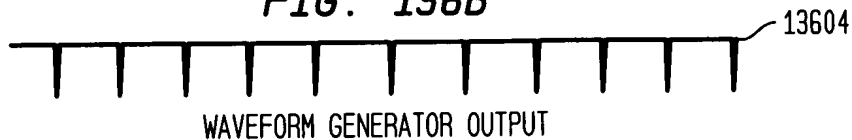
**FIG. 135**



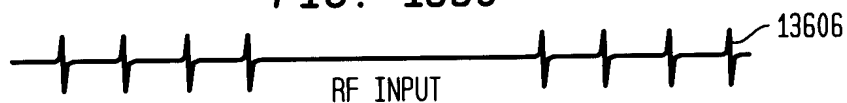
**FIG. 136A**



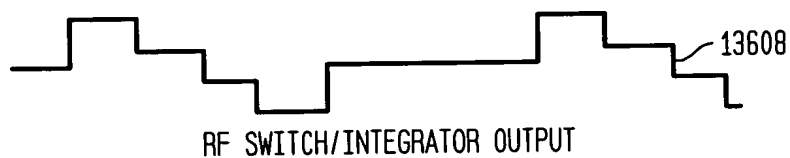
**FIG. 136B**



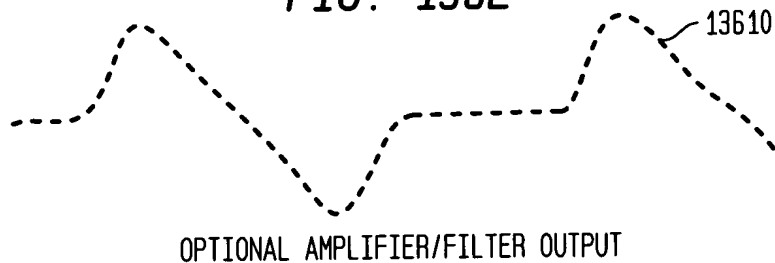
**FIG. 136C**



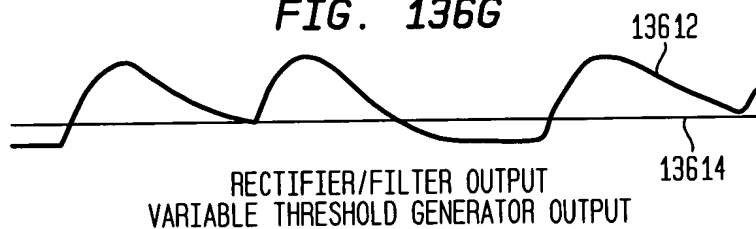
**FIG. 136D**



**FIG. 136E**



**FIG. 136G**



**FIG. 136F**

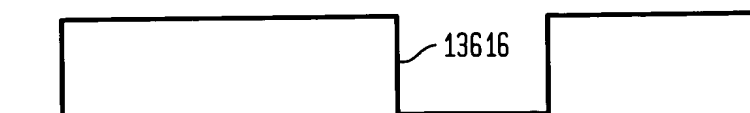


FIG. 137

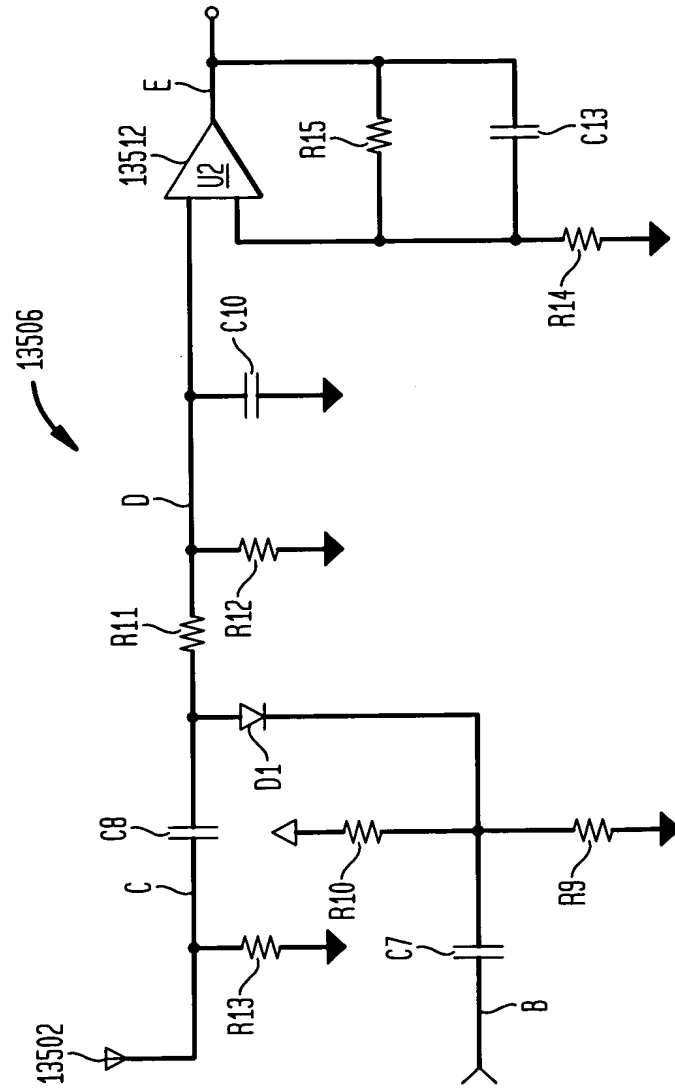


FIG. 138

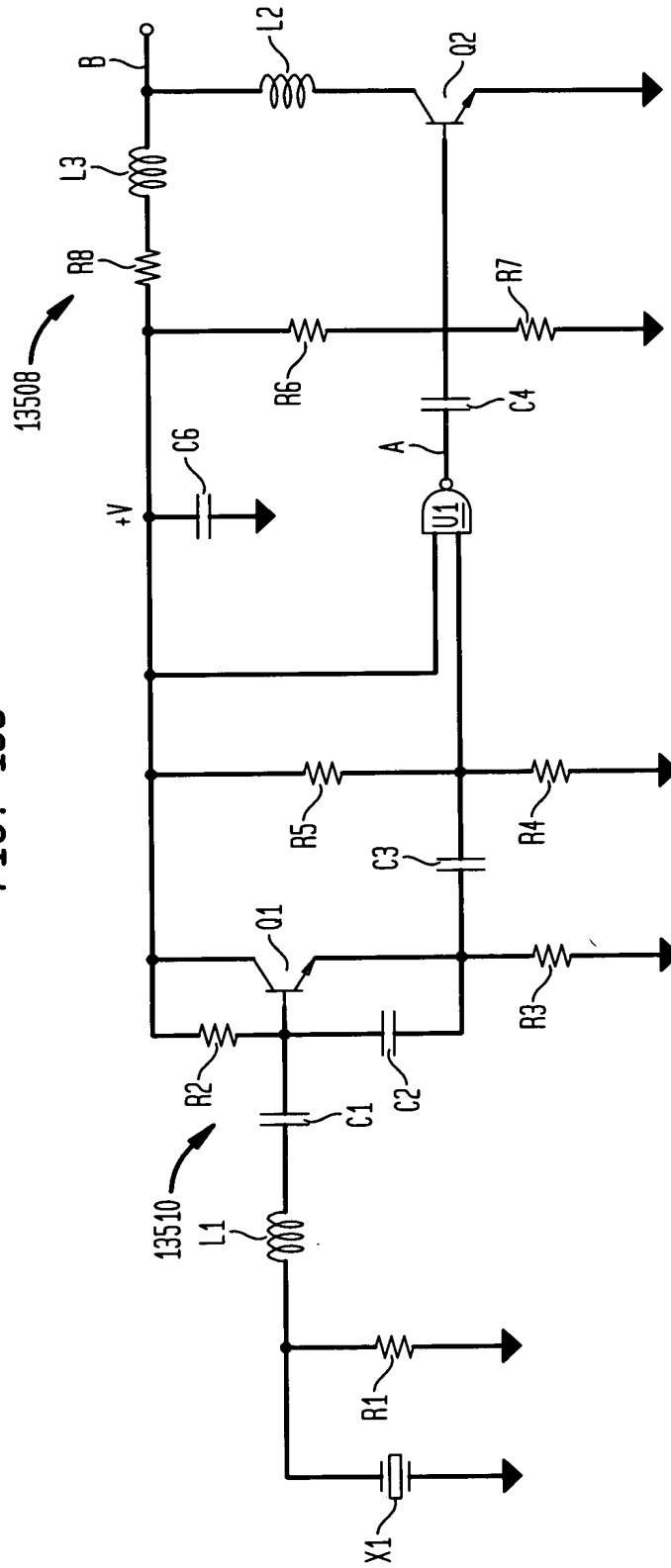
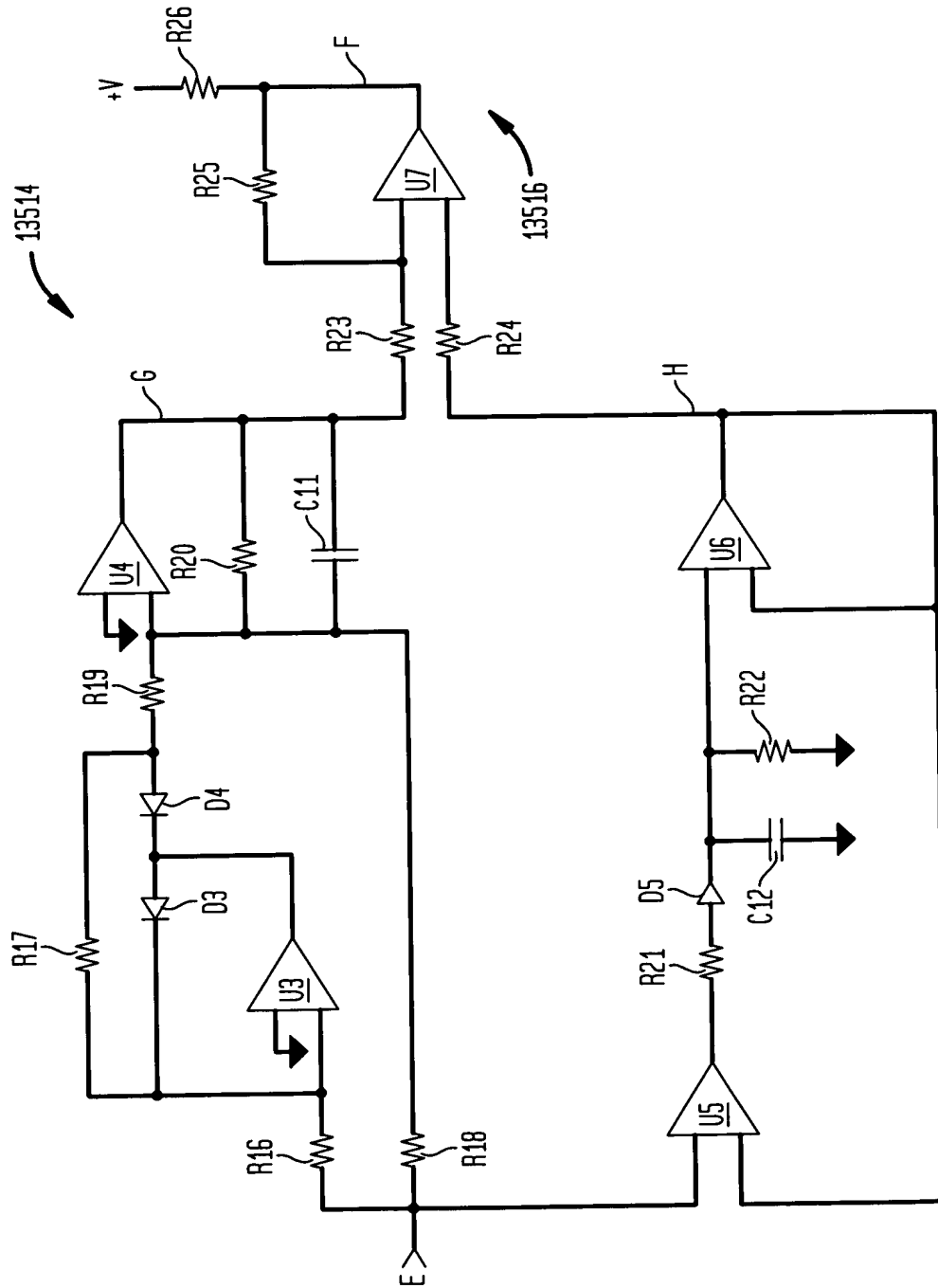
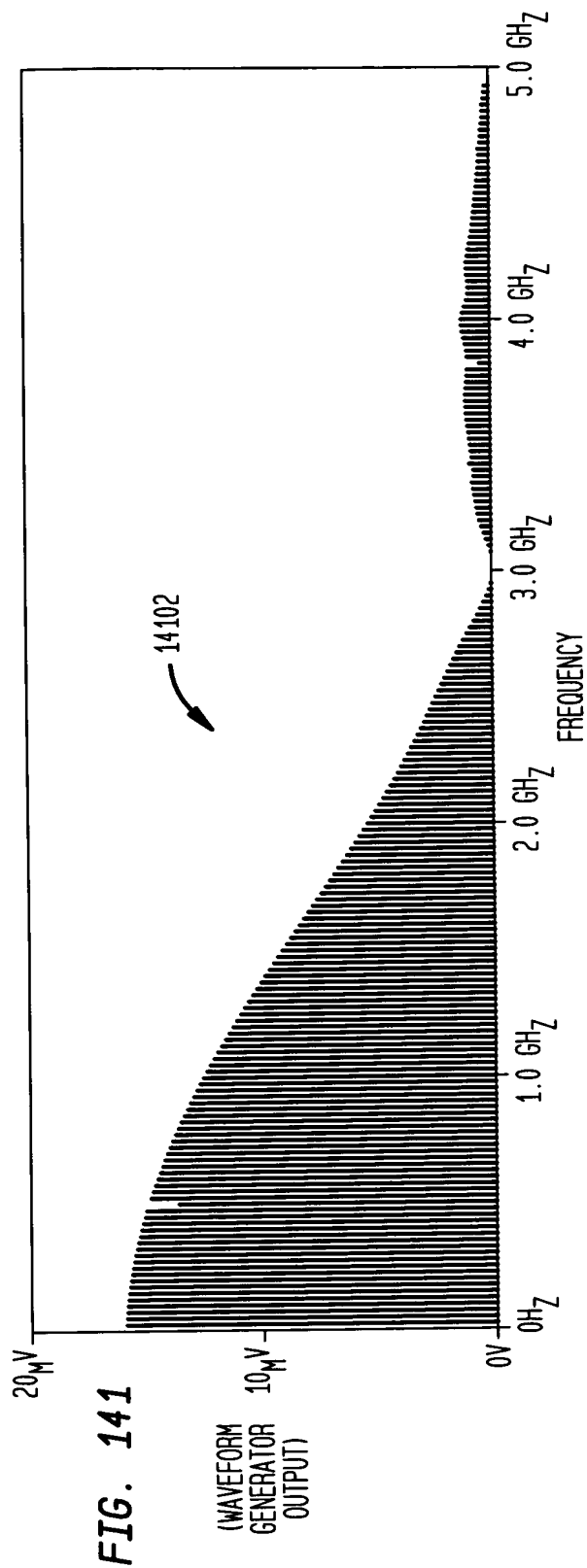
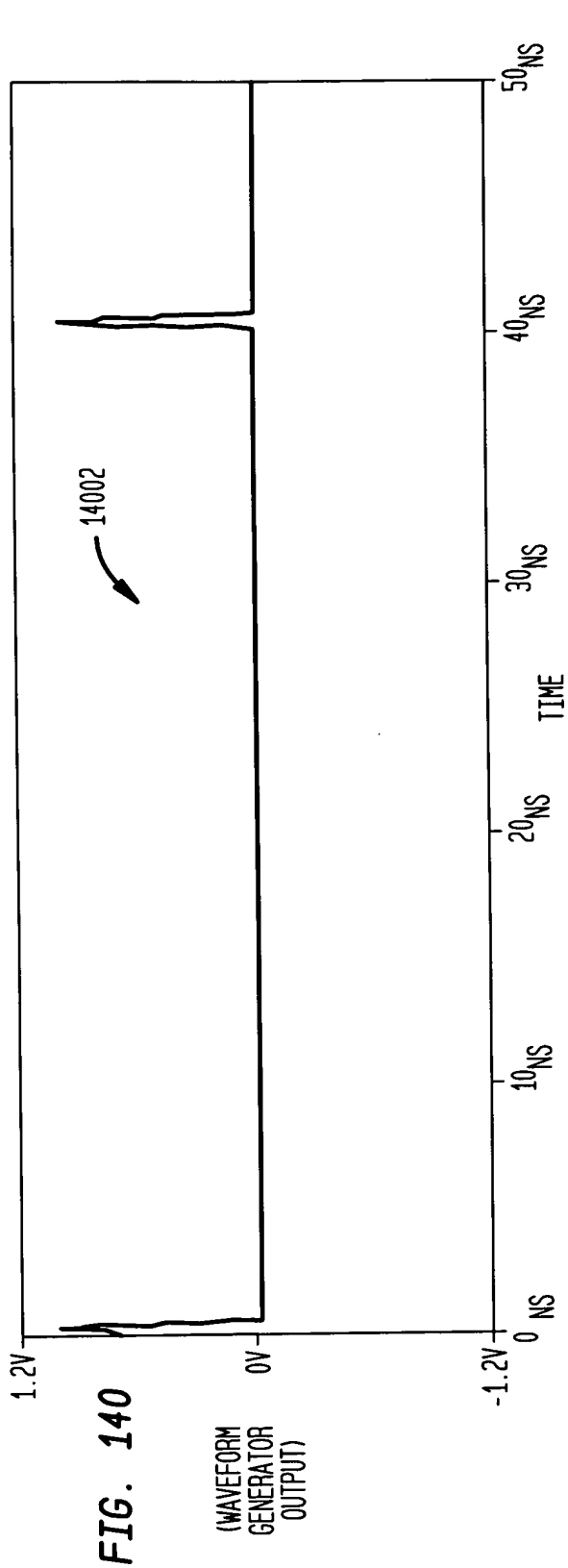


FIG. 139







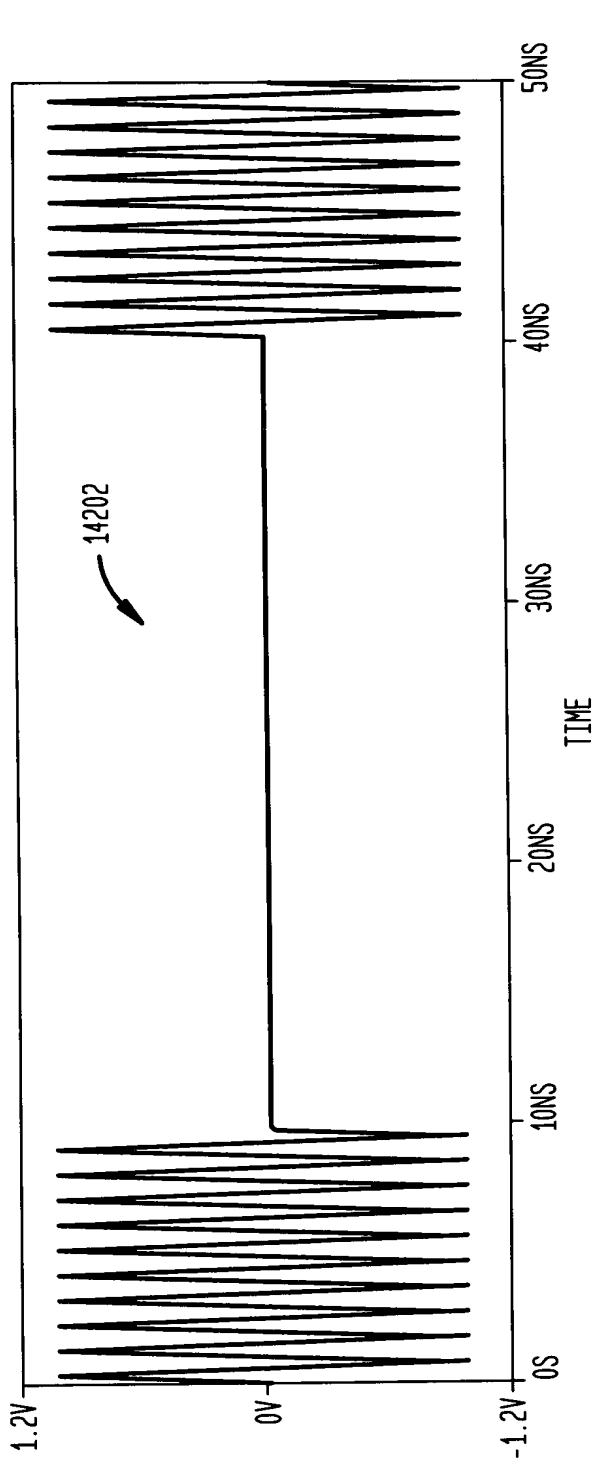


FIG. 142

(WAVEFORM  
 GENERATOR  
 OUTPUT)

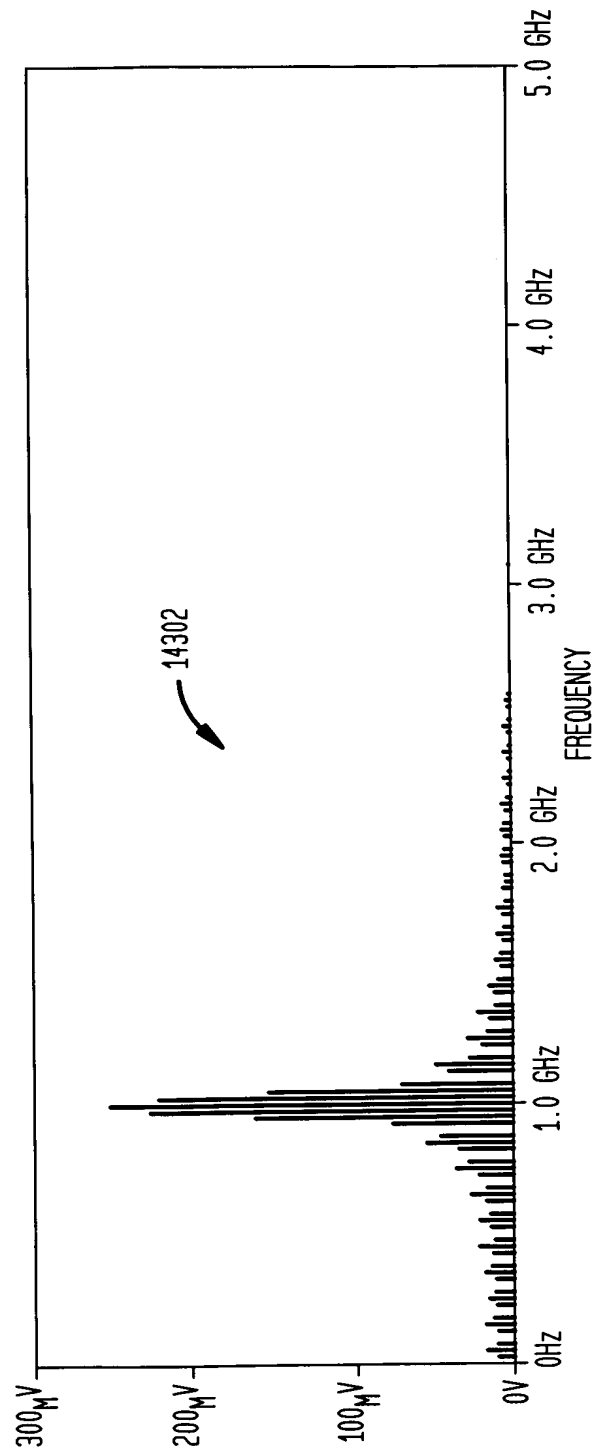
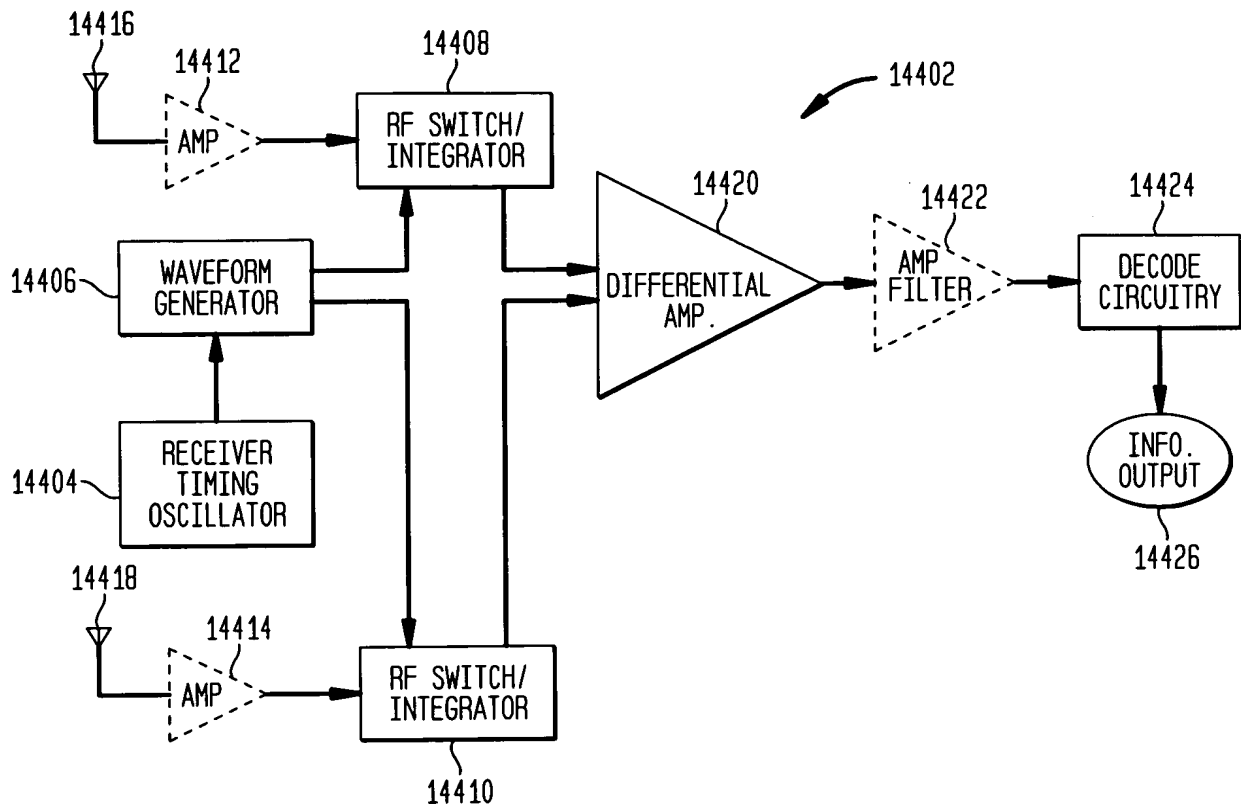


FIG. 143

(WAVEFORM  
 GENERATOR  
 OUTPUT)

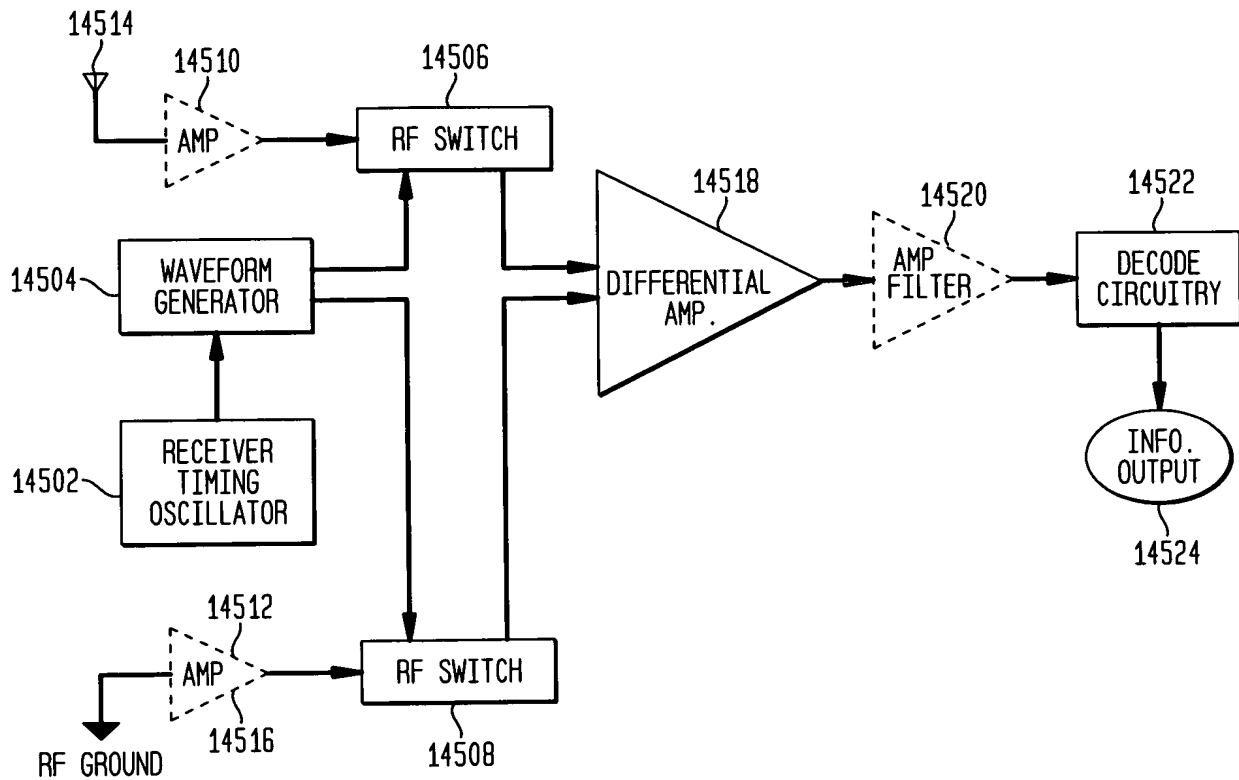
**FIG. 144**

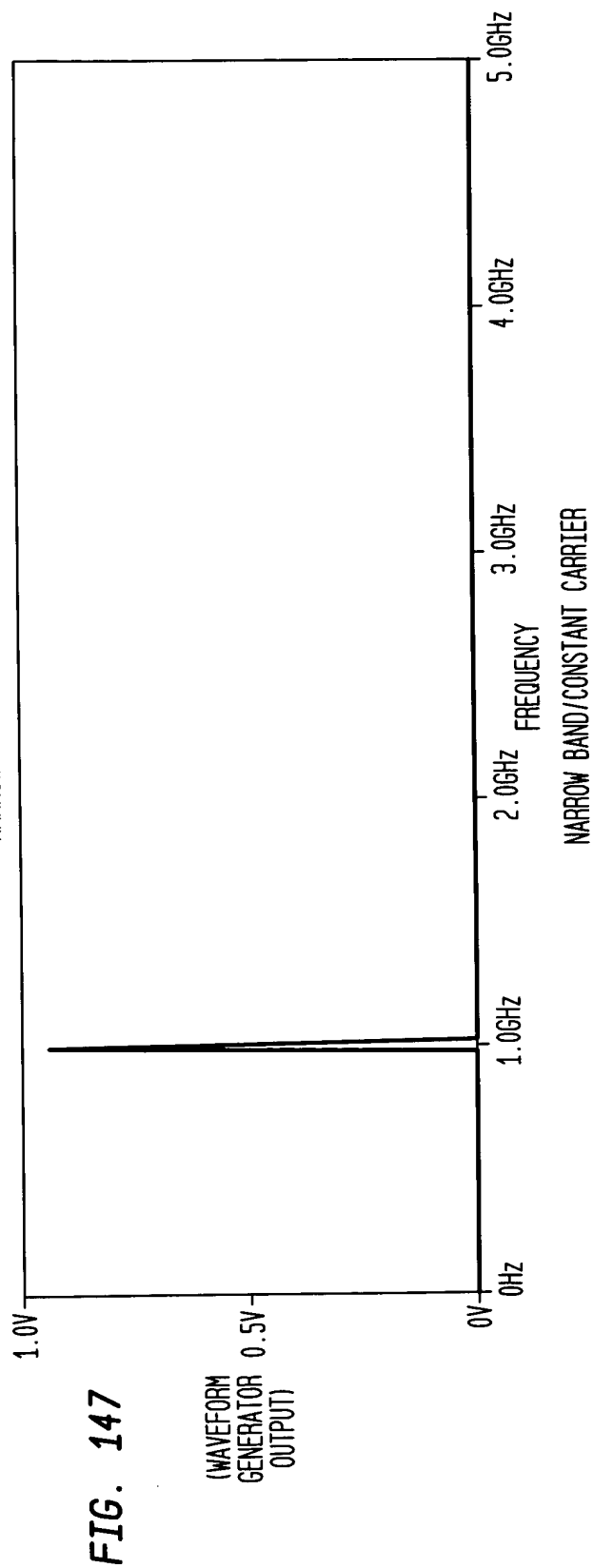
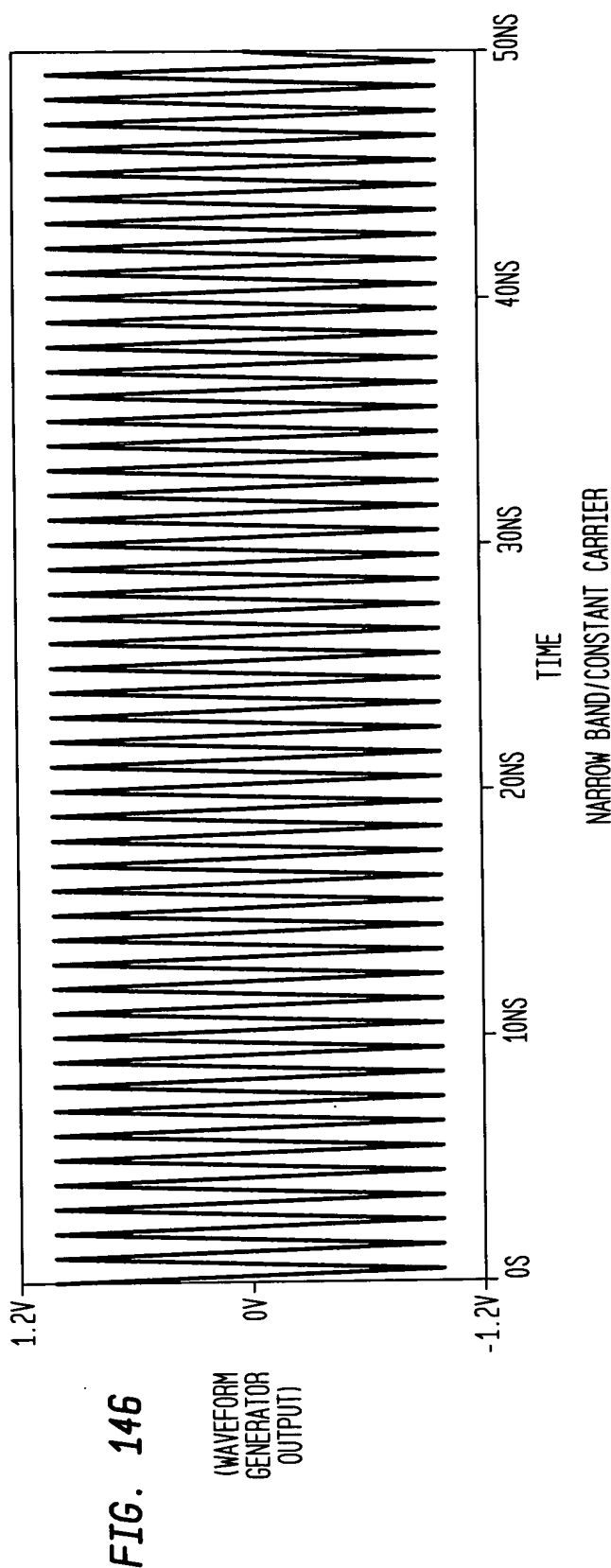
**RF DIFFERENTIAL RECEIVER**



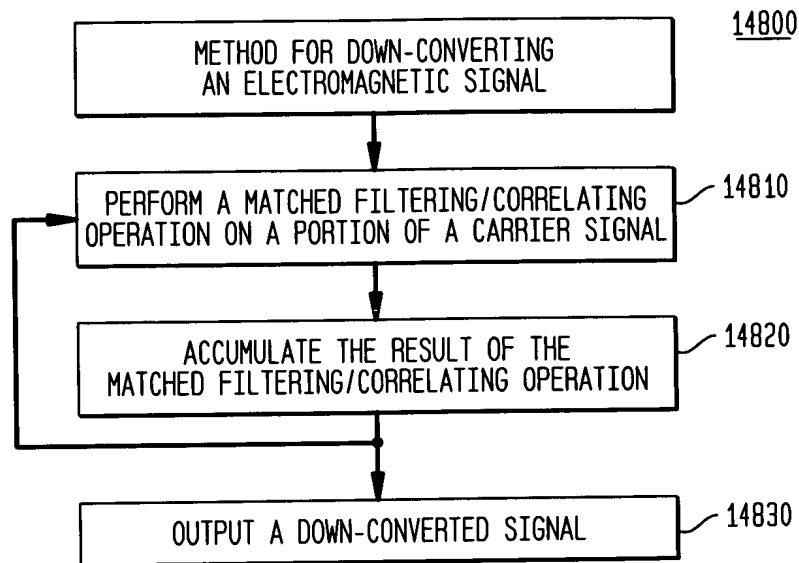
**FIG. 145**

PSEUDO DIFFERENTIAL RECEIVER

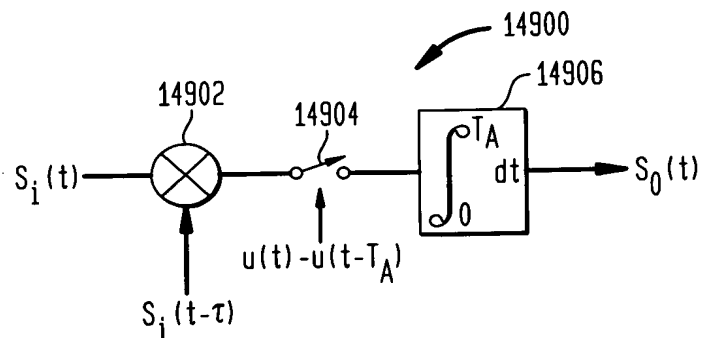




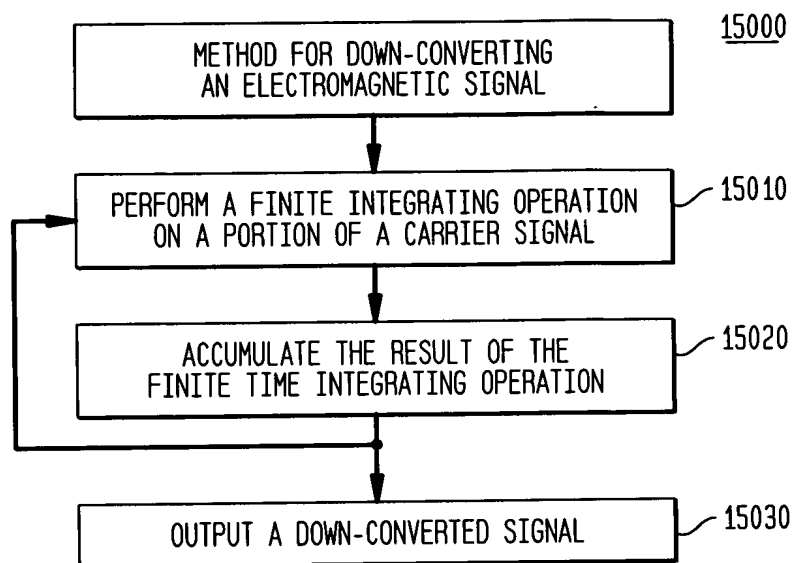
**FIG. 148**



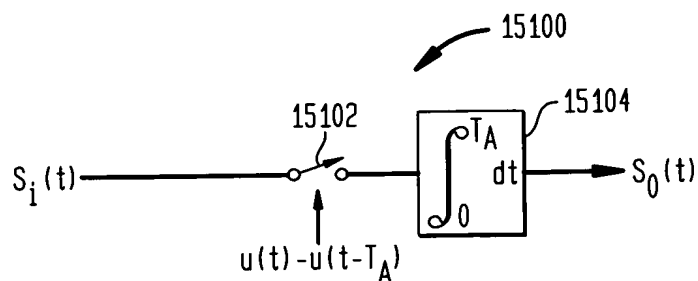
**FIG. 149**



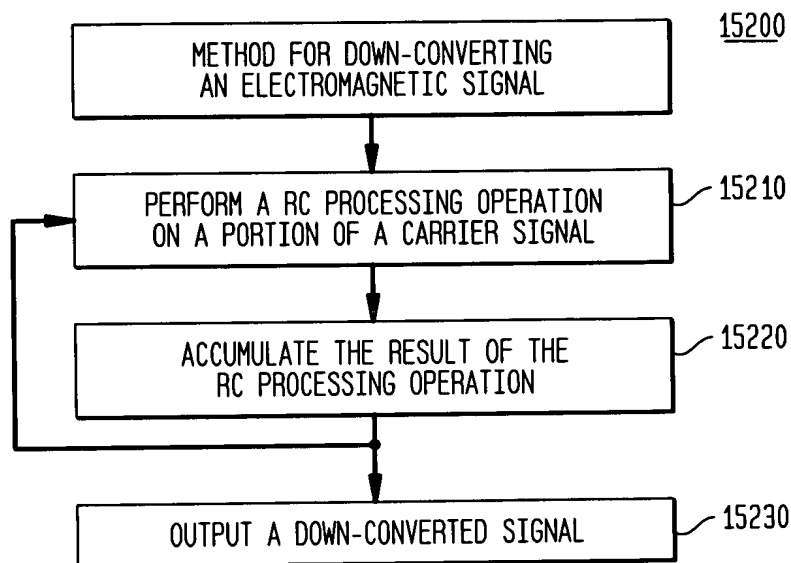
**FIG. 150**



**FIG. 151**



**FIG. 152**



**FIG. 153**

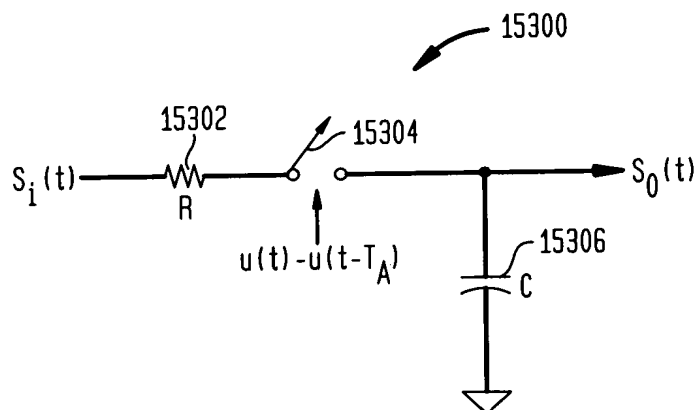




FIG. 154

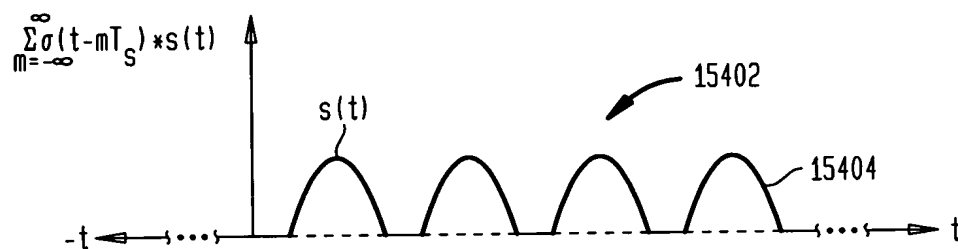


FIG. 155

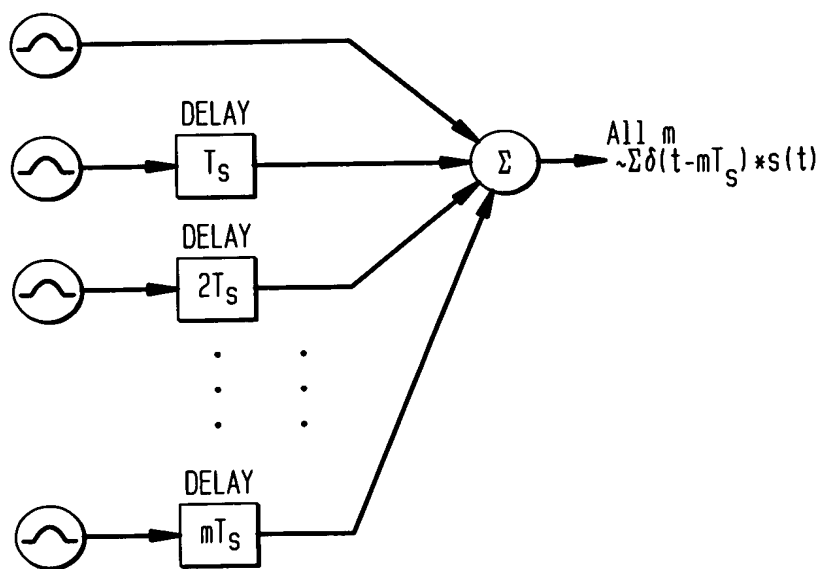


FIG. 156

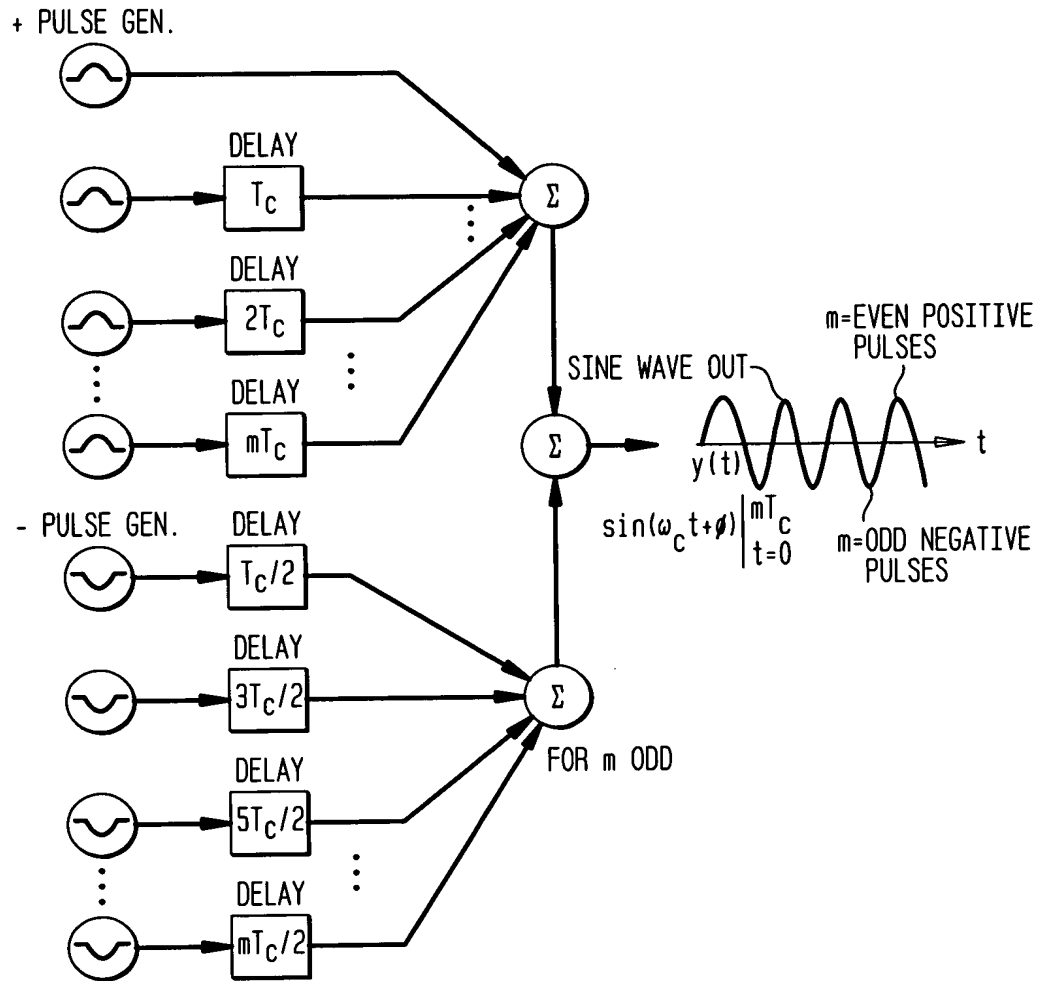
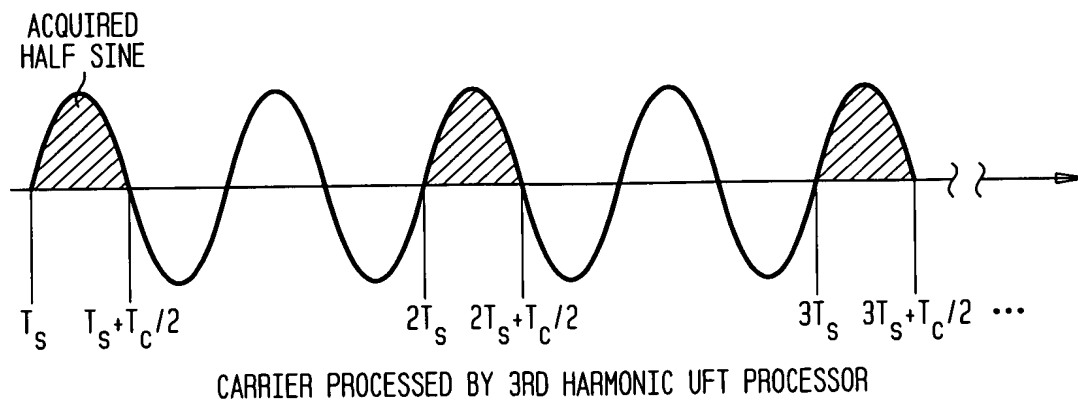
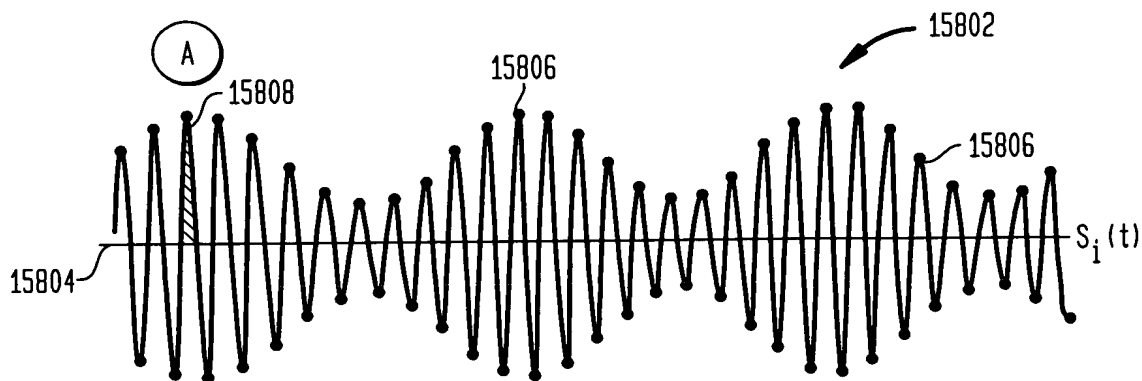


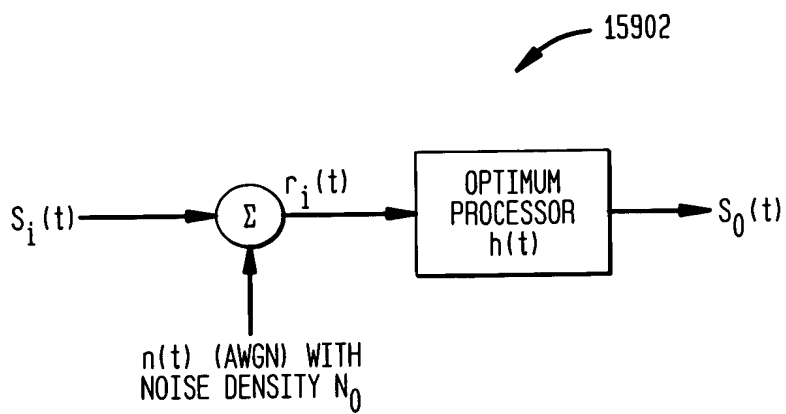
FIG. 157



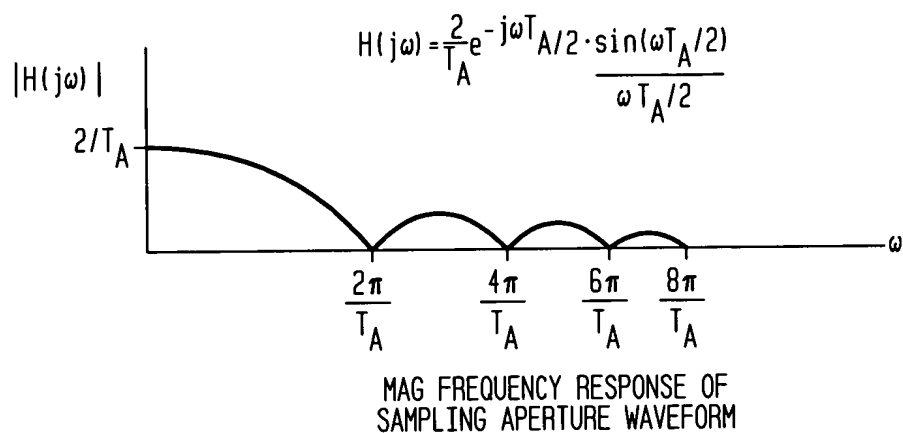
**FIG. 158**



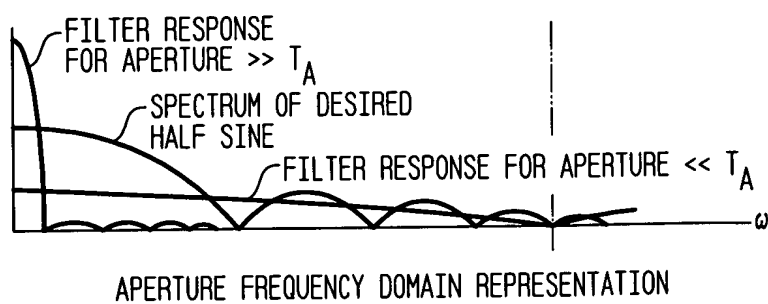
**FIG. 159**



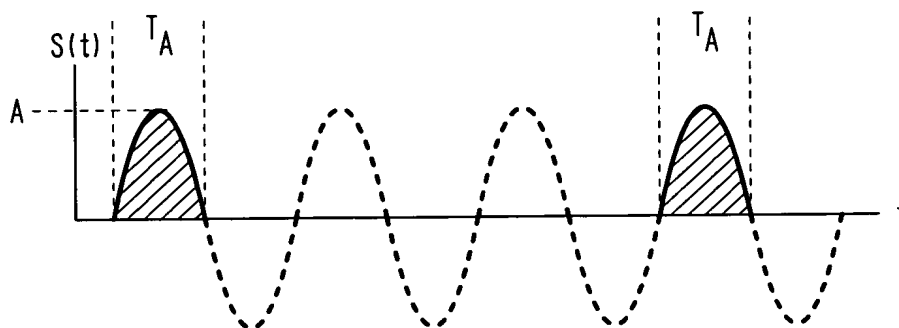
**FIG. 160**



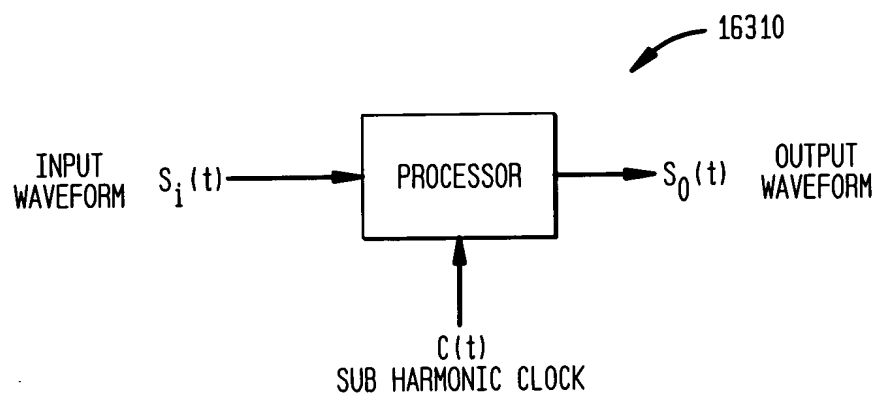
**FIG. 161**



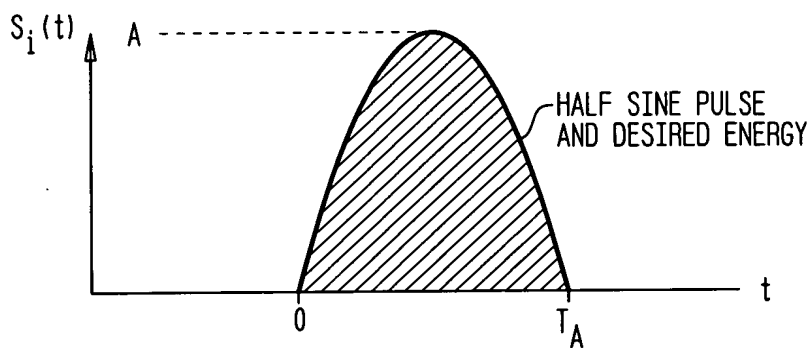
**FIG. 162**



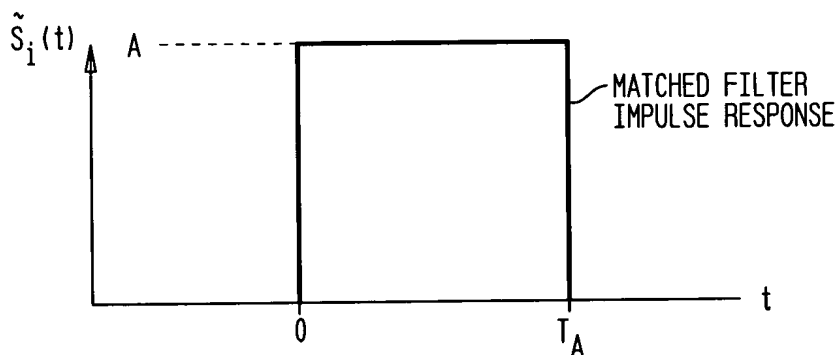
**FIG. 163**



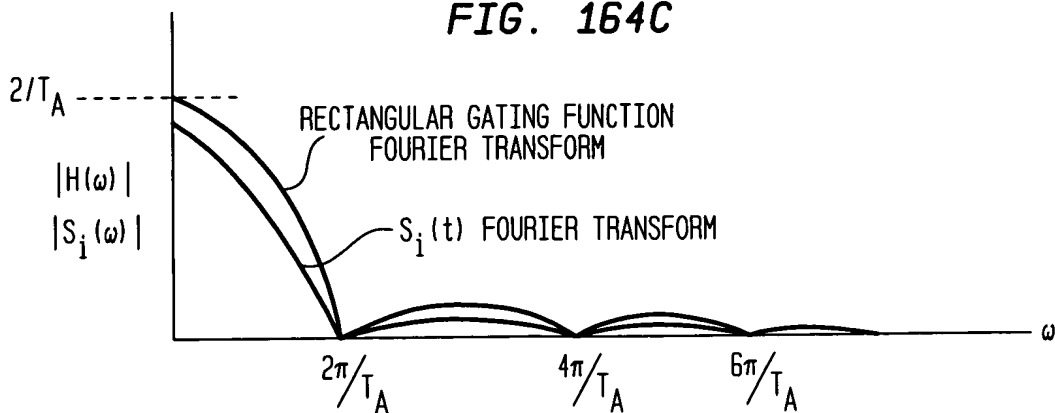
**FIG. 164A**



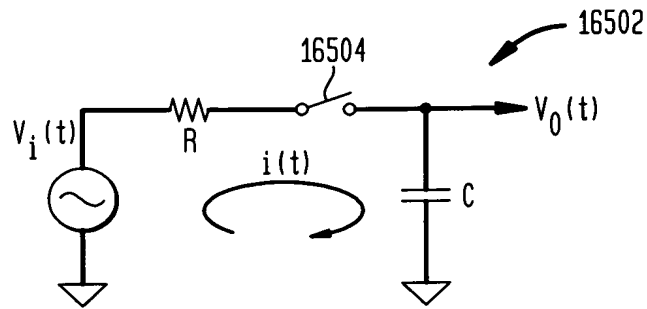
**FIG. 164B**



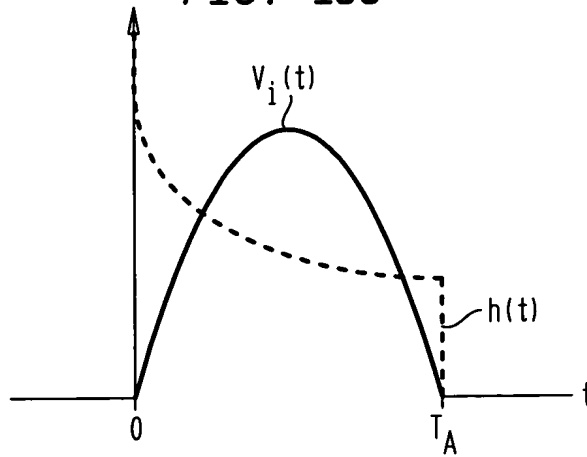
**FIG. 164C**



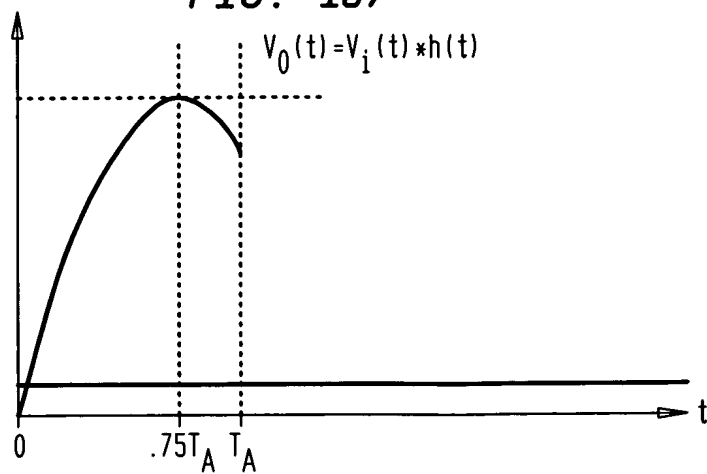
**FIG. 165**



**FIG. 166**

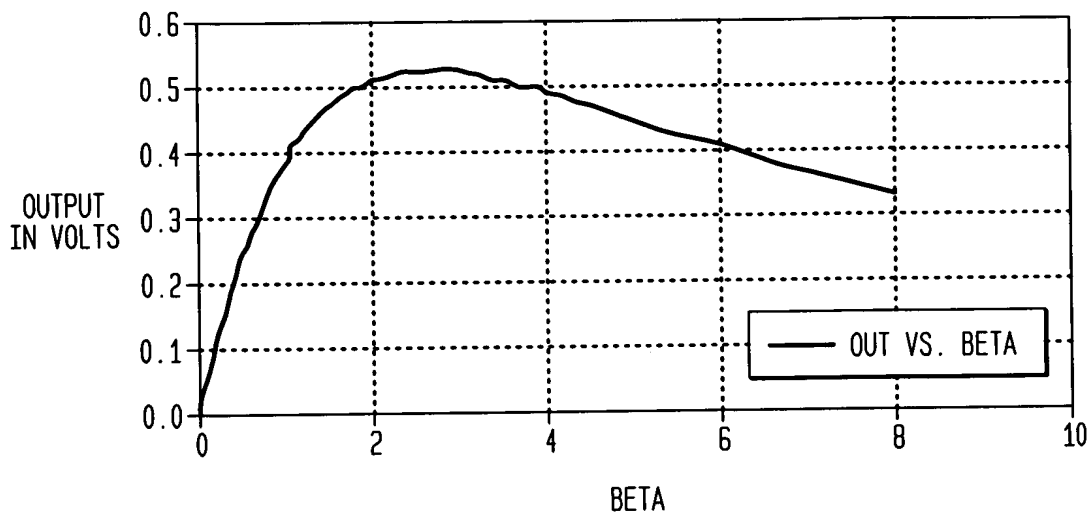


**FIG. 167**



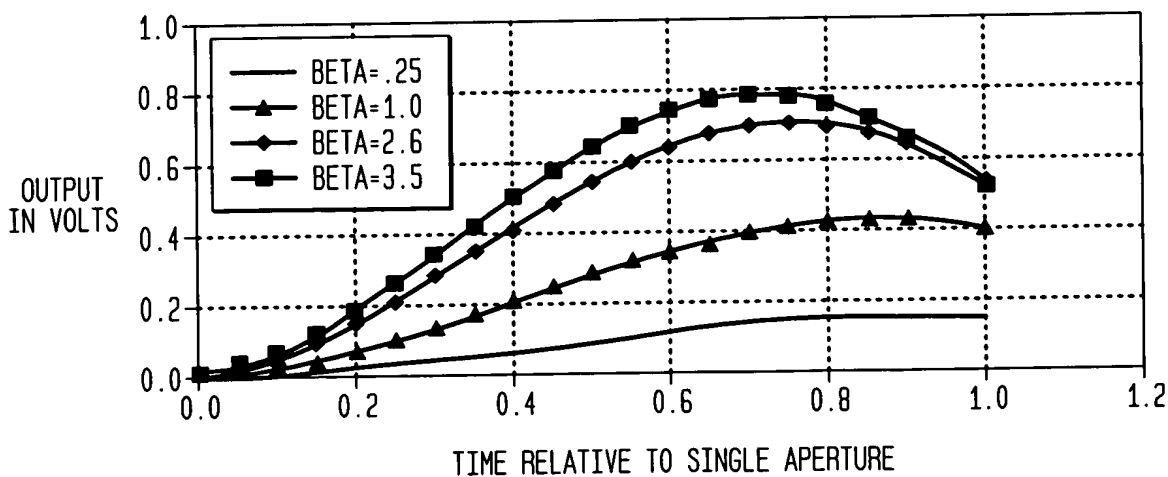
**FIG. 168**

UFT OUTPUT VS. BETA FOR SIMPLE RC IMPLEMENTATION



**FIG. 169**

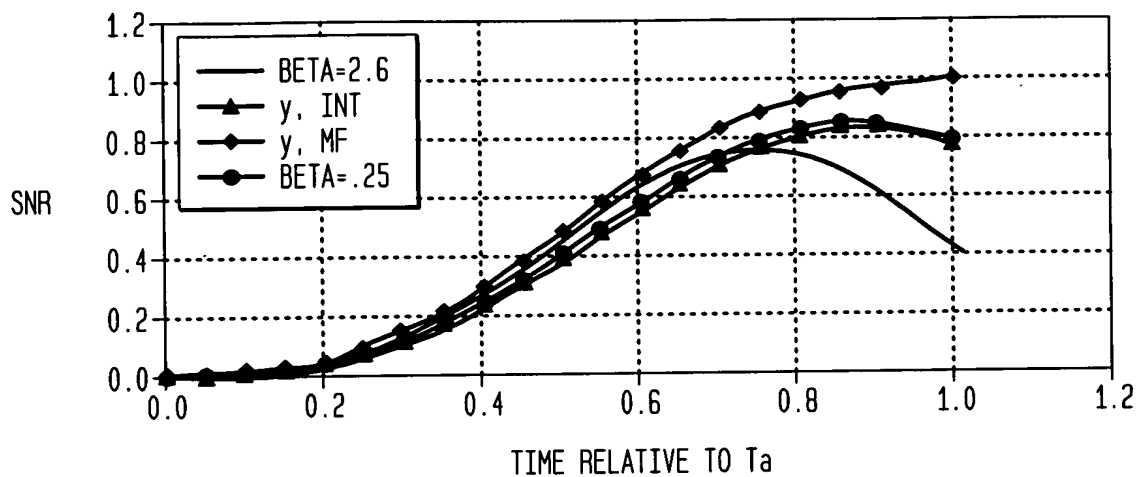
UFT OUTPUT RESPONSE VS. NORMALIZED TIME WITH BETA AS A PARAMETER



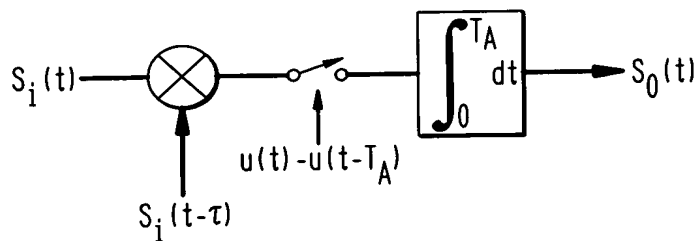


**FIG. 170**

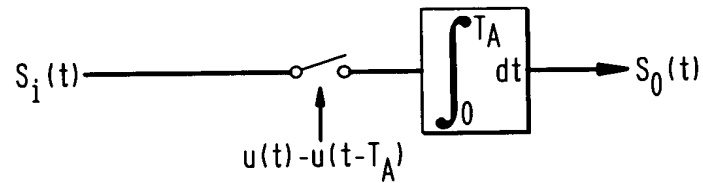
NORMALIZED SNR FOR MF, INT., RC UFT  
 IMPLEMENTATIONS, No.=1,  $T_a=A$ ,  $A=1$



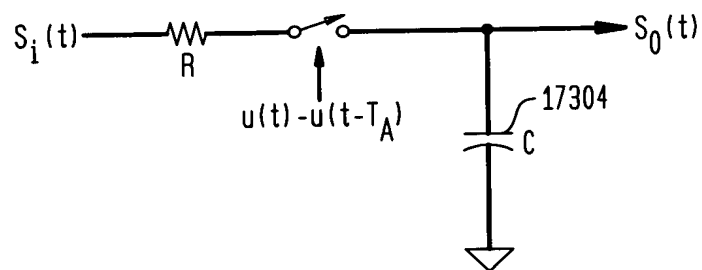
**FIG. 171**



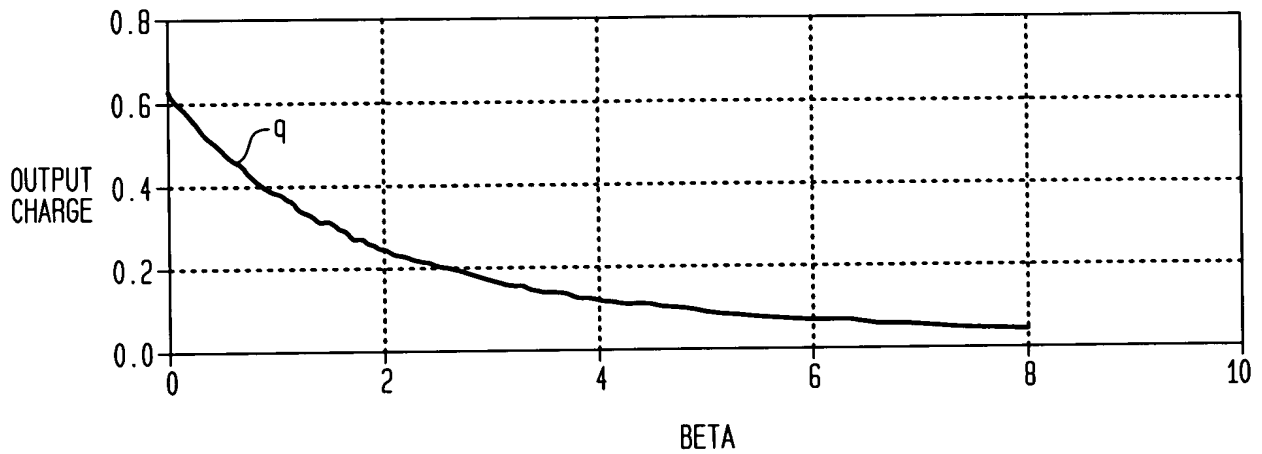
**FIG. 172**



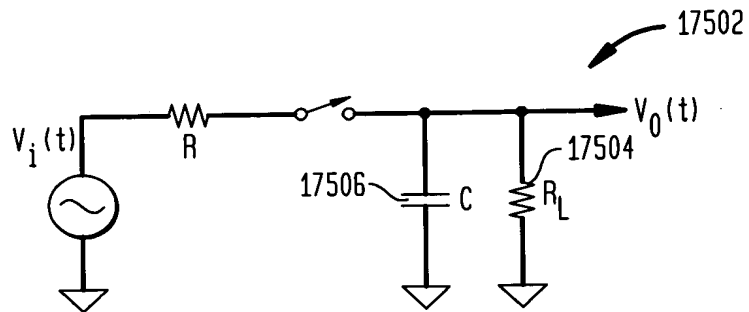
**FIG. 173**



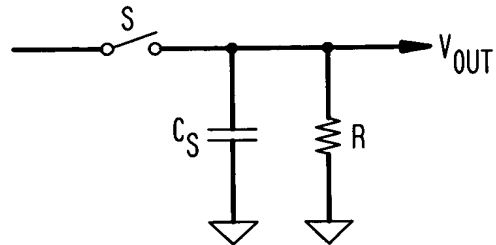
**FIG. 174**  
 UFT OUTPUT CHARGE TRANSFER



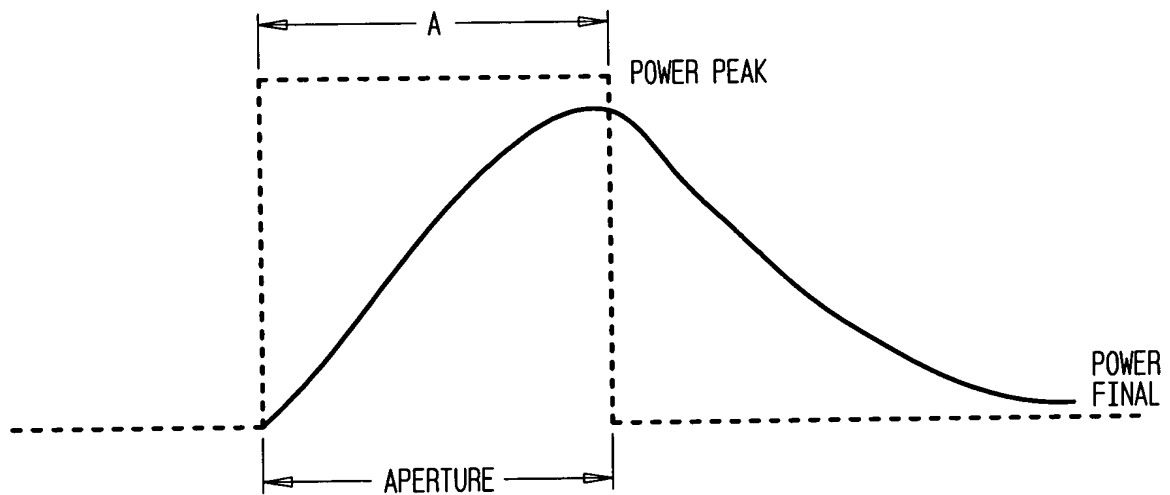
**FIG. 175A**



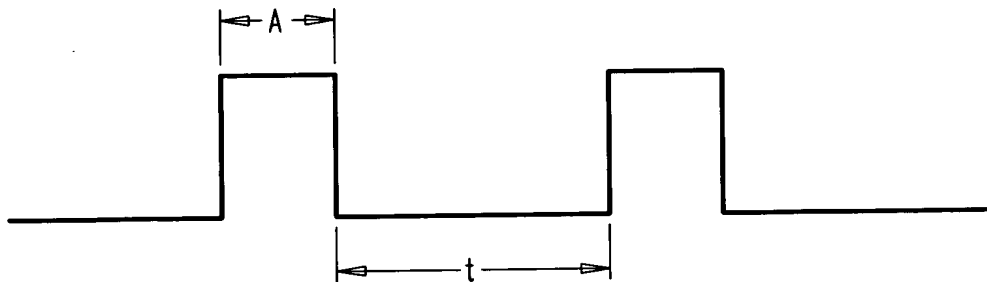
**FIG. 175B**



**FIG. 175C**

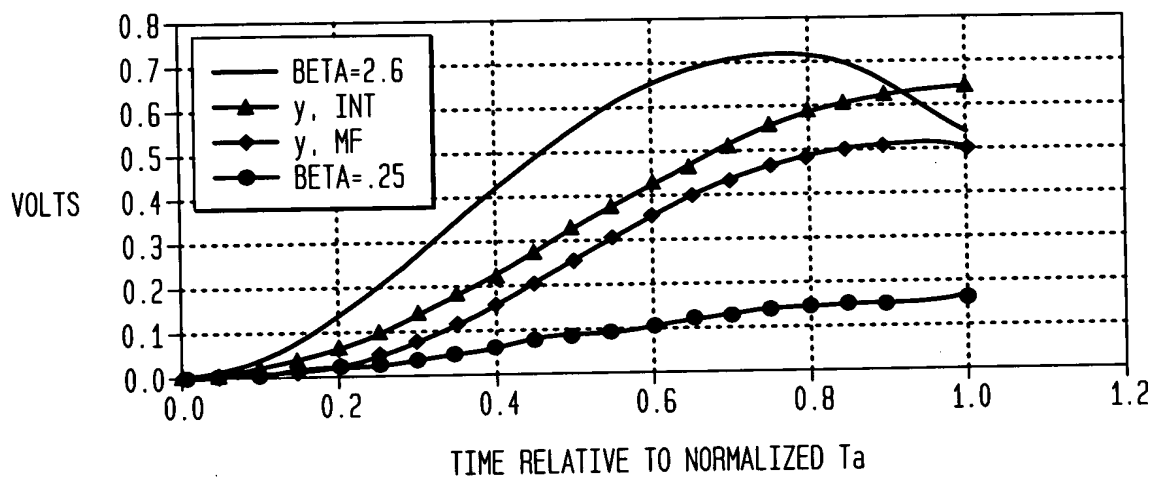


**FIG. 175D**



**FIG. 176**

OUTPUT VOLTAGE FOR 3 UFT PROCESSORS;  
MATCHED FILTER, INTEGRATOR, RC



**FIG. 177A**

NORMALIZED SNR FOR MF, INT., RC UFT  
IMPLEMENTATIONS, No.=1,  $T_a=1$ ,  $A=1$

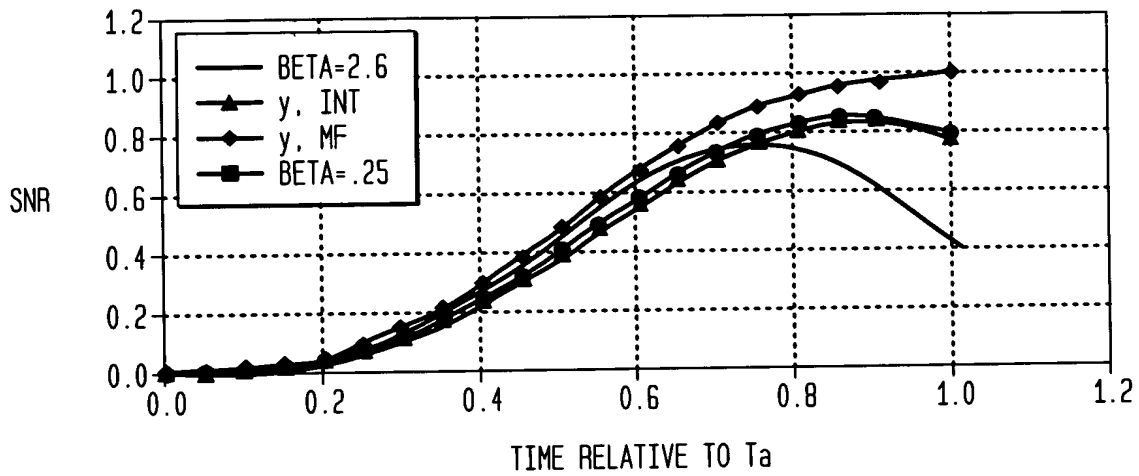


FIG. 177B

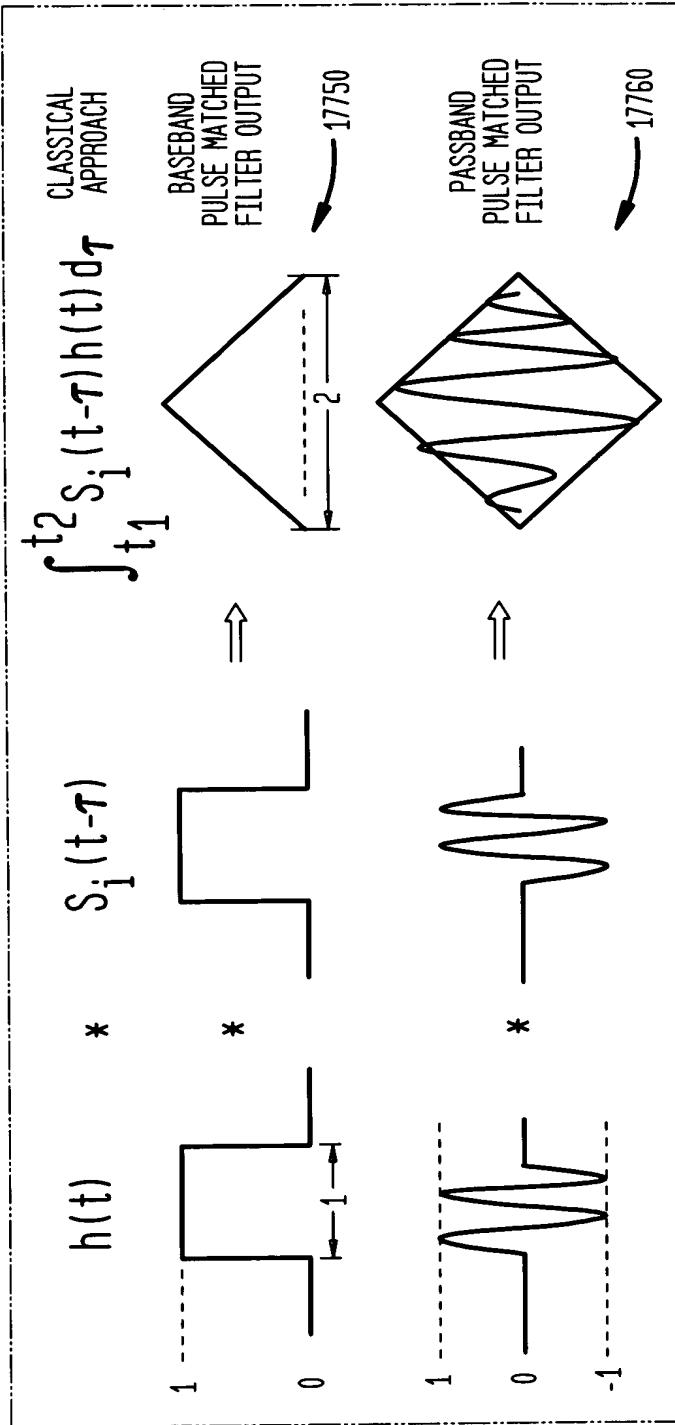


FIG. 177C

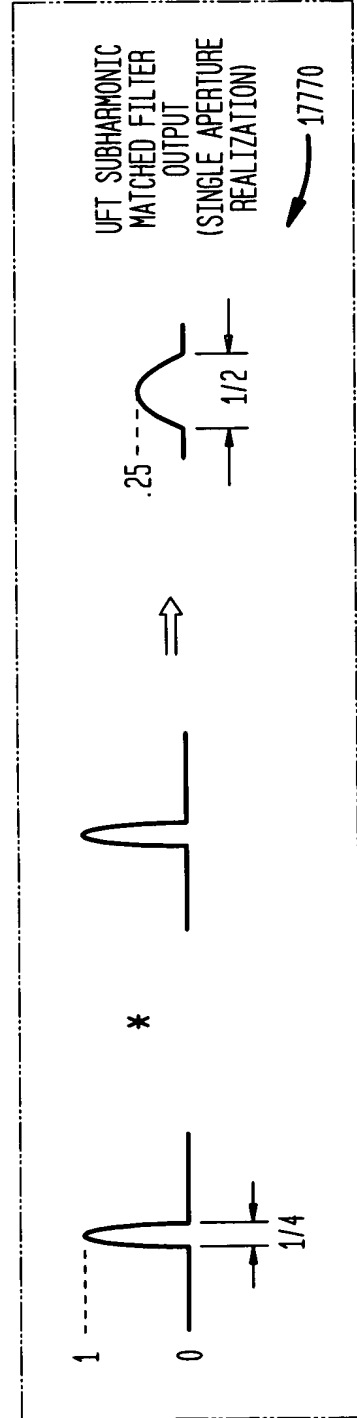


FIG. 177D

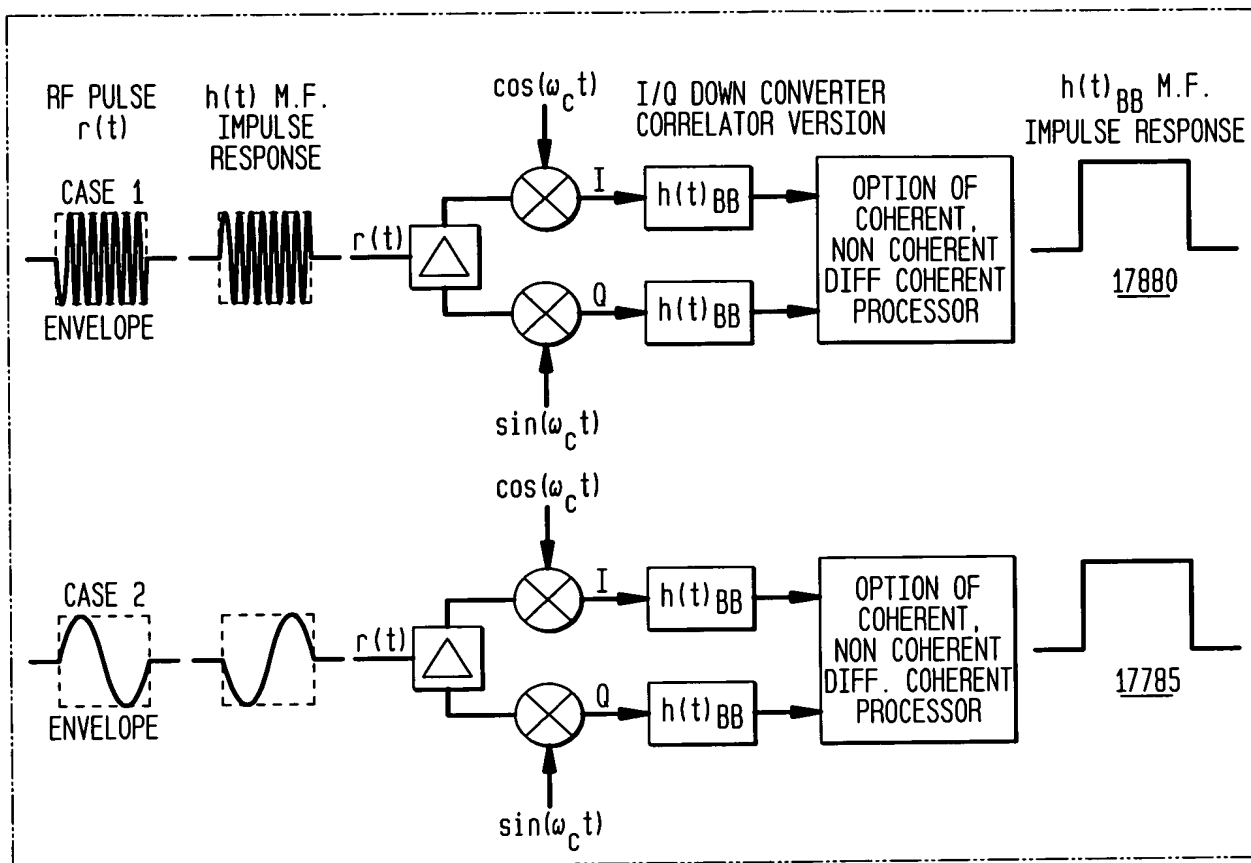


FIG. 177E

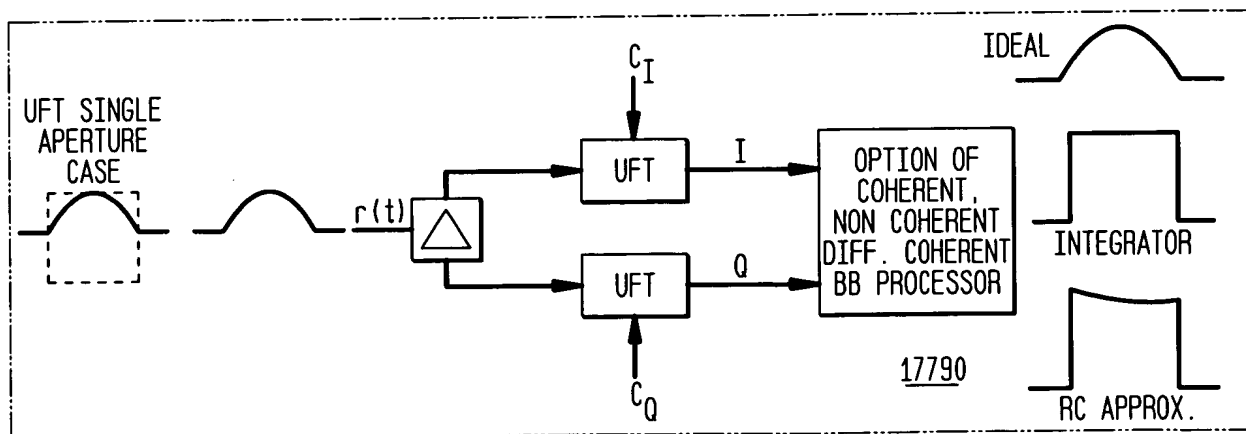
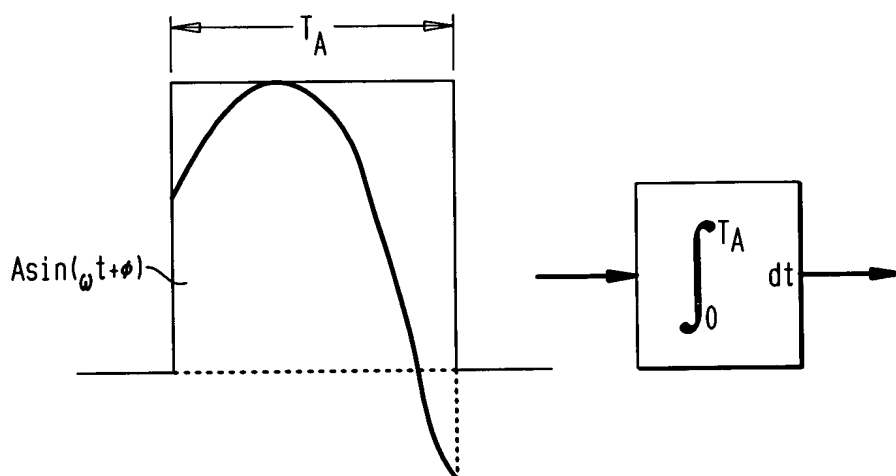




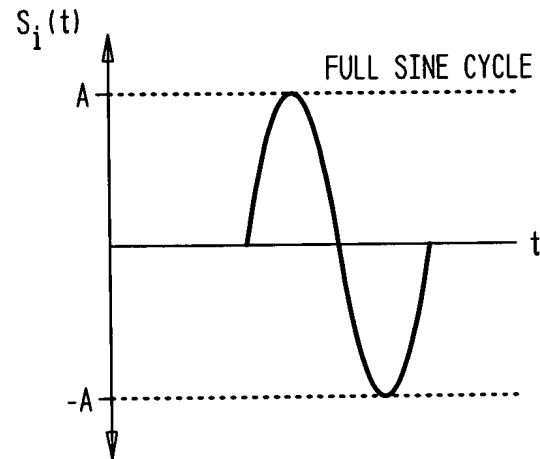
FIG. 177F



$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_0^{T_A} A u(t-T_A) \sin(\omega t + \phi) dt &= \int_0^{T_A} A (u(t-T_A) \cos \phi \sin(\omega t) + u(t-T_A) \sin \phi \cos(\omega t)) dt \\
 &= A \cos(\phi) \underbrace{\int_0^{T_A} u(t-T_A) \sin(\omega t) dt}_{\text{UFT CORRELATOR KERNEL}} + A \sin(\phi) \underbrace{\int_0^{T_A} u(t-T_A) \cos(\omega t) dt}_{\text{CONSTANT}} \\
 &\quad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{=0} \\
 &= A \cos(\phi) \int_0^{T_A} u(t-T_A) \sin(\omega t) dt
 \end{aligned}$$

- A IS CONSTANT ON A SINE TO SINE BASIS
- $\phi$  IS CONSTANT ON A SINE TO SINE BASIS
- i.e., THE MODULATION RATE DUE TO INFORMATION FOR PHASE AND AMPLITUDE IS VERY SLOW COMPARED TO CARRIER FREQUENCY

**FIG. 178A**



**FIG. 178B**

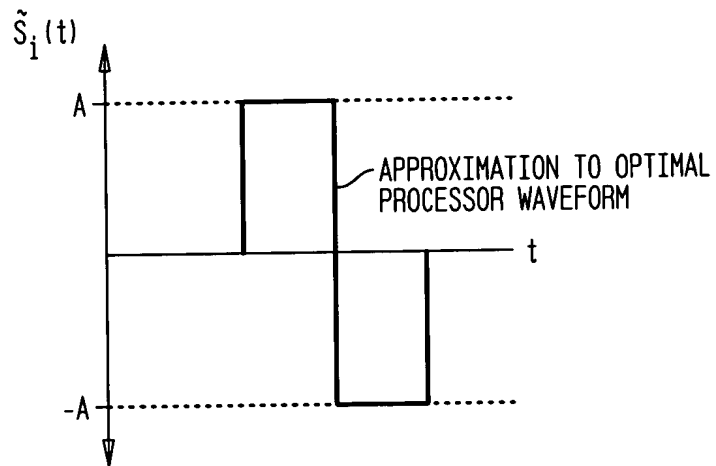


FIG. 179

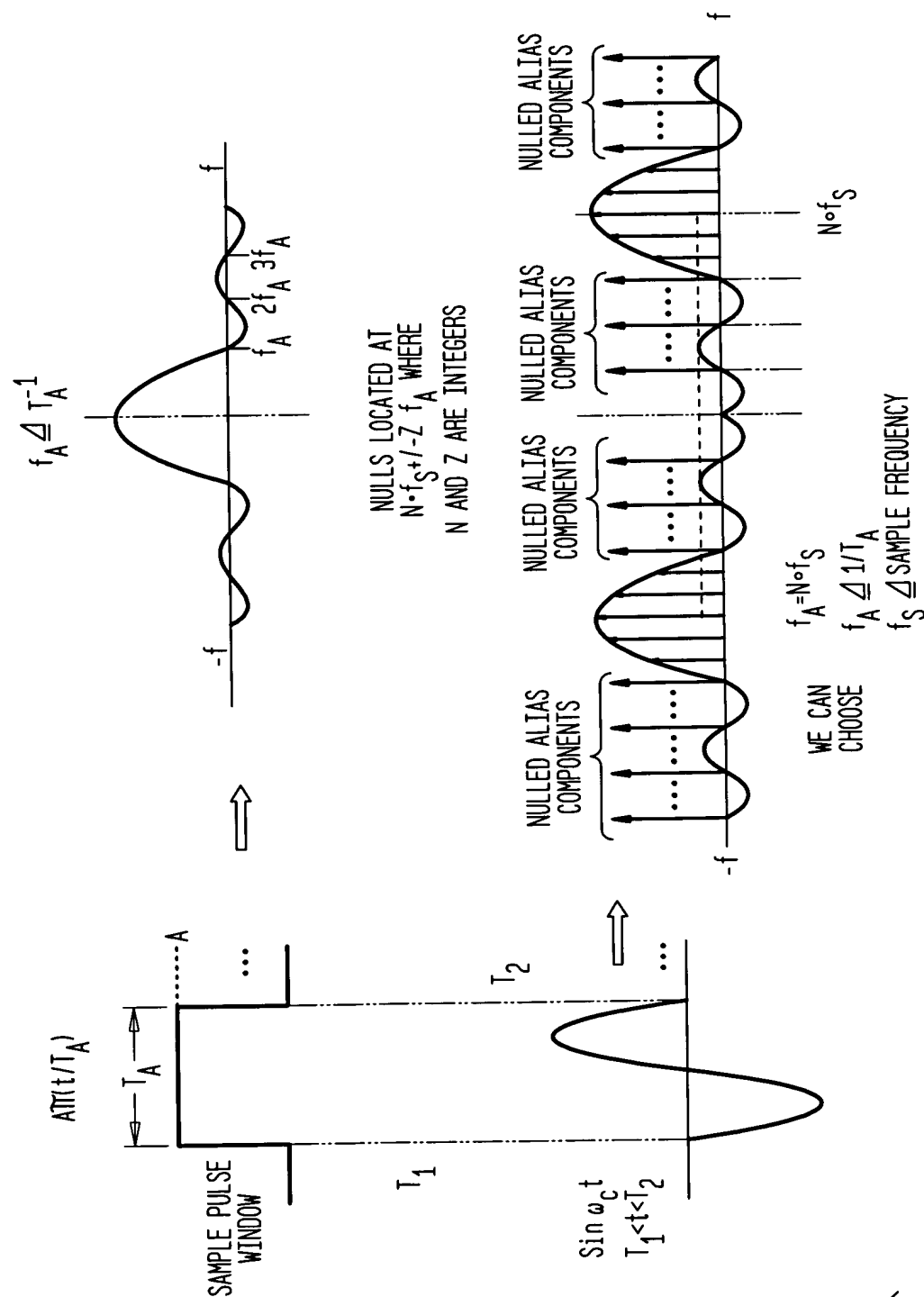


FIG. 180

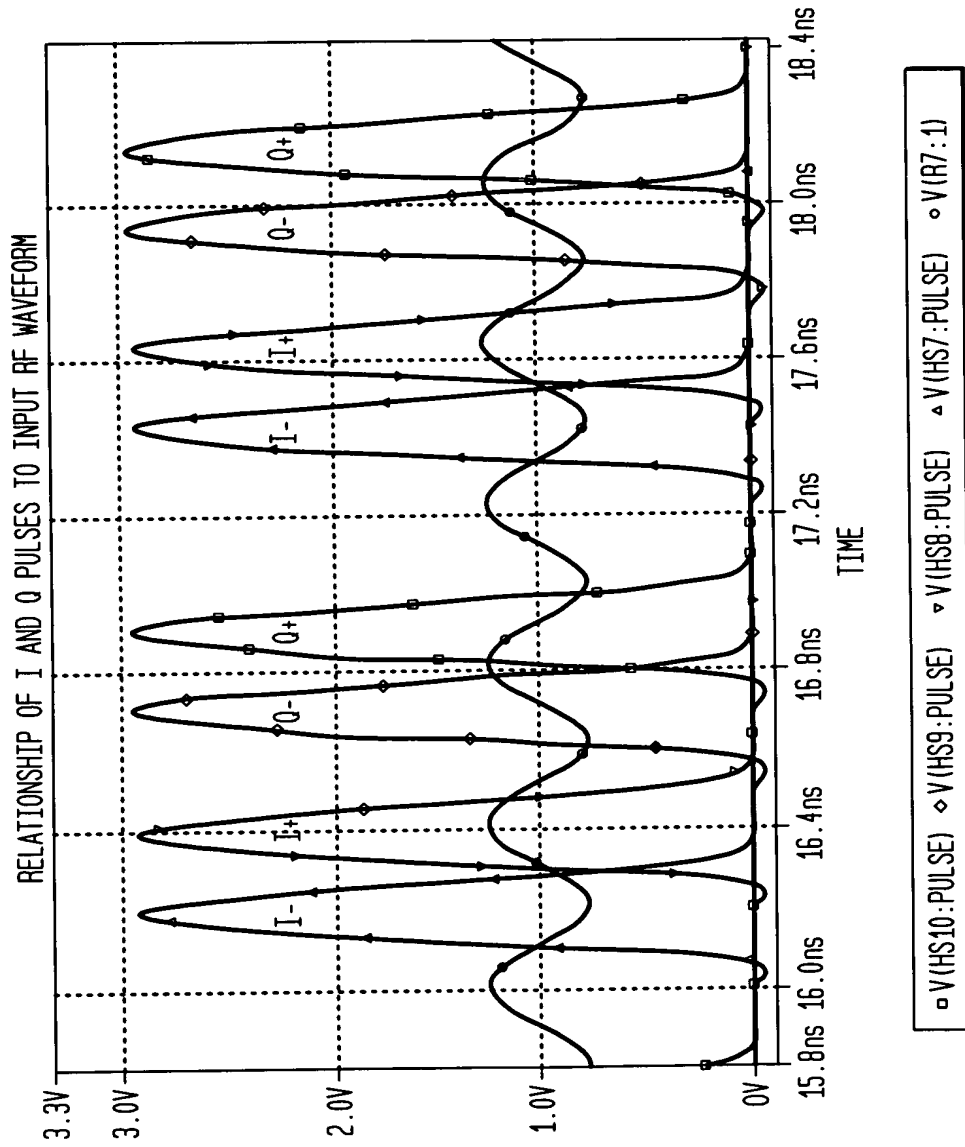
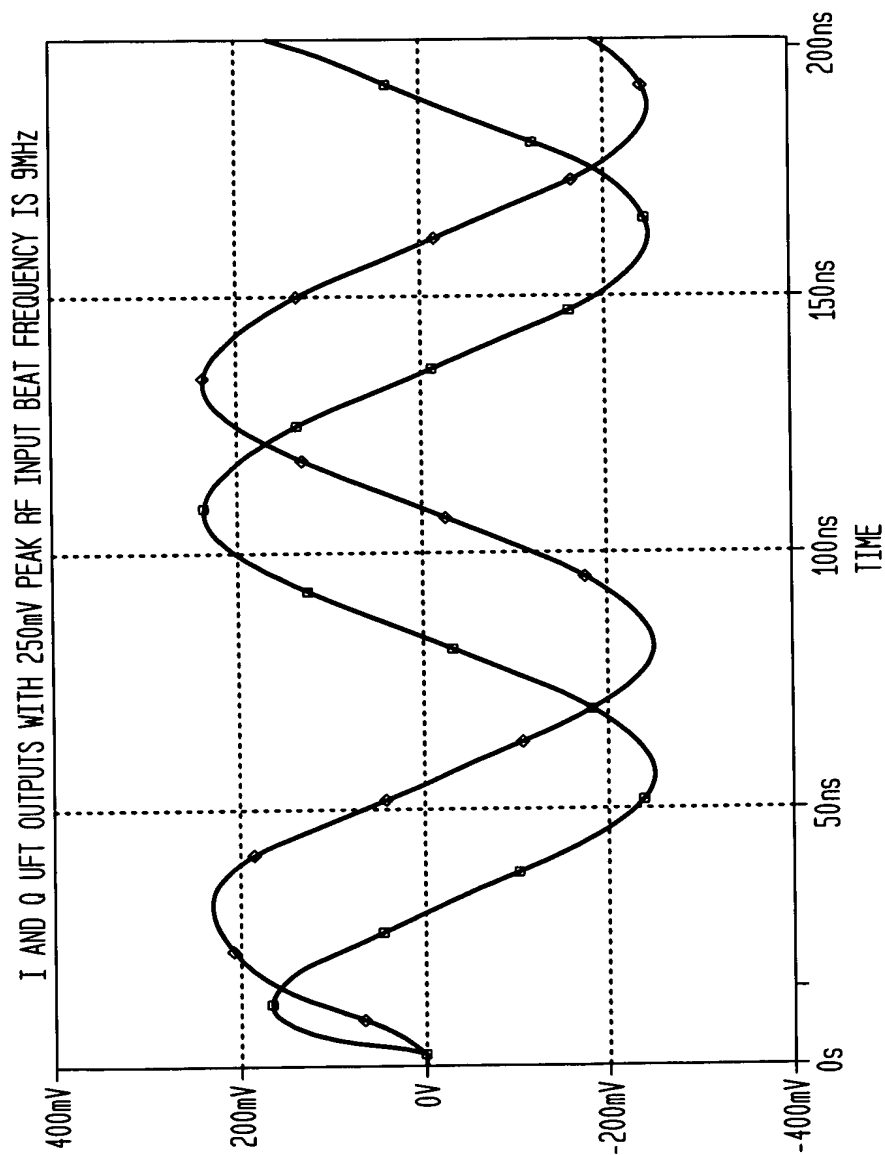
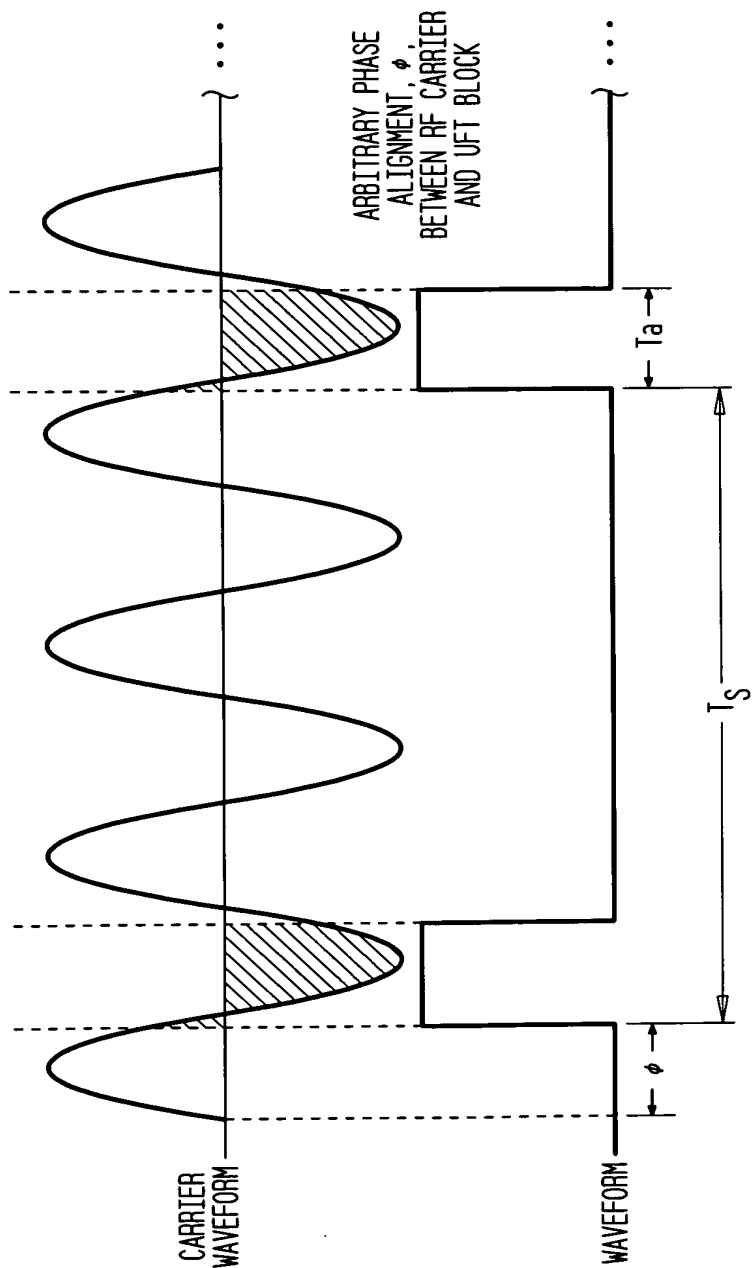


FIG. 181

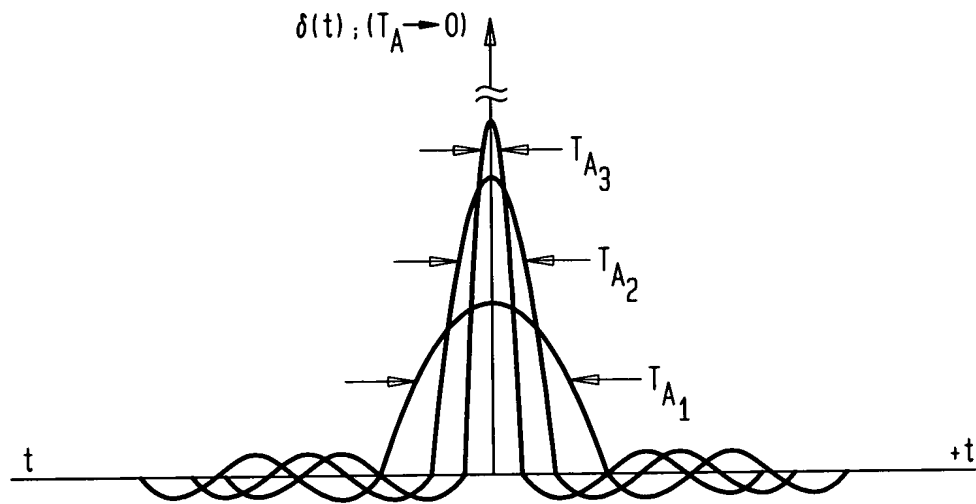


□ V(C6:2,C5:1) ◇ V(C2:2,C1:1)

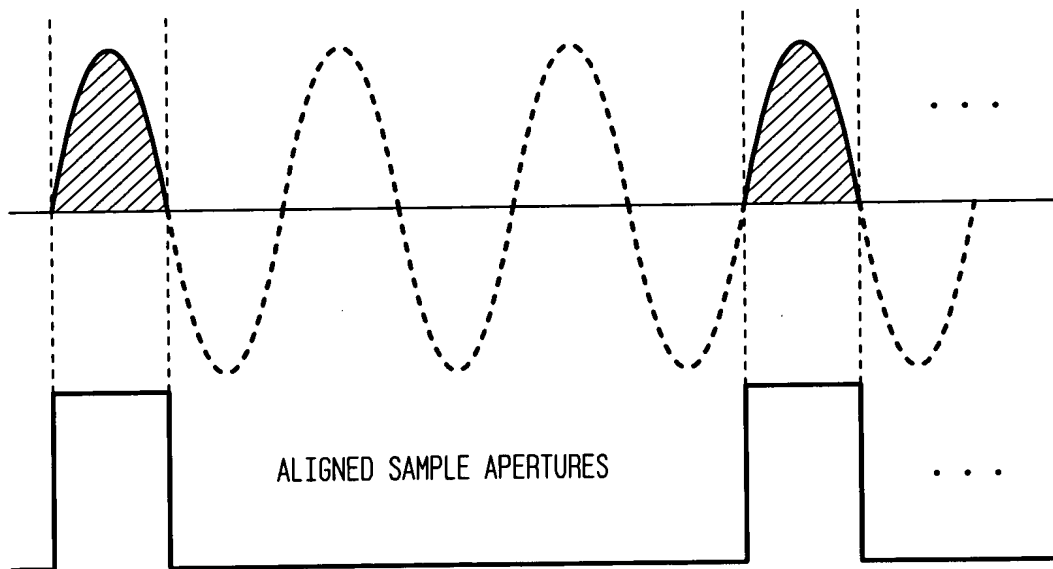
FIG. 182



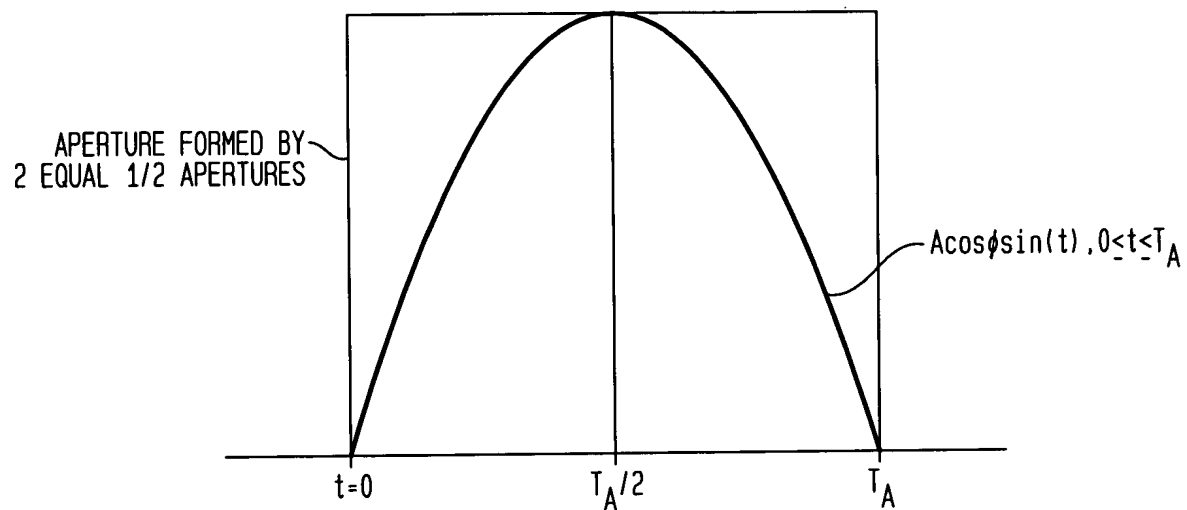
**FIG. 183**



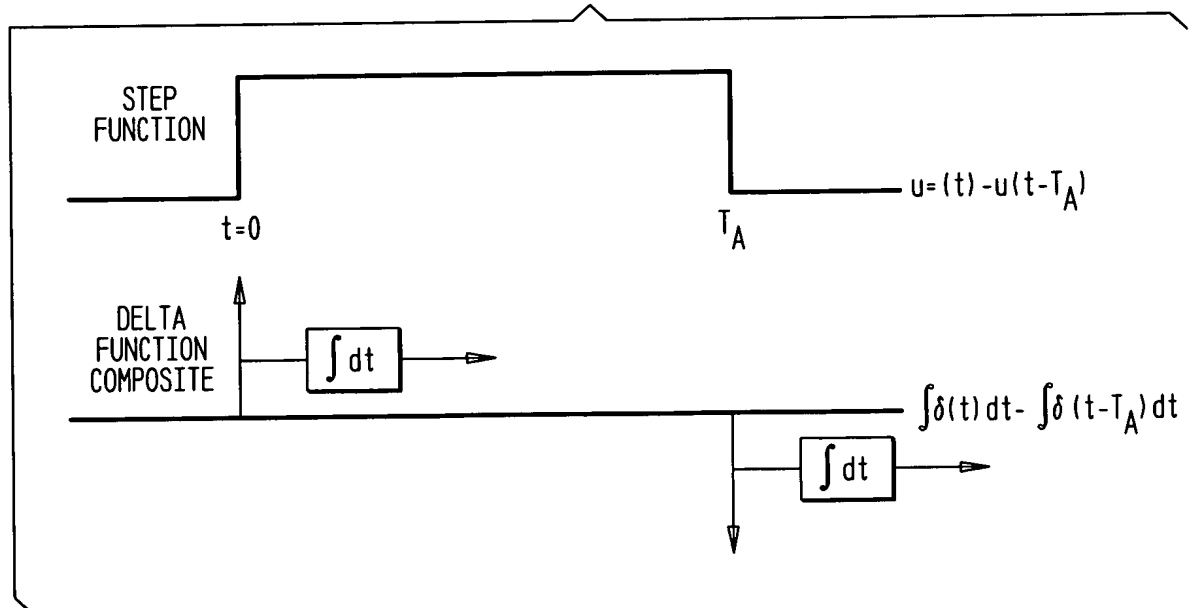
**FIG. 184**



**FIG. 185**

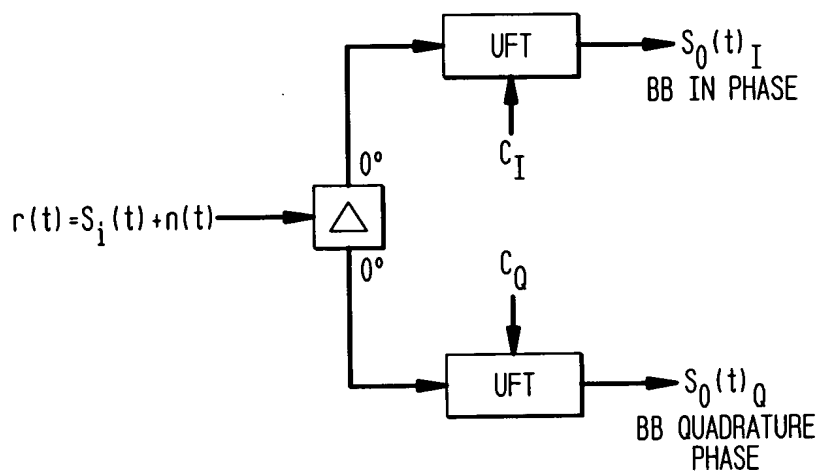


**FIG. 186**





**FIG. 187**



**FIG. 188**

$$C_I(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - mT_S) * p_C(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} p(t - mT_S) \quad 18802$$

$$C_I(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} (u(t) - u(t - T_A)) * \delta(t - mT_S) \quad 18804$$

$$C_Q(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} (u[t - T_A/2] - u[t - 3T_A/2]) * \delta(t - (mT_S + T_A/2)) \quad 18806$$

**FIG. 189**

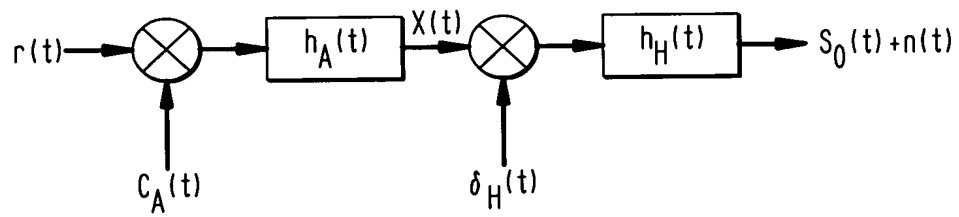


FIG. 190

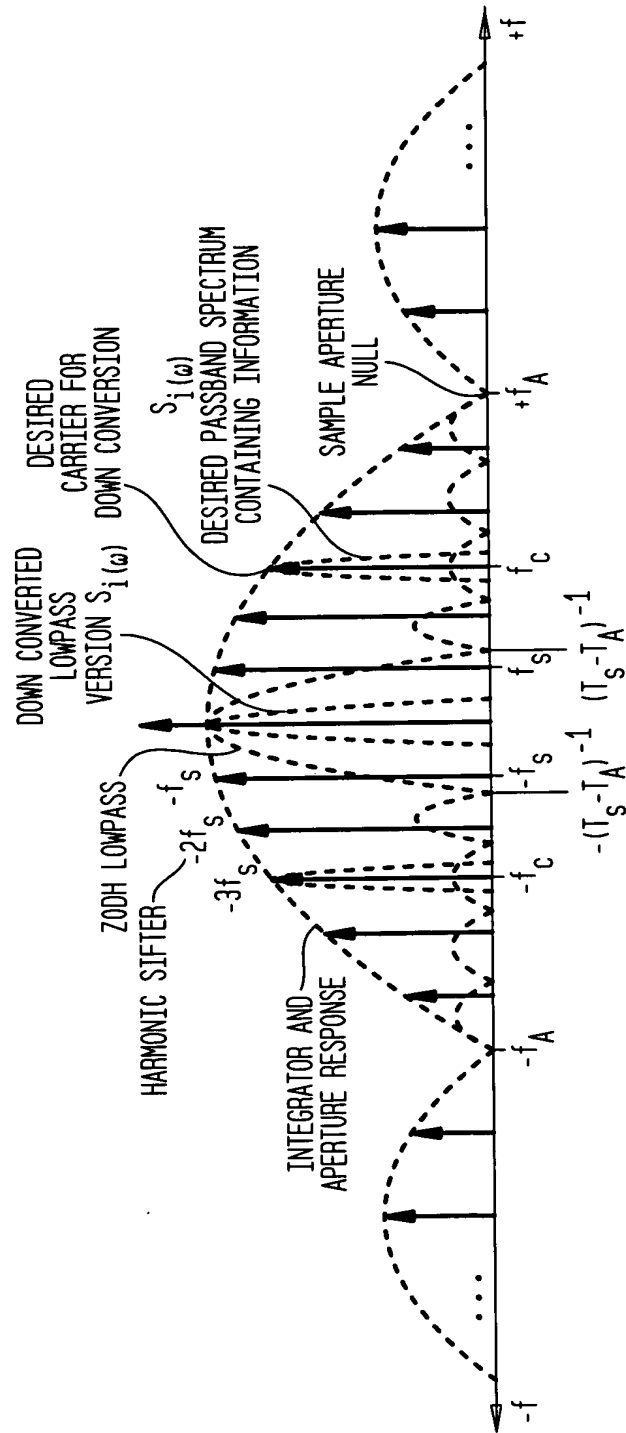


FIG. 191

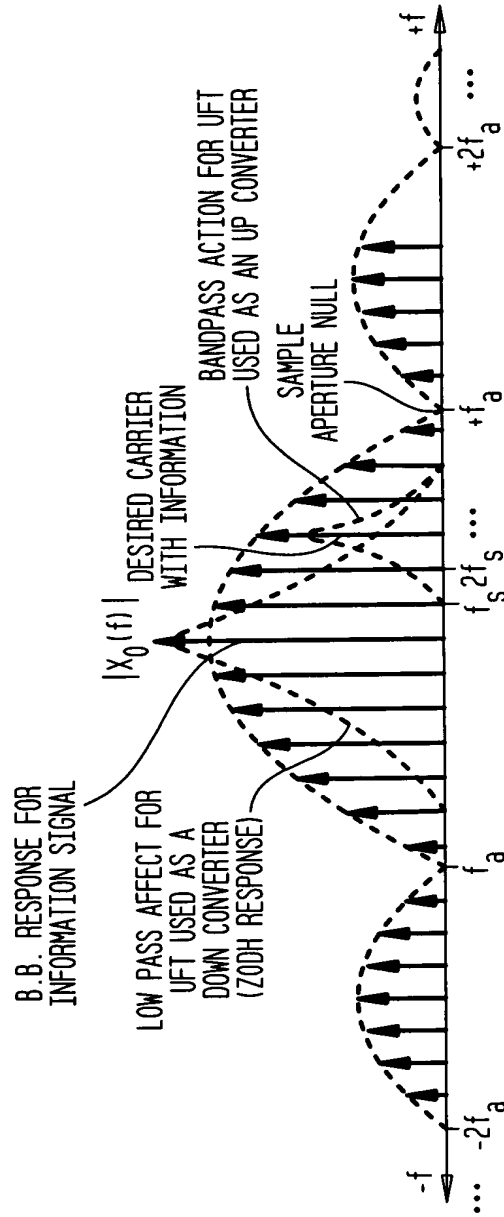
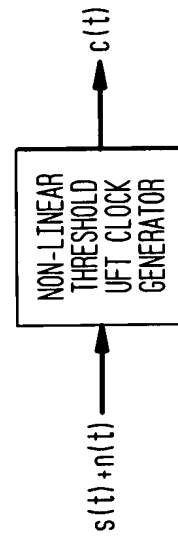
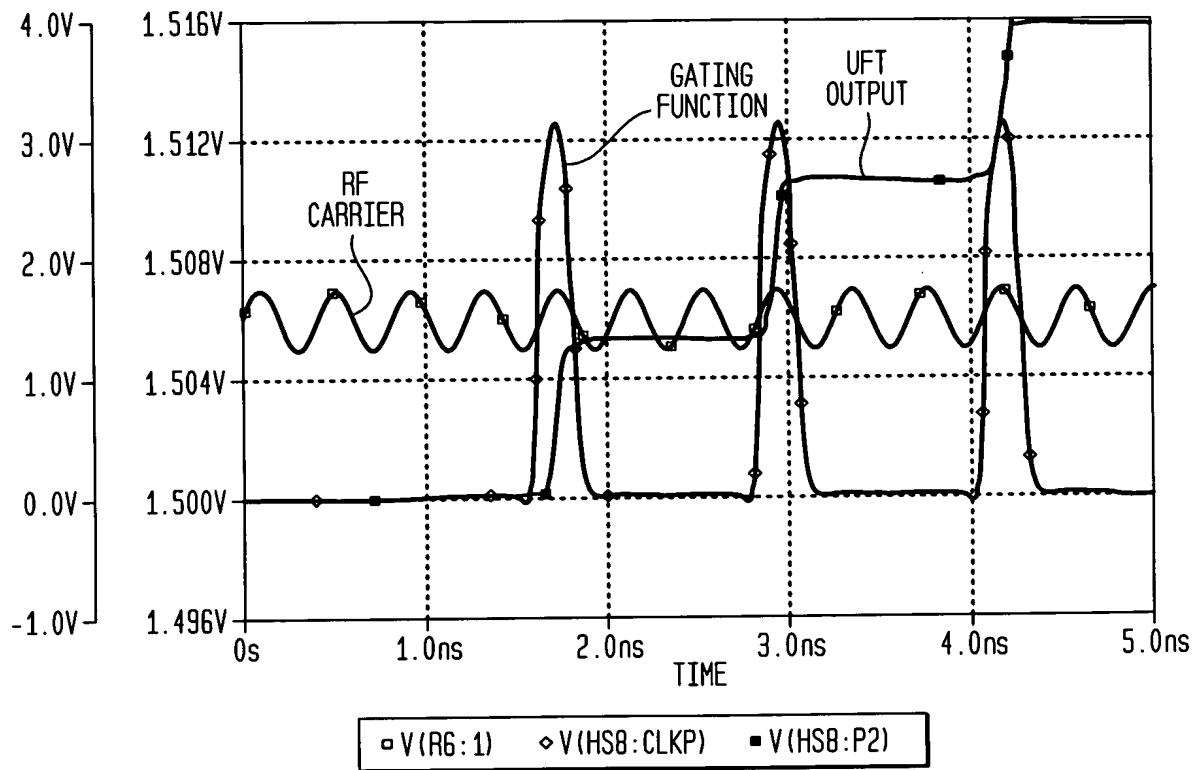


FIG. 192



**FIG. 193**



**FIG. 194**

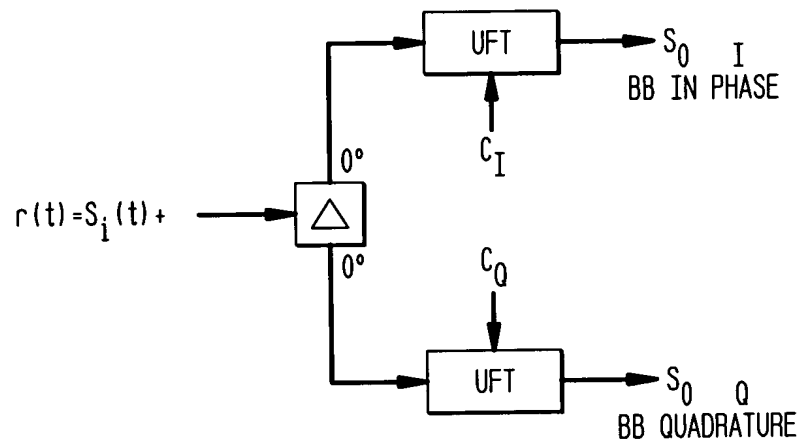


FIG. 195

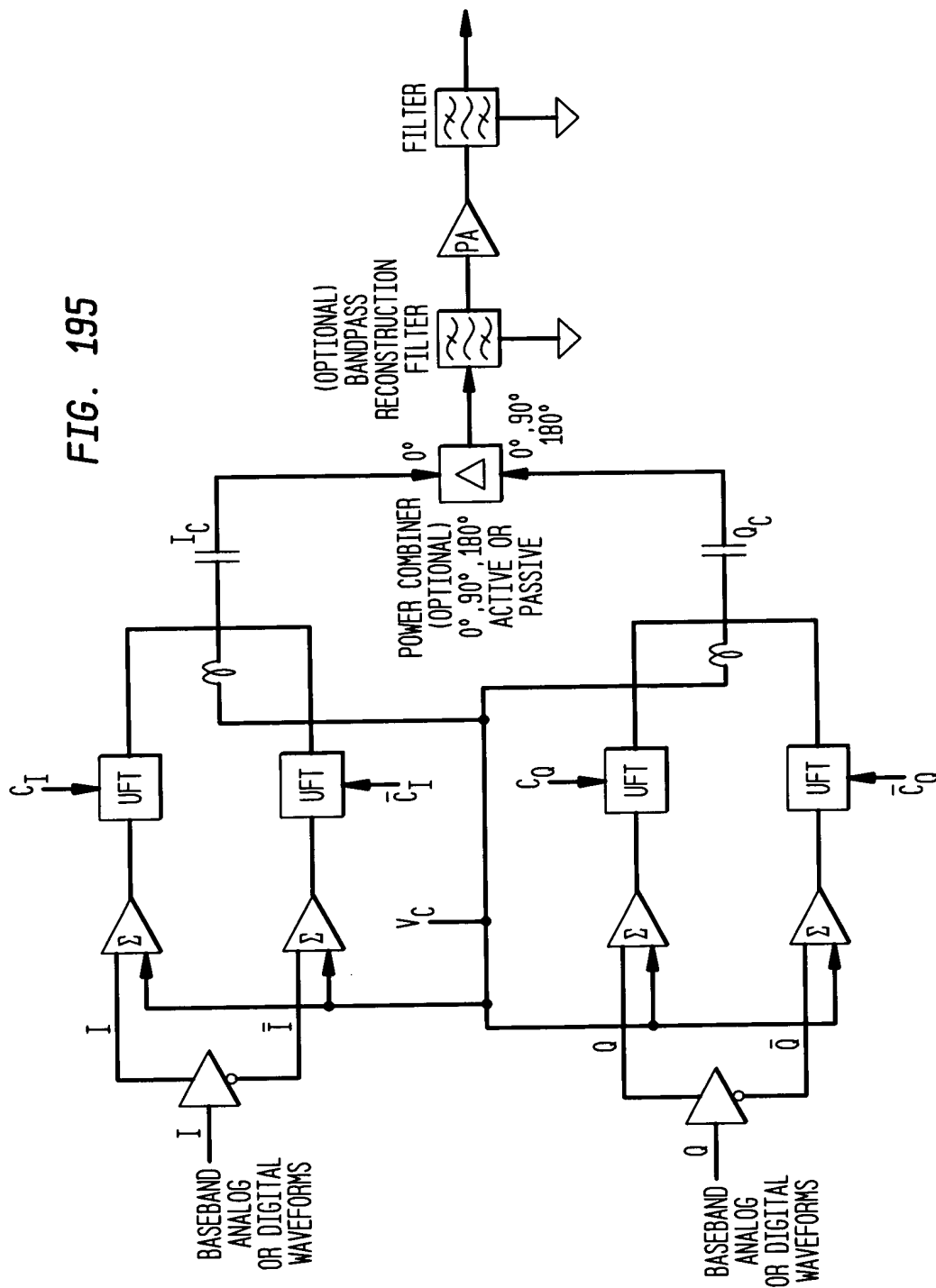
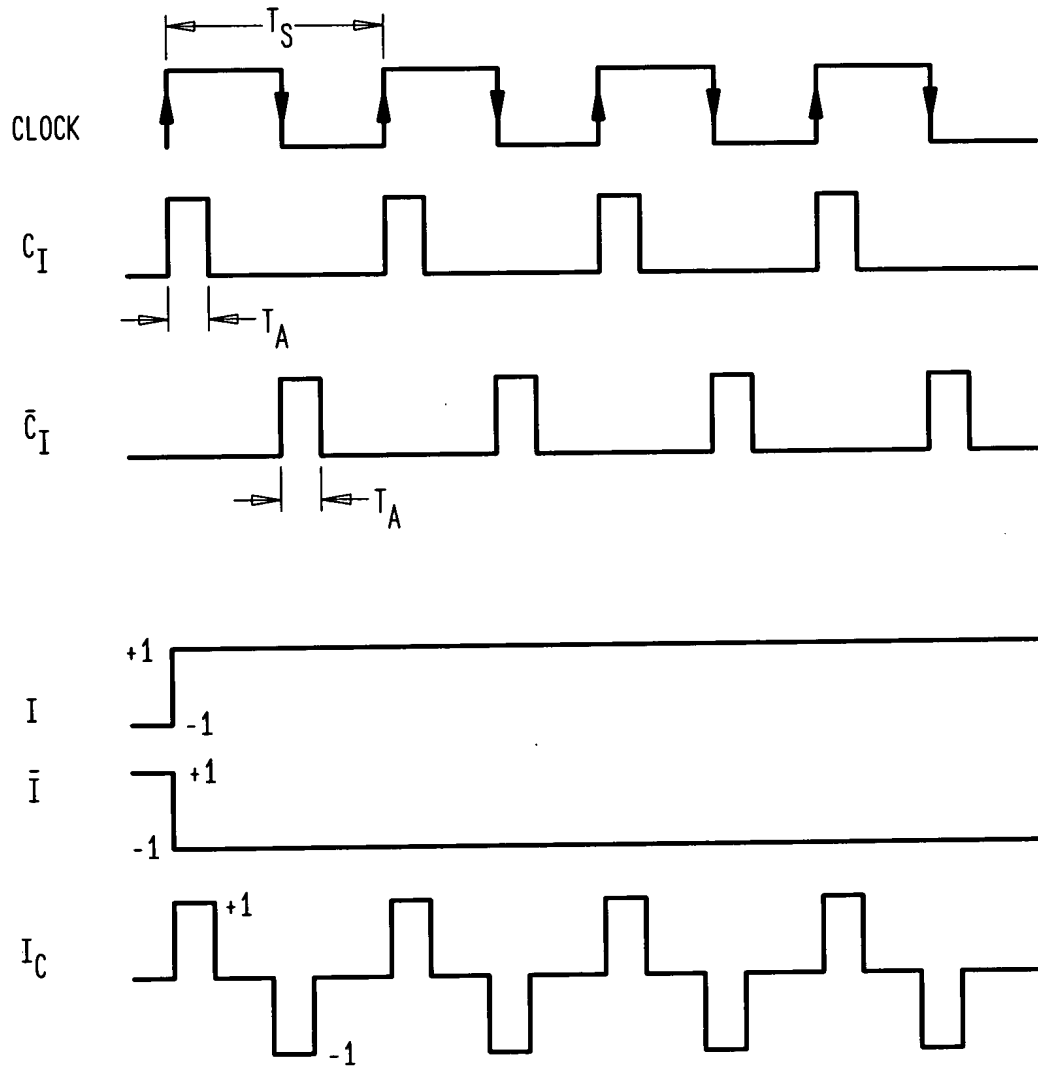
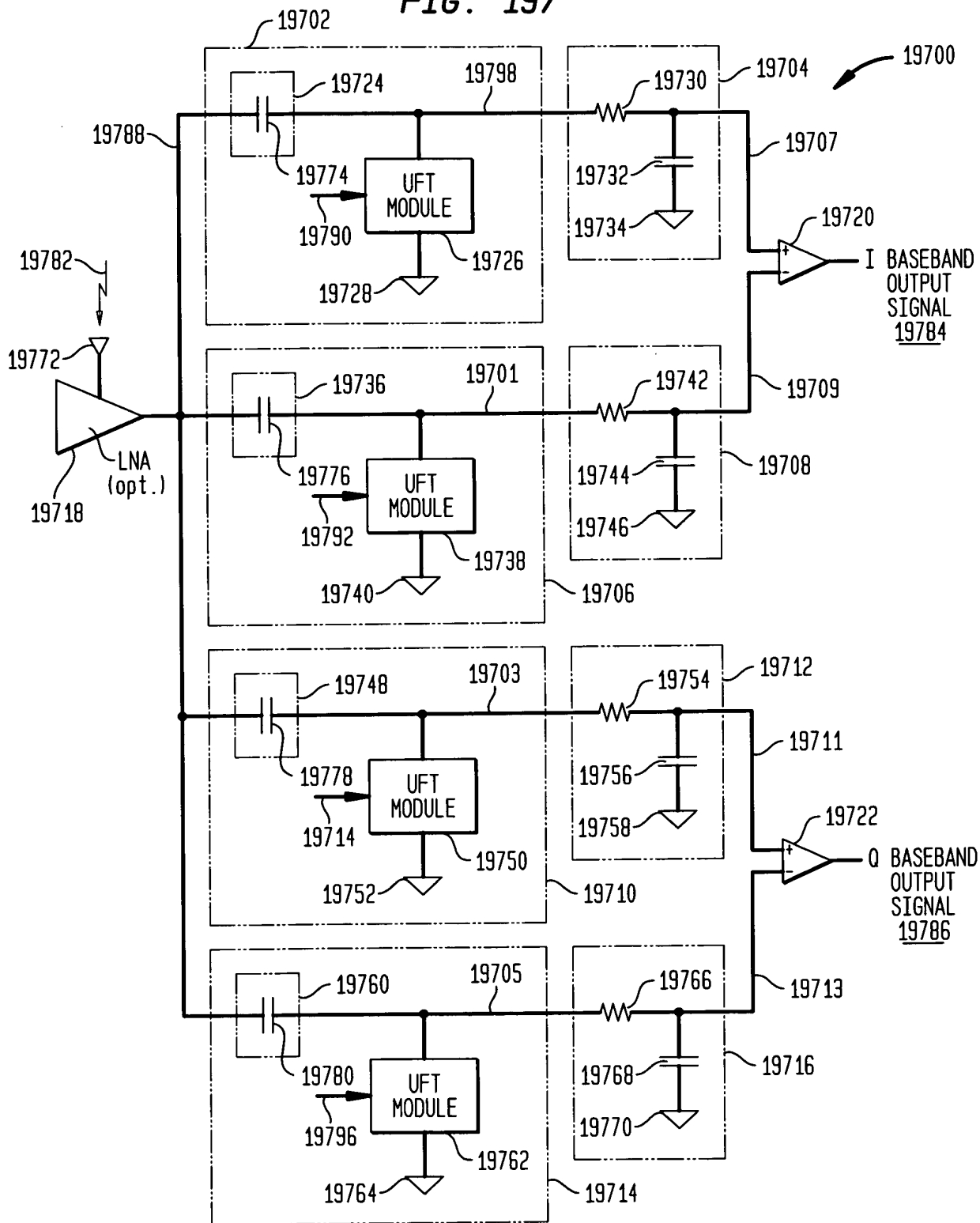


FIG. 196





**FIG. 197**



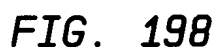


FIG. 200

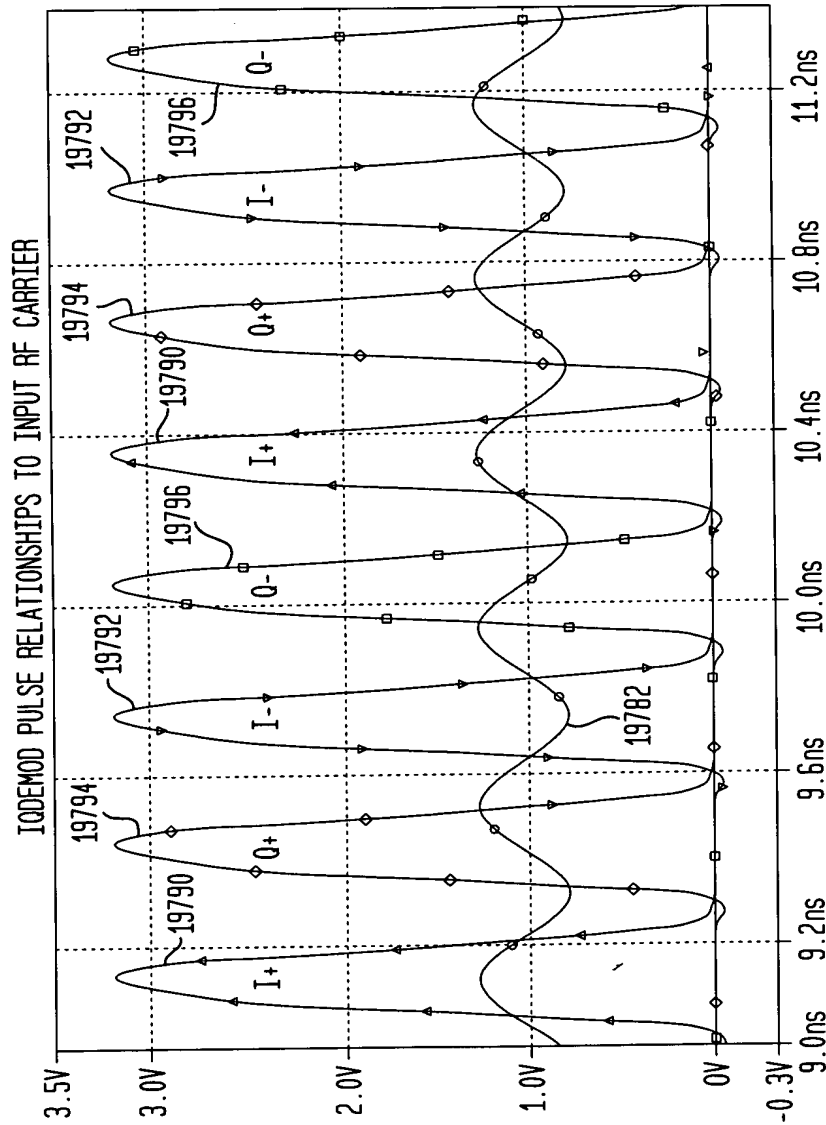
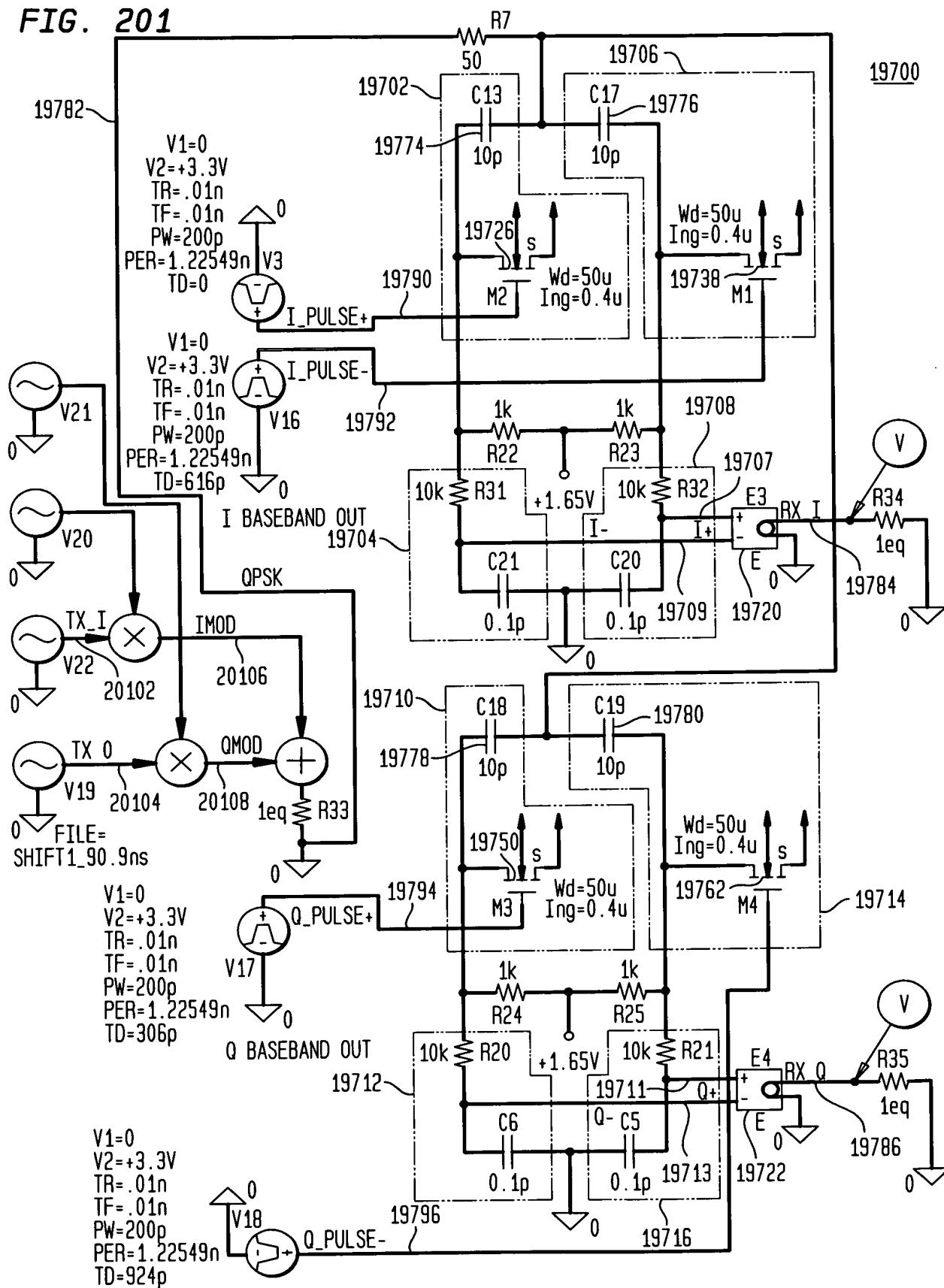
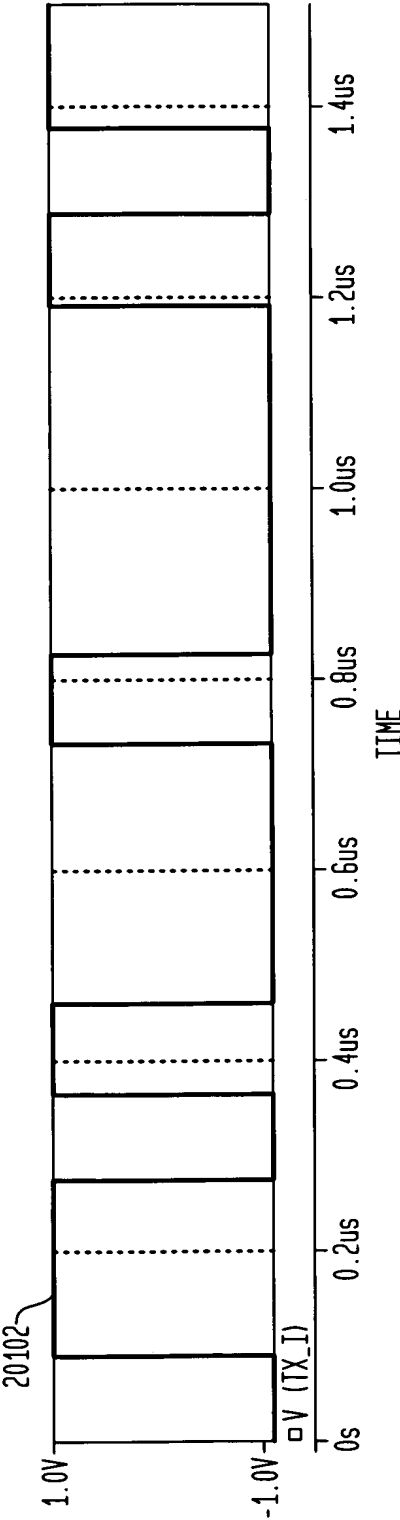


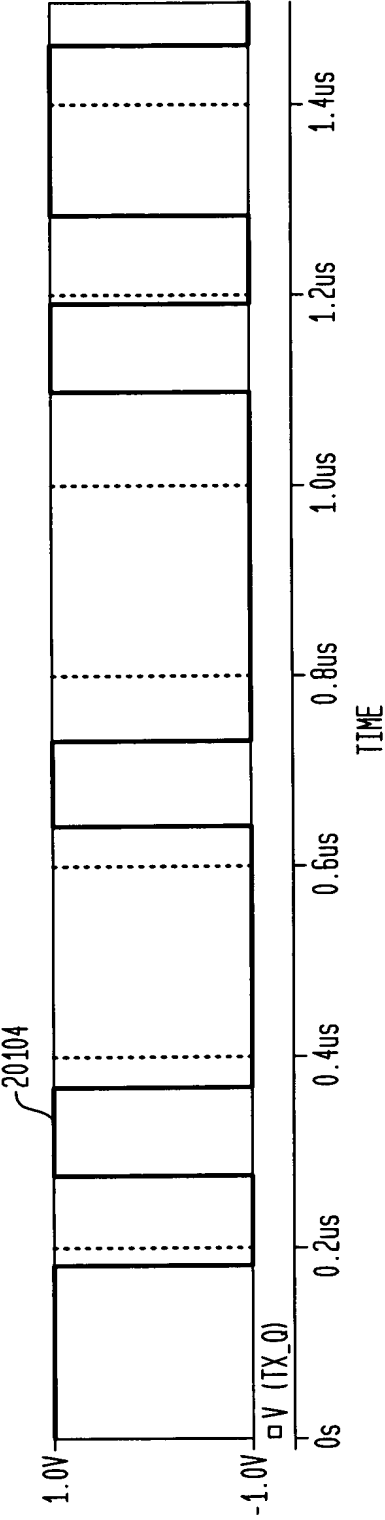
FIG. 201

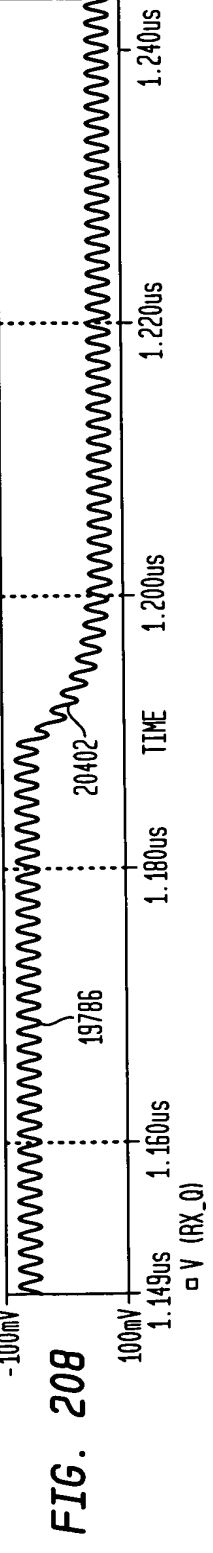
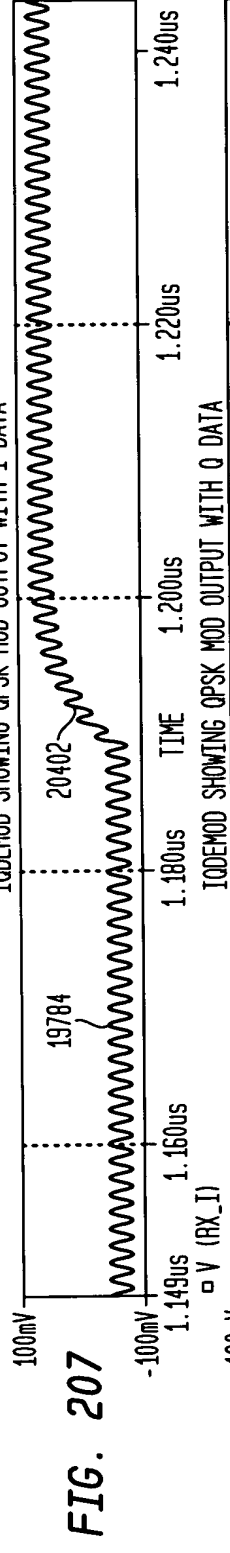
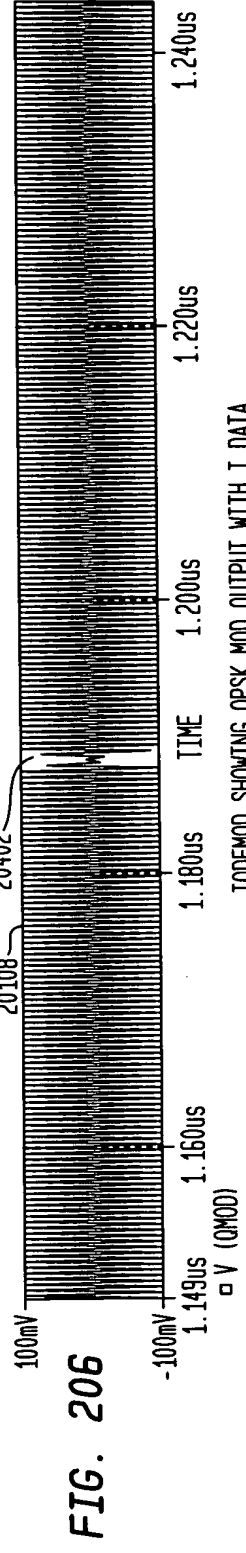
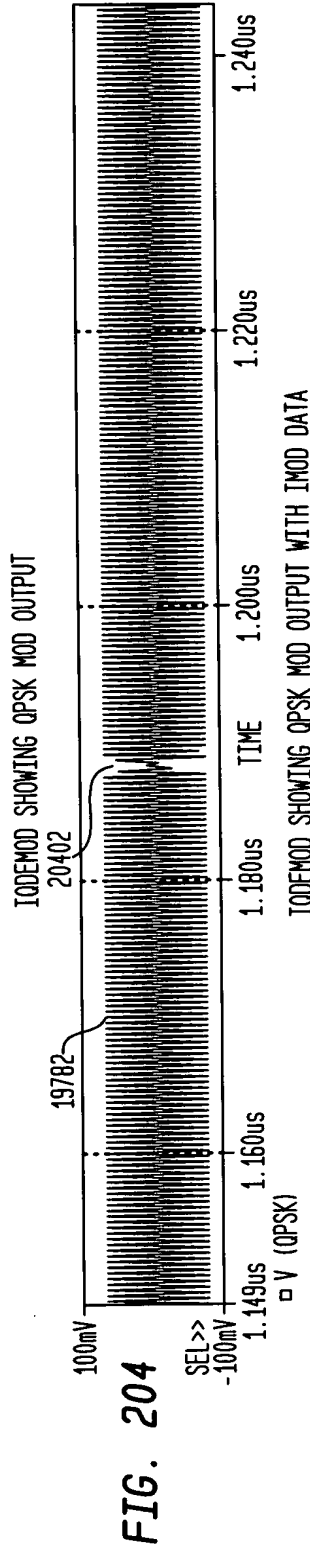


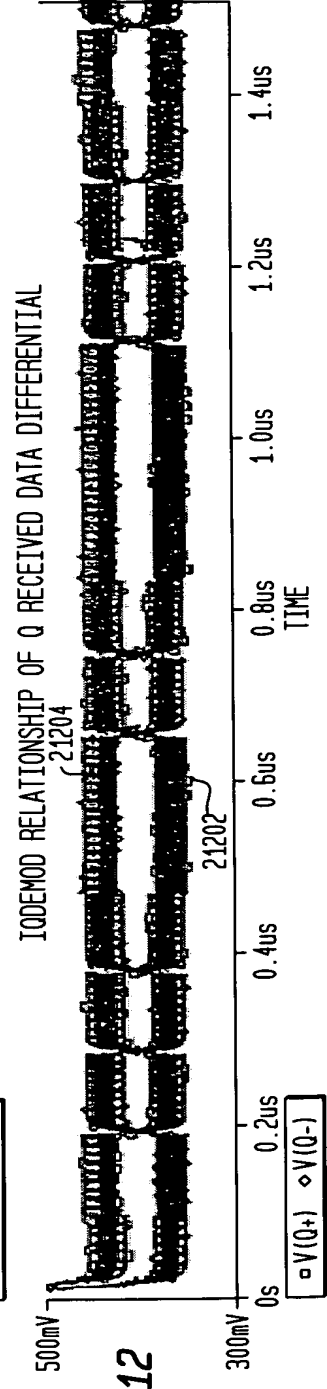
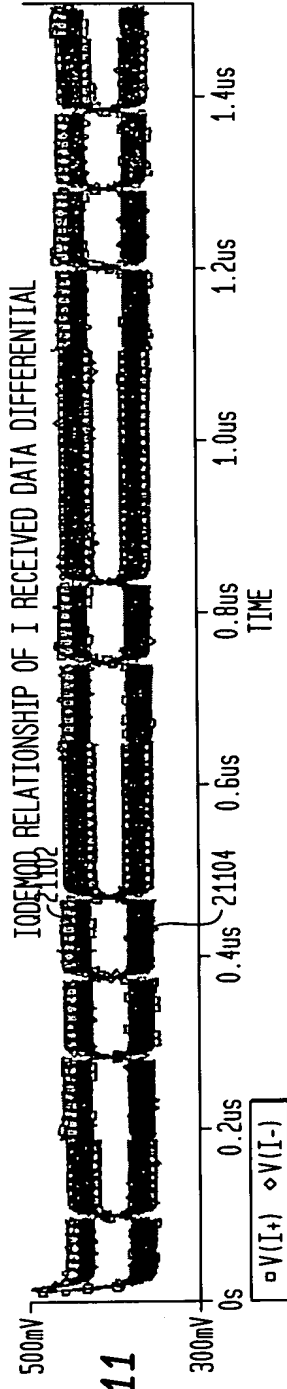
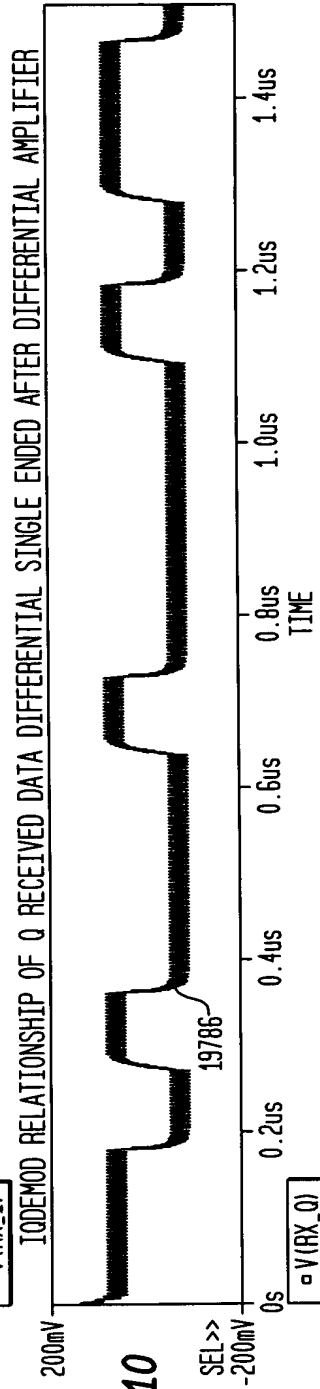
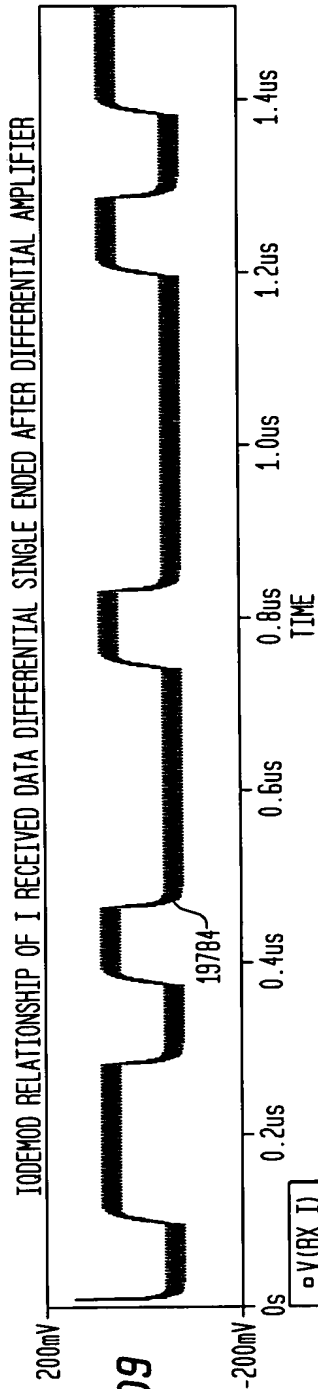
**FIG. 202**  
IQDEMOD SHOWING TIME RELATIONSHIP OF TX\_I DATA



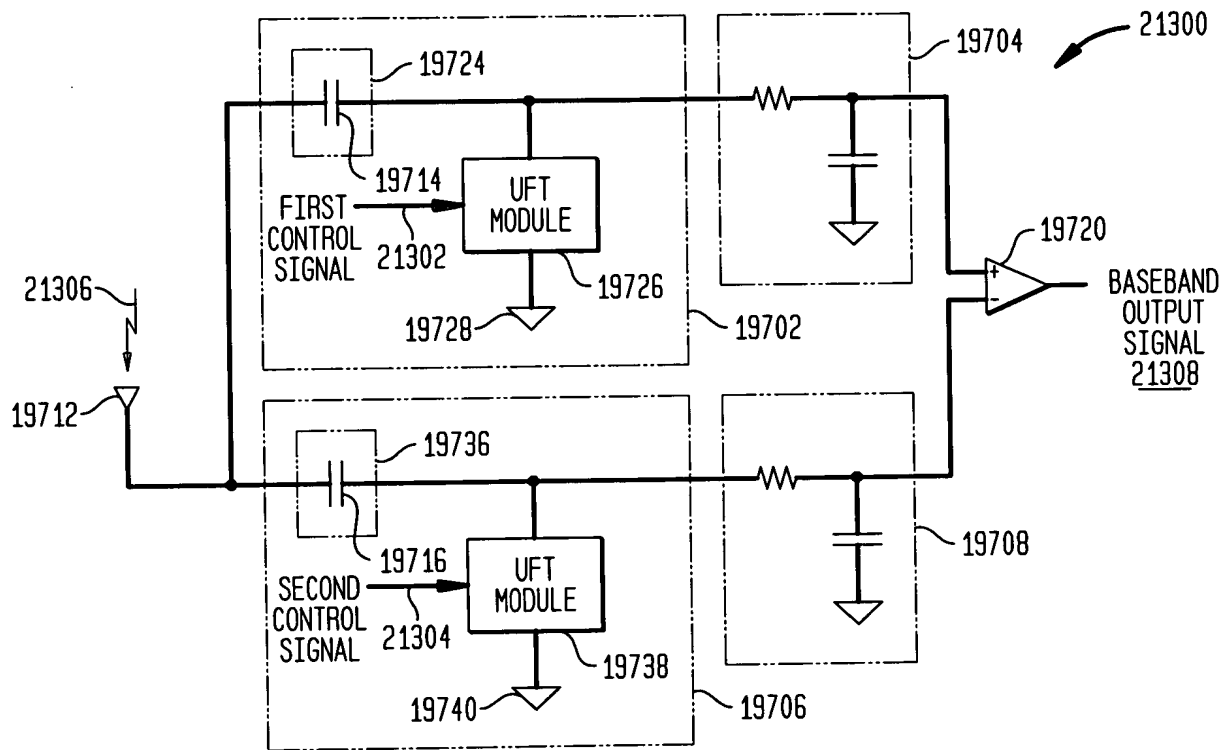
**FIG. 203**  
IQDEMOD SHOWING TIME RELATIONSHIP OF TX\_Q DATA





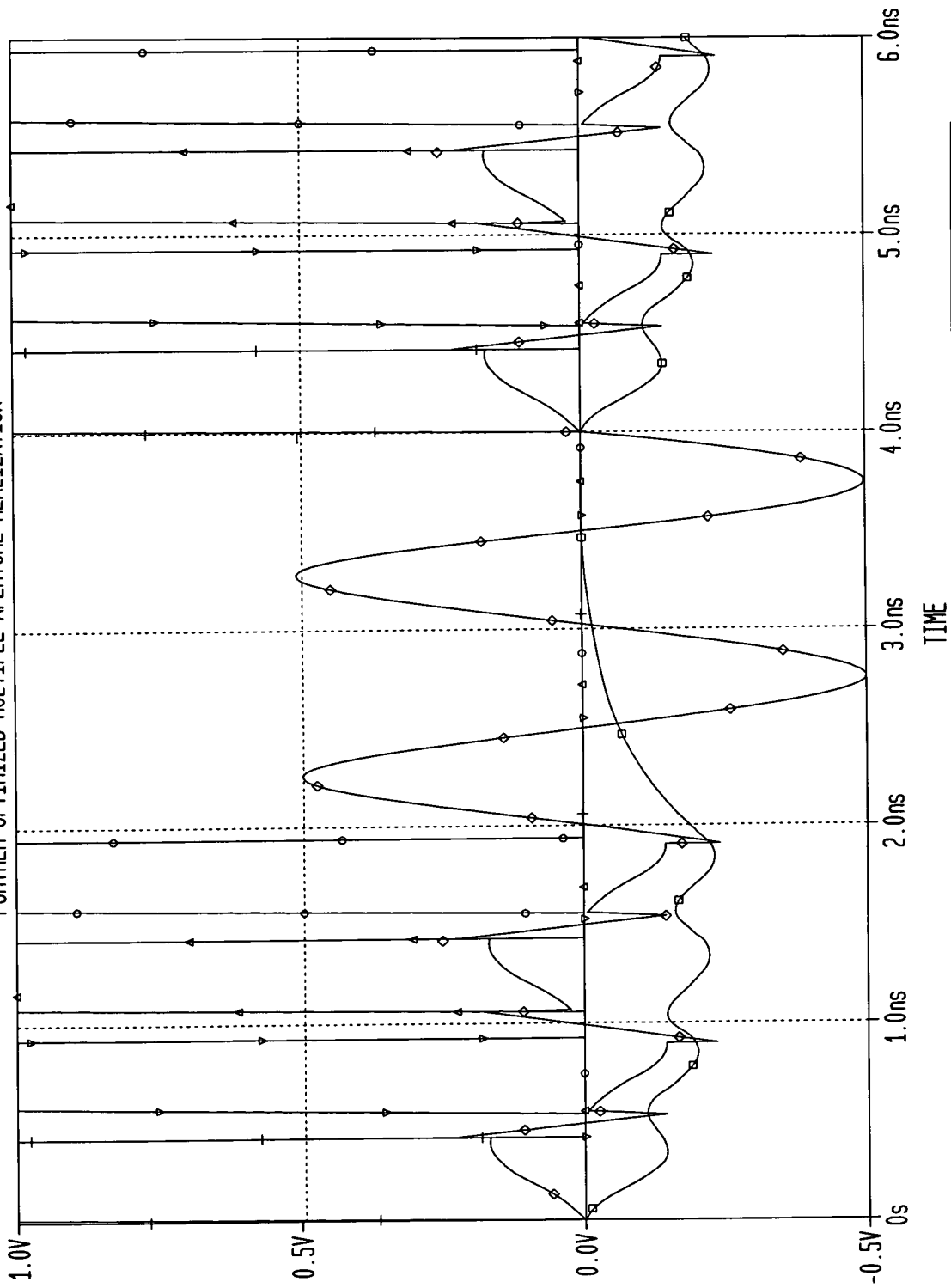


**FIG. 213**



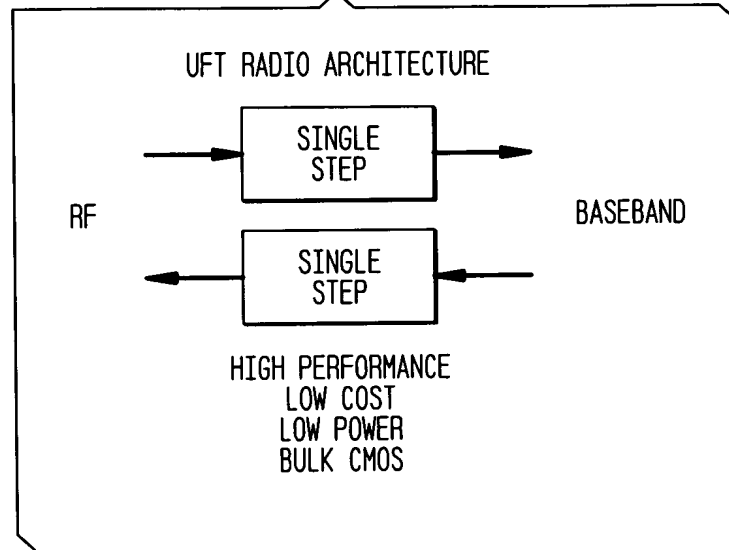


**FIG. 214**  
 FURTHER OPTIMIZED MULTIPLE APERTURE REALIZATION



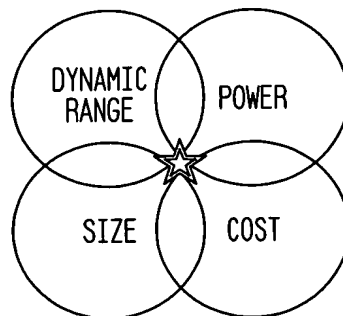
$\square$   $V(\text{output\_final})$   $\diamond$   $V(\text{Input})$   $\nabla$   $V(\text{aperture\_2})$   $\triangle$   $V(\text{aperture\_3})$   $\circ$   $V(\text{aperture\_4})$   $\times$   $V(\text{aperture\_1})$

**FIG. 215**



**FIG. 216**

WIRELESS TRADE-OFF DESIGN CONCERNS



## FIG. 217

### NOISE FIGURE CALCULATIONS BASED ON RMS VOLTAGE AND CURRENT NOISE SPECIFICATIONS

ENTER, THE VOLTAGE NOISE DENSITY,  $e_n$ , AND THE  
 CURRENT NOISE DENSITY,  $i_n$ , FOR THE AMPLIFIER CHOSEN:

$$e_n := 6 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ V/sqrt(Hz)}$$

$$i_n := 1 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ A/sqrt(Hz)}$$

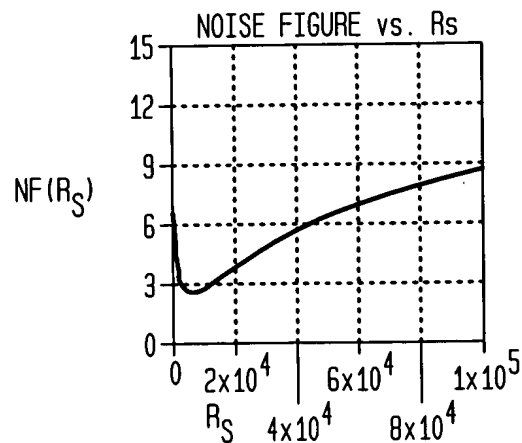
ENTER THE SOURCE RESISTANCE DRIVING THE AMPLIFIER:

$$K := 1.38 \cdot 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} \quad T := 290\text{K}$$

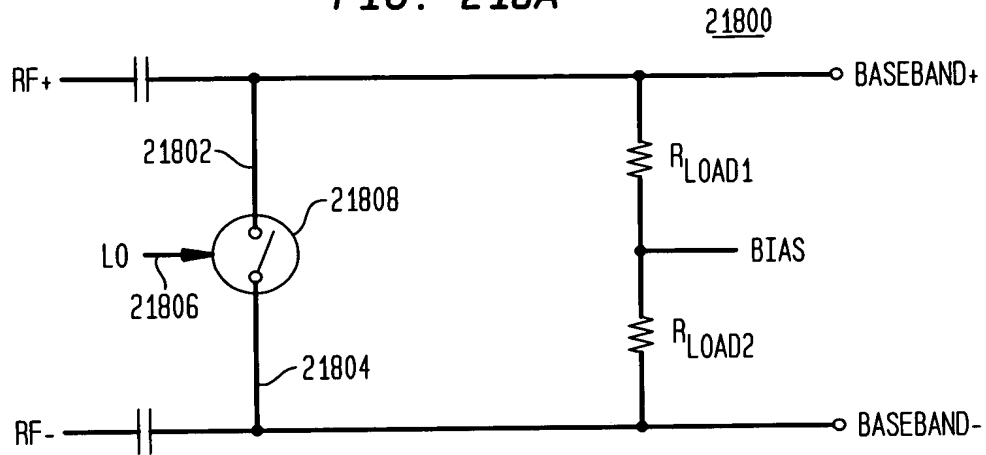
$$\text{PARALELL}(x, y) := \frac{x \cdot y}{x + y} \quad \text{NF}(R_S) := 20 \cdot \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{e_n^2 + 4 \cdot K \cdot T \cdot R_S + i_n^2 \cdot R_S^2}{4 \cdot K \cdot T \cdot R_S}} \right)$$

IF WE PLOT NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE WE CAN GET  
 AN IDEA OF WHAT IS THE OPTIMUM SOURCE RESISTANCE.  
 IT IS NOT NECESSARILY THE LOWEST RESISTANCE!

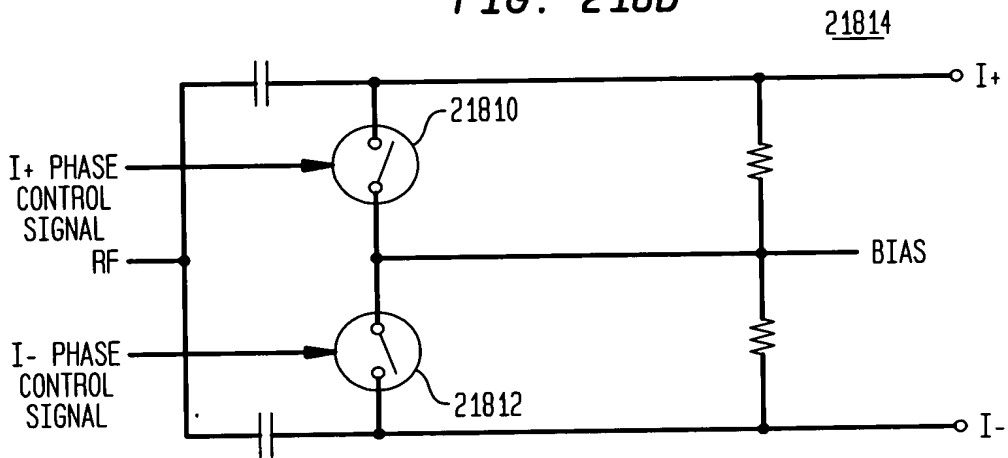
$$R_S := 100, 200 \dots 100 \cdot 10^3$$



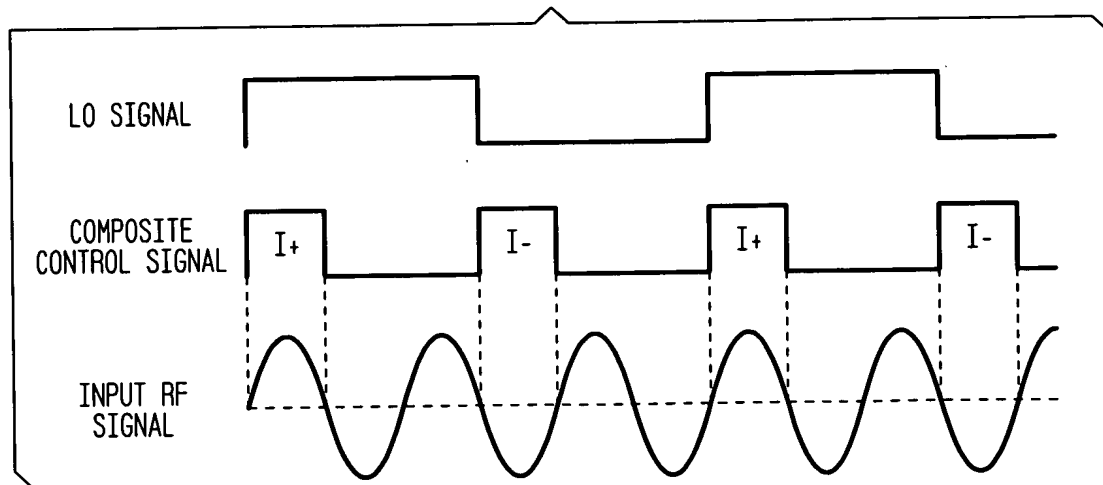
**FIG. 218A**



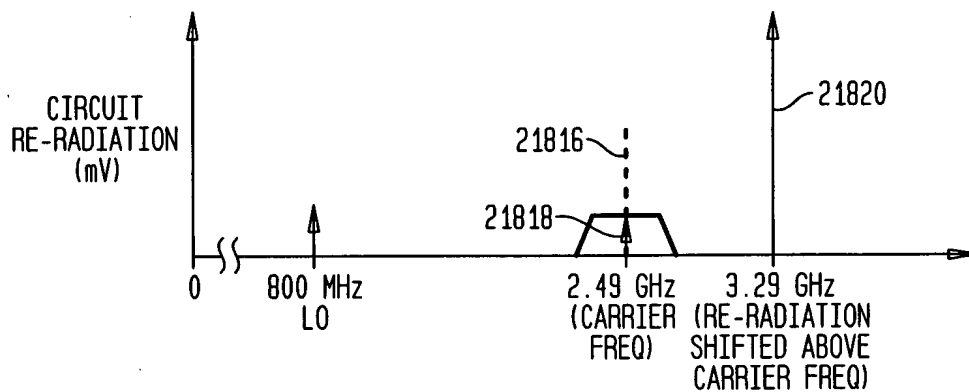
**FIG. 218B**



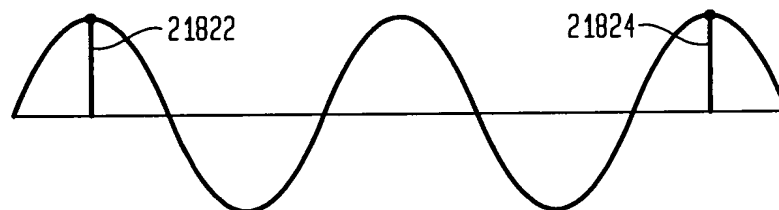
**FIG. 218C**



**FIG. 218D**



**FIG. 218F**



**FIG. 218G**

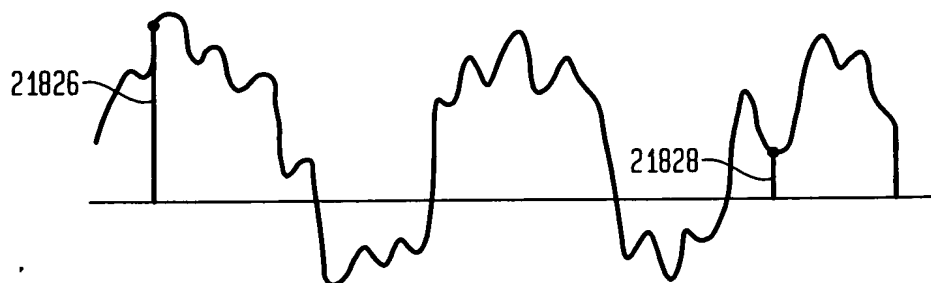
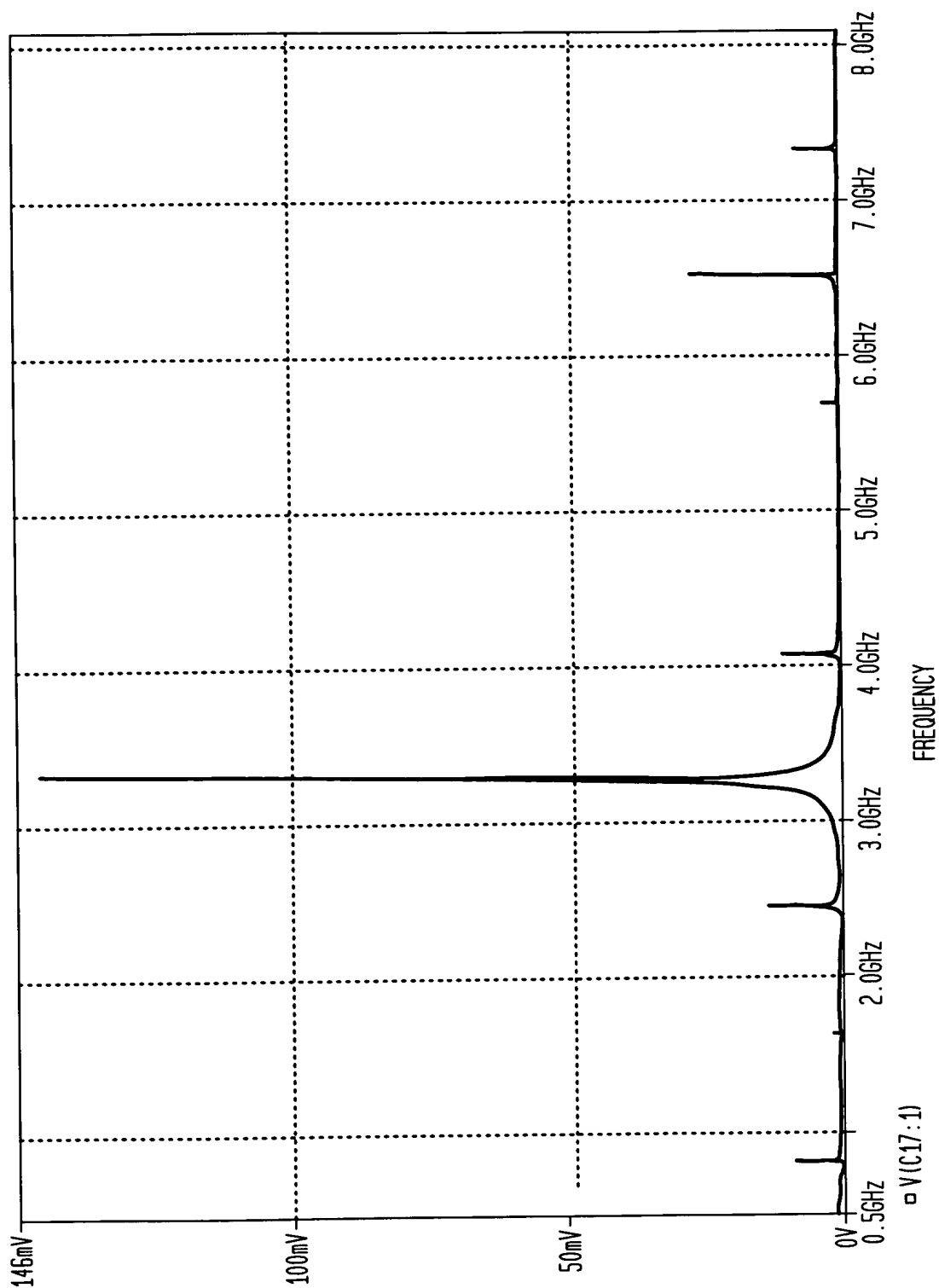
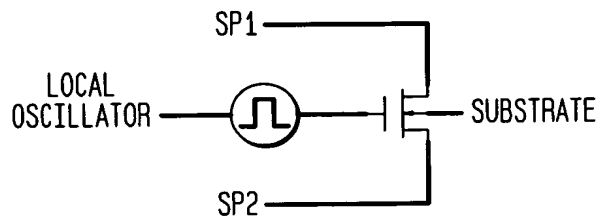


FIG. 218E



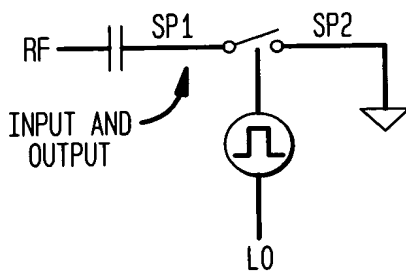
**FIG. 219**

IC CONCEPTUAL SCHEMATIC



**FIG. 220**

BASIC ARCHITECTURE



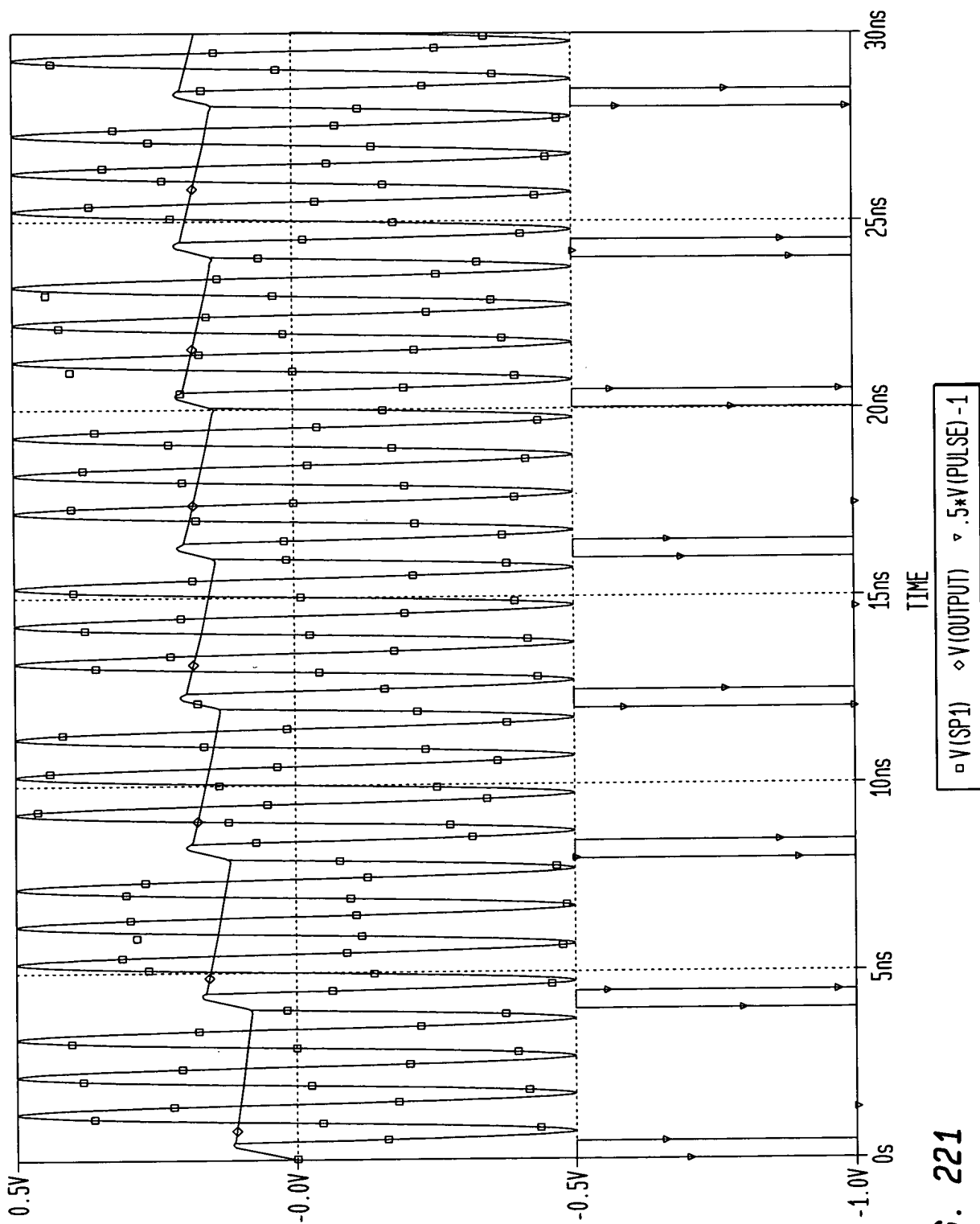


FIG. 221



**FIG. 222**

DC EQUATIONS

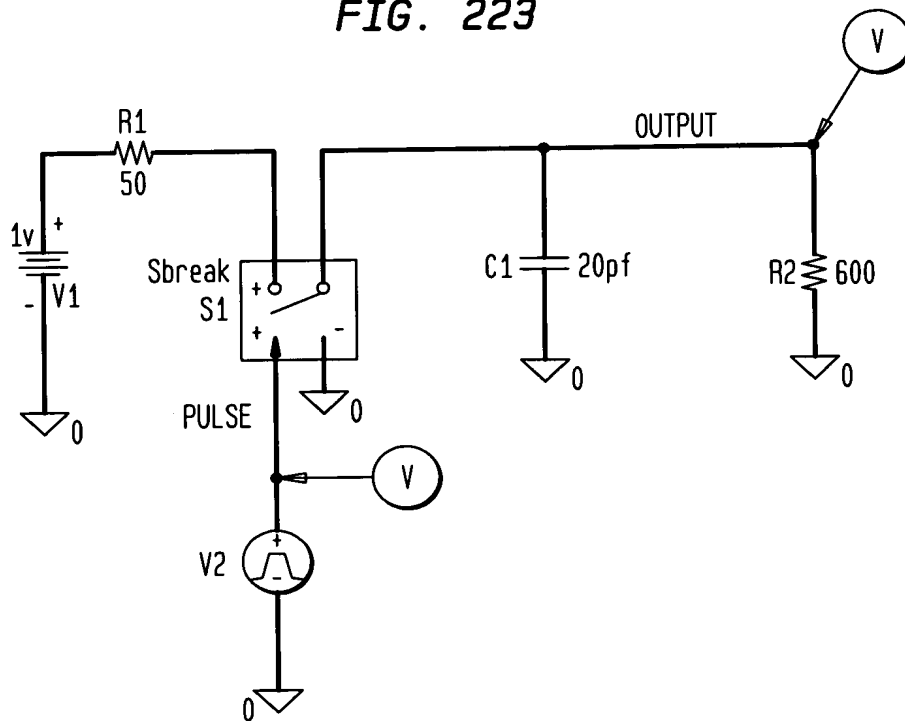
$$V_{in} = V \cdot \frac{R_{out}}{R_{in} + R_{out}}$$

$$V_c = V_{in} - (V_{in} - V_{init}) \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-t_c}{R_{in} \cdot C}\right)$$

$$V_d = V_c \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-t_d}{R_{out} \cdot C}\right)$$

DEFINITIONS: Rin - INPUT RESISTANCE  
 Rout - OUTPUT RESISTANCE  
 C - CAPACITOR  
 tc - CHARGE TIME OR APERTURE  
 td - DISCHARGE TIME OR LO PERIOD-tc  
 V - INPUT VOLTAGE  
 Vinit - INITIAL CAPACITOR VOLTAGE  
 Vc - FINAL CHARGE CAPACITOR VOLTAGE  
 Vd - FINAL DISCHARGE CAPACITOR VOLTAGE

**FIG. 223**



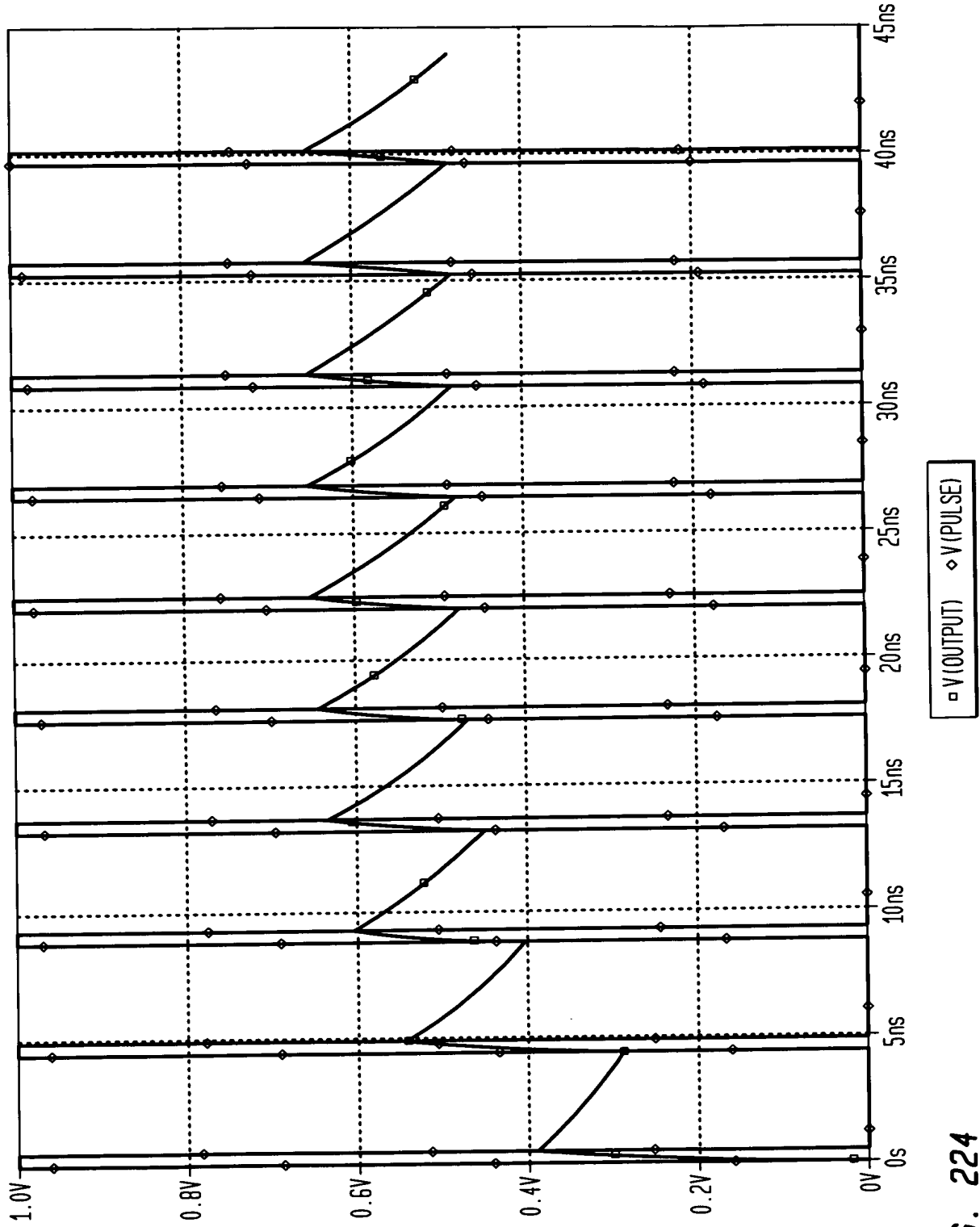
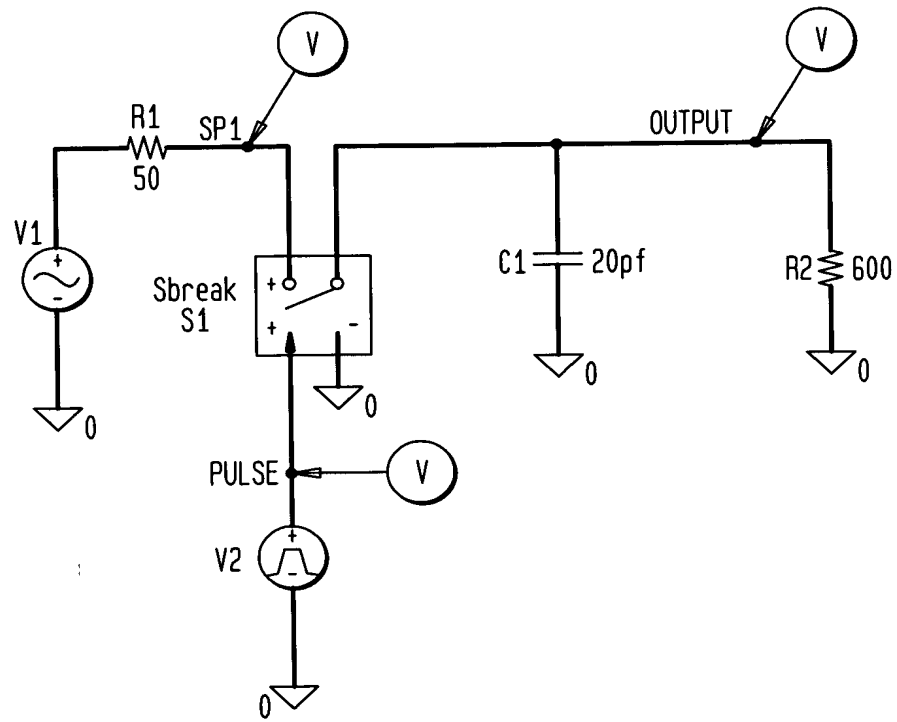


FIG. 224

**FIG. 225**



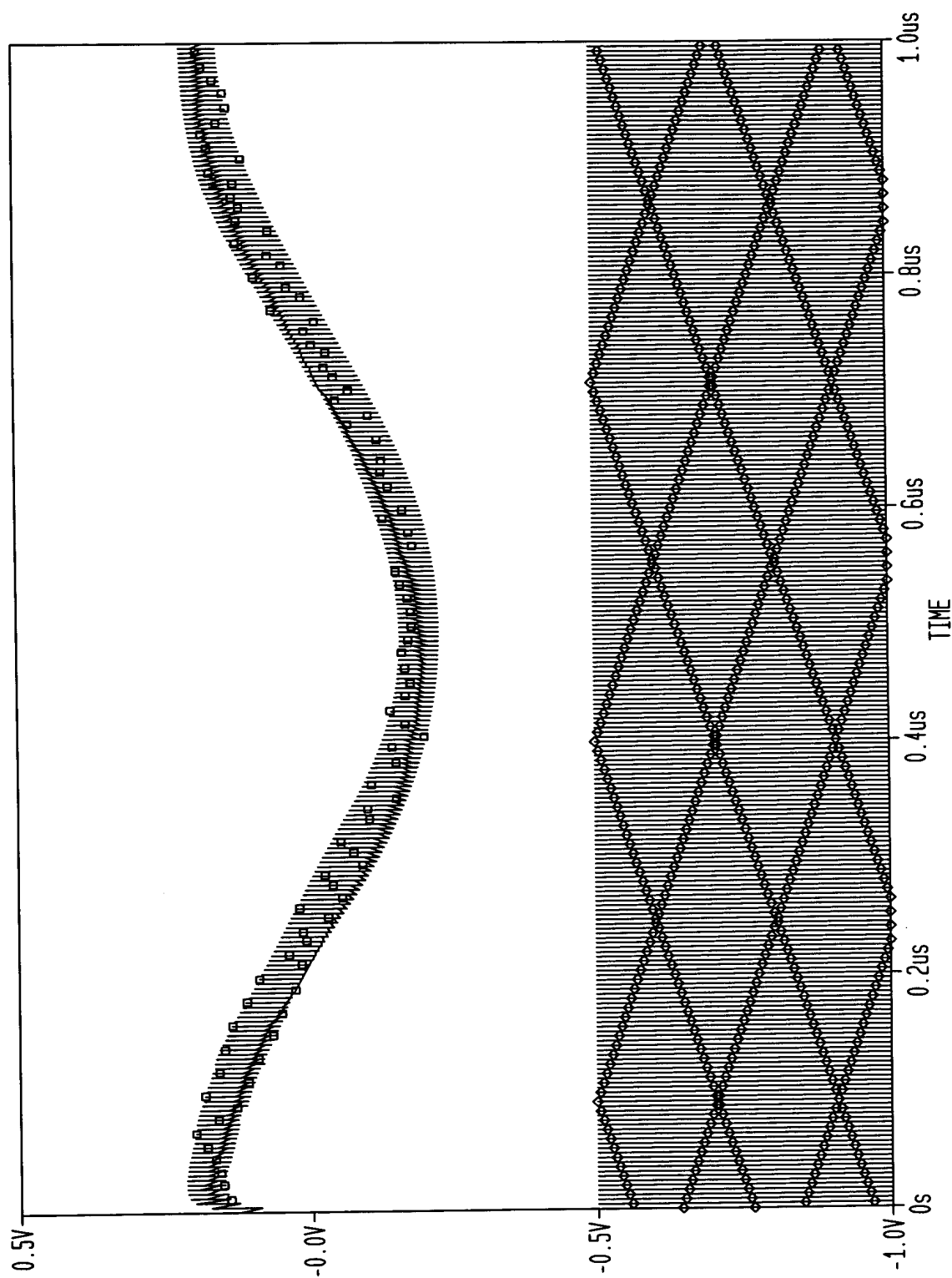


FIG. 226

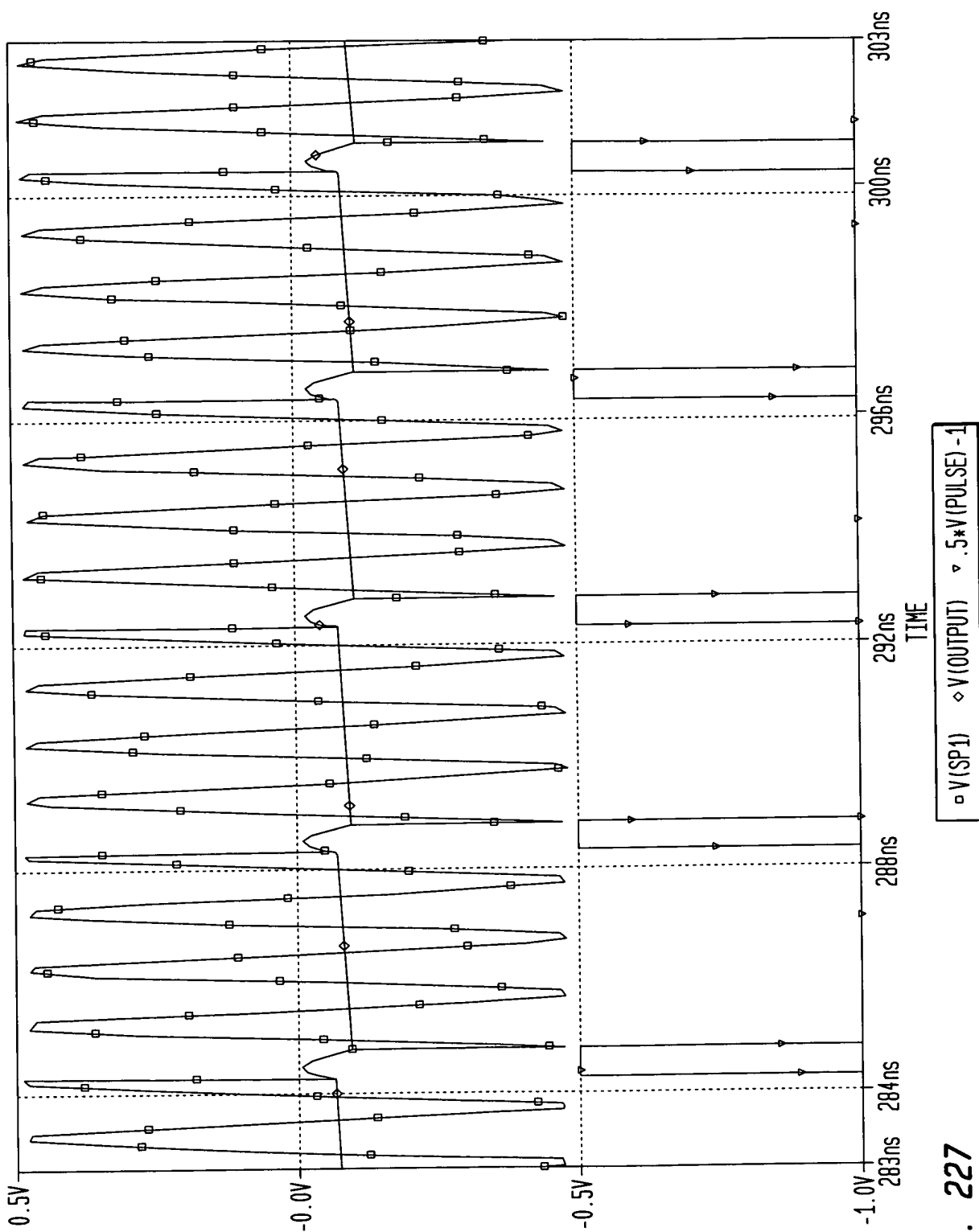


FIG. 227

## FIG. 228

### CHARGE TRANSFER

#### DEFINITIONS:

q=CHARGE IN COULOMBS  
C=CAPACITANCE IN FARADS  
V=VOLTAGE IN VOLTS  
A=INPUT SIGNAL AMPLITUDE

$$q=C \cdot V$$

$$V=A \cdot \sin(t)$$

$$q(t)=C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t)$$

$$\Delta q(t)=C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t)-C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t-T)$$

$$\Delta q(t)=C \cdot A \cdot (\sin(t)-\sin(t-T))$$

EQUATION A

$\Delta q(t)$  EXPRESSES THE CHANGE IN CHARGE ACROSS CAPACITOR C DURING APERTURE T. AS CAN BE SEEN, WHEN APERTURE T TENDS TOWARDS 0,  $\Delta q(t)$  TENDS TOWARDS 0.

## FIG. 229

USING THE SUM TO PRODUCT TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITY,

$$\sin(\alpha) - \sin(\beta) = 2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \quad \text{IDENTITY 1}$$

EQUATION 1 CAN BE RE-WRITTEN AS:

$$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left[\frac{t - (t-T)}{2}\right] \cdot \cos\left[\frac{t + (t-T)}{2}\right]$$

$$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right) \cdot \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right) \quad \text{EQUATION B}$$

THE sin TERM IN EQUATION B IS A FUNCTION OF APERTURE T ONLY.  
 IT IS EASILY SEEN THAT  $\Delta q(t)$  WILL OBTAIN A MAXIMUM VALUE WHEN  
 T IS EQUAL TO AN ODD MULTIPLE OF  $\pi$  i.e.,  $\pi, 3\pi, 5\pi, \dots$   
 THEREFORE, CAPACITOR C EXPERIENCES THE GREATEST CHANGE IN  
 CHARGE WHEN THE APERTURE HAS A VALUE OF  $\pi$  OR A TIME INTERVAL  
 REPRESENTATIVE OF 180 DEGREES OF THE INPUT SINUSOID.  
 CONVERSELY, WHEN T IS EQUAL TO  $2\pi, 4\pi, 6\pi, \dots$  MINIMAL CHARGE  
 IS TRANSFERRED.

**FIG. 230**

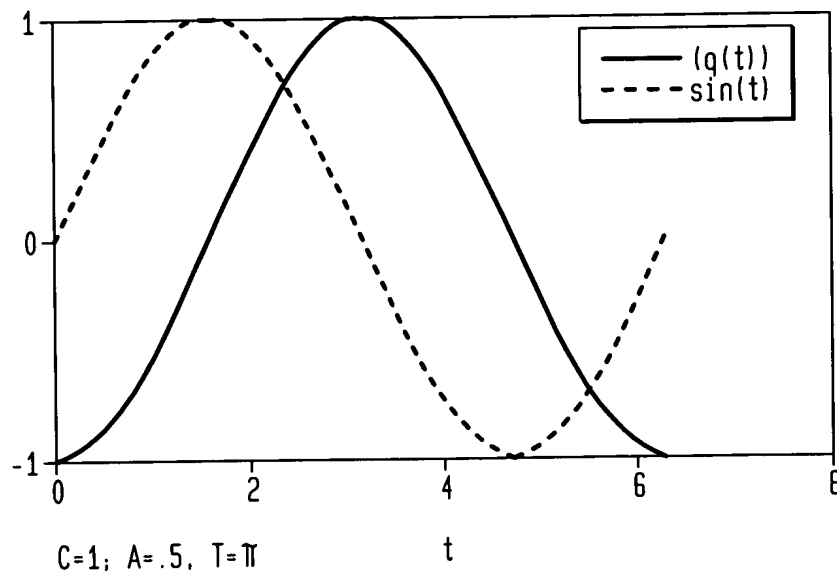
SOLVING FOR  $q(t)$  BY INTEGRATING EQUATION A ALLOWS  
 THE CHARGE ON C WITH RESPECT TO TIME TO BE GRAPHED  
 ON THE SAME AXIS AS THE INPUT SINUSOID  $\sin(t)$ .

$$q(t) = \int C \cdot A \cdot (\sin(t) - \sin(t-T)) dt$$

$$q(t) = -\cos(t) \cdot C \cdot A + \cos(t-T) \cdot C \cdot A$$

$$q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot (\cos(t-T) - \cos(t)) \quad \text{EQUATION C}$$

**FIG. 231**





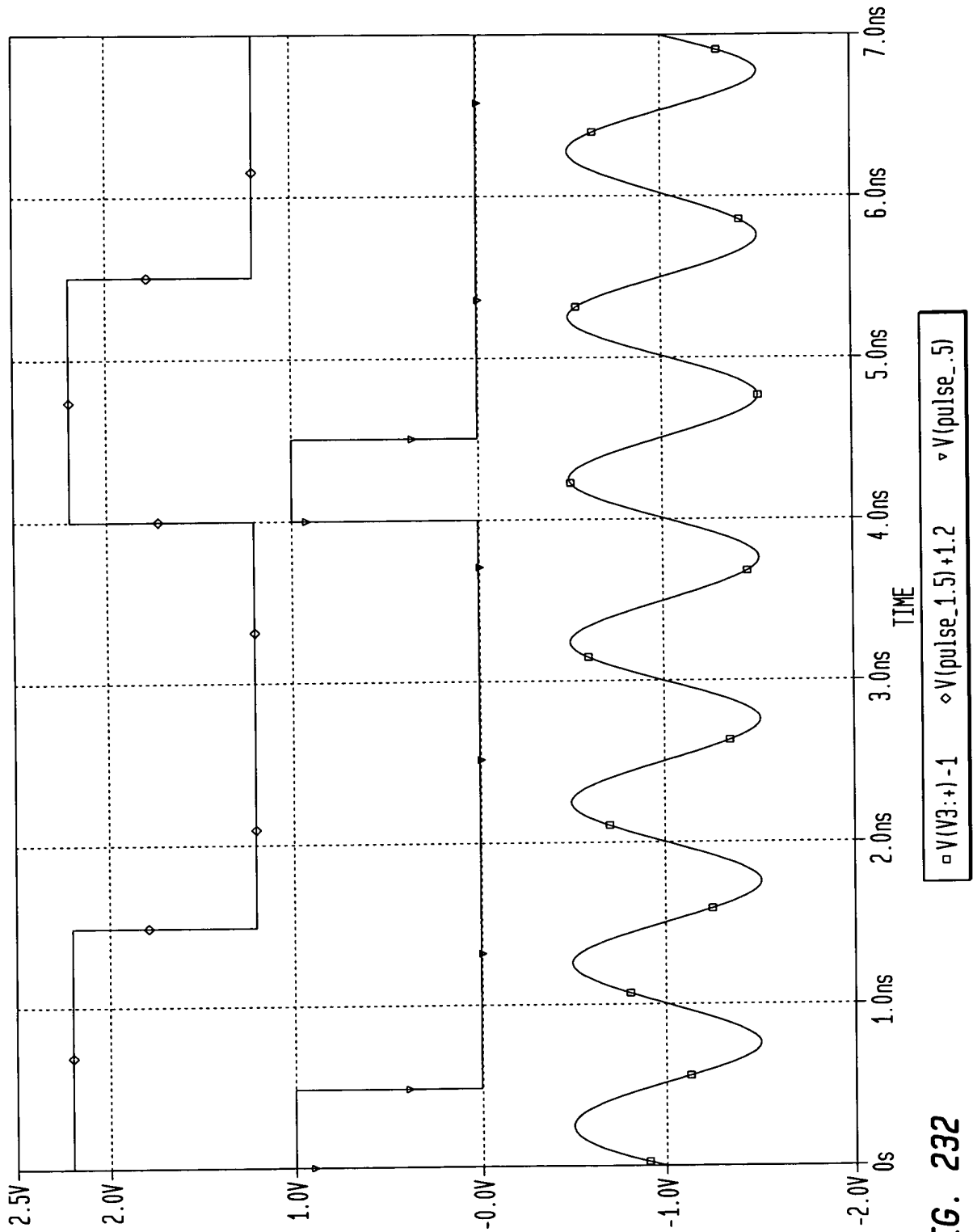
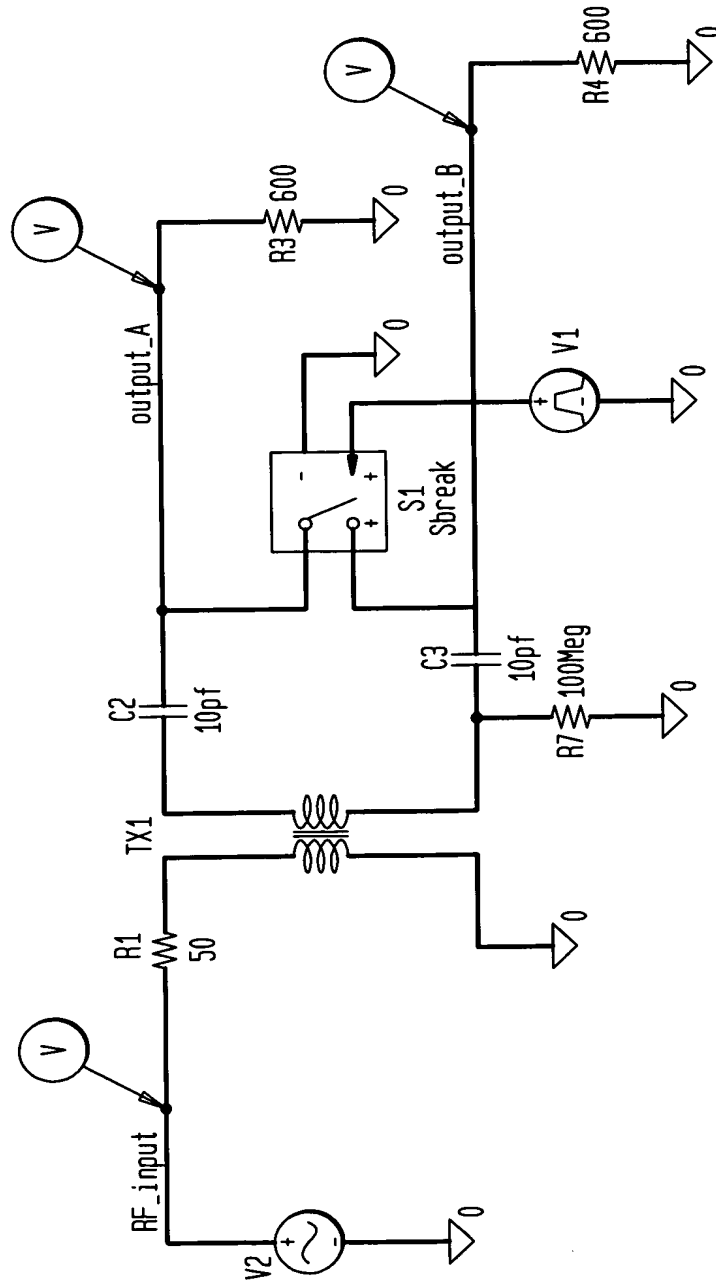


FIG. 232

FIG. 233



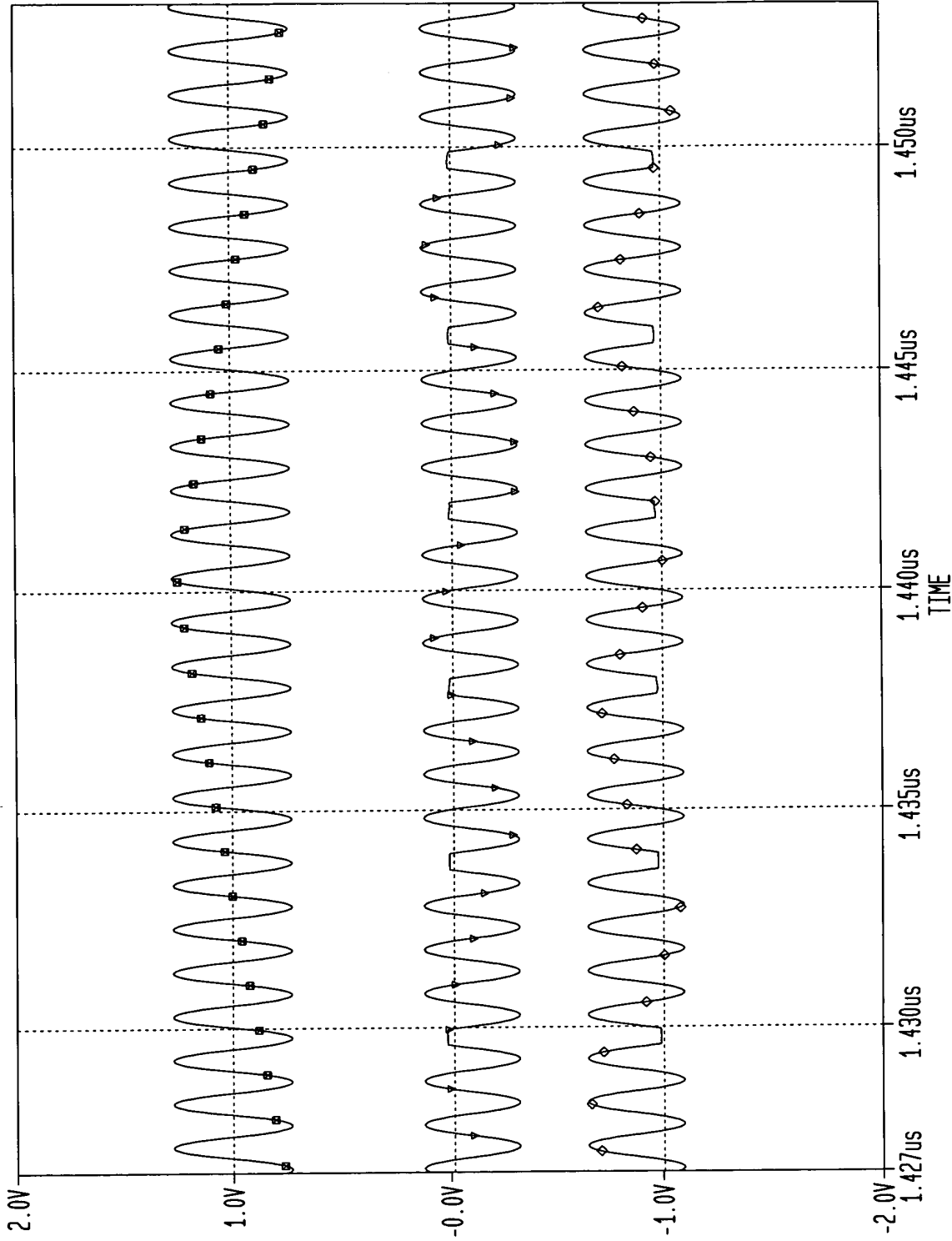
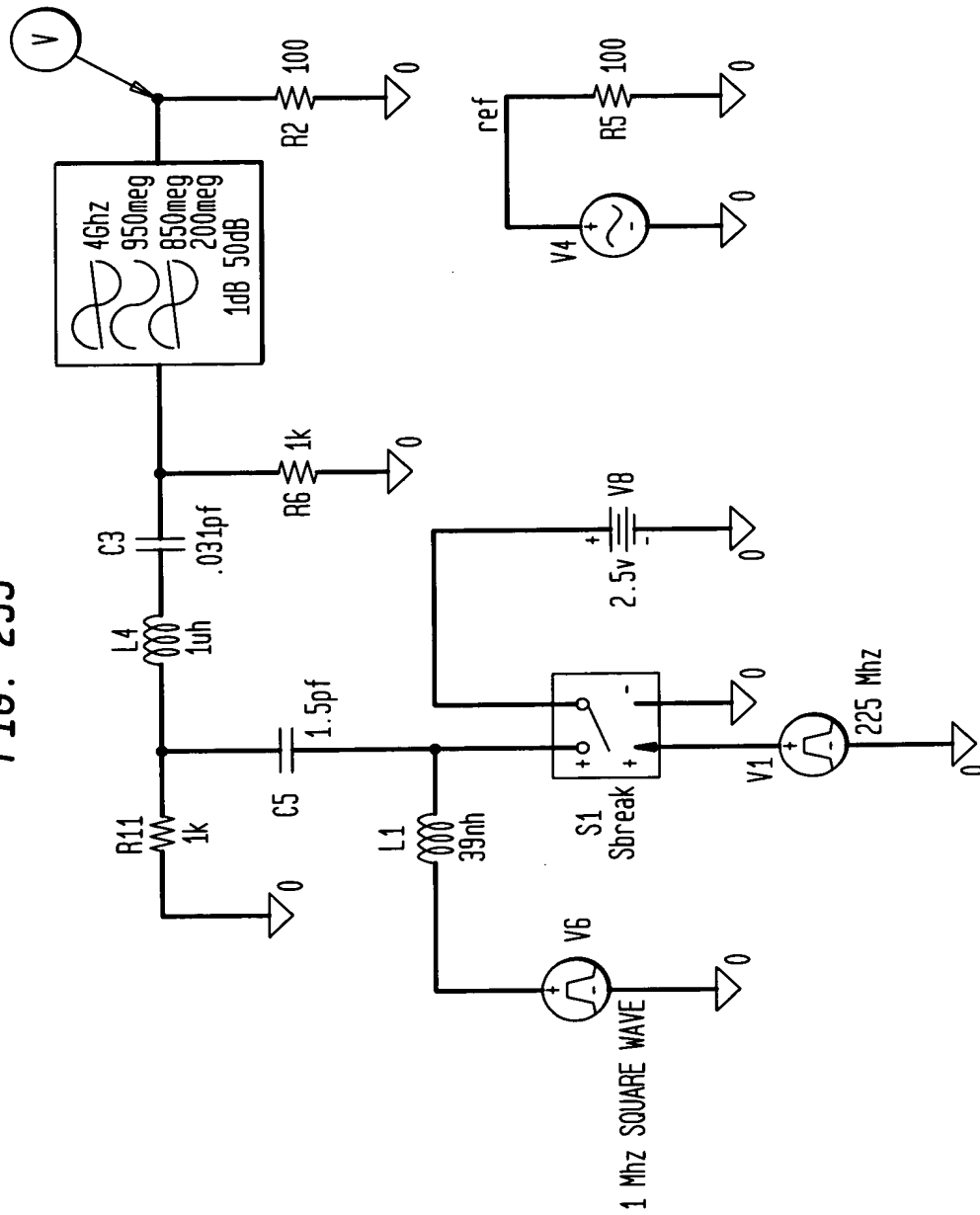


FIG. 234

FIG. 235



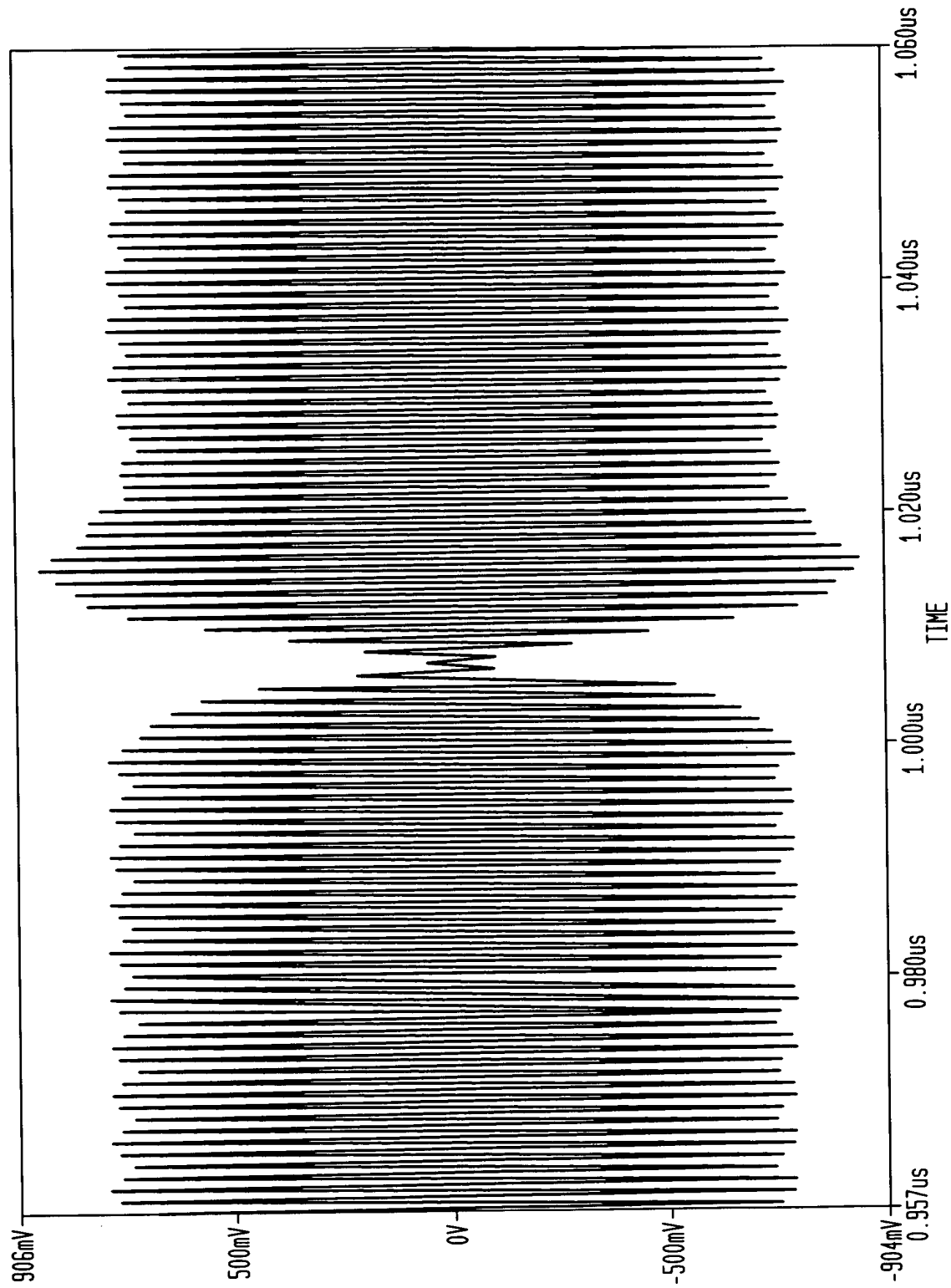
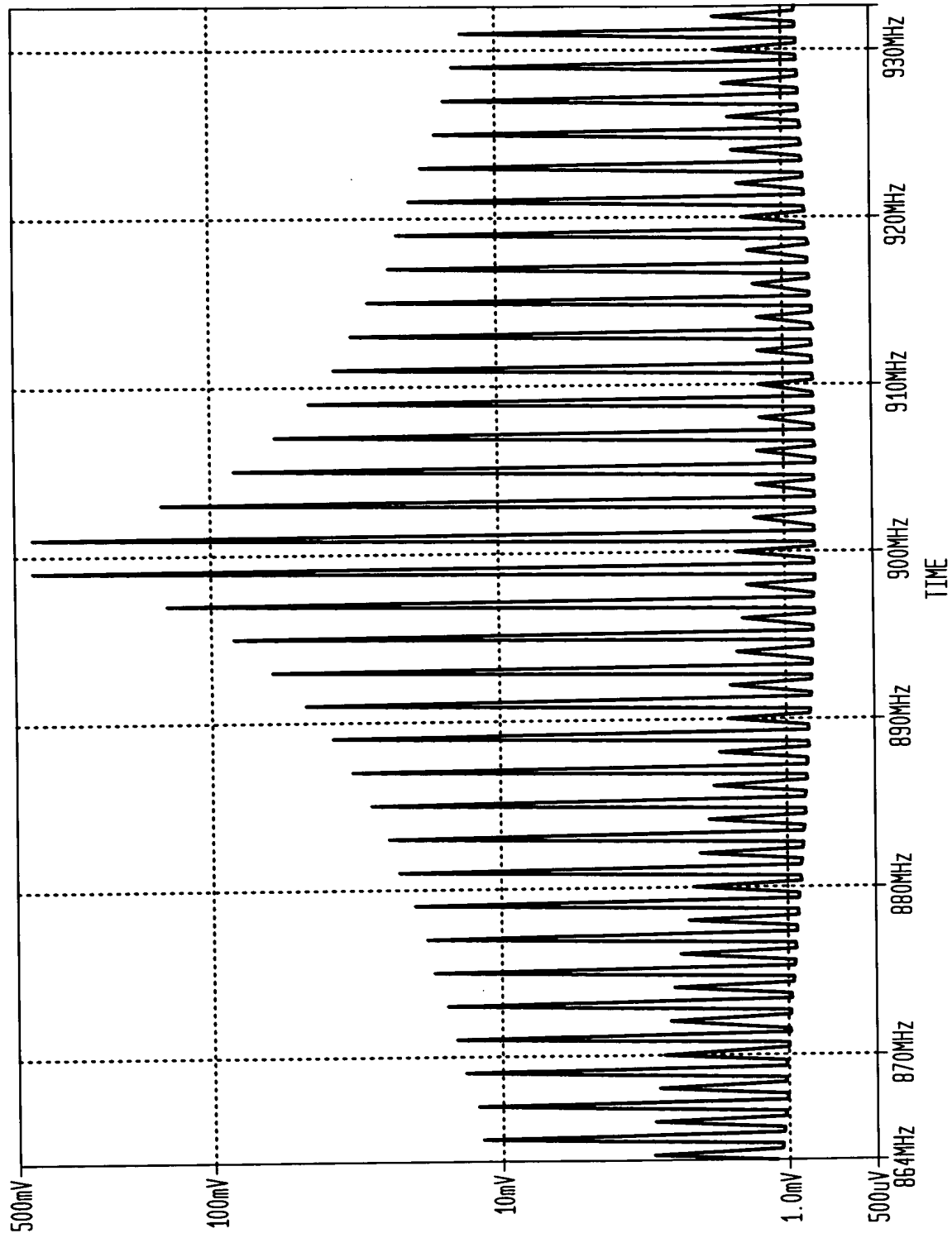


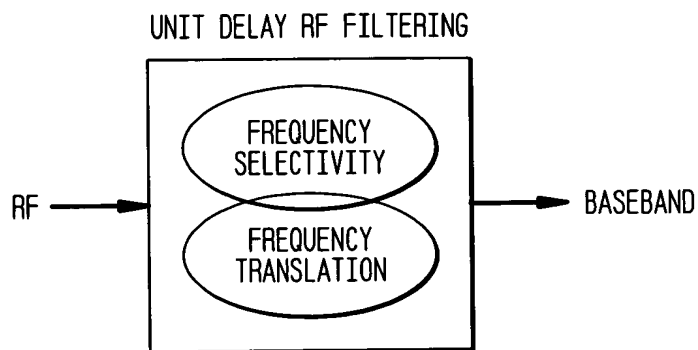
FIG. 236



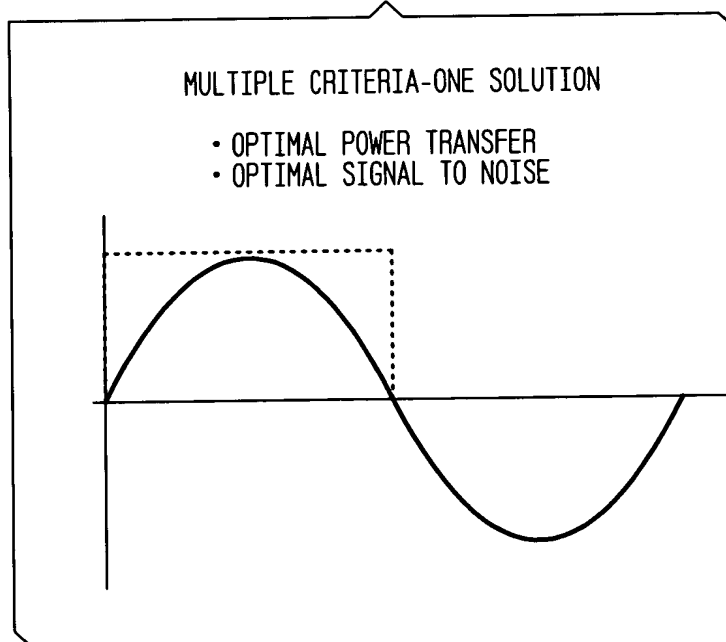
□ V(R2:2)

FIG. 237

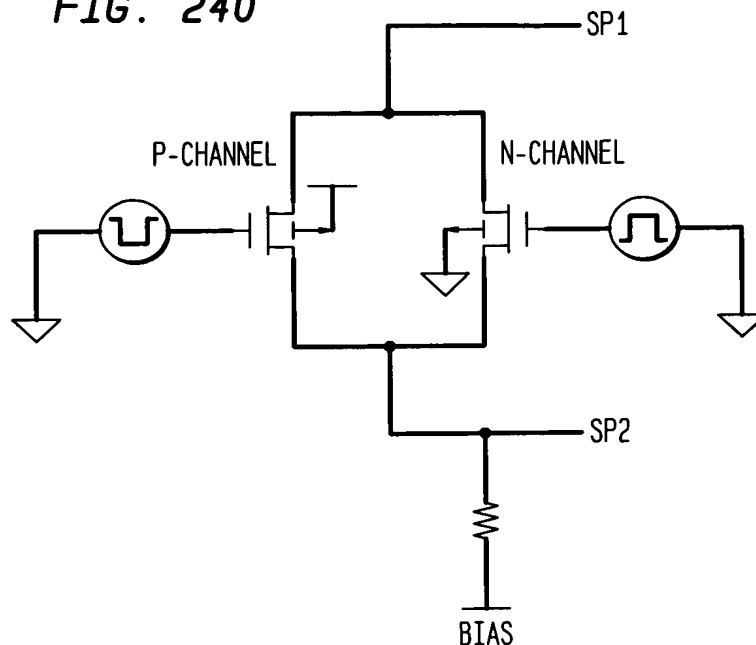
**FIG. 238**



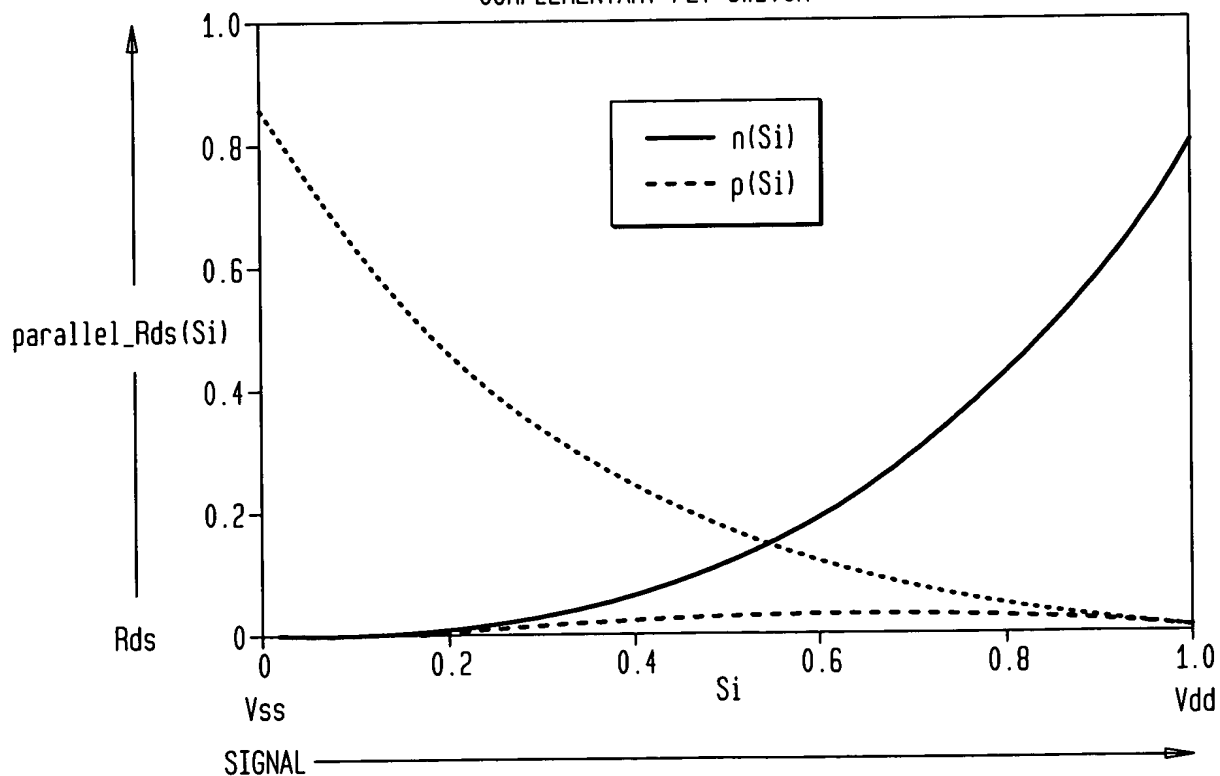
**FIG. 239**



**FIG. 240**

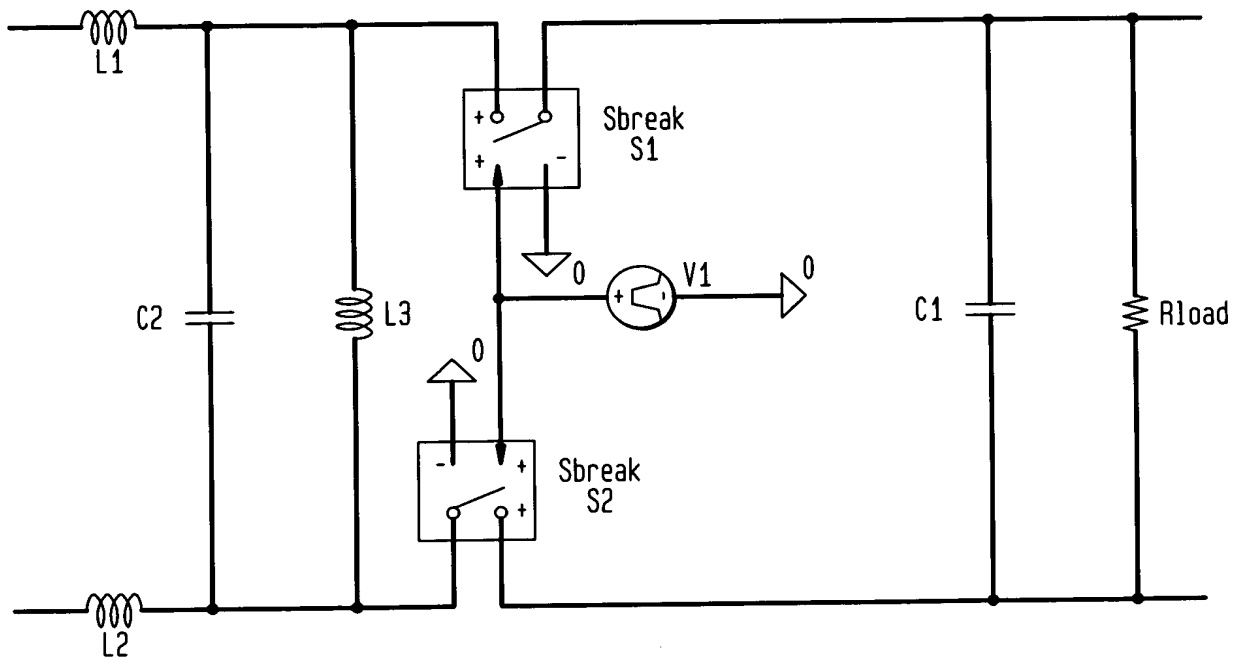


**FIG. 241**  
 COMPLEMENTARY FET SWITCH





**FIG. 242**  
DIFFERENTIAL CONFIGURATION



**FIG. 243**  
 UFD CLOCK SPREADING

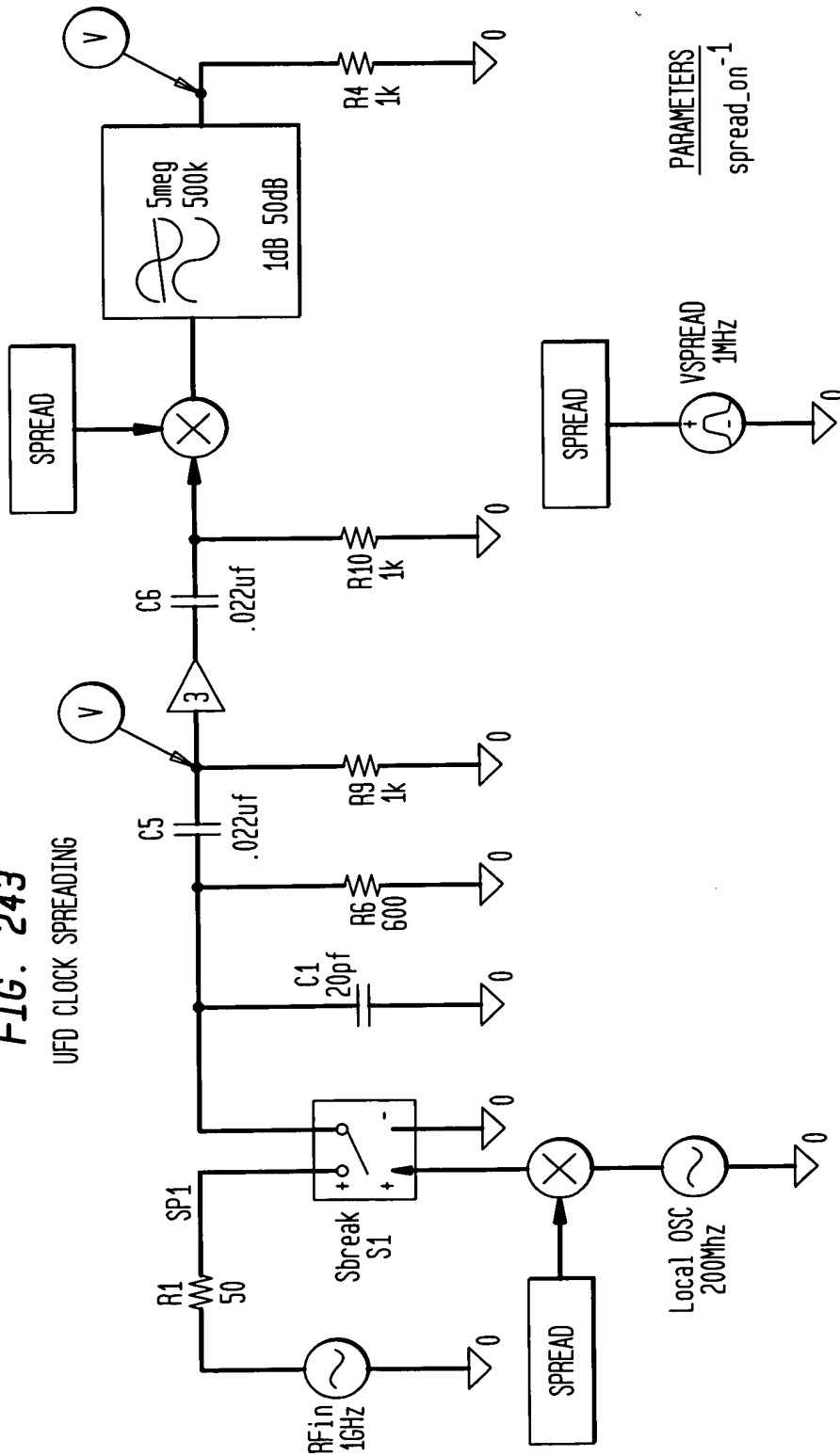


FIG. 244

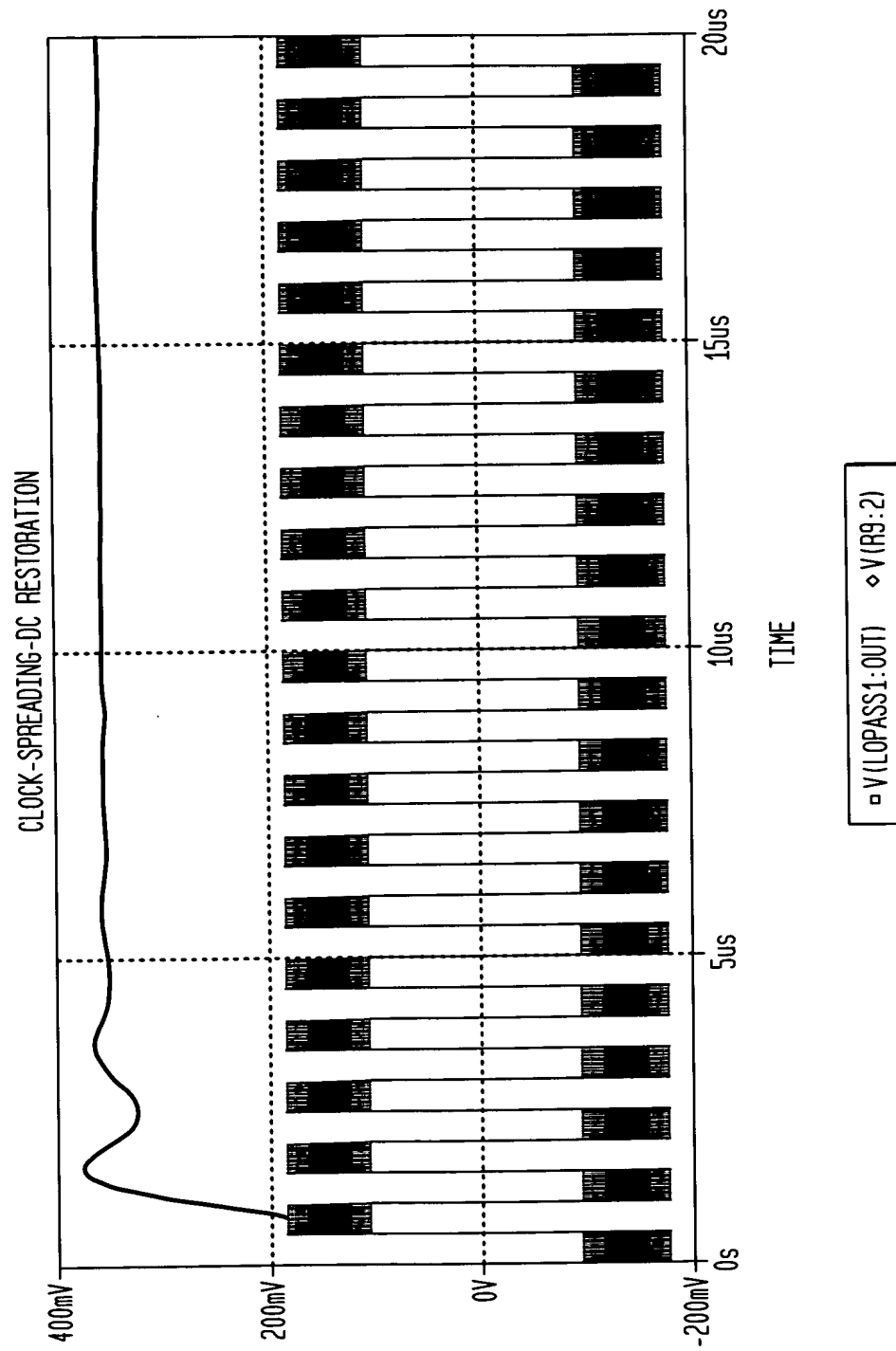
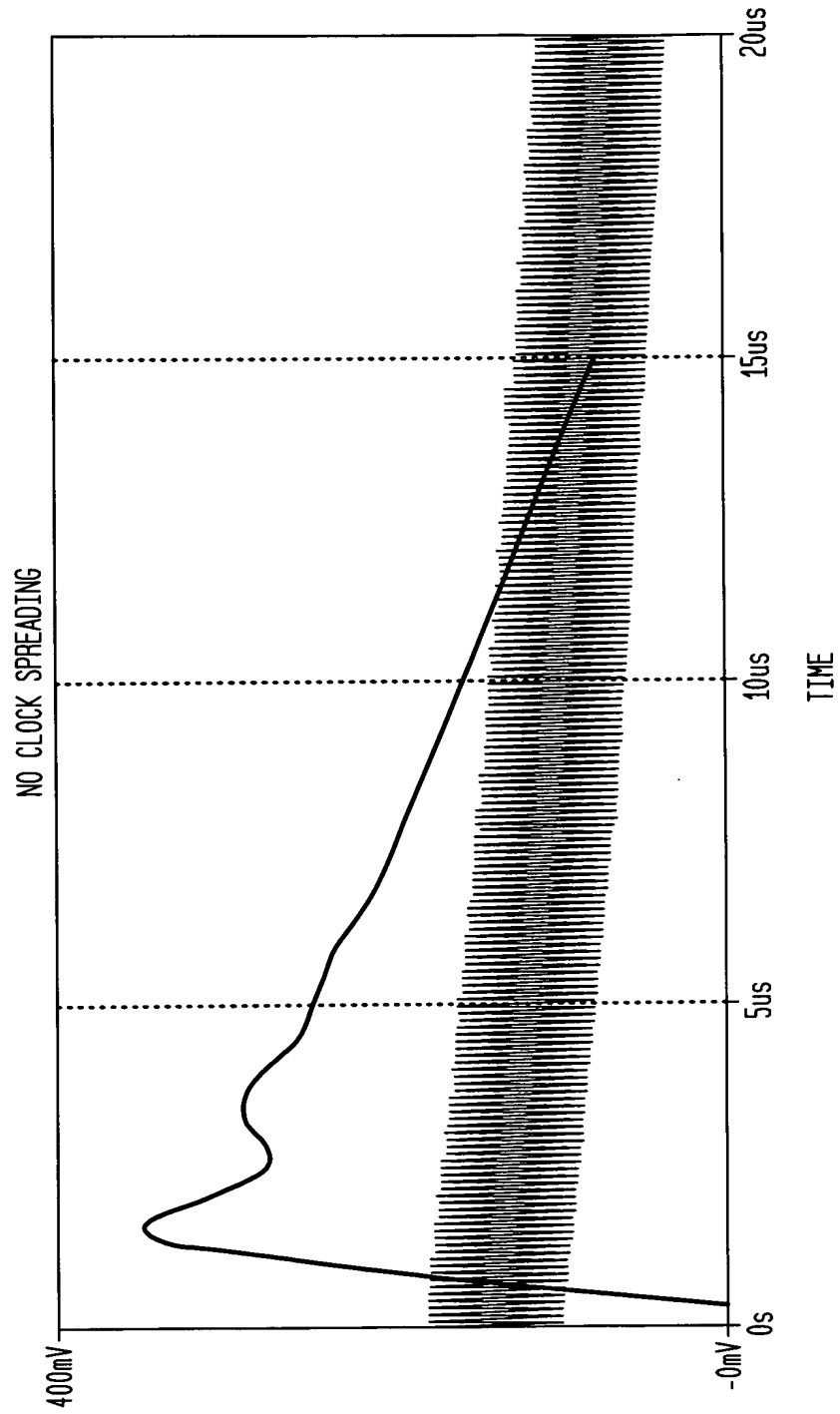


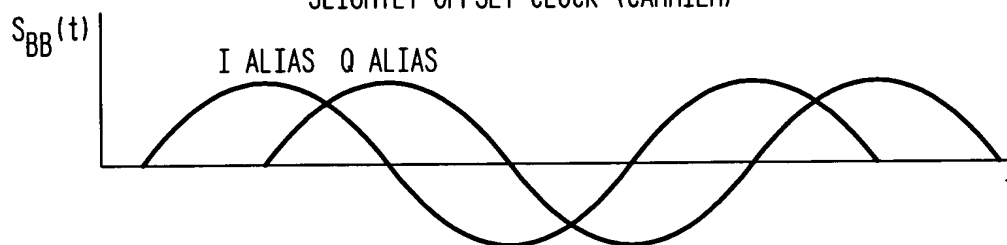
FIG. 245



□ V(LOPASS1:OUT)    ♦ V(R9:2)

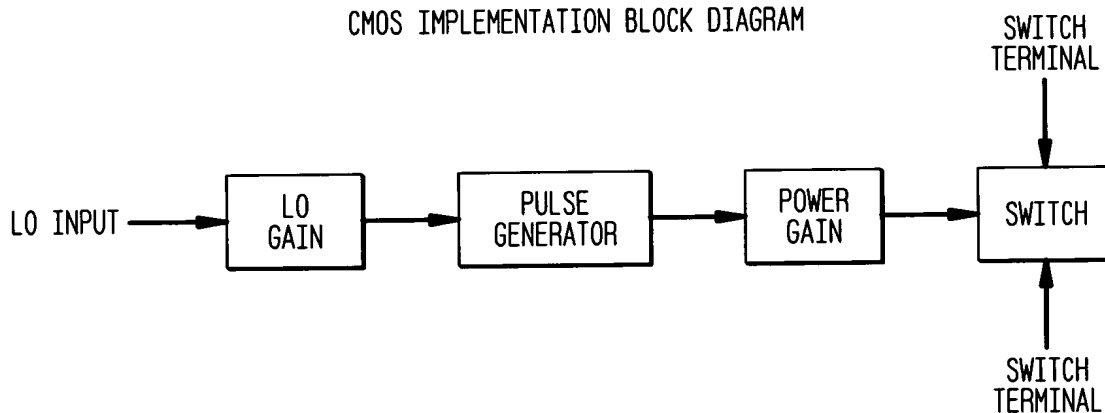
**FIG. 246**

B.B. RECOVERED I/Q WAVEFORMS WITH  
 SLIGHTLY OFFSET CLOCK (CARRIER)



**FIG. 247**

CMOS IMPLEMENTATION BLOCK DIAGRAM



**FIG. 248**

LO GAIN BLOCK AT GATE LEVEL

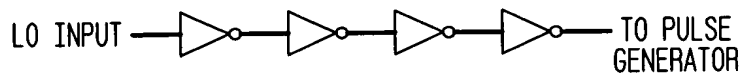
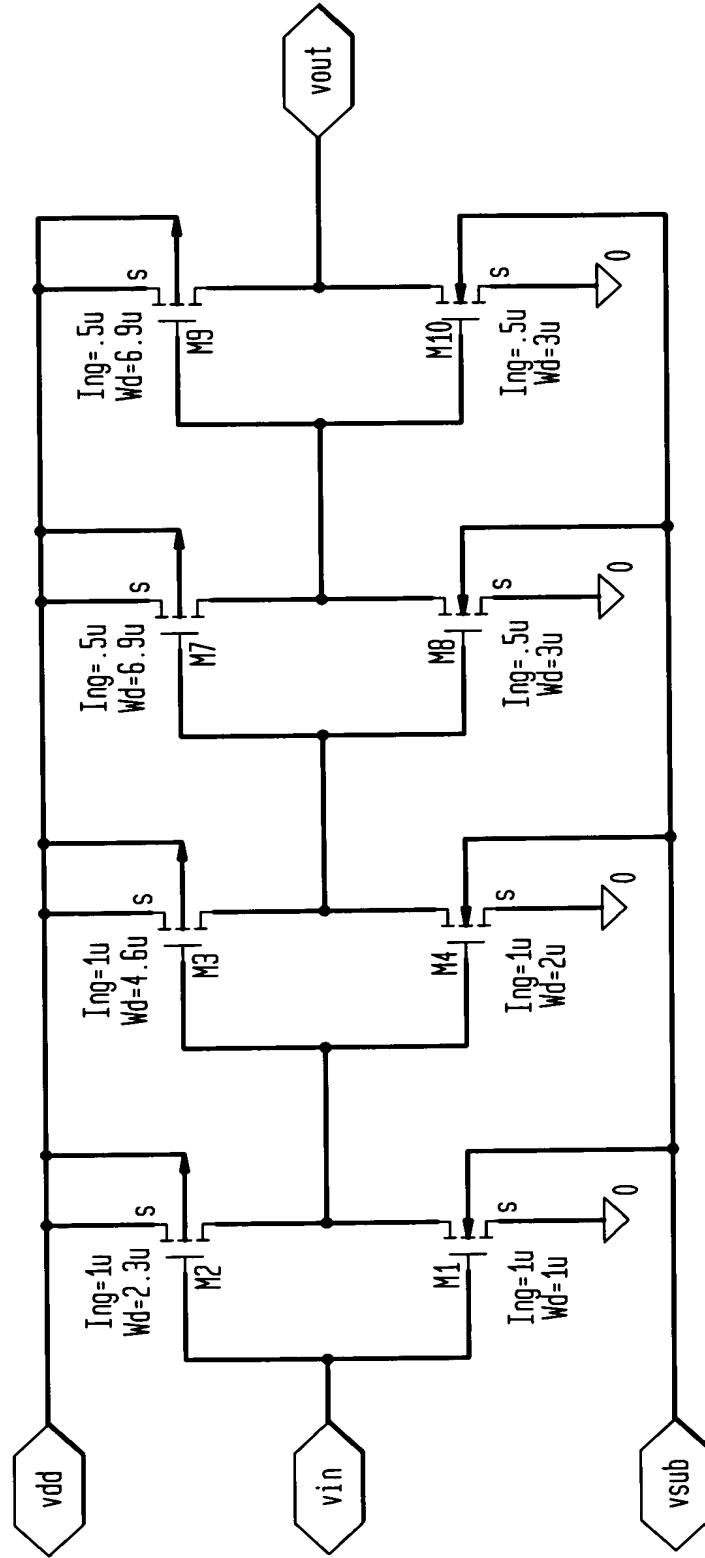


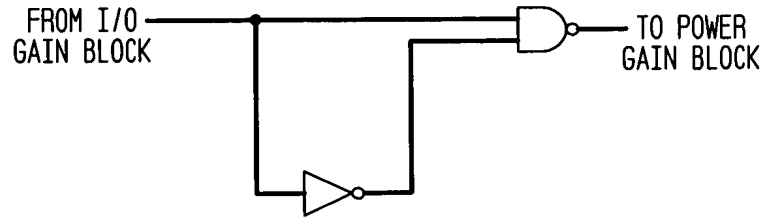
FIG. 249

LO GAIN BLOCK AT TRANSISTOR LEVEL



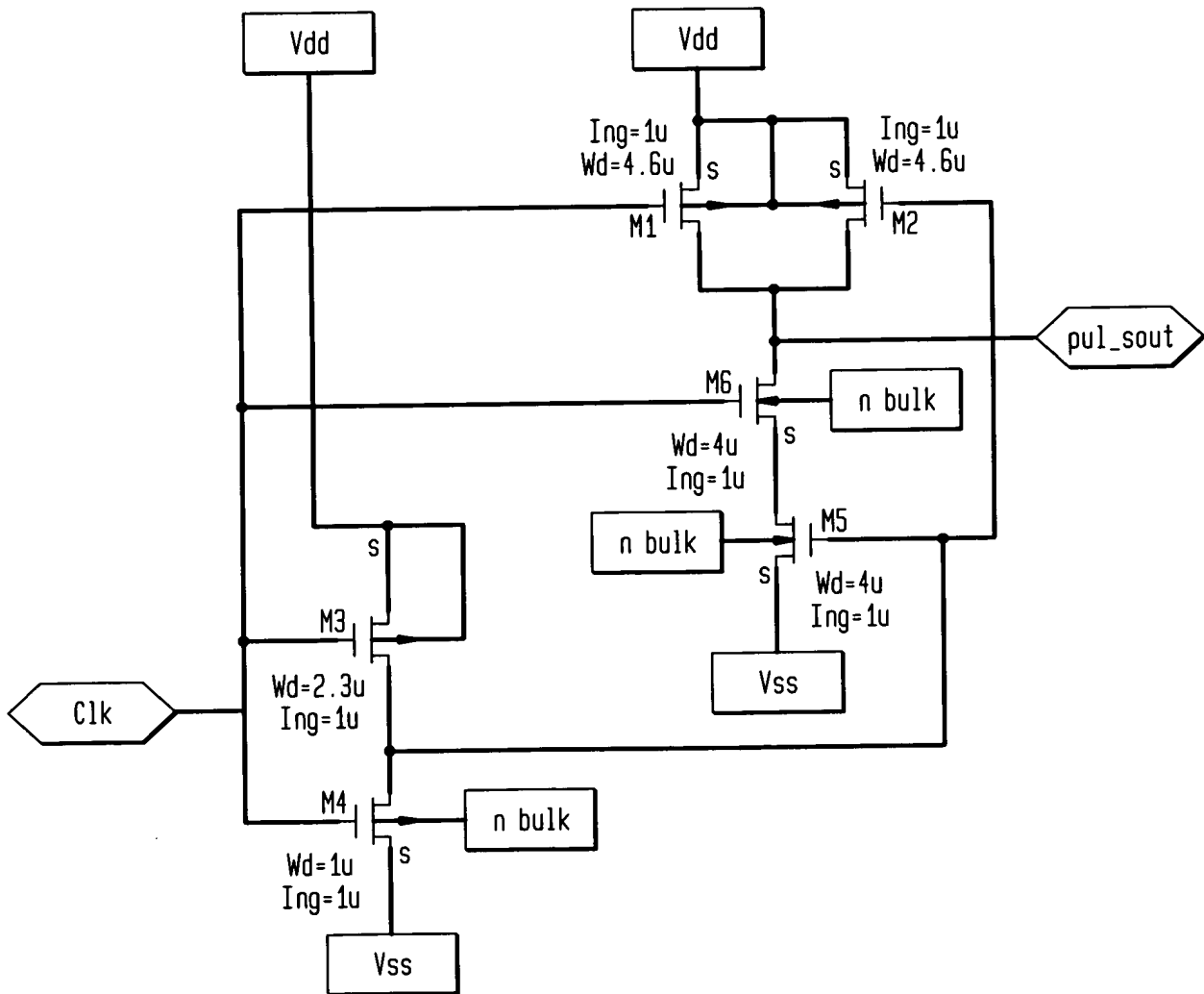
**FIG. 250**

PULSE GENERATOR#1 AT GATE LEVEL



**FIG. 251**

PULSE GENERATOR#1 AT TRANSISTOR LEVEL



**FIG. 252**

POWER GAIN BLOCK AT GATE LEVEL

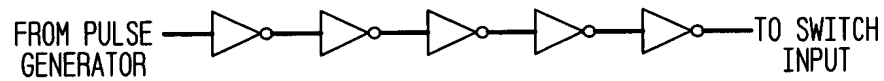




FIG. 253

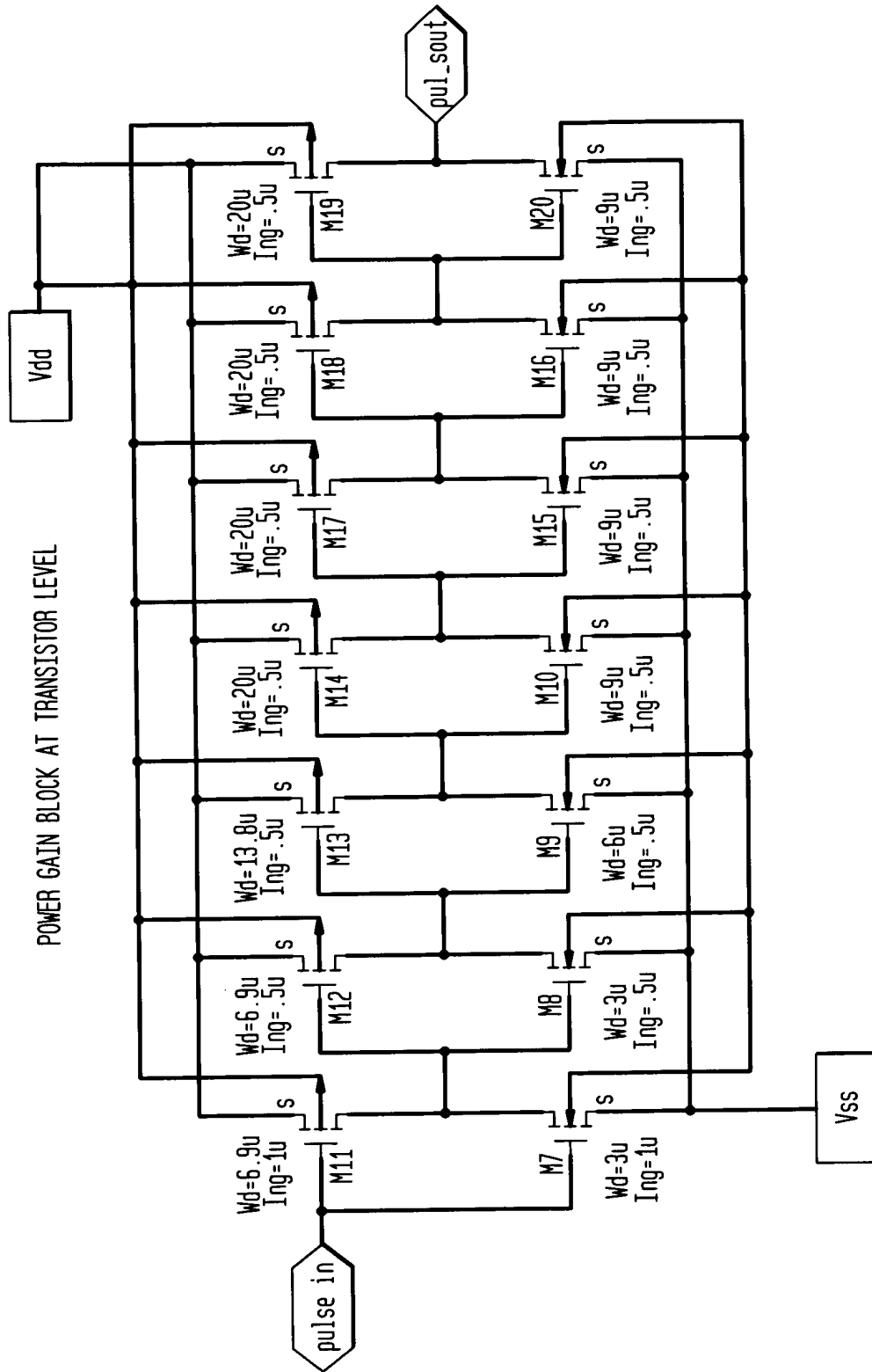
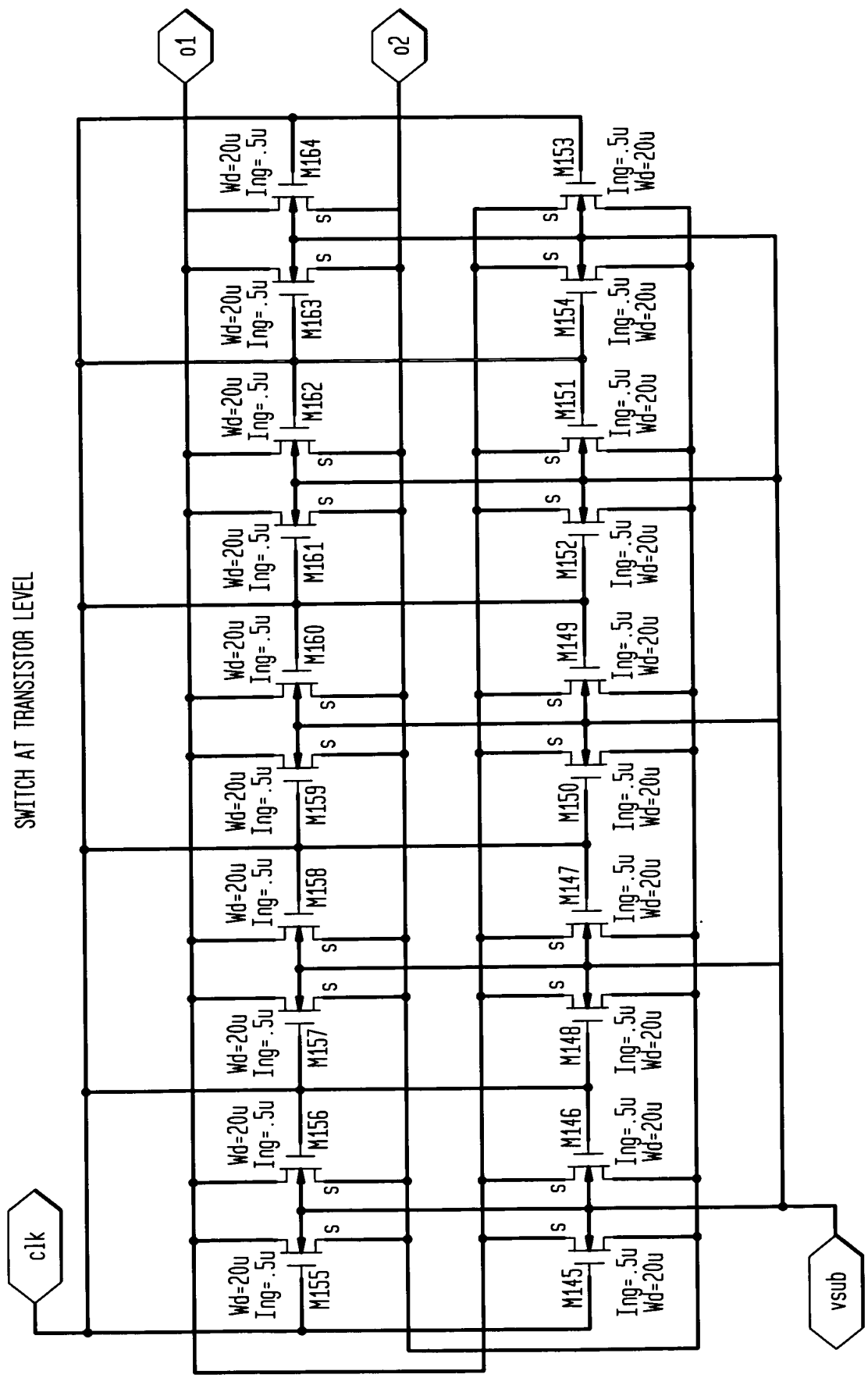
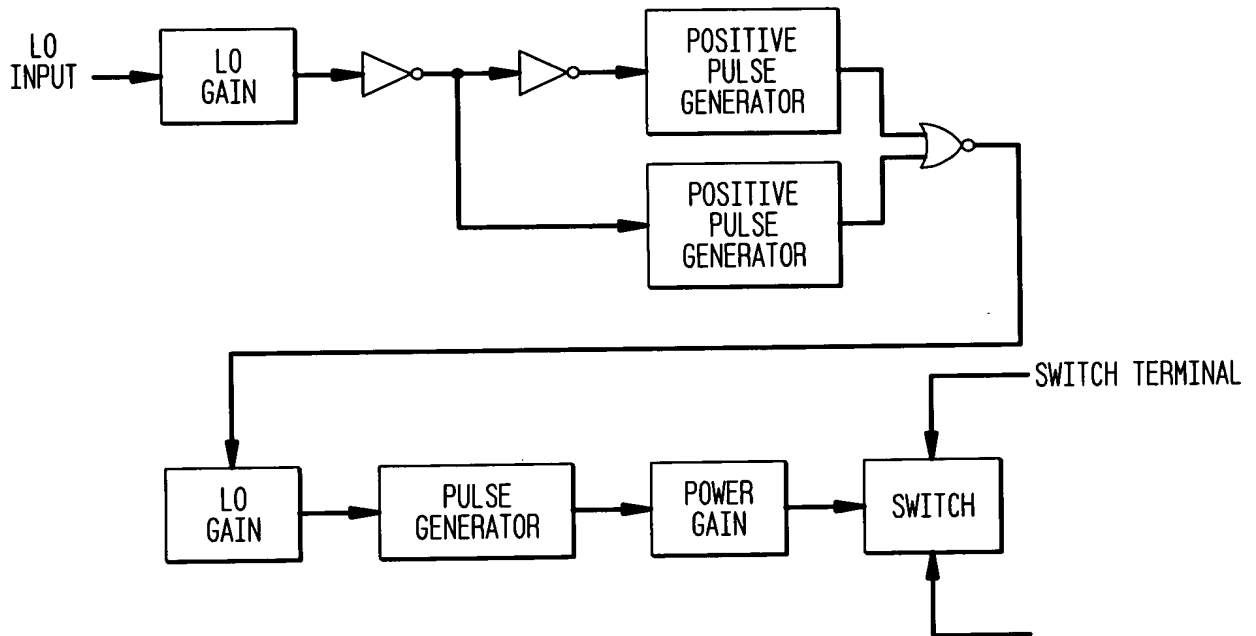


FIG. 254



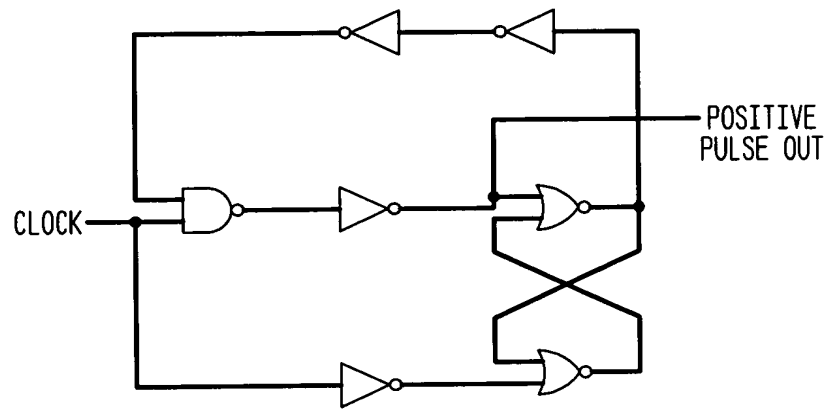
**FIG. 255**

CMOS "HOT CLOCK" BLOCK DIAGRAM



**FIG. 256**

POSITIVE PULSE GENERATOR AT GATE LEVEL



**FIG. 257**  
 POSITIVE PULSER AT TRANSISTOR LEVEL

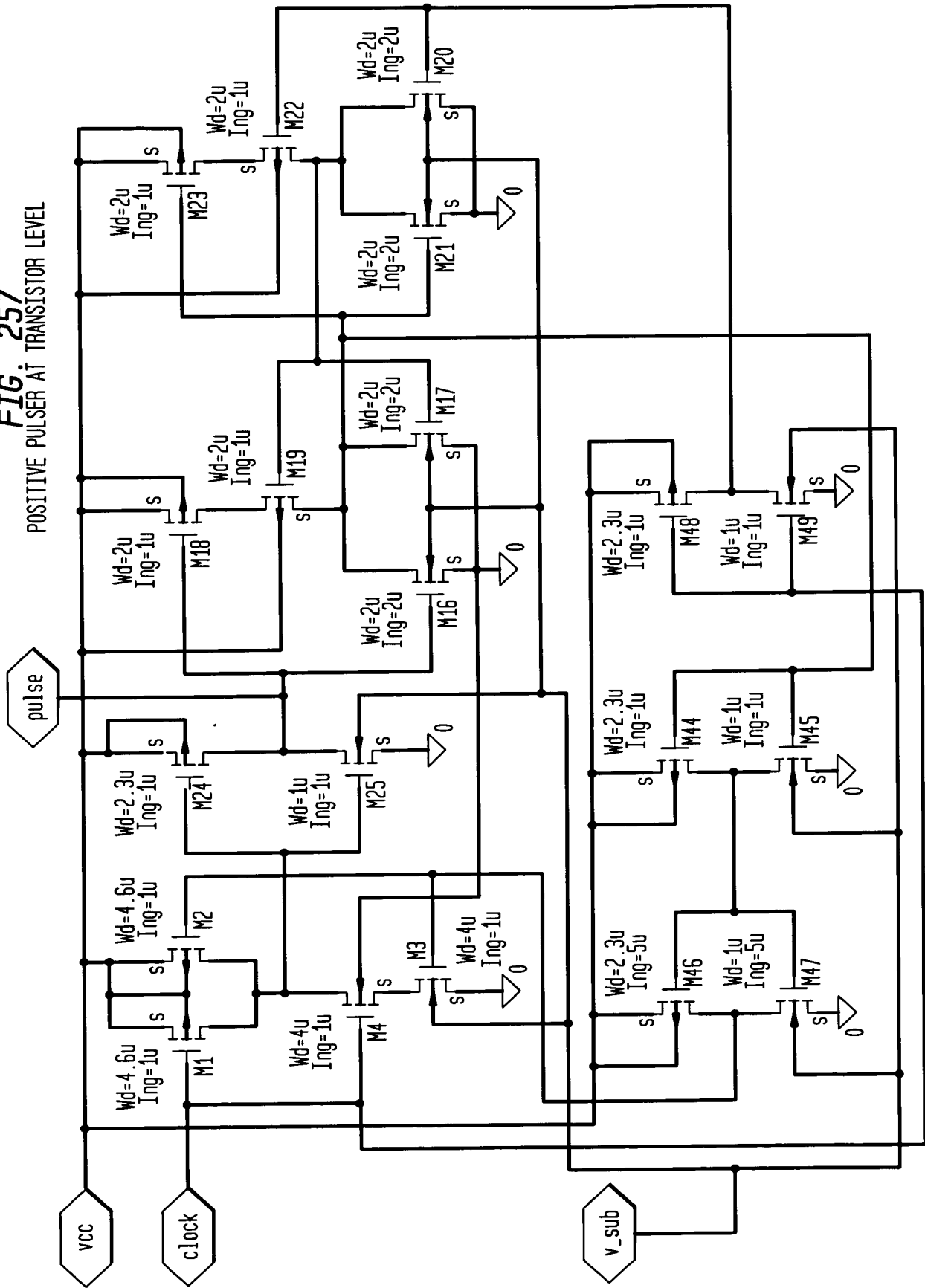
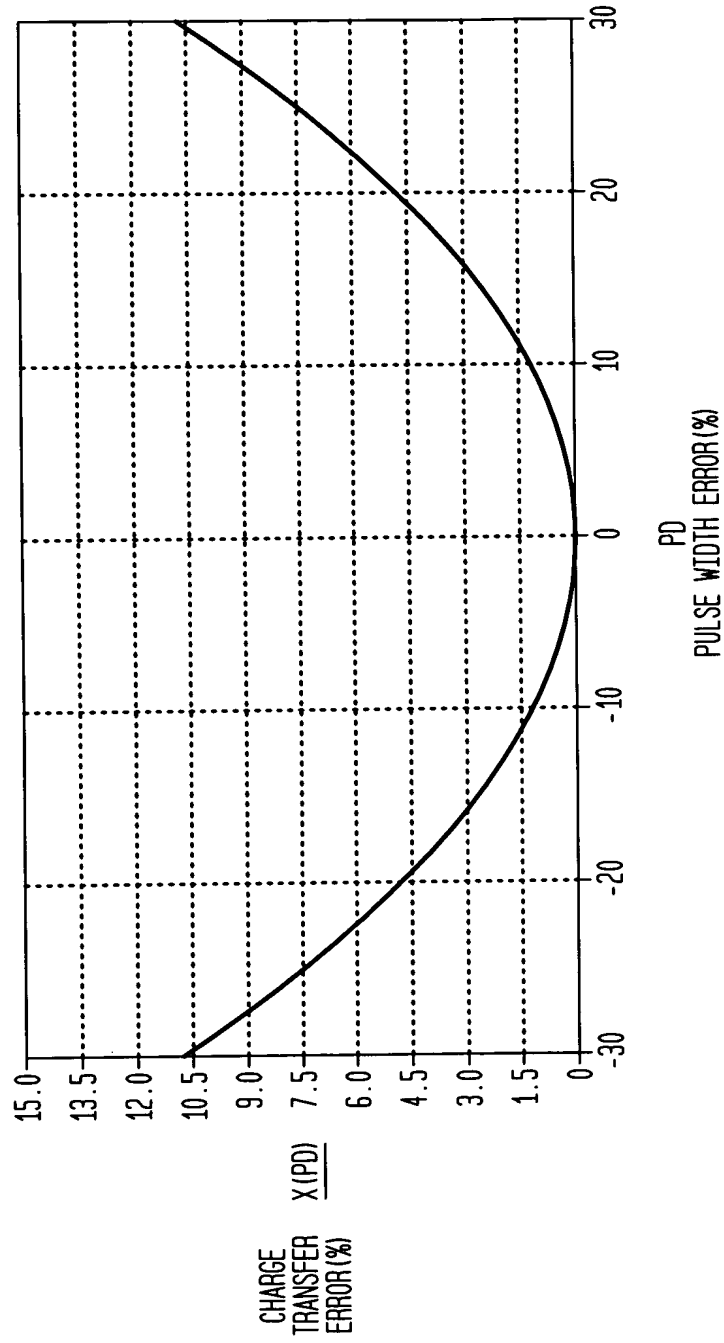


FIG. 258

PULSE WIDTH ERROR EFFECT FOR 1/2 CYCLE



**FIG. 259**  
 SINGLE-ENDED UFD MODULE

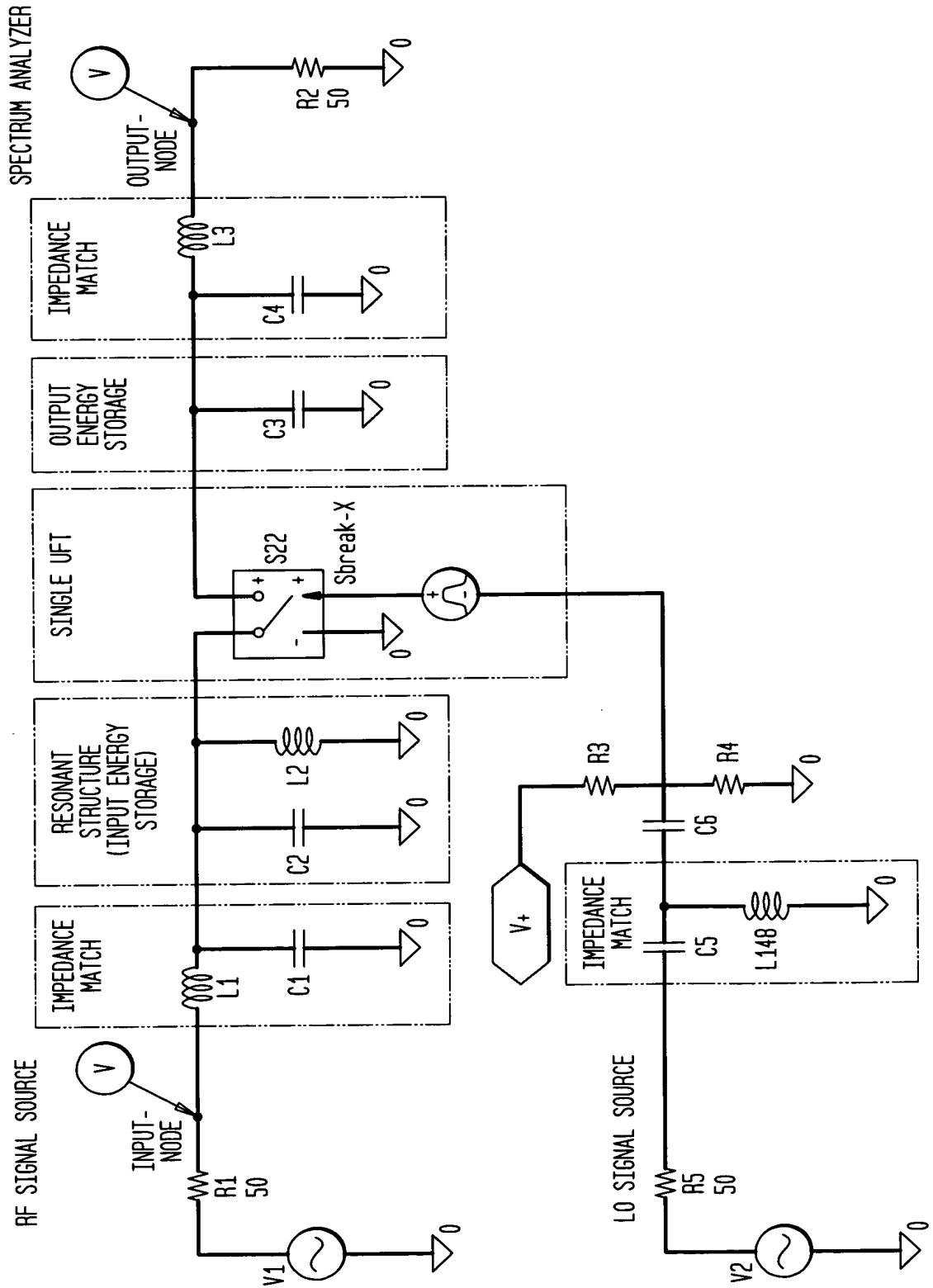
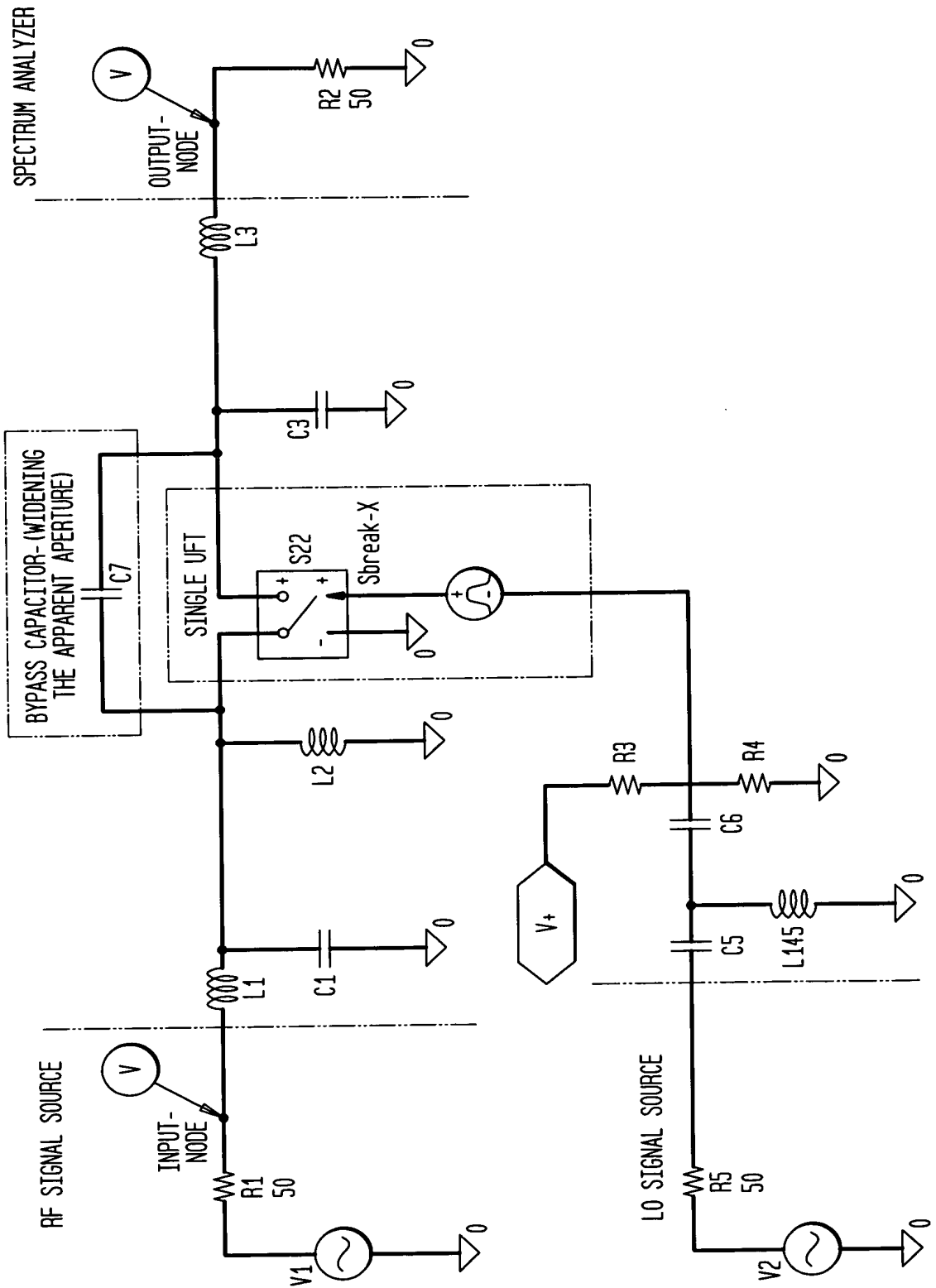


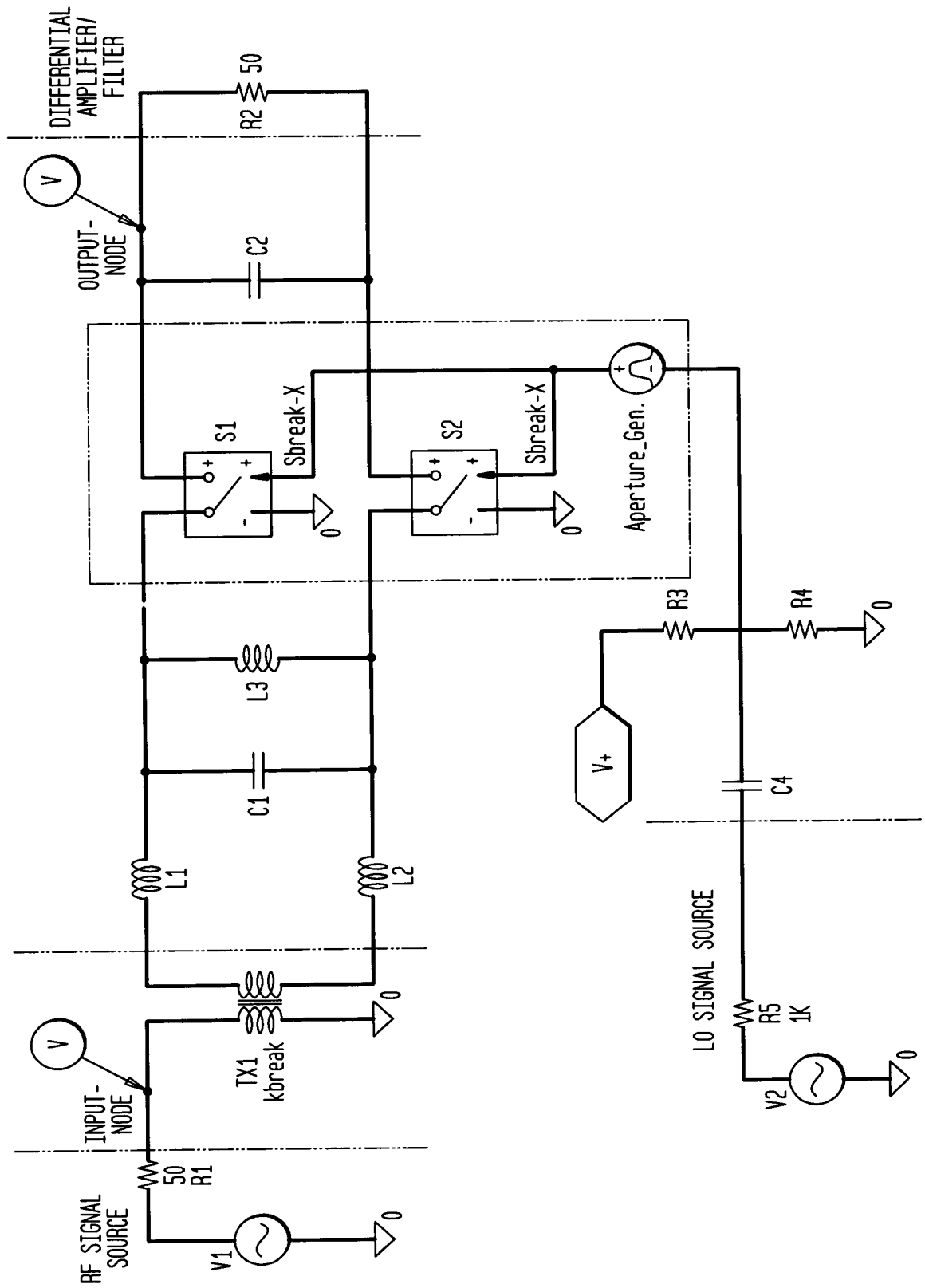
FIG. 260

SINGLE-ENDED UFD MODULE

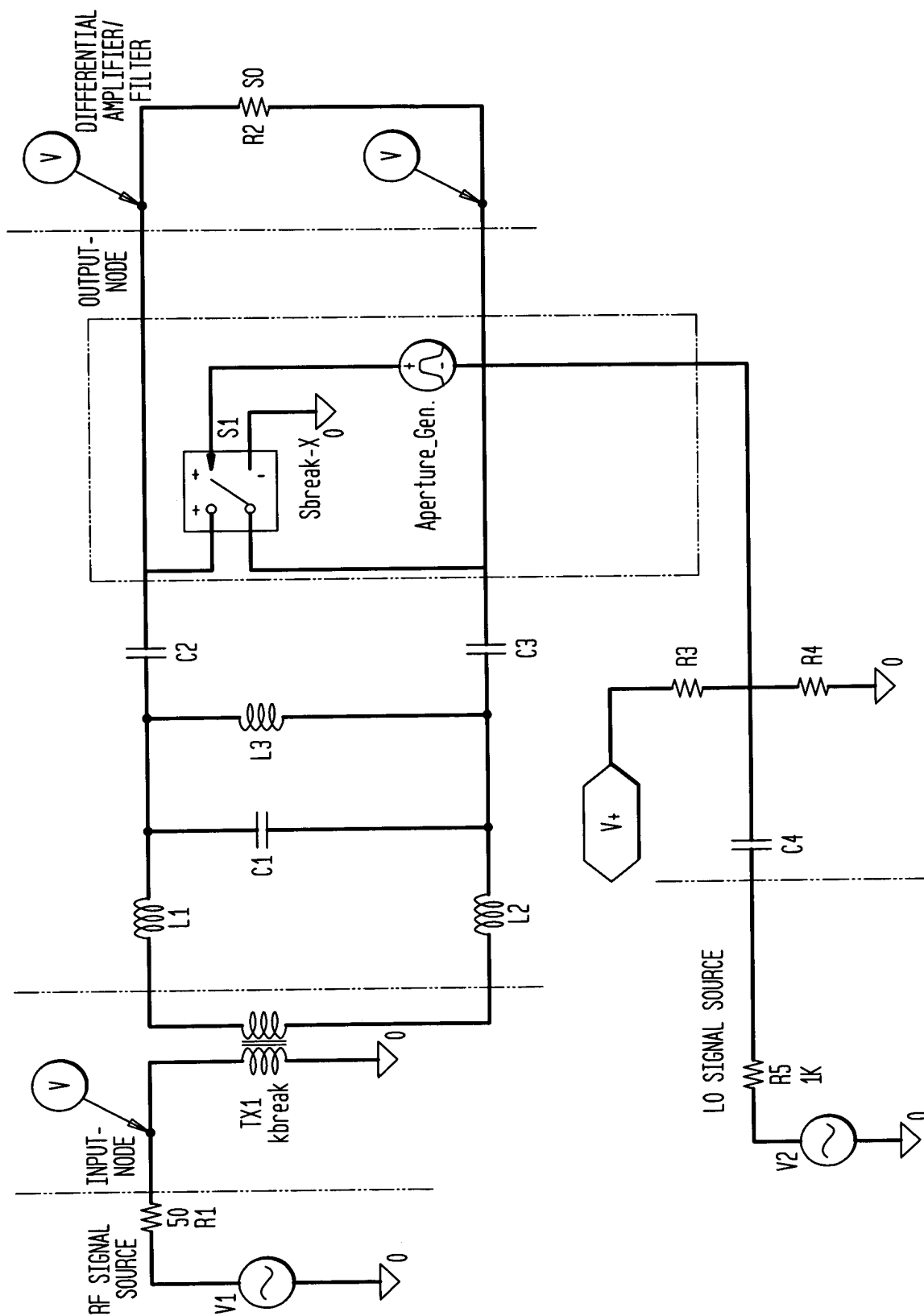




**FIG. 261**  
FULL DIFFERENTIAL



**FIG. 262**  
 FULL DIFFERENTIAL



**FIG. 263**

SINGLE-ENDED, NEAR IDEAL SIMULATION

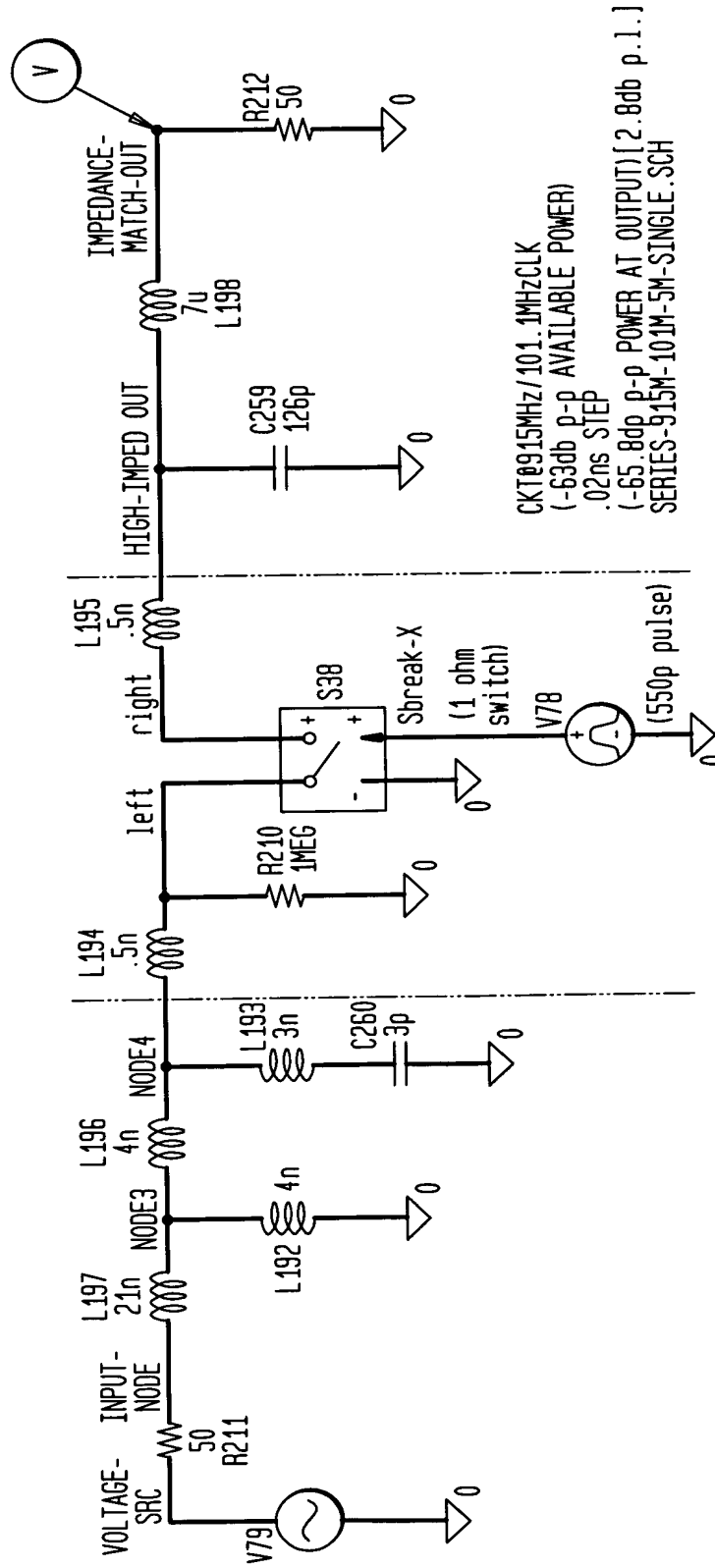


FIG. 264

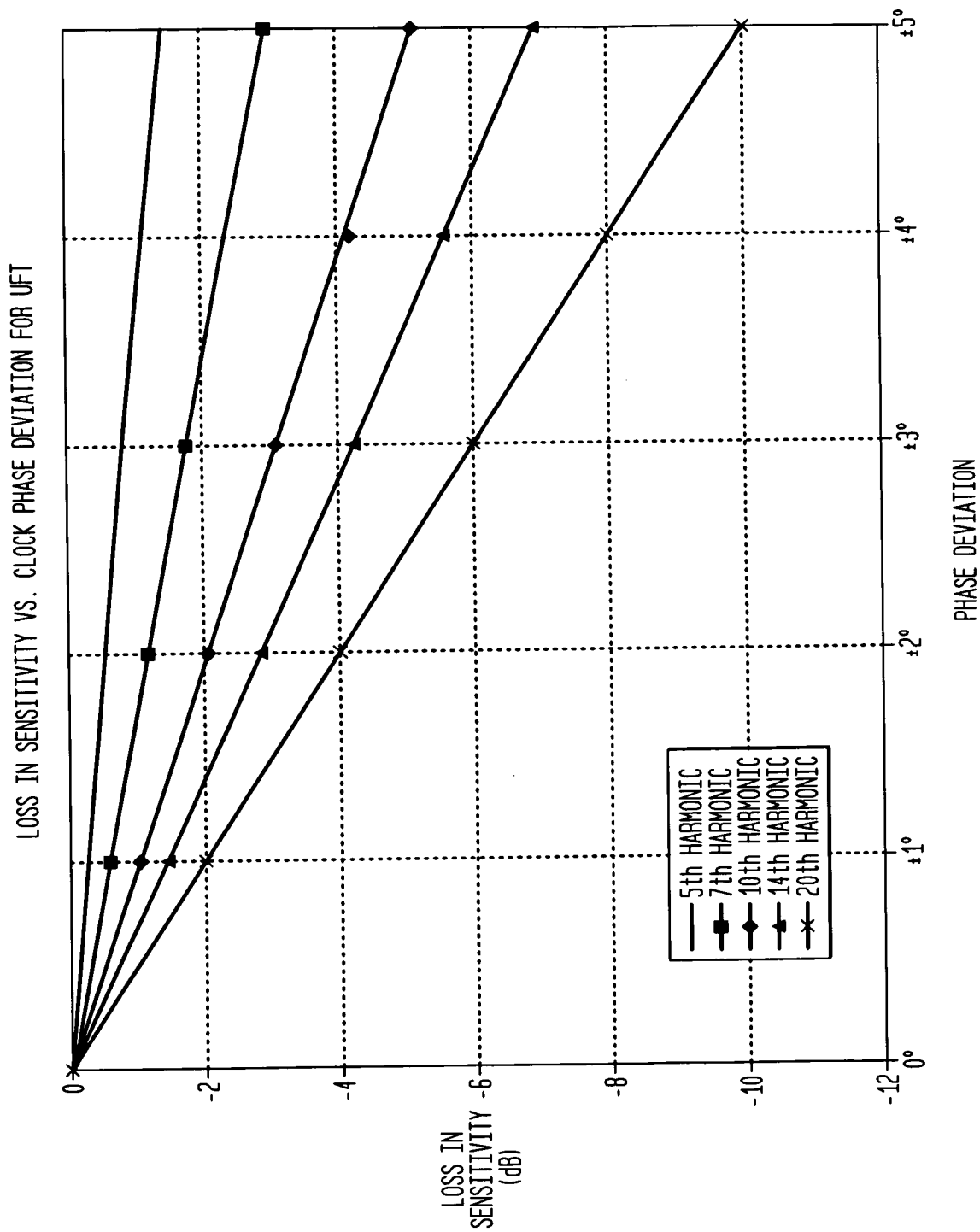
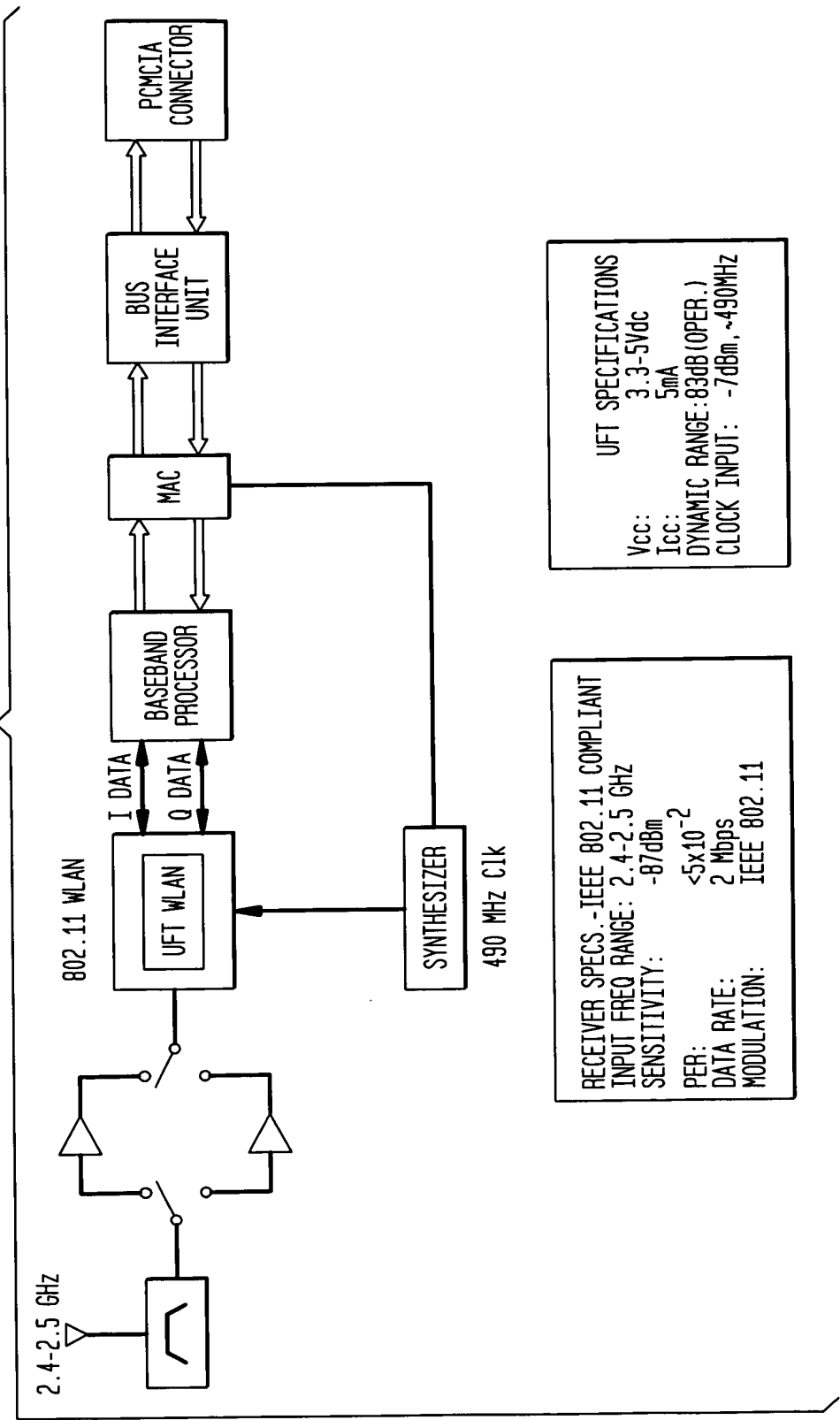


FIG. 265



802.11 WLAN-RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER

FIG.  
266

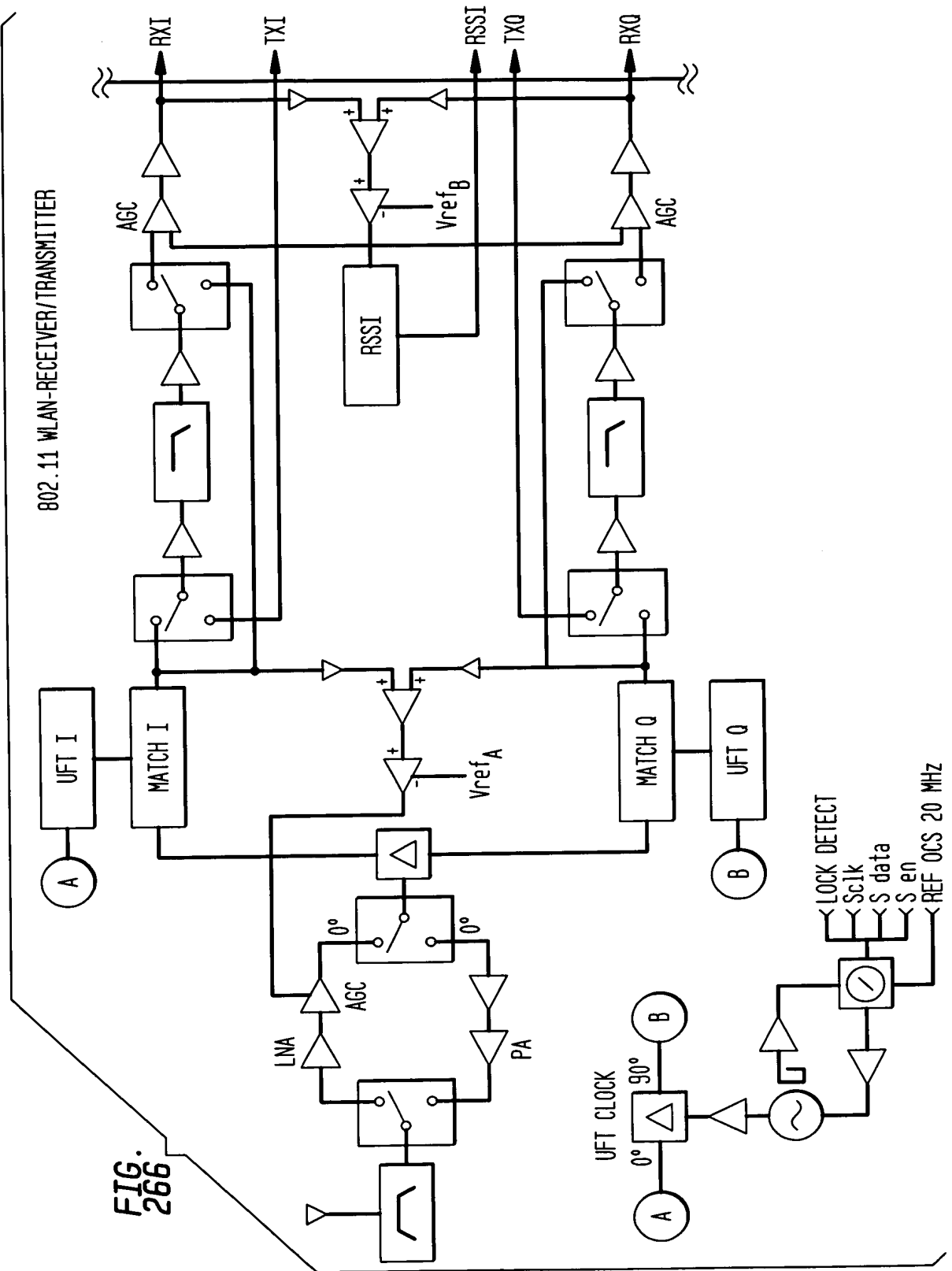
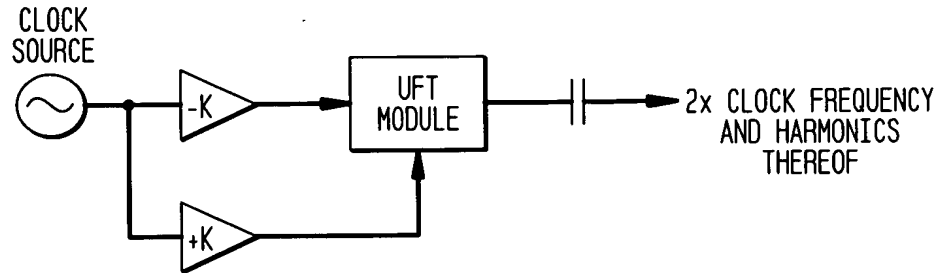


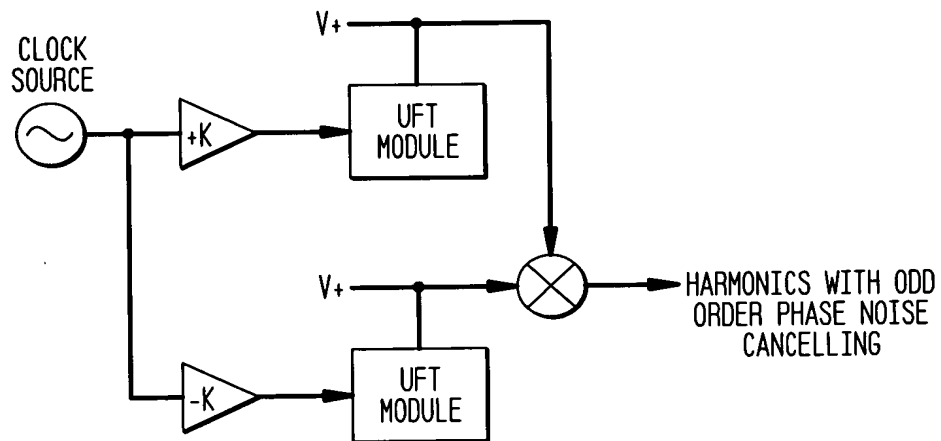
FIG. 267

PARAMETER	802.11 REQUIREMENT OR INDUSTRY PRACTICE	UFT MODULE BASED RX PERFORMANCE
OPERATING BAND	2.4-2.5 GHz	2.4-2.5 GHz
CHANNELS	2.402 TO 2.495 IN 1 MHz STEPS 2.412 TO 2.484 GHz IN 5 MHz STEPS	2.402 TO 2.495 IN 1 MHz STEPS 2.412 TO 2.484 GHz IN 5 MHz STEPS
MODULATION	BPSK, QPSK, (BARKER, CCK)	BPSK, QPSK
TX SPECTRAL MASK	FIRST SIDELOBE REJECT < -30, +15dBm SECOND SIDELOBE REJECT < -50, +15dBm	-35 dBc, -55dBc
EYE OPENING	$V_{err} < .35$ FOR 1000 COMPLEX SAMPLES	< .3
OPERATIONAL DYNAMIC RANGE	76 dB (DERIVED)	83 dB
MAX. INPUT, @ .8% PER	-4 dBm	-4 dBm
SENSITIVITY	-80 dBm @ <8% PER	-87 dBm @ <5% PER
ACQUISITION	802.11 DSS AND FH	802.11 DSS AND FH
IMAGE REJECTION	>80 dB	>80 dB
LO RERADIATION	< -50 dBm	< -50 dBm
ADJACENT CHANNEL REJECTION	> 35 dB @ 30 MHz OFFSET PER <8%	> 35 dB @ 30 MHz OFFSET PER <5%
POWER	3.3, 5V 1.5W (RX MODE)	3.3, 5V, 700mW

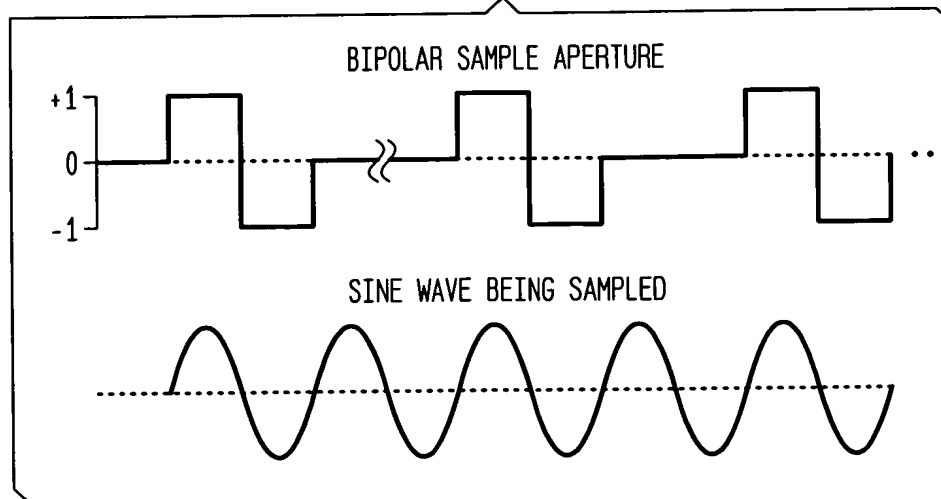
**FIG. 268**



**FIG. 269**

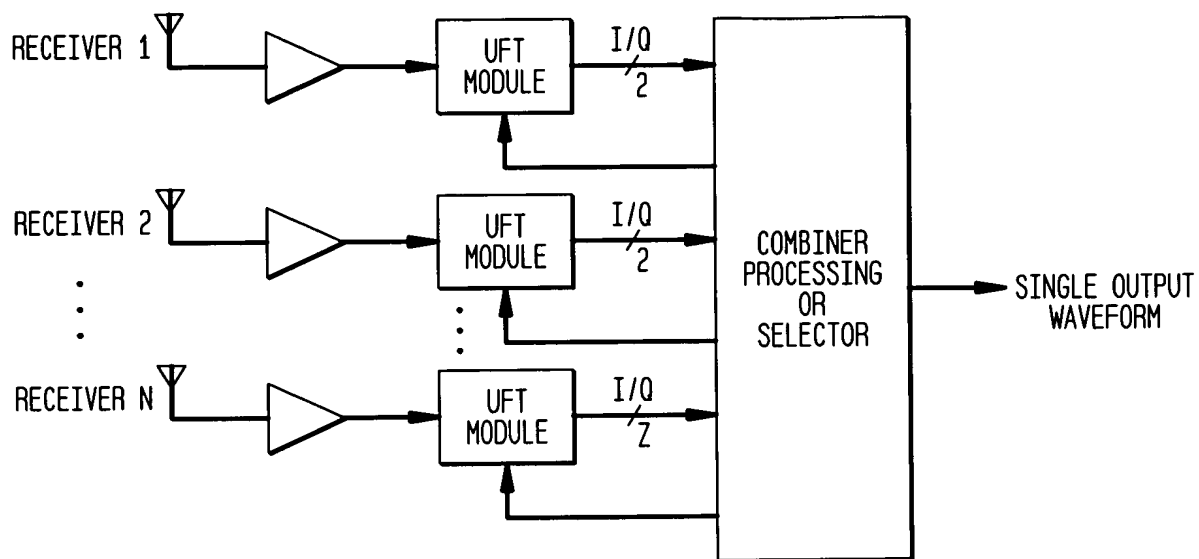


**FIG. 270**

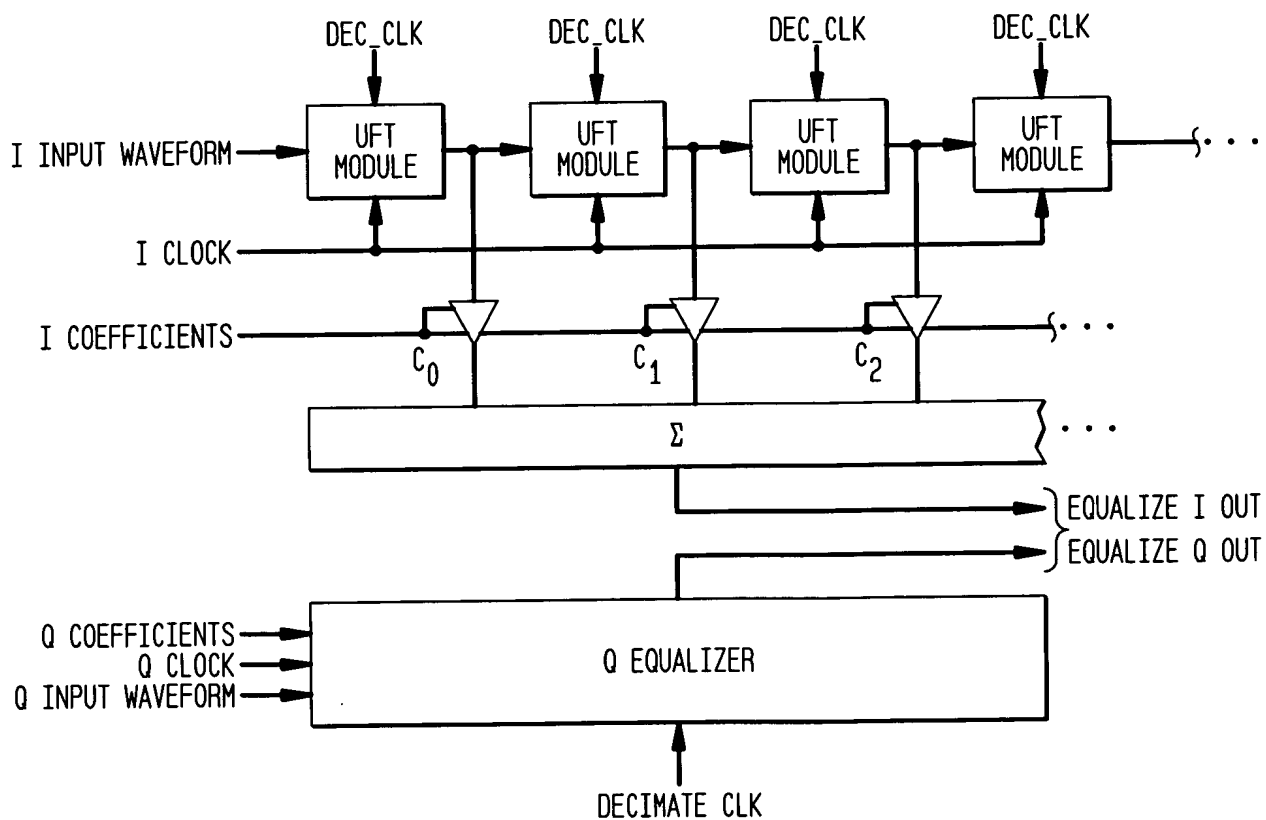




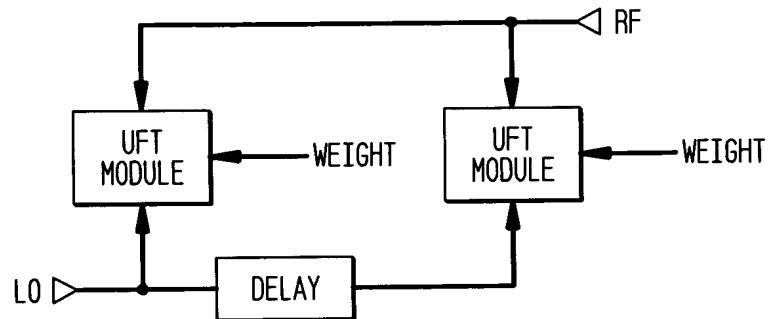
**FIG. 271**



**FIG. 272**



**FIG. 273**



**FIG. 274**

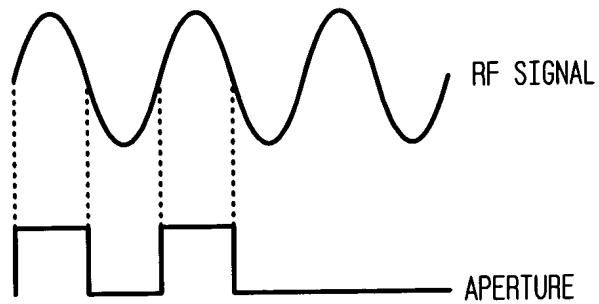


FIG. 275

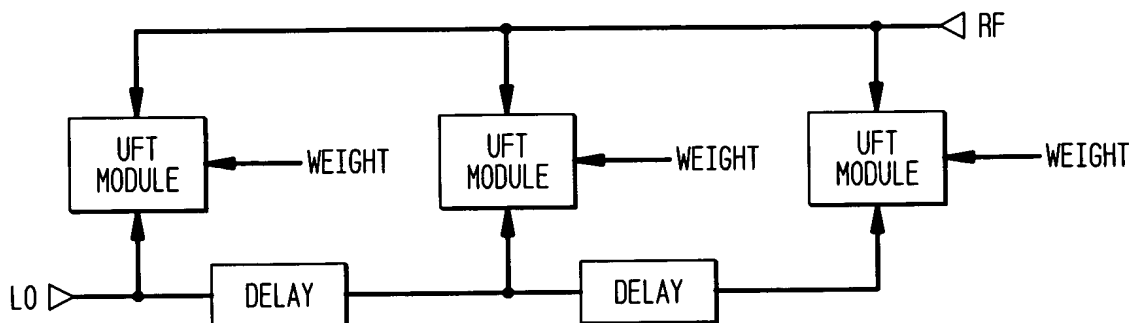


FIG. 276

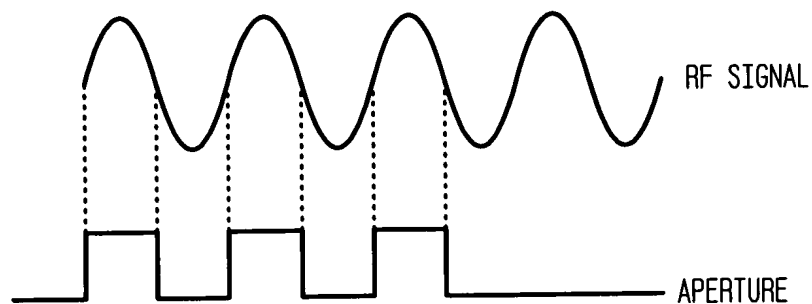


FIG. 277

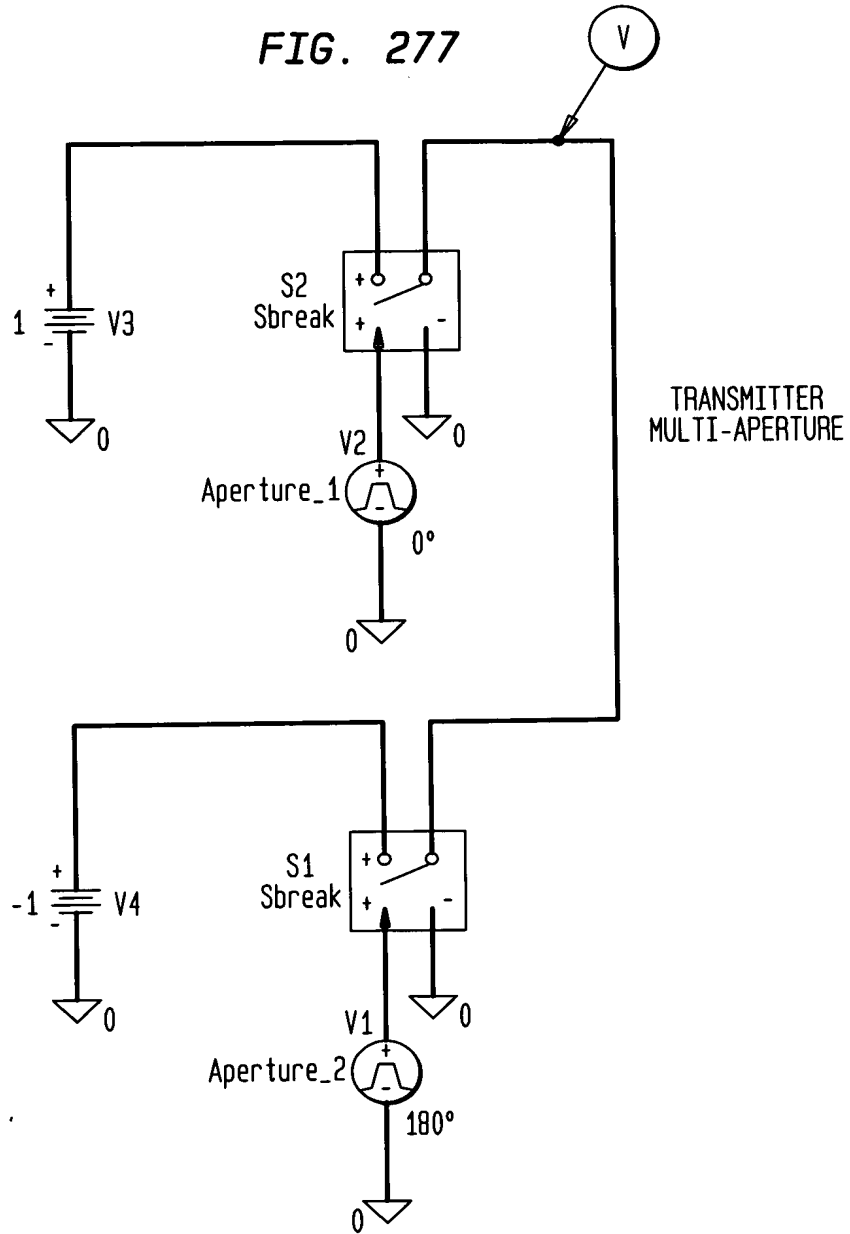


FIG. 278

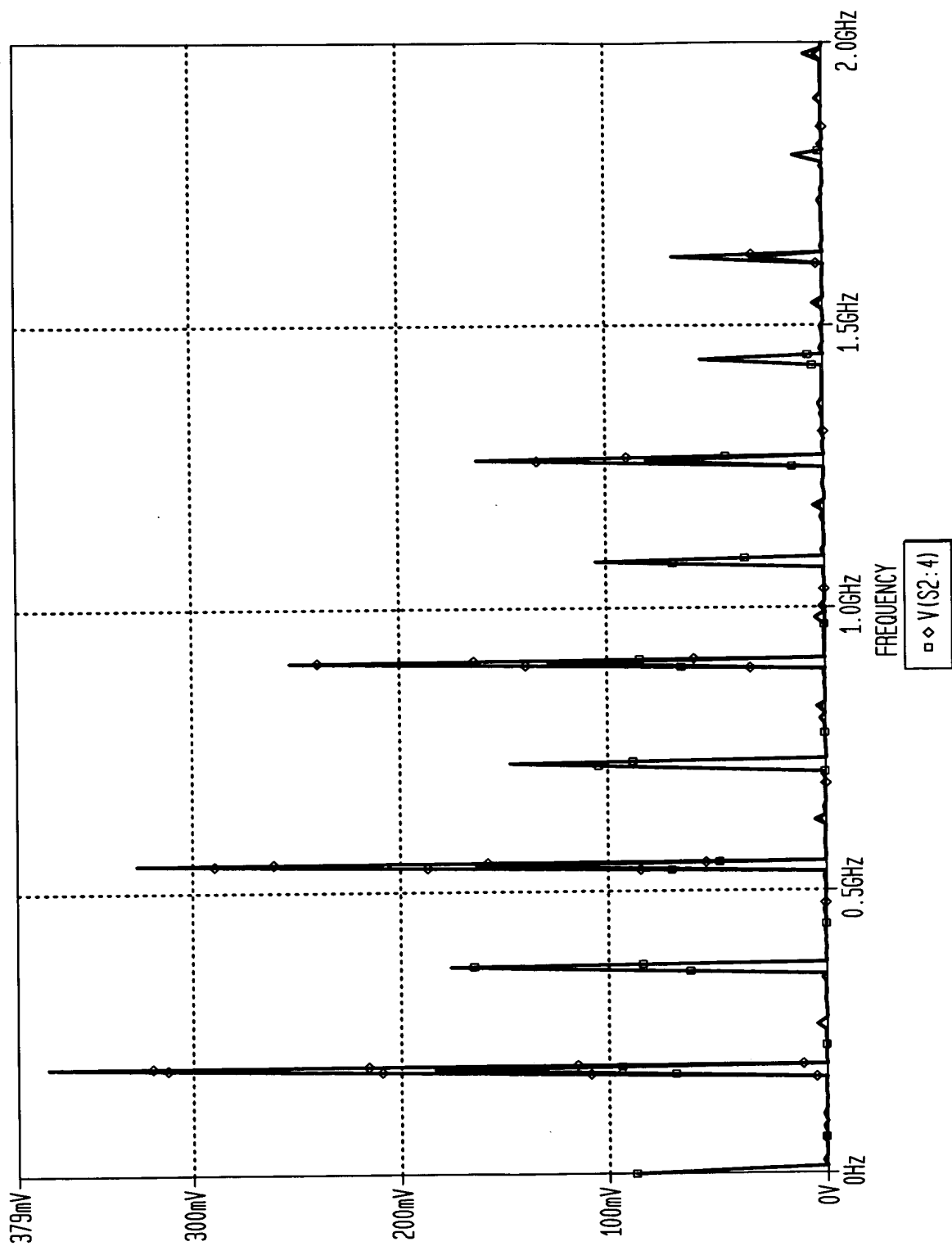


FIG. 279

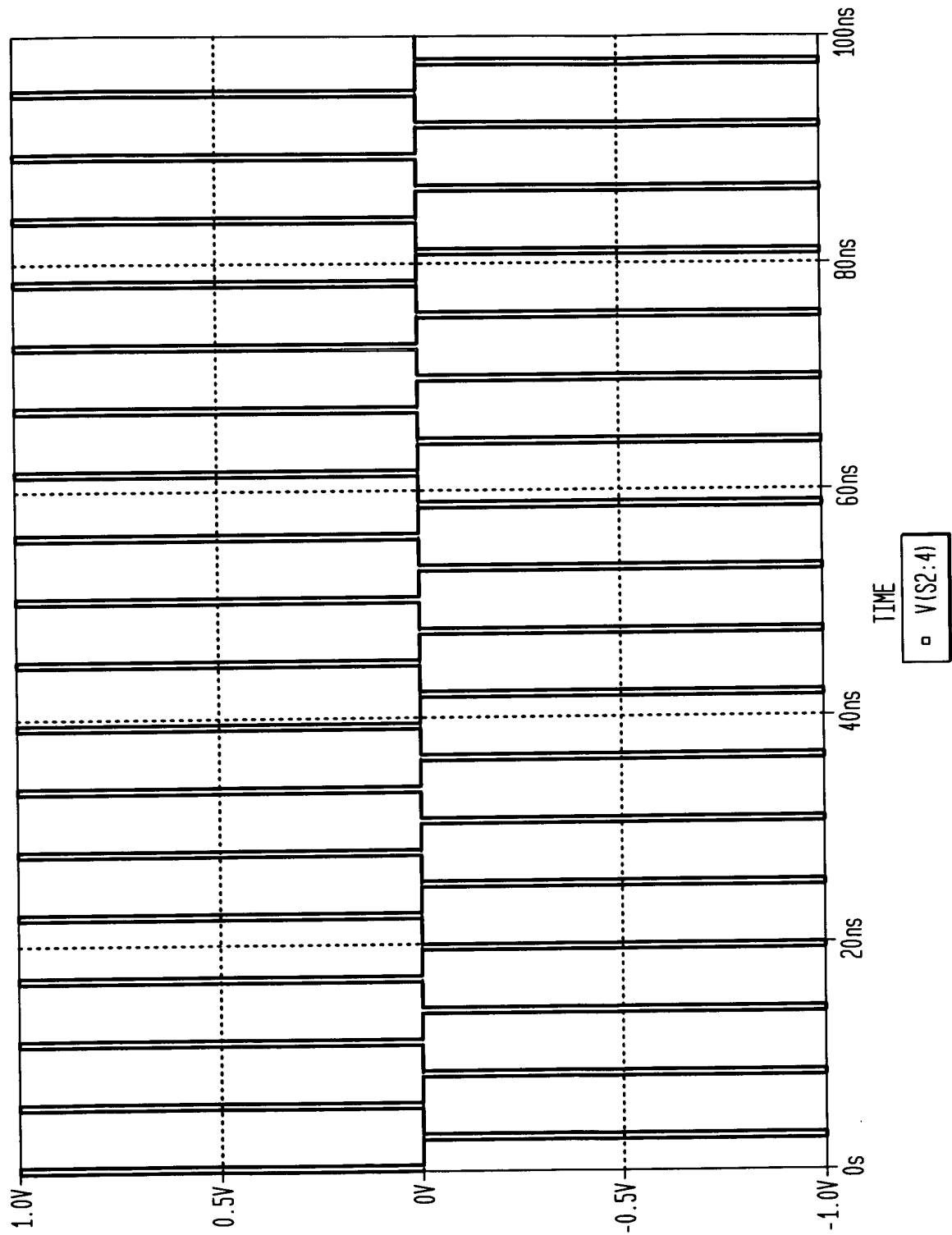
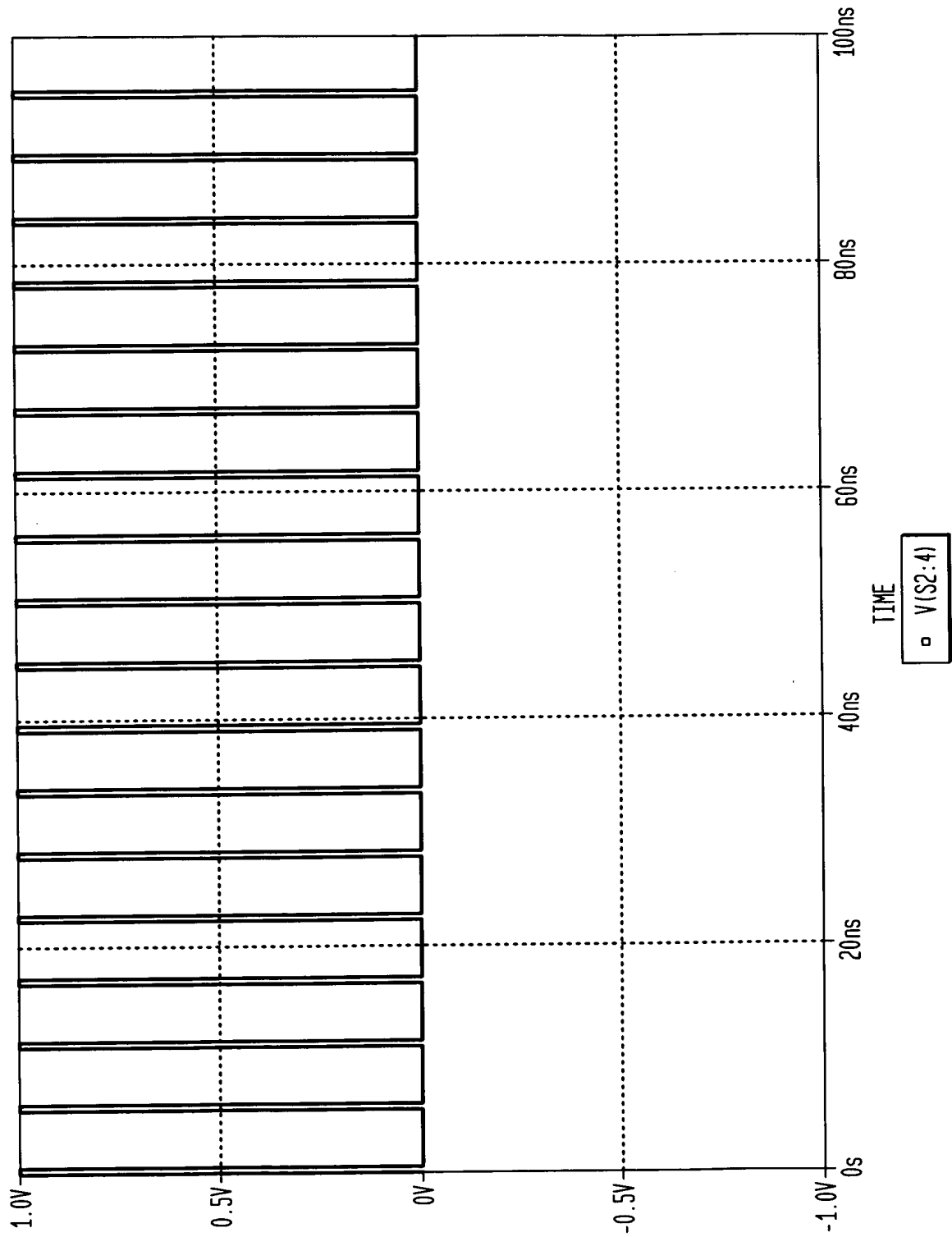


FIG. 280



**FIG. 281**

**MULTIPLE APERTURE RECEIVER IMPLEMENTATION**

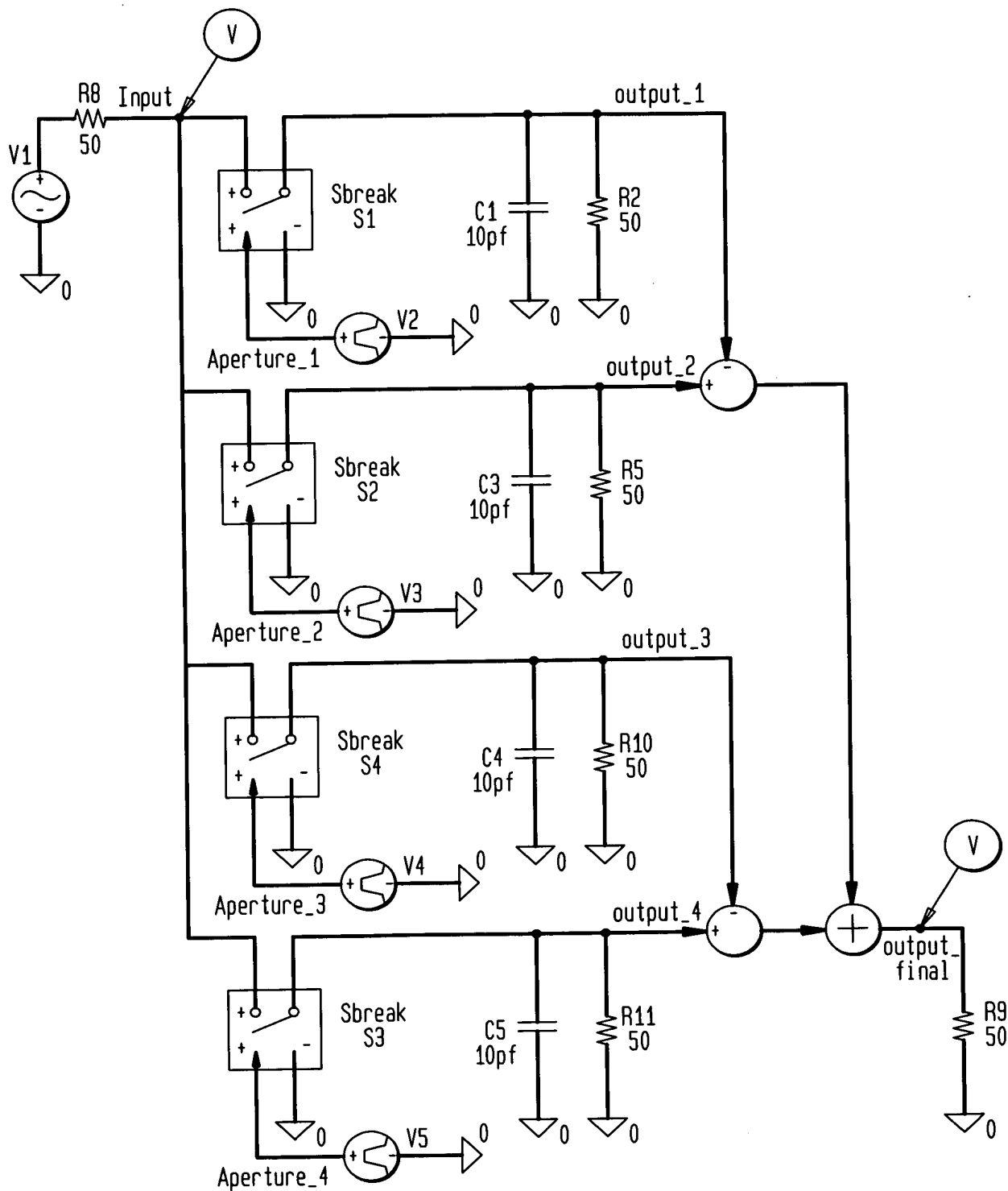




FIG. 282

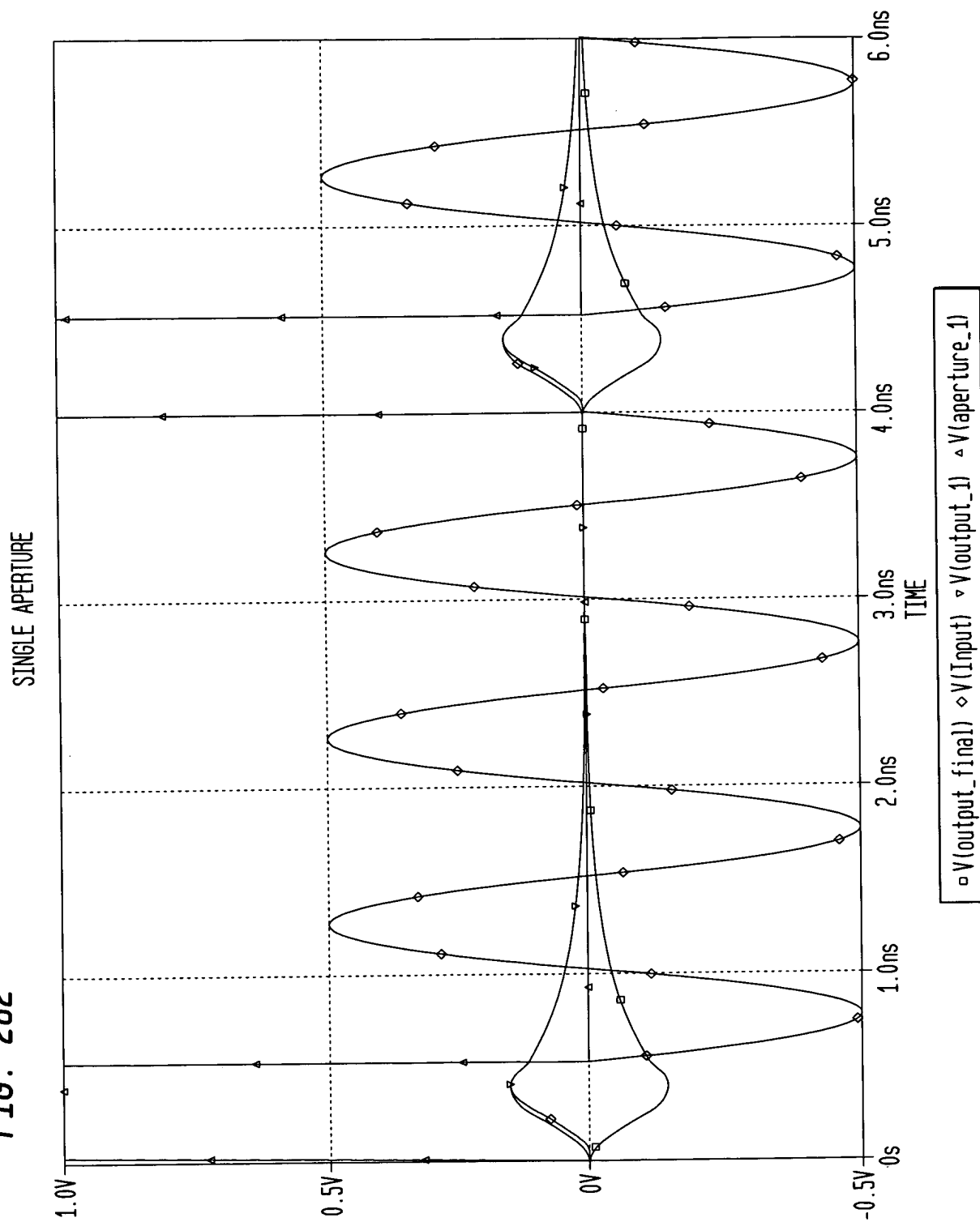


FIG. 283

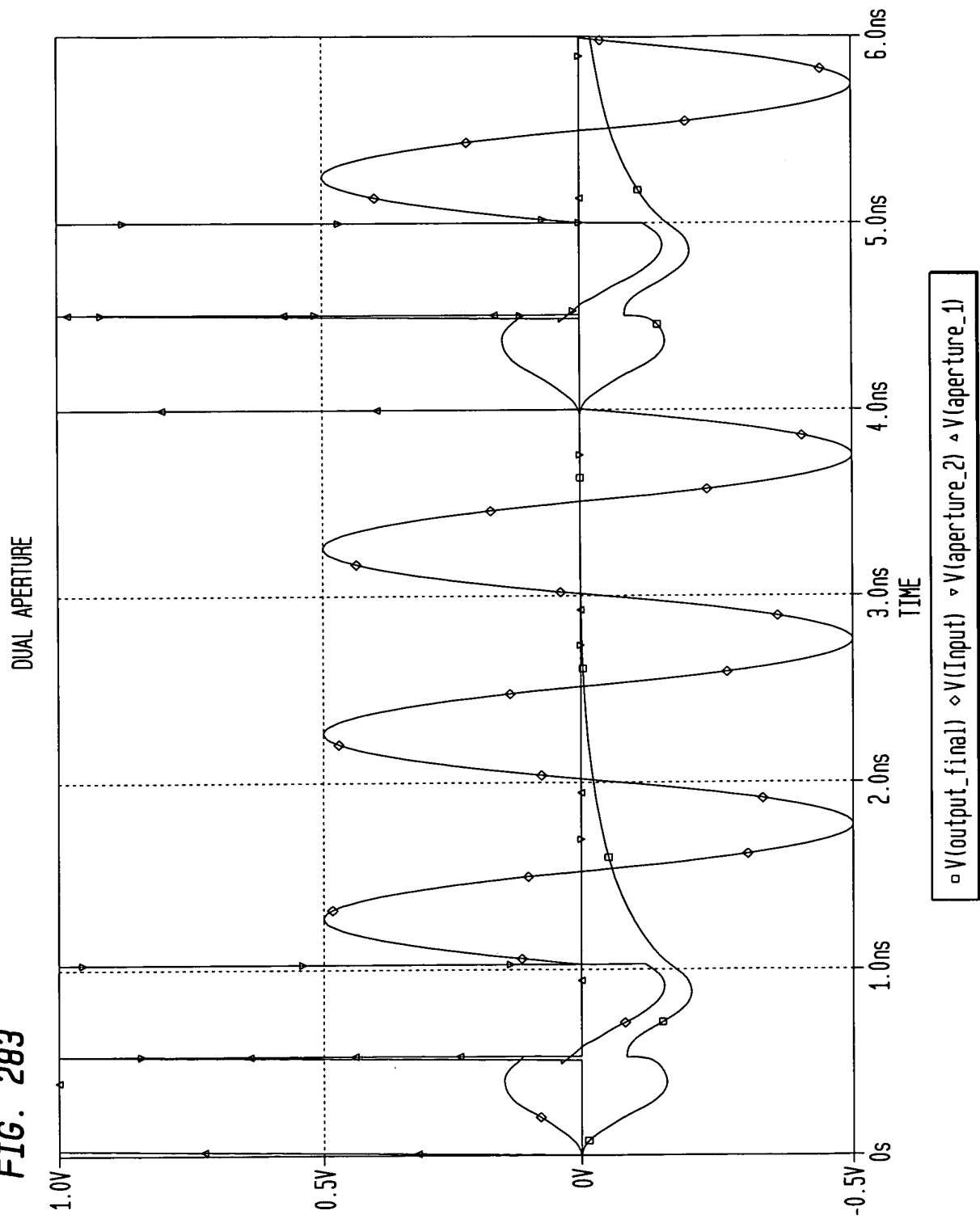


FIG. 284

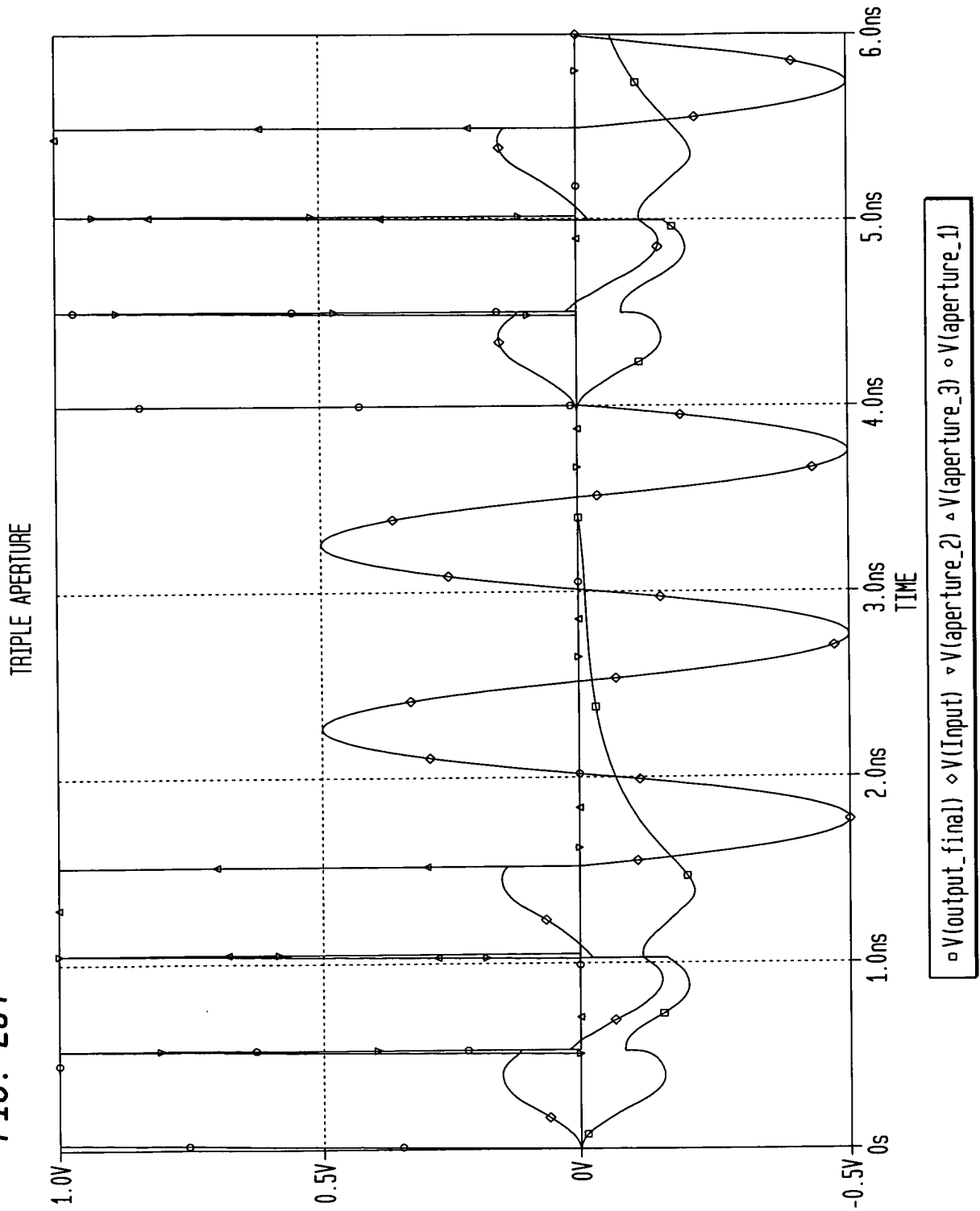


FIG. 285

